YASKAWA

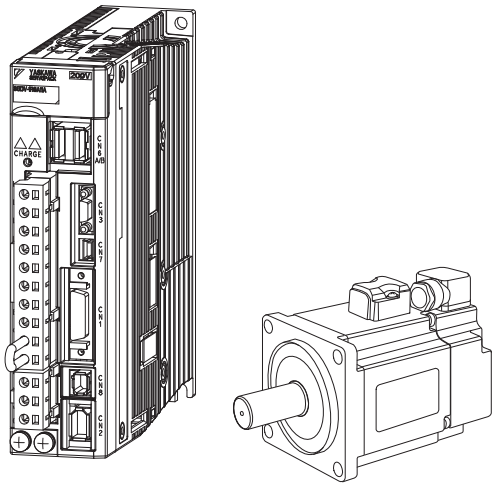
AC Servo Drives

# Σ-V Series

# USER'S MANUAL
# Design and Maintenance

## Rotational Motor
## MECHATROLINK-II Communications Reference

SGDV SERVOPACK
SGMJV/SGMAV/SGMPS/SGMGV/SGMSV/SGMCS Servomotors

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MANUAL NO. SIEP S800000 46J

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# About this Manual

This manual describes information required for designing, testing, adjusting, and maintaining Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs.

Keep this manual in a location where it can be accessed for reference whenever required. Manuals outlined on the following page must also be used as required by the application.

## ■ Description of Technical Terms

The following table shows the meanings of terms used in this manual.

| Term | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Cursor | Input position indicated by Digital Operator |
| Servomotor | Σ-V Series SGMJV, SGMAV, SGMPS, SGMGV, SGMSV, or SGMCS (Direct Drive) servomotor |
| SERVOPACK | Σ-V Series SGDV servo amplifier |
| Servo Drive | A set including a servomotor and SERVOPACK (i.e., a servo amplifier) |
| Servo System | A servo control system that includes the combination of a servo drive with a host controller and peripheral devices |
| M-II Model | MECHATROLINK-II communications reference used for SERVOPACK interface |
| Servo ON | Power to motor ON |
| Servo OFF | Power to motor OFF |
| Base Block (BB) | Power supply to motor is turned OFF by shutting off the base current to the power transistor in the current SERVOPACK. |
| Servo Lock | A state in which the motor is stopped and is in position loop with a position reference of 0. |
| Main Circuit Cable | Cables which connect to the main circuit terminals, including main circuit power supply cables, control power supply cables, servomotor main circuit cables, and others. |
| Zero-speed Stopping | Stopping the servomotor by setting the speed reference to 0 |

## ■ IMPORTANT Explanations

The following icon is displayed for explanations requiring special attention.

- Indicates important information that should be memorized, as well as precautions, such as alarm displays, that do not involve potential damage to equipment.

## ■ Notation Used in this Manual

- Notation for Reverse Signals

  The names of reverse signals (i.e., ones that are valid when low) are written with a forward slash (/) before the signal name.

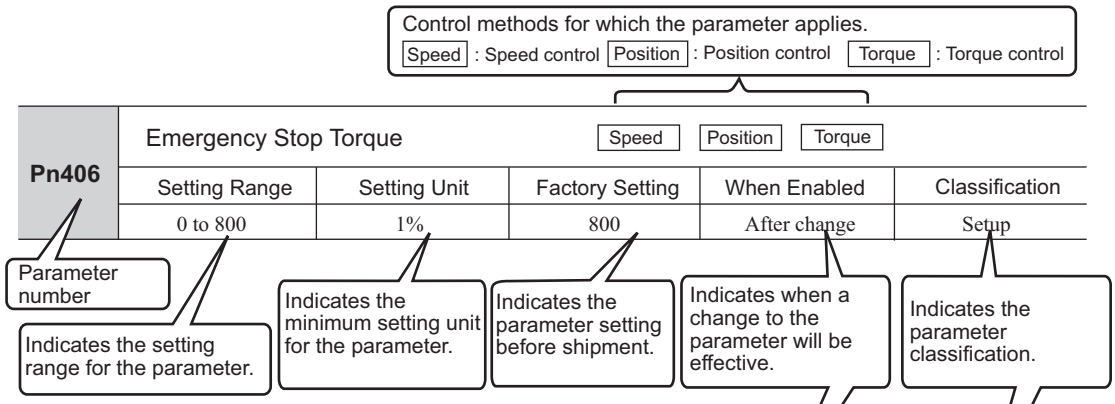
  Notation Example

  $\overline{BK}$ = /BK

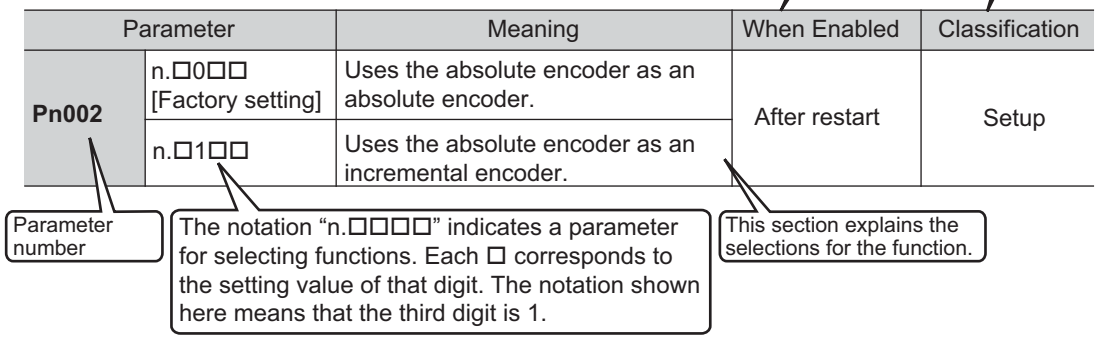
- Notation for Parameters

  The notation depends on whether the parameter requires a value setting (parameter for numeric settings) or requires the selection of a function (parameter for selecting functions).

  - Parameters for Numeric Settings

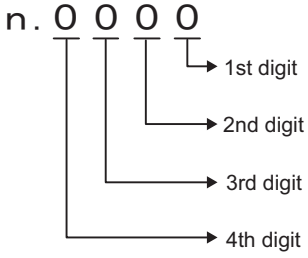



  - Parameters for Selecting Functions




  Notation Example

Digital Operator Display (Display Example for Pn002)




| Digit Notation | | Setting Notation | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Notation | Meaning | Notation | Meaning |
| Pn002.0 | Indicates the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002. | Pn002.0 = x or n.□□□x | Indicates that the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002 is x. |
| Pn002.1 | Indicates the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002. | Pn002.1 = x or n.□□x□ | Indicates that the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002 is x. |
| Pn002.2 | Indicates the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002. | Pn002.2 = x or n.□x□□ | Indicates that the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002 is x. |
| Pn002.3 | Indicates the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002. | Pn002.3 = x or n.x□□□ | Indicates that the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002 is x. |

## ■ Manuals Related to the Σ-V Series

Refer to the following manuals as required.

| Name | Selecting Models and Peripheral Devices | Ratings and Specifications | System Design | Panels and Wiring | Trial Operation | Trial Operation and Servo Adjustment | Maintenance and Inspection |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Σ-V Series<br>User's Manual<br>Setup<br>Rotational Motor<br>(No.: SIEP S800000 43) | – | – | – | ✓ | ✓ | – | – |
| Σ-V Series<br>Product Catalog<br>(No.: KAEP S800000 42) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | – | – | – | – |
| Σ-V Series<br>User's Manual<br>Design and Maintenance<br>Rotational Motor/<br>MECHATROLINK-II<br>Communications Reference<br>(this manual) | – | – | ✓ | – | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Σ-V Series/<br>DC Power Input Σ-V Series/<br>Σ-V Series for<br>Large-Capacity Models<br>User's Manual<br>MECHATROLINK-II<br>Commands<br>(No.: SIEP S800000 54) | – | – | ✓ | – | ✓ | ✓ | – |
| Σ-V Series<br>User's Manual<br>Operation of Digital Operator<br>(No.: SIEP S800000 55) | – | – | – | – | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Σ-V Series<br>AC SERVOPACK SGDV<br>Safety Precautions<br>(No.: TOBP C710800 10) | ✓ | – | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ |
| Σ Series<br>Digital Operator<br>Safety Precautions<br>(No.: TOBP C730800 00) | – | – | – | – | – | – | ✓ |
| AC SERVOMOTOR<br>Safety Precautions<br>(No.: TOBP C230200 00) | – | – | – | ✓ | – | – | ✓ |

## ■ Trademarks

MECHATROLINK is a trademark of the MECHATROLINK Members Association.

## ■ Safety Information

The following conventions are used to indicate precautions in this manual. Failure to heed precautions provided in this manual can result in serious or possibly even fatal injury or damage to the products or to related equipment and systems.

⚠ WARNING

Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could possibly result in loss of life or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Indicates precautions that, if not heeded, could result in relatively serious or minor injury, damage to the product, or faulty operation.
In some situations, the precautions indicated could have serious consequences if not heeded.

PROHIBITED

Indicates prohibited actions that must not be performed. For example, this symbol would be used to indicate that fire is prohibited as follows:

MANDATORY

Indicates compulsory actions that must be performed. For example, this symbol would be used to indicate that grounding is compulsory as follows:

# Safety Precautions

This section describes important precautions that must be followed during storage, transportation, installation, wiring, operation, maintenance, inspection, and disposal. Be sure to always observe these precautions thoroughly.

## ⚠ WARNING

- Never touch any rotating servomotor parts during operation.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.
- Before starting operation with a machine connected, make sure that an emergency stop can be applied at any time.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in injury or damage to the equipment.
- Never touch the inside of the SERVOPACKs.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock.
- Do not remove the cover of the power supply terminal block while the power is ON.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock.
- Do not touch the power supply terminals while the CHARGE lamp is ON after turning power OFF because high voltage may still remain in the SERVOPACK. Make sure the CHARGE lamp is OFF first before starting to do wiring or inspections.
  Residual voltage may cause electric shock.
- Follow the procedures and instructions provided in the manuals for the products being used in the trial operation.
  Failure to do so may result not only in faulty operation and damage to equipment, but also in personal injury.
- The output range of the rotational serial data for the Σ-V absolute position detecting system is different from that of earlier systems for 12-bit and 15-bit encoders. As a result, the infinite-length positioning system of the Σ Series must be changed for use with products in the Σ-V Series.
- The multiturn limit value need not be changed except for special applications.
  Changing it inappropriately or unintentionally can be dangerous.
- If the Multiturn Limit Disagreement alarm occurs, check the setting of parameter Pn205 in the SERVOPACK to be sure that it is correct.
  If Fn013 is executed when an incorrect value is set in Pn205, an incorrect value will be set in the encoder. The alarm will disappear even if an incorrect value is set, but incorrect positions will be detected, resulting in a dangerous situation where the machine will move to unexpected positions.
- Do not remove the top front cover, cables, connectors, or optional items from the SERVOPACK while the power is ON.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock or equipment damage.
- Do not damage, pull, exert excessive force on, or place heavy objects on the cables.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock, stopping operation of the product, or fire.
- Do not modify the product.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in injury, damage to the equipment, or fire.
- Provide appropriate braking devices on the machine side to ensure safety. The holding brake on a servomotor with a brake is not a braking device for ensuring safety.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.
- Do not come close to the machine immediately after resetting an instantaneous power interruption to avoid an unexpected restart. Take appropriate measures to ensure safety against an unexpected restart.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in injury.

- Connect the ground terminal according to local electrical codes (100 Ω or less for a SERVOPACK with a 100 V, 200 V power supply, 10 Ω or less for a SERVOPACK with a 400 V power supply).
  Improper grounding may result in electric shock or fire.

- Installation, disassembly, or repair must be performed only by authorized personnel.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in electric shock or injury.
- The person who designs a system using the safety function (Hard Wire Baseblock function) must have full knowledge of the related safety standards and full understanding of the instructions in this manual.
  Failure to observe this warning may result in injury or damage to the equipment.

## ■ Storage and Transportation

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Do not store or install the product in the following locations.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in fire, electric shock, or damage to the equipment.
  - Locations subject to direct sunlight
  - Locations subject to temperatures outside the range specified in the storage/installation temperature conditions
  - Locations subject to humidity outside the range specified in the storage/installation humidity conditions
  - Locations subject to condensation as the result of extreme changes in temperature
  - Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases
  - Locations subject to dust, salts, or iron dust
  - Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals
  - Locations subject to shock or vibration
- Do not hold the product by the cables, motor shaft, or encoder while transporting it.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or malfunction.
- Do not place any load exceeding the limit specified on the packing box.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or malfunction.
- If disinfectants or insecticides must be used to treat packing materials such as wooden frames, pallets, or plywood, the packing materials must be treated before the product is packaged, and methods other than fumigation must be used.
  Example: Heat treatment, where materials are kiln-dried to a core temperature of 56°C for 30 minutes or more.
  If the electronic products, which include stand-alone products and products installed in machines, are packed with fumigated wooden materials, the electrical components may be greatly damaged by the gases or fumes resulting from the fumigation process. In particular, disinfectants containing halogen, which includes chlorine, fluorine, bromine, or iodine can contribute to the erosion of the capacitors.

## ■ Installation

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Never use the product in an environment subject to water, corrosive gases, flammable gases, or combustibles.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in electric shock or fire.
- Do not step on or place a heavy object on the product.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or malfunction.
- Do not cover the inlet or outlet ports and prevent any foreign objects from entering the product.
  Failure to observe this caution may cause internal elements to deteriorate resulting in malfunction or fire.
- Be sure to install the product in the correct direction.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in malfunction.
- Provide the specified clearances between the SERVOPACK and the control panel or with other devices.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in fire or malfunction.
- Do not apply any strong impact.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in malfunction.

## ■ Wiring

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Be sure to wire correctly and securely.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in motor overrun, injury, or malfunction.
- Do not connect a commercial power supply to the U, V, or W terminals for the servomotor connection.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or fire.
- Securely connect the main circuit terminals.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in fire.
- Do not bundle or run the main circuit cables together with the I/O signal cables or the encoder cables in the same duct. Keep the main circuit cables separated from the I/O signal cables and the encoder cables with a gap of at least 30 cm.
  Placing these cables too close to each other may result in malfunction.
- Use shielded twisted-pair cables or screened unshielded twisted-pair cables for I/O signal cables and the encoder cables.
- The maximum wiring length is 3 m for I/O signal cables, 50 m for encoder cables or servomotor main circuit cables, and 10 m for control power supply cables for the SERVOPACK with a 400-V power supply (+24 V, 0 V).
- Be sure to observe the following precautions when wiring the SERVOPACK main circuit terminal blocks.
  - Do not turn the SERVOPACK power ON until all wiring, including the main circuit terminal blocks, has been completed.
  - If a connector is used for the main circuit terminals, remove the connector from the SERVOPACK before you wire it.
  - Insert only one wire into one opening in the main circuit connector.
  - Make sure that no part of the core wire comes into contact with (i.e., short-circuits) adjacent wires.
- Install a battery at either the host controller or the SERVOPACK, but not both.
  It is dangerous to install batteries at both ends simultaneously, because that sets up a loop circuit between the batteries.
- Always use the specified power supply voltage.
  An incorrect voltage may result in fire or malfunction.
- Make sure that the polarity is correct.
  Incorrect polarity may cause ruptures or damage.
- Take appropriate measures to ensure that the input power supply is supplied within the specified voltage fluctuation range. Be particularly careful in places where the power supply is unstable.
  An incorrect power supply may result in damage to the equipment.
- Install external breakers or other safety devices against short-circuiting in external wiring.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in fire.
- Take appropriate and sufficient countermeasures for each form of potential interference when installing systems in the following locations.
  - Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise
  - Locations subject to strong electromagnetic fields and magnetic fields
  - Locations subject to possible exposure to radioactivity
  - Locations close to power supplies

  Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the equipment.
- Do not reverse the polarity of the battery when connecting it.
  Failure to observe this caution may damage the battery, the SERVOPACK or servomotor, or cause an explosion.
- Wiring or inspection must be performed by a technical expert.
- Use a 24-VDC power supply with double insulation or reinforced insulation.

## ■ Operation

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Always use the servomotor and SERVOPACK in one of the specified combinations.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in fire or malfunction.
- Conduct trial operation on the servomotor alone with the motor shaft disconnected from the machine to avoid accidents.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in injury.
- During trial operation, confirm that the holding brake works correctly. Furthermore, secure system safety against problems such as signal line disconnection.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or equipment damage.
- Before starting operation with a machine connected, change the parameter settings to match the parameters of the machine.
  Starting operation without matching the proper settings may cause the machine to run out of control or malfunction.
- Do not turn the power ON and OFF more than necessary.
  Do not use the SERVOPACK for applications that require the power to turn ON and OFF frequently. Such applications will cause elements in the SERVOPACK to deteriorate.
  As a guideline, at least one hour should be allowed between the power being turned ON and OFF once actual operation has been started.
- When carrying out JOG operation (Fn002), origin search (Fn003), or EasyFFT (Fn206), forcing movable machine parts to stop does not work for forward overtravel or reverse overtravel. Take necessary precautions.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the equipment.
- When using the servomotor for a vertical axis, install safety devices to prevent workpieces from falling due to alarms or overtravels. Set the servomotor so that it will stop in the zero clamp state when overtravel occurs.
  Failure to observe this caution may cause workpieces to fall due to overtravel.
- When not using the turning-less function, set the correct moment of inertia ratio (Pn103).
  Setting an incorrect moment of inertia ratio may cause machine vibration.
- Do not touch the SERVOPACK heat sinks, regenerative resistor, or servomotor while power is ON or soon after the power is turned OFF.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in burns due to high temperatures.
- Do not make any extreme adjustments or setting changes of parameters.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in injury or damage to the equipment due to unstable operation.
- When an alarm occurs, remove the cause, reset the alarm after confirming safety, and then resume operation.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the equipment, fire, or injury.
- Do not use the holding brake of the servomotor for braking.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in malfunction.
- An alarm or warning may occur if communications are performed with the host controller while the SigmaWin+ or Digital Operator is operating.
  If an alarm or warning occurs, it may stop the current process and stop the system.

## ■ Maintenance and Inspection

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Do not disassemble the SERVOPACK and the servomotor.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in electric shock or injury.
- Do not attempt to change wiring while the power is ON.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in electric shock or injury.
- When replacing the SERVOPACK, resume operation only after copying the previous SERVOPACK parameters to the new SERVOPACK.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the equipment.

## ■ Disposal

| ⚠ CAUTION |
| --- |
| • When disposing of the products, treat them as ordinary industrial waste. |

## ■ General Precautions

| Observe the following general precautions to ensure safe application. |
| --- |
| • The products shown in illustrations in this manual are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Always replace the cover or protective guard as specified first, and then operate the products in accordance with the manual.<br>• The drawings presented in this manual are typical examples and may not match the product you received.<br>• If the manual must be ordered due to loss or damage, inform your nearest Yaskawa representative or one of the offices listed on the back of this manual. |

# Warranty

## (1) Details of Warranty

### ■ Warranty Period

The warranty period for a product that was purchased (hereinafter called “delivered product”) is one year from the time of delivery to the location specified by the customer or 18 months from the time of shipment from the Yaskawa factory, whichever is sooner.

### ■ Warranty Scope

Yaskawa shall replace or repair a defective product free of charge if a defect attributable to Yaskawa occurs during the warranty period above. This warranty does not cover defects caused by the delivered product reaching the end of its service life and replacement of parts that require replacement or that have a limited service life.

This warranty does not cover failures that result from any of the following causes.

1. Improper handling, abuse, or use in unsuitable conditions or in environments not described in product catalogs or manuals, or in any separately agreed-upon specifications
2. Causes not attributable to the delivered product itself
3. Modifications or repairs not performed by Yaskawa
4. Abuse of the delivered product in a manner in which it was not originally intended
5. Causes that were not foreseeable with the scientific and technological understanding at the time of shipment from Yaskawa
6. Events for which Yaskawa is not responsible, such as natural or human-made disasters

## (2) Limitations of Liability

1. Yaskawa shall in no event be responsible for any damage or loss of opportunity to the customer that arises due to failure of the delivered product.
2. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any programs (including parameter settings) or the results of program execution of the programs provided by the user or by a third party for use with programmable Yaskawa products.
3. The information described in product catalogs or manuals is provided for the purpose of the customer purchasing the appropriate product for the intended application. The use thereof does not guarantee that there are no infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of Yaskawa or third parties, nor does it construe a license.
4. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any damage arising from infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of third parties as a result of using the information described in catalogs or manuals.

### (3) Suitability for Use

1. It is the customer's responsibility to confirm conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply if the Yaskawa product is used in combination with any other products.
2. The customer must confirm that the Yaskawa product is suitable for the systems, machines, and equipment used by the customer.
3. Consult with Yaskawa to determine whether use in the following applications is acceptable. If use in the application is acceptable, use the product with extra allowance in ratings and specifications, and provide safety measures to minimize hazards in the event of failure.
   - Outdoor use, use involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or use in conditions or environments not described in product catalogs or manuals
   - Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicle systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations
   - Systems, machines, and equipment that may present a risk to life or property
   - Systems that require a high degree of reliability, such as systems that supply gas, water, or electricity, or systems that operate continuously 24 hours a day
   - Other systems that require a similar high degree of safety
4. Never use the product for an application involving serious risk to life or property without first ensuring that the system is designed to secure the required level of safety with risk warnings and redundancy, and that the Yaskawa product is properly rated and installed.
5. The circuit examples and other application examples described in product catalogs and manuals are for reference. Check the functionality and safety of the actual devices and equipment to be used before using the product.
6. Read and understand all use prohibitions and precautions, and operate the Yaskawa product correctly to prevent accidental harm to third parties.

### (4) Specifications Change

The names, specifications, appearance, and accessories of products in product catalogs and manuals may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. The next editions of the revised catalogs or manuals will be published with updated code numbers. Consult with your Yaskawa representative to confirm the actual specifications before purchasing a product.

# Harmonized Standards

## ■ North American Safety Standards (UL)

| | Model | UL Standards (UL File No.) |
|---|---|---|
| SERVOPACK | SGDV | UL508C (E147823) |
| Servomotor | • SGMJV<br>• SGMAV<br>• SGMPS<br>• SGMGV<br>• SGMSV | UL1004 (E165827) |

## ■ European Directives

| | Model | European Directives | Harmonized Standards |
|---|---|---|---|
| SERVOPACK | SGDV | Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC | EN ISO13849-1: 2008<br>EN 954-1 |
| | | EMC Directive 2004/108/EC | EN 55011 group1, classA<br>EN 61000-6-2<br>EN 61800-3 |
| | | Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC | EN 50178<br>EN 61800-5-1 |
| Servomotor | • SGMJV<br>• SGMAV<br>• SGMPS<br>• SGMGV<br>• SGMSV | EMC Directive 2004/108/EC | EN 55011 group1, classA<br>EN 61000-6-2<br>EN 61800-3 |
| | | Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC | EN 60034-1<br>EN 60034-5 |

## ■ Safety Standards

| | Model | Safety Standards | Standards |
|---|---|---|---|
| SERVOPACK | SGDV | Safety of Machinery | EN ISO13849-1: 2008<br>EN 954-1<br>IEC 60204-1 |
| | | Functional Safety | IEC 61508 series<br>IEC 62061<br>IEC 61800-5-2 |
| | | EMC | IEC 61326-3-1 |

## ■ Safe Performance

| Items | Standards | Performance Level |
|---|---|---|
| Safety Integrity Level | IEC 61508 | SIL2 |
| | IEC 62061 | SILCL2 |
| Probability of Dangerous Failure per Hour | IEC 61508<br>IEC 62061 | PFH = $1.7\times10^{-9}$ [1/h]<br>(0.17% of SIL2) |
| Category | EN 954-1 | Category 3 |
| Performance Level | EN ISO 13849-1 | PL d (Category 3) |
| Mean Time to Dangerous Failure of Each Channel | EN ISO 13849-1 | MTTFd: High |
| Average Diagnostic Coverage | EN ISO 13849-1 | DCavg: Low |
| Stop Category | IEC 60204-1 | Stop category 0 |
| Safety Function | IEC 61800-5-2 | STO |
| Proof test Interval | IEC 61508 | 10 years |

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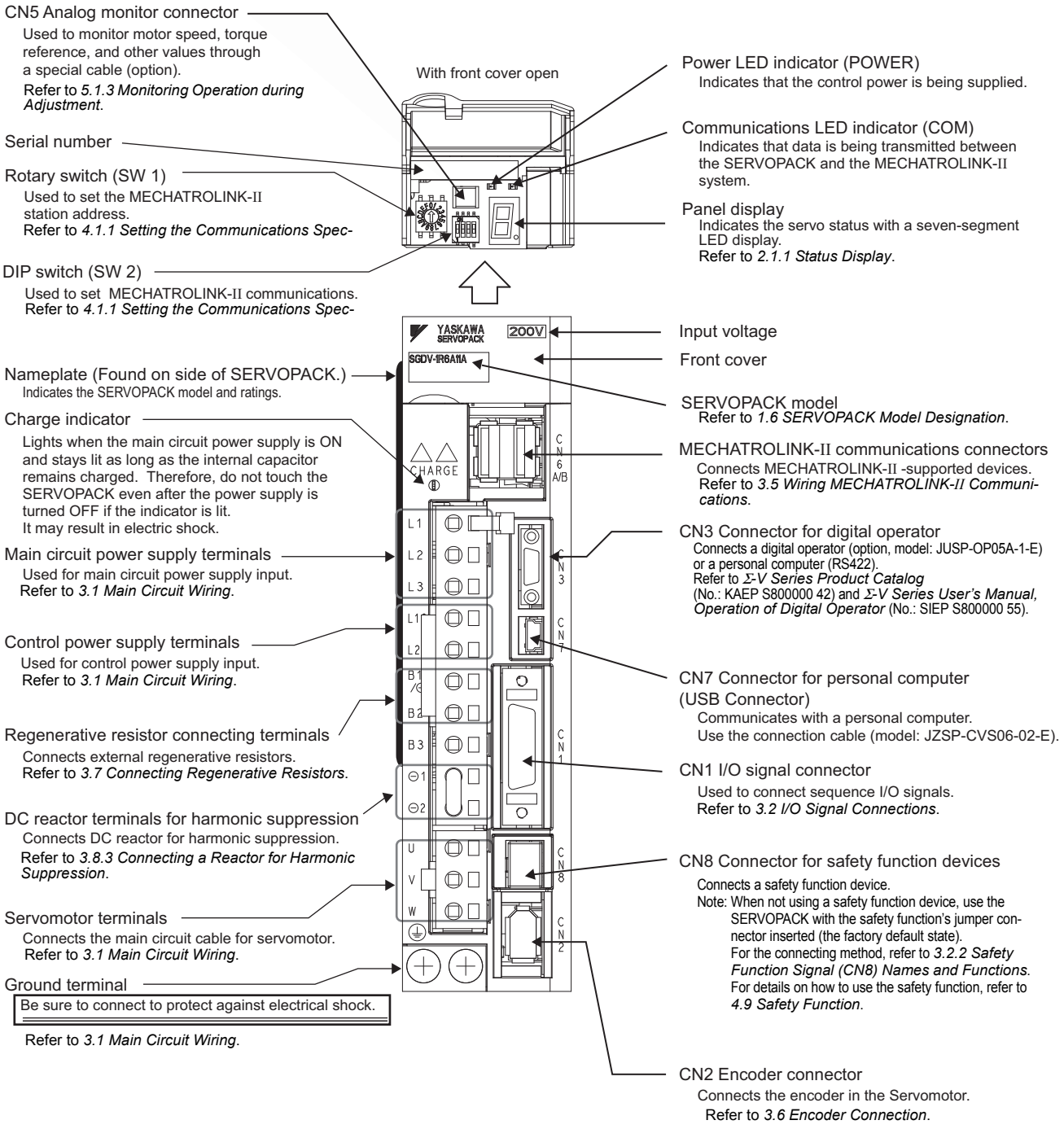
# 1.1 Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs

The Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs are designed for applications that require frequent high-speed, high-precision positioning. The SERVOPACK makes the most of machine performance in the shortest time possible, thus contributing to improving productivity.

# 1.2 Part Names

This section describes the part names of SGDV SERVOPACK for MECHATROLINK-II communications reference.



# 1.3 SERVOPACK Ratings and Specifications

This section describes the ratings and specifications of SERVOPACKs.

## 1.3.1 Ratings

Ratings of SERVOPACKs are as shown below.

### (1) SGDV with Single-phase, 100-V Rating

| SGDV (Single Phase, 100 V) | R70 | R90 | 2R1 | 2R8 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Continuous Output Current [Arms] | 0.66 | 0.91 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| Instantaneous Max. Output Current [Arms] | 2.1 | 2.9 | 6.5 | 9.3 |
| Regenerative Resistor * | None or external | | | |
| Main Circuit Power Supply | Single-phase, 100 to 115 VAC, +10% to -15%, 50/60 Hz | | | |
| Control Power Supply | Single-phase, 100 to 115 VAC, +10% to -15%, 50/60 Hz | | | |
| Overvoltage Category | III | | | |

∗ Refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors* for details.

### (2) SGDV with Single-phase, 200-V Rating

| SGDV (Single Phase, 200 V) | 120 *1 |
|---|---|
| Continuous Output Current [Arms] | 11.6 |
| Instantaneous Max. Output Current [Arms] | 28 |
| Regenerative Resistor *2 | Built-in or external |
| Main Circuit Power Supply | Single-phase, 220 to 230 VAC, +10% to -15%, 50/60 Hz |
| Control Power Supply | Single-phase, 220 to 230 VAC, +10% to -15%, 50/60 Hz |
| Overvoltage Category | III |

∗1. The official model number is SGDV-120A11A008000.
∗2. Refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors* for details.

### (3) SGDV with Three-phase, 200-V Rating

| SGDV (Three Phase, 200 V) | R70 | R90 | 1R6 | 2R8 | 3R8 | 5R5 | 7R6 | 120 | 180 | 200 | 330 | 470 | 550 | 590 | 780 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Continuous Output Current [Arms] | 0.66 | 0.91 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 5.5 | 7.6 | 11.6 | 18.5 | 19.6 | 32.9 | 46.9 | 54.7 | 58.6 | 78.0 |
| Instantaneous Max. Output Current [Arms] | 2.1 | 2.9 | 5.8 | 9.3 | 11.0 | 16.9 | 17 | 28 | 42 | 56 | 84 | 110 | 130 | 140 | 170 |
| Regenerative Resistor * | None or external | | | | Built-in or external | | | | | | | External | | | |
| Main Circuit Power Supply | Three-phase, 200 to 230 VAC, +10% to -15%, 50/60 Hz | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Control Power Supply | Single-phase, 200 to 230 VAC, +10% to -15%, 50/60 Hz | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overvoltage Category | III | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

∗ Refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors* for details.

## (4) SGDV with Three-phase, 400-V Rating

| SGDV (Three Phase, 400 V) | 1R9 | 3R5 | 5R4 | 8R4 | 120 | 170 | 210 | 260 | 280 | 370 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Continuous Output Current [Arms] | 1.9 | 3.5 | 5.4 | 8.4 | 11.9 | 16.5 | 20.8 | 25.7 | 28.1 | 37.2 |
| Instantaneous Max. Output Current [Arms] | 5.5 | 8.5 | 14 | 20 | 28 | 42 | 55 | 65 | 70 | 85 |
| Regenerative Resistor * | Built-in or external | | | | | | External | | | |
| Main Circuit Power Supply | Three-phase, 380 to 480 VAC, +10% to -15%, 50/60 Hz | | | | | | | | | |
| Control Power Supply | 24 VDC ±15% | | | | | | | | | |
| Overvoltage Category | III | | | | | | | | | |

* Refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors* for details.

## 1.3.2 Basic Specifications

Basic specifications of SERVOPACKs are shown below.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Drive Method | | | Sine-wave current drive with PWM control of IGBT | |
| Feedback | | | Encoder: 13-bit (incremental), 17-bit, 20-bit (incremental/absolute)<br>Note: Only 13-bit feedback is possible for incremental encoders. | |
| Operating Conditions | Ambient Operating Temperature | | 0°C to +55°C | |
| | Storage Temperature | | -20°C to +85°C | |
| | Ambient Humidity | | 90% RH or less | With no freezing or condensation |
| | Storage Humidity | | 90% RH or less | |
| | Vibration Resistance | | 4.9 $m/s^2$ | |
| | Shock Resistance | | 19.6 $m/s^2$ | |
| | Protection Class | | IP10 | An environment that satisfies the following conditions.<br>• Free of corrosive or flammable gases<br>• Free of exposure to water, oil, or chemicals<br>• Free of dust, salts, or iron dust |
| | Pollution Degree | | 2 | |
| | Altitude | | 1000 m or less | |
| | Others | | Free of static electricity, strong electromagnetic fields, magnetic fields or exposure to radioactivity | |
| Harmonized Standards | | | UL508C<br>EN 50178, EN 55011 Group 1 class A, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61800-3, EN 61800-5-1, EN 954-1, and IEC 61508-1 to 61508-4 | |
| Mounting | | | Standard: Base-mounted<br>Optional: Rack-mounted or duct-ventilated | |
| Performance | Speed Control Range | | 1:5000 (The lower limit of the speed control range must be lower than the point at which the rated torque does not cause the servomotor to stop.) | |
| | Speed Regulation*1 | Load Regulation | 0% to 100% load: ±0.01% max. (at rated speed) | |
| | | Voltage Regulation | Rated voltage ±10%: 0% (at rated speed) | |
| | | Temperature Regulation | 25 ± 25°C: ±0.1% max. (at rated speed) | |
| | Torque Control Tolerance (Repeatability) | | ±1% | |
| | Soft Start Time Setting*4 | | 0 to 10 s (Can be set individually for acceleration and deceleration.) | |

(cont'd)

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| I/O Signals | Encoder Output Pulse | | Phase A, B, C: line driver<br>Encoder output pulse: any setting ratio (Refer to *4.4.5*.) | |
| | Sequence Input | Input Signals which can be allocated | Number of Channels | 7 ch |
| | | | Functions | • Homing deceleration switch (/DEC)<br>• External latch (/EXT 1 to 3)<br>• Forward run prohibited (P-OT), reverse run prohibited (N-OT)<br>• Forward external torque limit (/P-CL), reverse external torque limit (/N-CL)<br>Signal allocations can be performed, and positive and negative logic can be changed. |
| | Sequence Output | Fixed Output | Servo alarm (ALM) output | |
| | | Output Signals which can be allocated | Number of Channels | 3 ch |
| | | | Functions | • Positioning completion (/COIN)<br>• Speed coincidence detection (/V-CMP)<br>• Rotation detection (/TGON)<br>• Servo ready (/S-RDY)<br>• Torque limit detection (/CLT)<br>• Speed limit detection (/VLT)<br>• Brake (/BK)<br>• Warning (/WARN)<br>• Near (/NEAR)<br>Signal allocations can be performed, and positive and negative logic can be changed. |
| Communications Function | RS422A Communications (CN3) | Interface | Digital operator (model: JUSP-OP05A-1-E)<br>Personal computer (can be connected with SigmaWin+) | |
| | | 1:N Communications | N = Up to 15 stations possible at RS422A | |
| | | Axis Address Setting | Set by parameter | |
| | USB Communications (CN7) | Interface | Personal computer (can be connected with SigmaWin+) | |
| | | Communications Standard | Complies with standard USB1.1. (12 Mbps) | |
| LED Display | | | Panel display (seven-segment), CHARGE, POWER, and COM indicators | |
| MECHATROLINK-II Communications Setting Switches | | | Rotary Switch (SW1) | Position: 16 positions (Refer to *4.1.2*) |
| | | | DIP Switch (SW2) | Number of pins: Four pins (Refer to *4.1.1*) |
| Analog Monitor (CN5) | | | Number of points: 2<br>Output voltage: ± 10VDC (linearity effective range ± 8 V)<br>Resolution: 16 bits<br>Accuracy: ± 20 mV (Typ)<br>Max. output current: ± 10 mA<br>Settling time (± 1%): 1.2 ms (Typ) | |
| Dynamic Brake (DB) | | | Activated when a servo alarm or overtraveling occurs or when the power supply for the main circuit or servomotor is OFF. | |
| Regenerative Processing | | | Included *2 | |
| Overtravel Prevention (OT) | | | Dynamic brake stop, deceleration to a stop, or free run to a stop at P-OT or N-OT | |
| Protective Function | | | Overcurrent, overvoltage, insufficient voltage, overload, regeneration error, and so on. | |
| Utility Function | | | Gain adjustment, alarm history, JOG operation, origin search, and so on. | |

(cont'd)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Safety Function | Input | /HWBB1, /HWBB2: Baseblock signal for power module |
| | Output | EDM1: Monitoring status of internal safety circuit (fixed output) |
| | Standards *3 | EN954 Category 3, IEC61508 SIL2 |
| Option Module | | Fully-closed module, safety module |

∗1. Speed regulation by load regulation is defined as follows:

$$\text{Speed regulation} = \frac{\text{No-load motor speed} - \text{Total load motor speed}}{\text{Rated motor speed}} \times 100\%$$

∗2. Refer to *1.3.1 Ratings* for details on regenerative resistors.
∗3. Perform risk assessment for the system and be sure that the safety requirements are fulfilled.
∗4. Refer to *4.2.10 Velocity Control (VELCTRL: 3CH)* in the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54) for details on the soft start function.

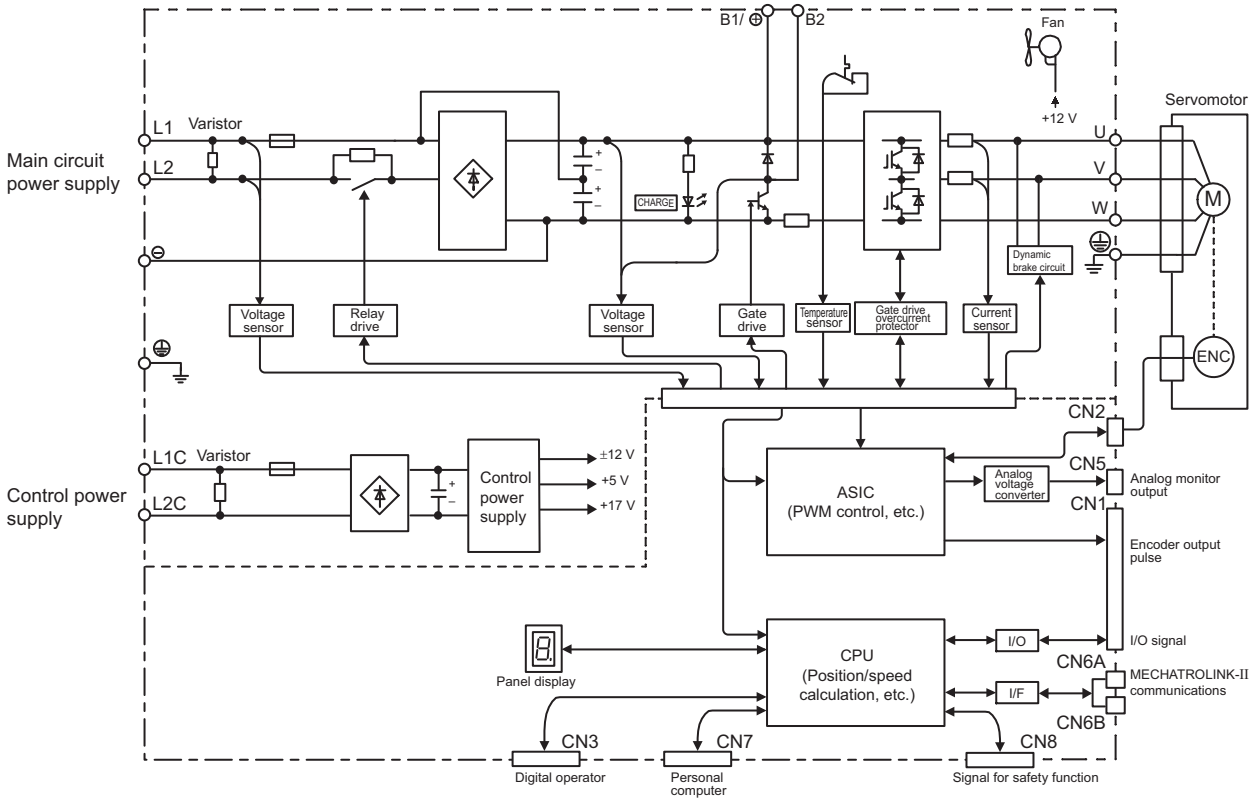
## 1.3.3 MECHATROLINK-II Function Specifications

The following table shows the specifications of MECHATROLINK-II.

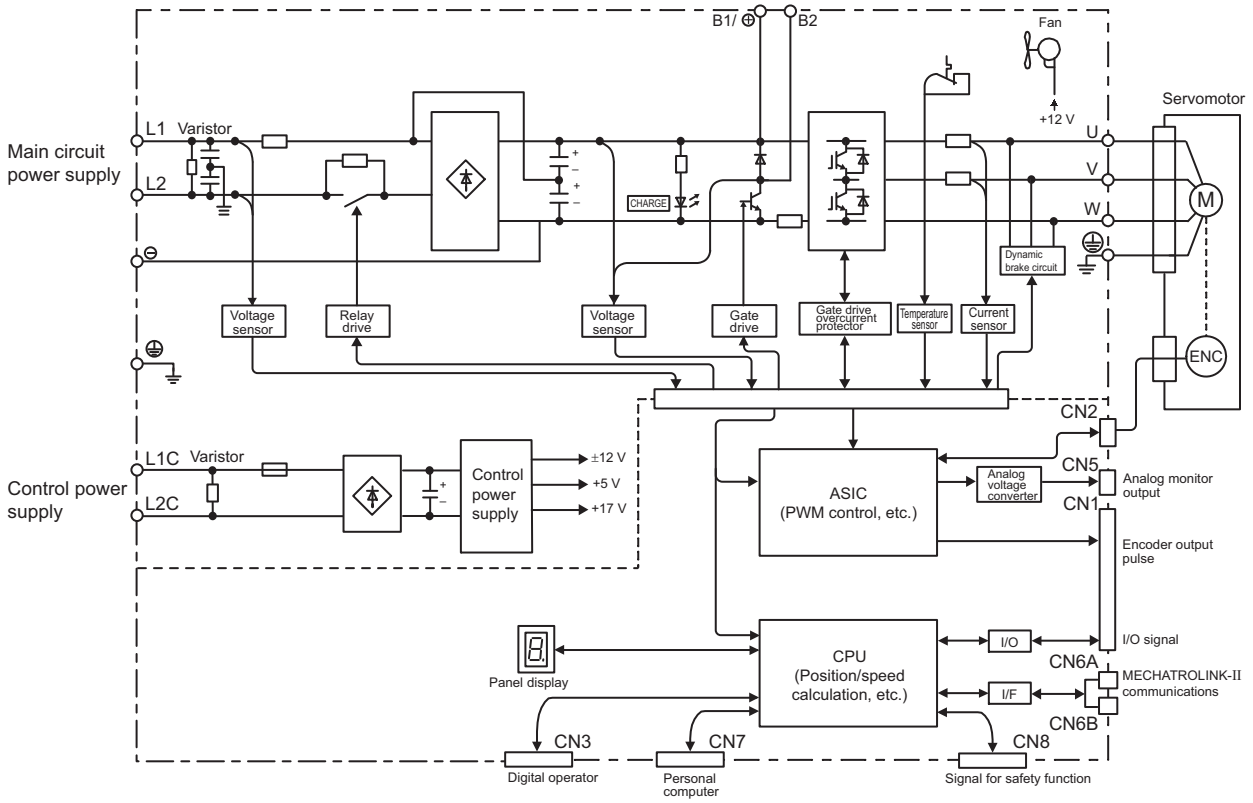
| Function | | Specifications |
|---|---|---|
| MECHATROLINK-II Communication | Communication Protocol | MECHATROLINK-II |
| | Station Address | 41H to 5FH (Max. number of stations: 30)<br>Can be selected by the combination of the rotary switch (SW1) and the DIP switch (SW2). |
| | Baud Rate | 10 Mbps, 4 Mbps<br>Can be selected by the DIP switch (SW2). |
| | Transmission Cycle | 250 μs, 0.5 to 4.0 ms (Multiples of 0.5 ms) |
| | Number of Transmission Bytes | 17 bytes per station or 32 bytes per station<br>Can be selected by the DIP switch (SW2). |
| Reference Method | Control Method | Position, speed, or torque control with MECHATROLINK-II communication |
| | Reference Input | MECHATROLINK-I, MECHATROLINK-II commands (sequence, motion, data setting/reference, monitoring, or adjustment) |

# 1.4 SERVOPACK Internal Block Diagrams

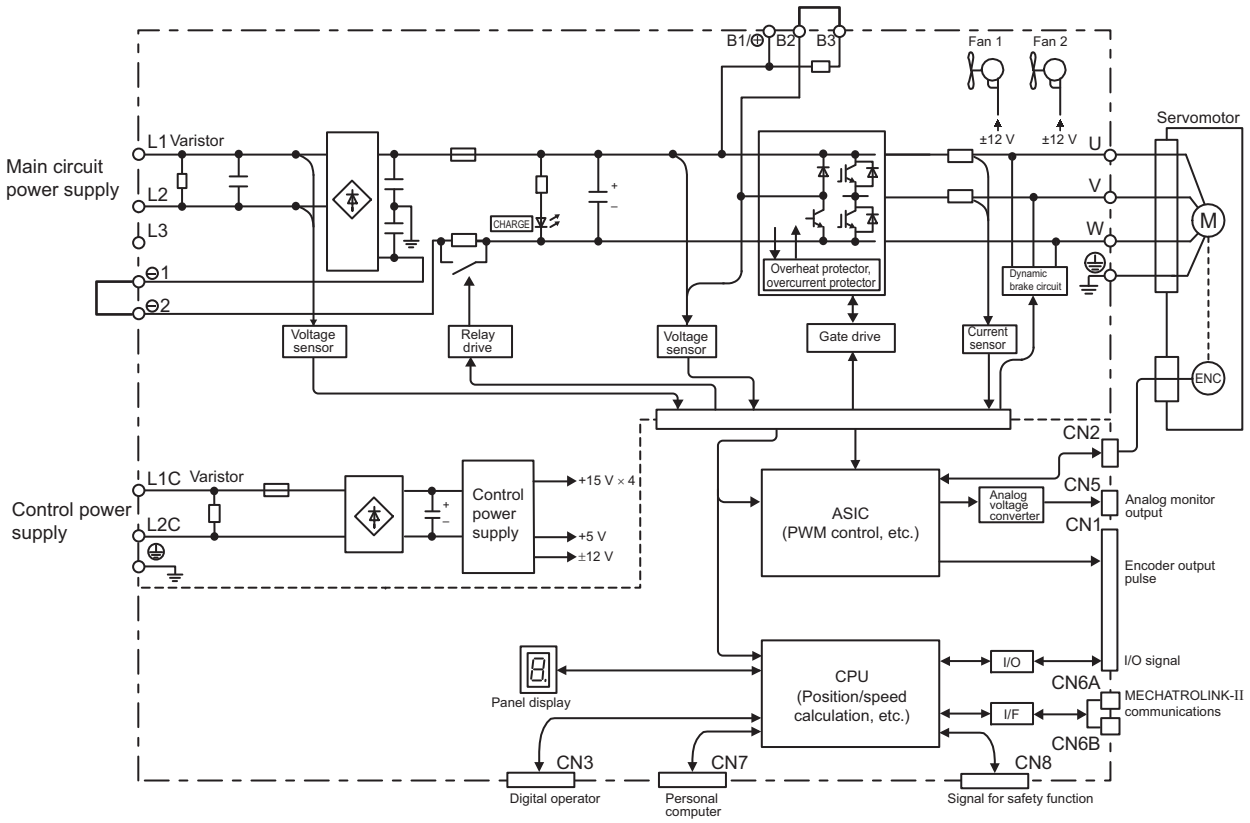
## 1.4.1 Single-phase 100 V, SGDV-R70F11A, -R90F11A, -2R1F11A Models



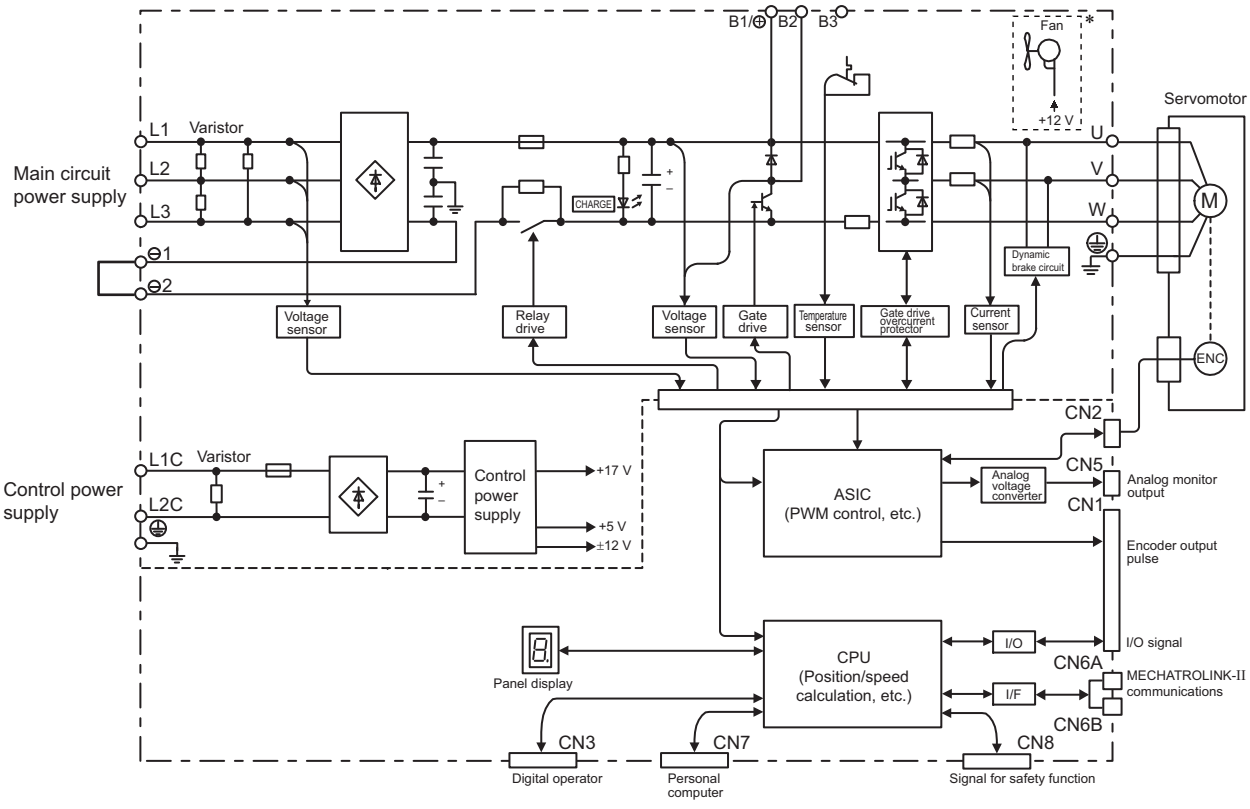

## 1.4.2 Single-phase 100 V, SGDV-2R8F11A Model



## 1.4.3 Single-phase 200 V, SGDV-120A11A008000 Model

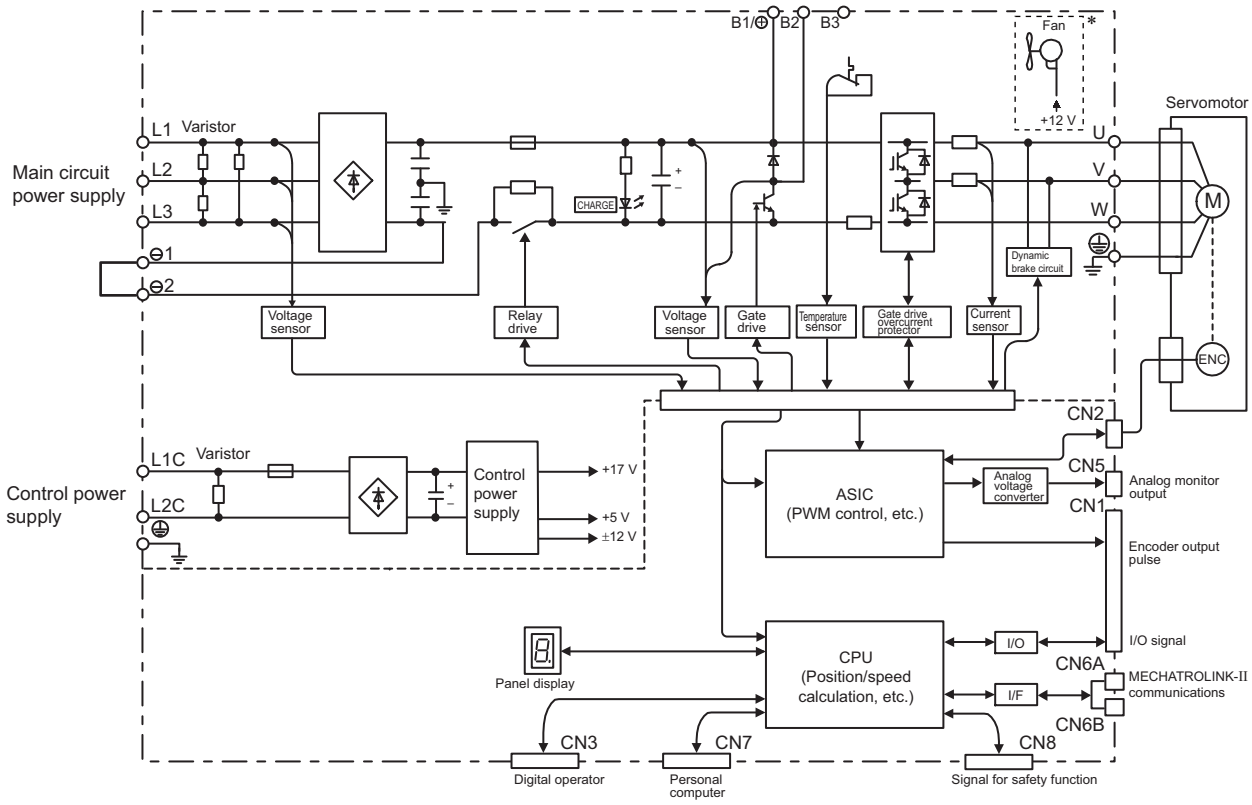



## 1.4.4 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-R70A11□, -R90A11□, -1R6A11□ Models



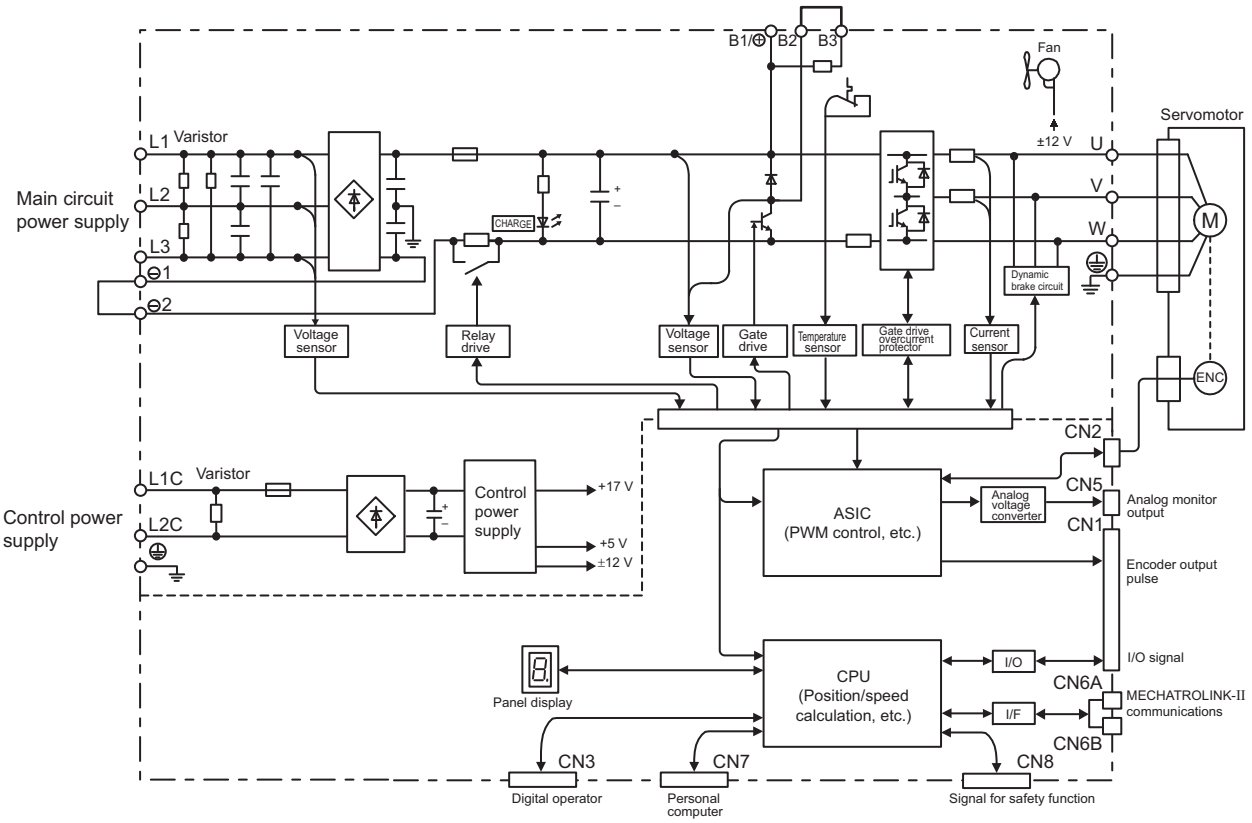

* The following SERVOPACKs do not have cooling fans: SGDV-□□□□□□B

## 1.4.5 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-2R8A11□ Model

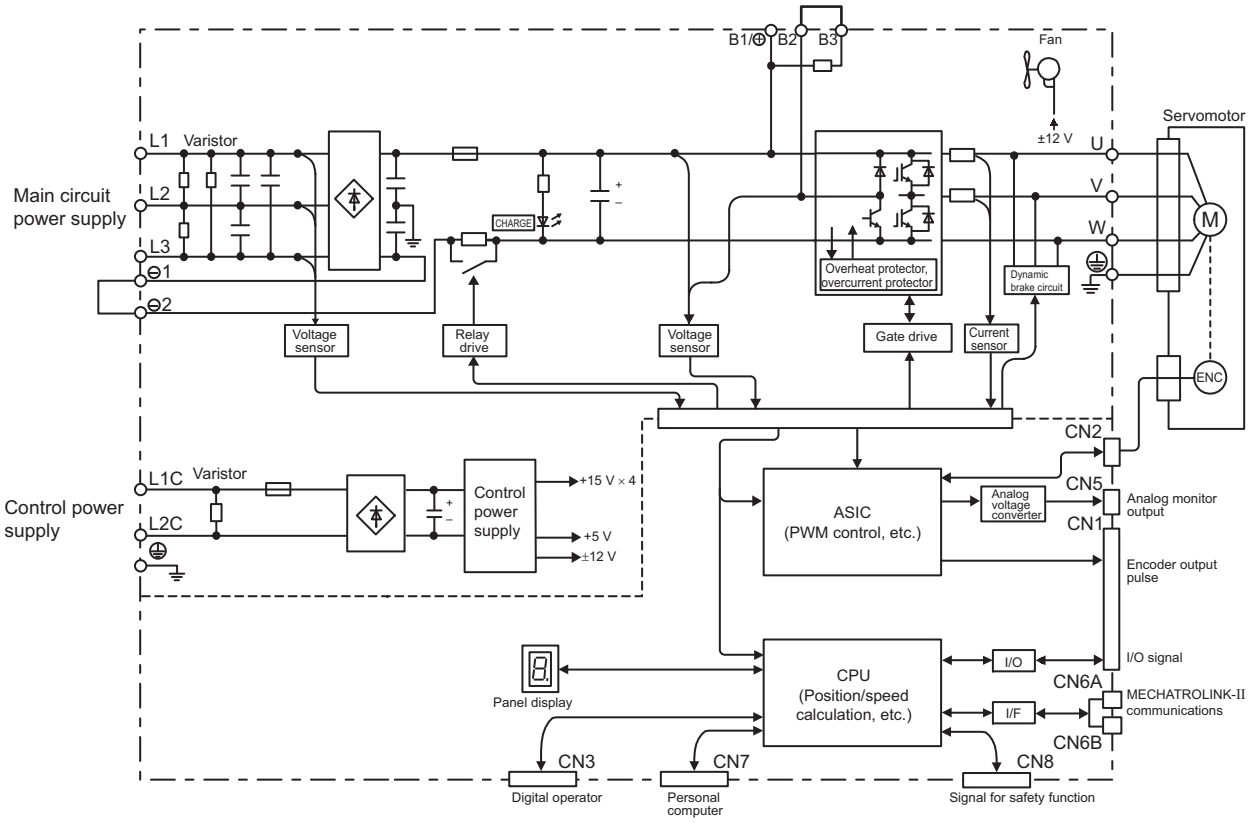



* The following SERVOPACKs do not have cooling fans: SGDV-□□□□□□B

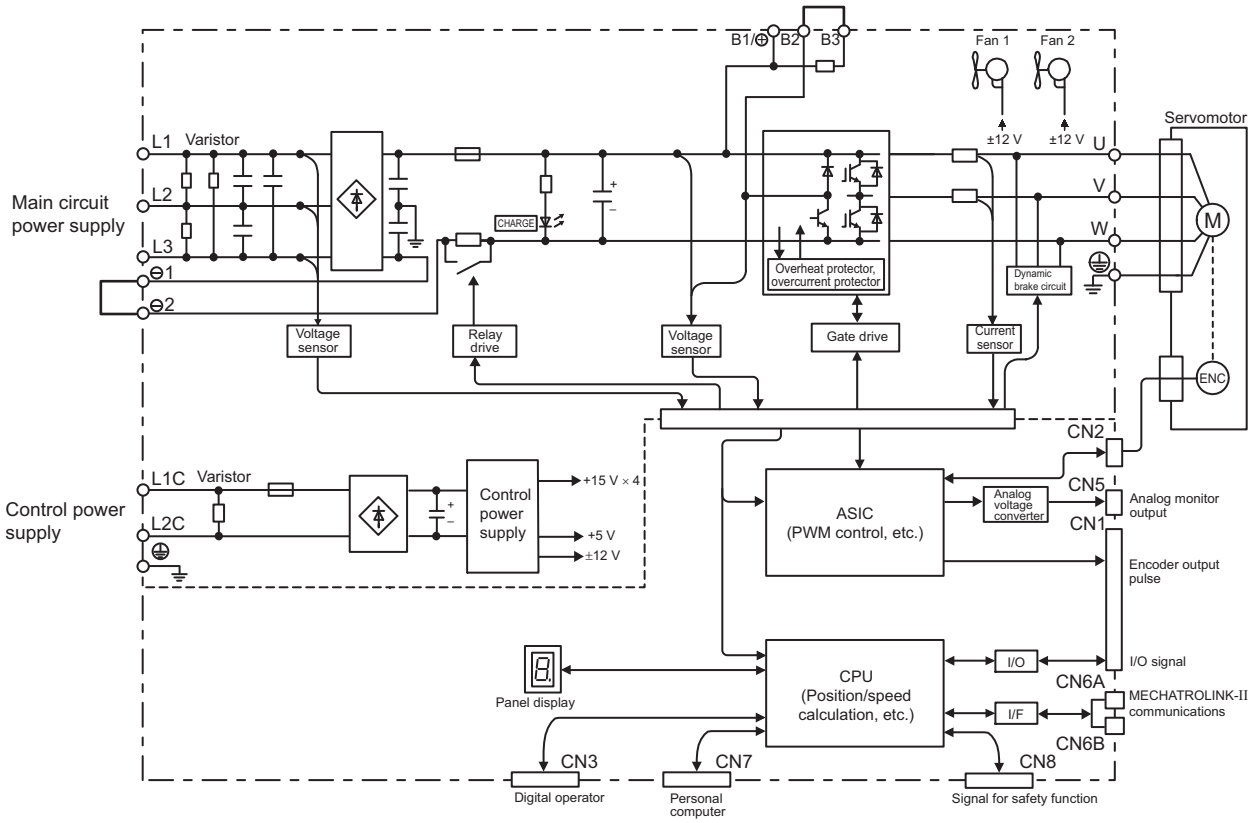
## 1.4.6 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-3R8A11A, -5R5A11A, -7R6A11A Models



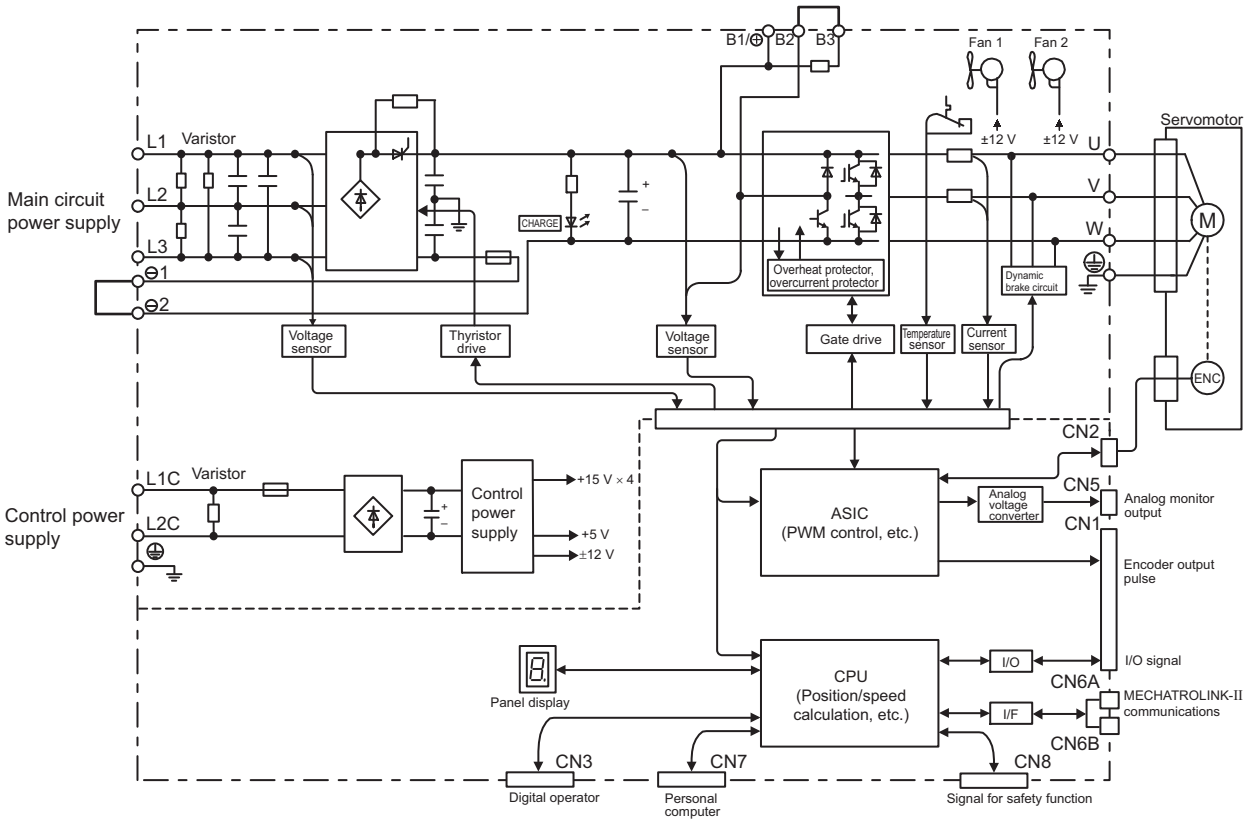
## 1.4.7 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-120A11A Model



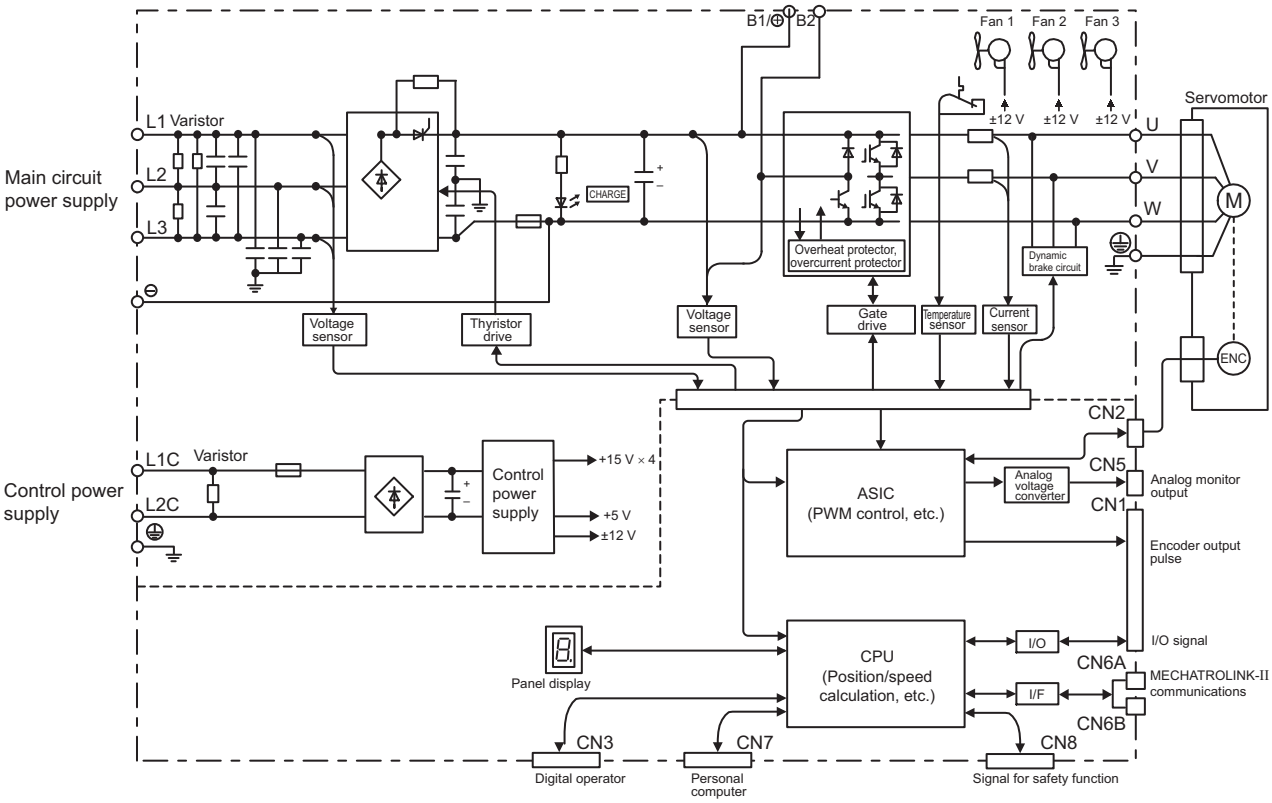

## 1.4.8 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-180A11A, -200A11A Models



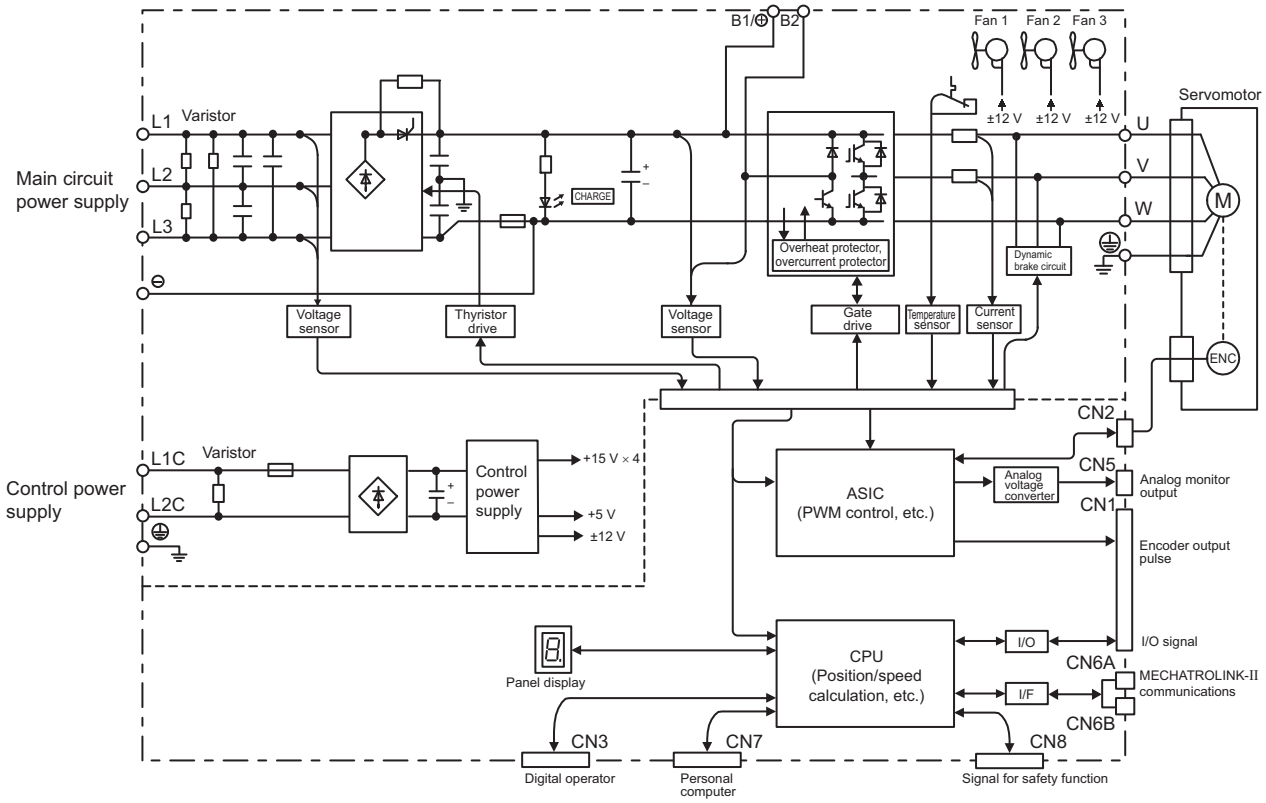
## 1.4.9 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-330A11A Model



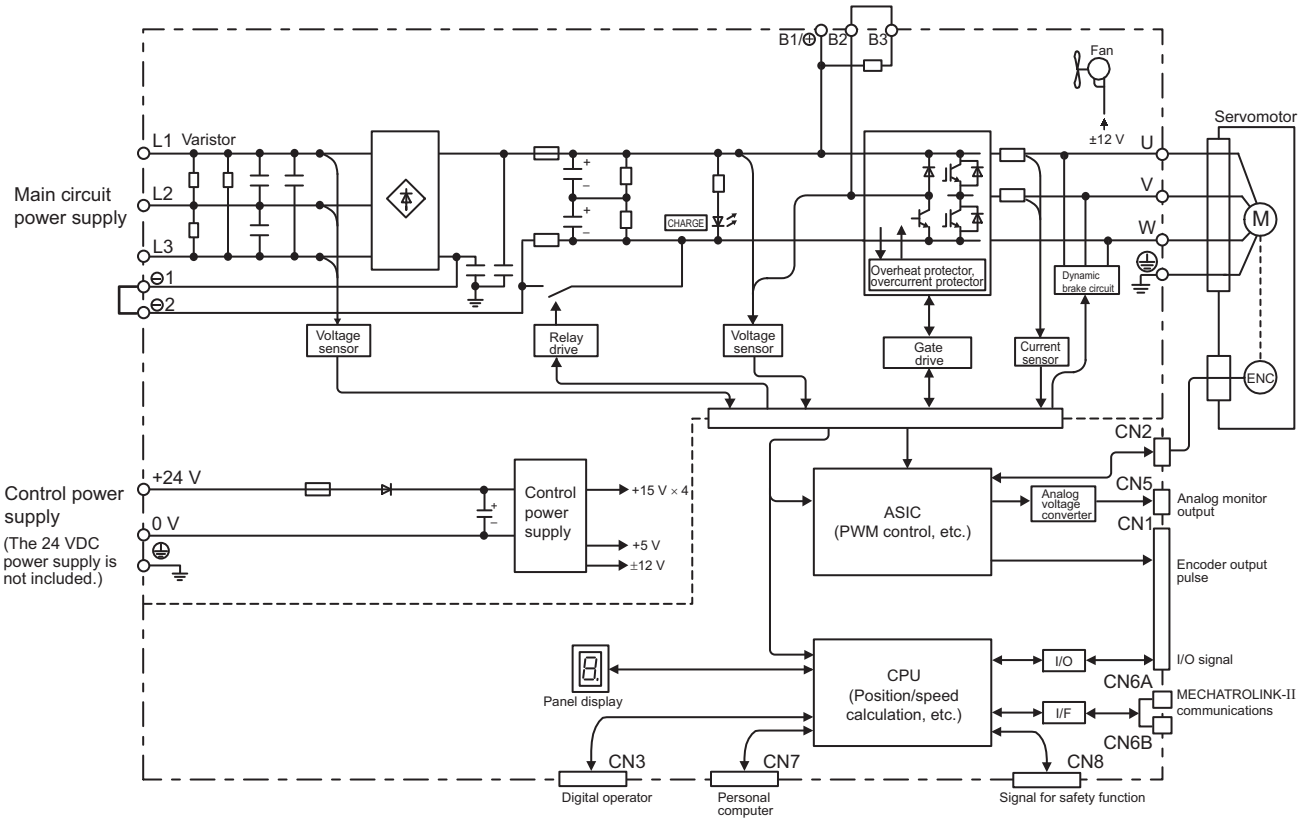

## 1.4.10 Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-470A11A, -550A11A Models



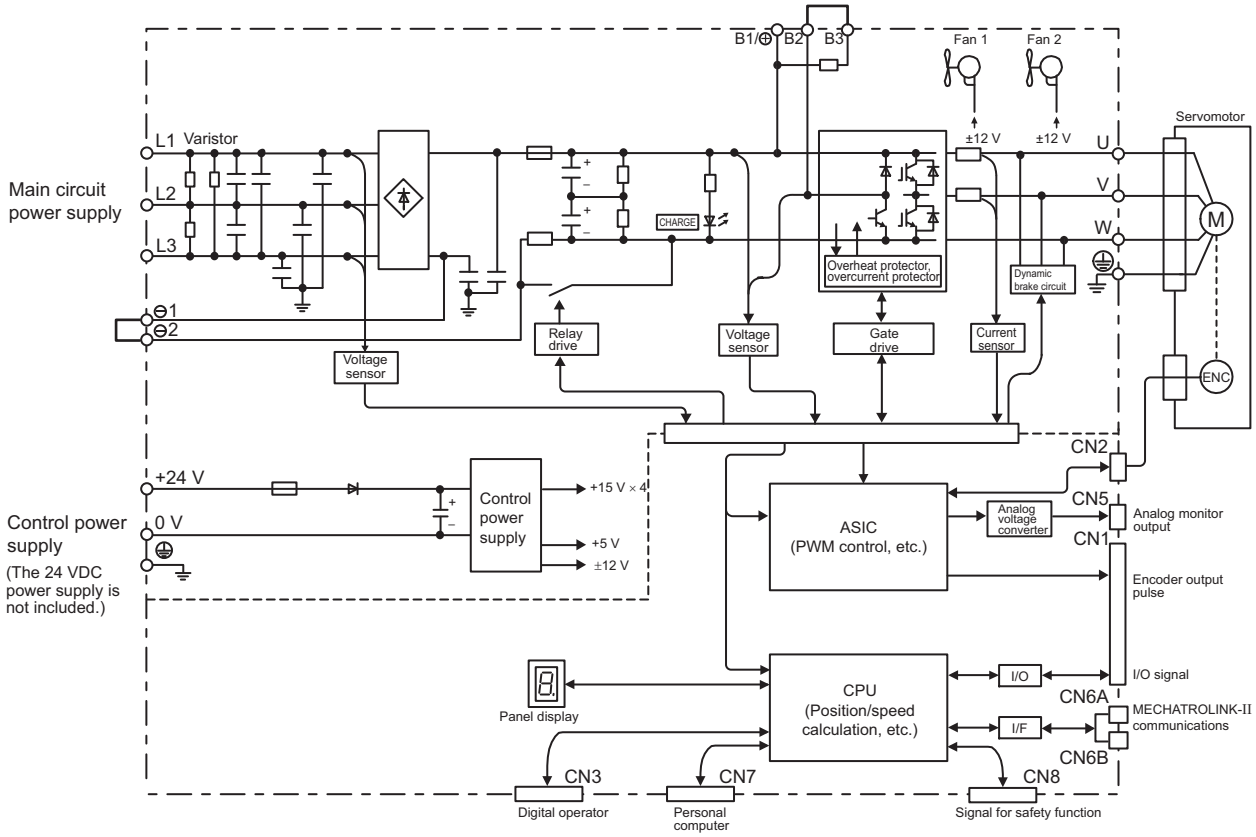
## 1.4.11 Three-phase 200 V SGDV-590A11A, -780A11A Models



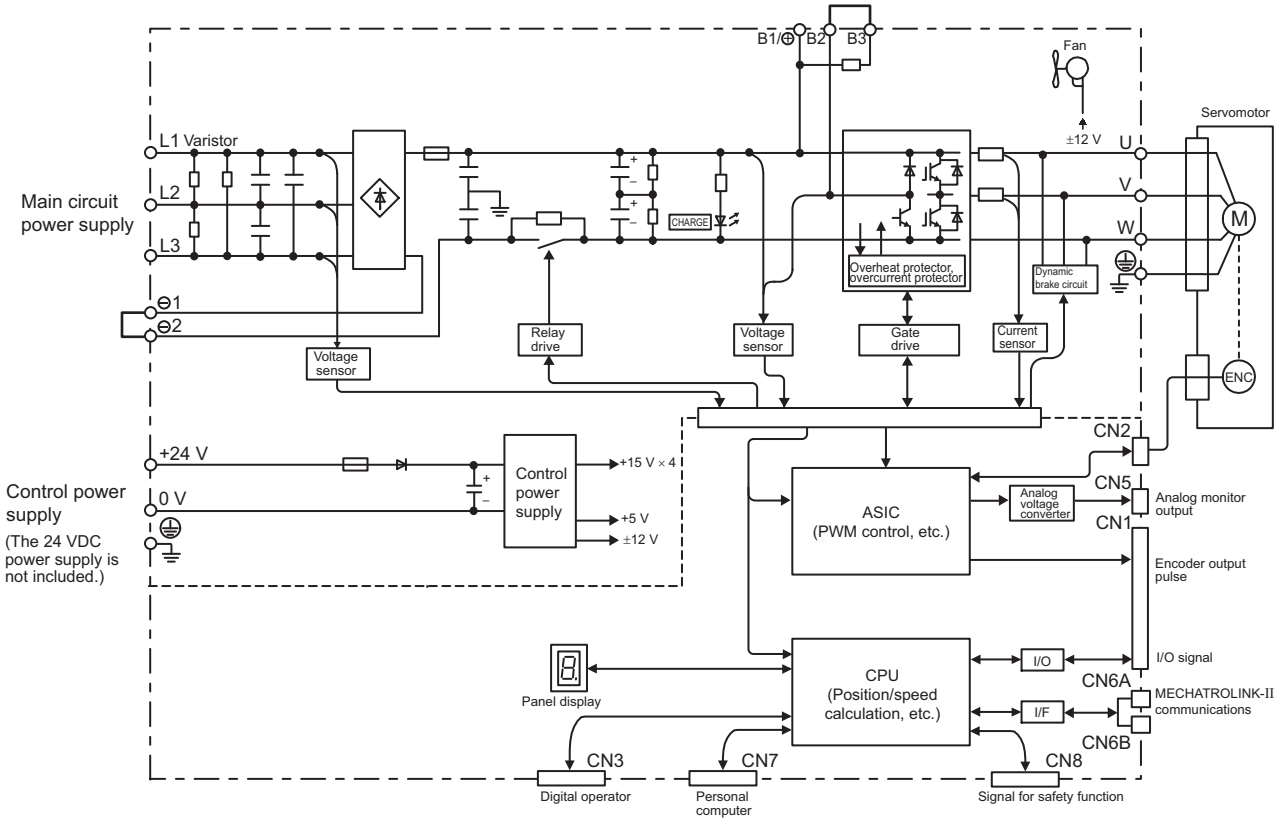

## 1.4.12 Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-1R9D11A, -3R5D11A, -5R4D11A Models



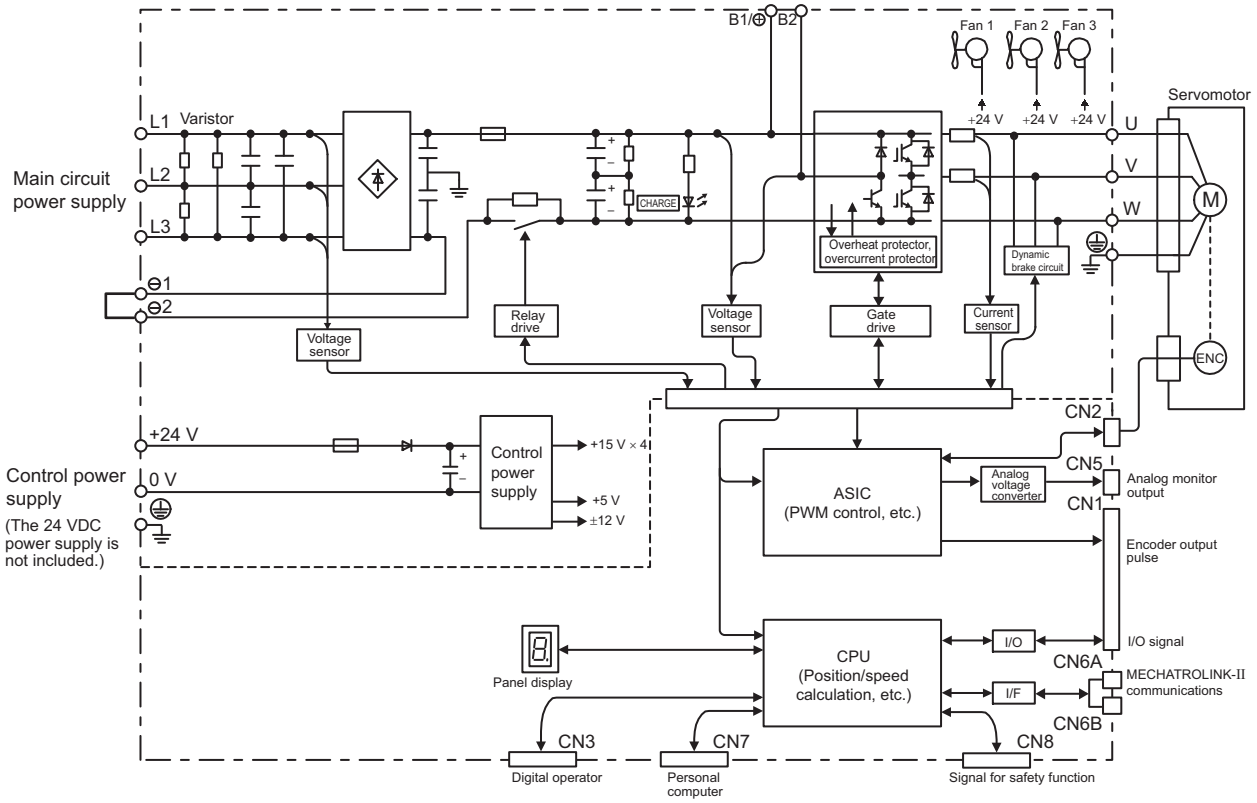
## 1.4.13 Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-8R4D11A, -120D11A Models



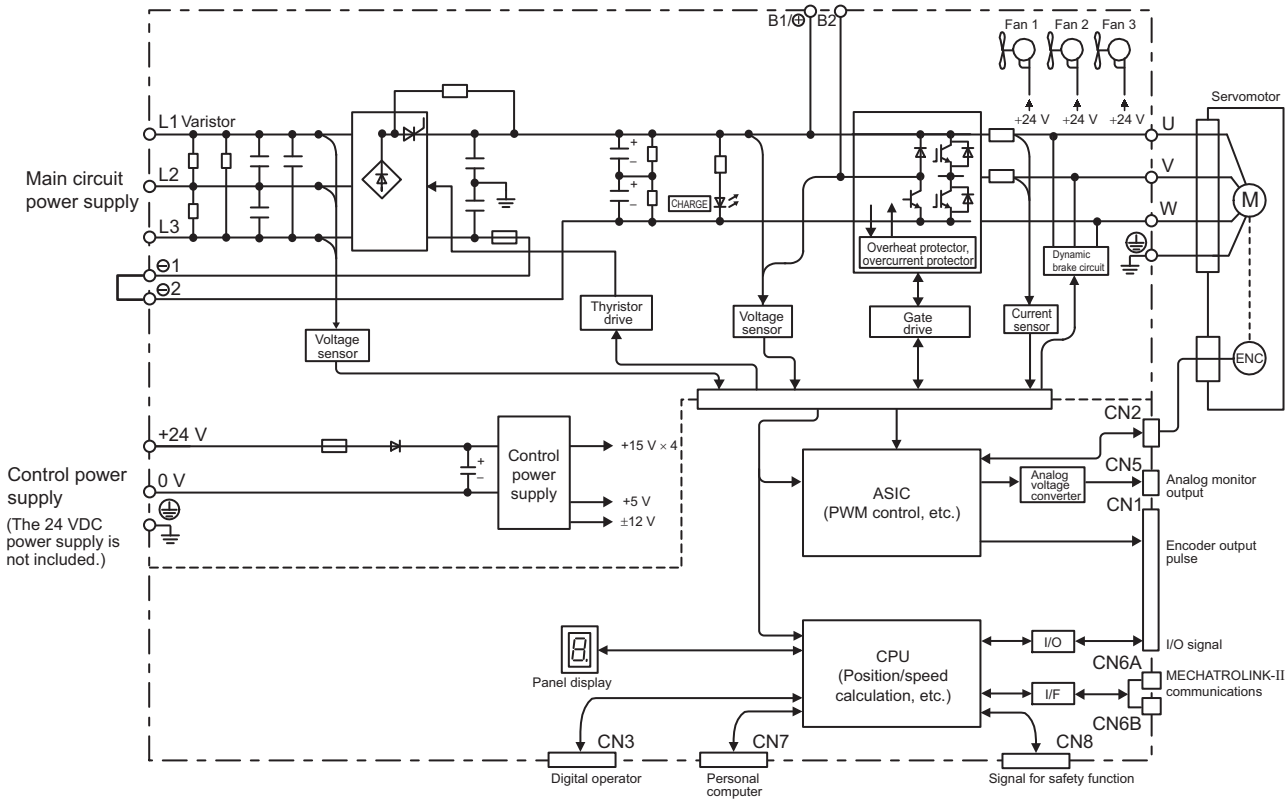

## 1.4.14 Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-170D11A Model



## 1.4.15 Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-210D11A, -260D11A Models



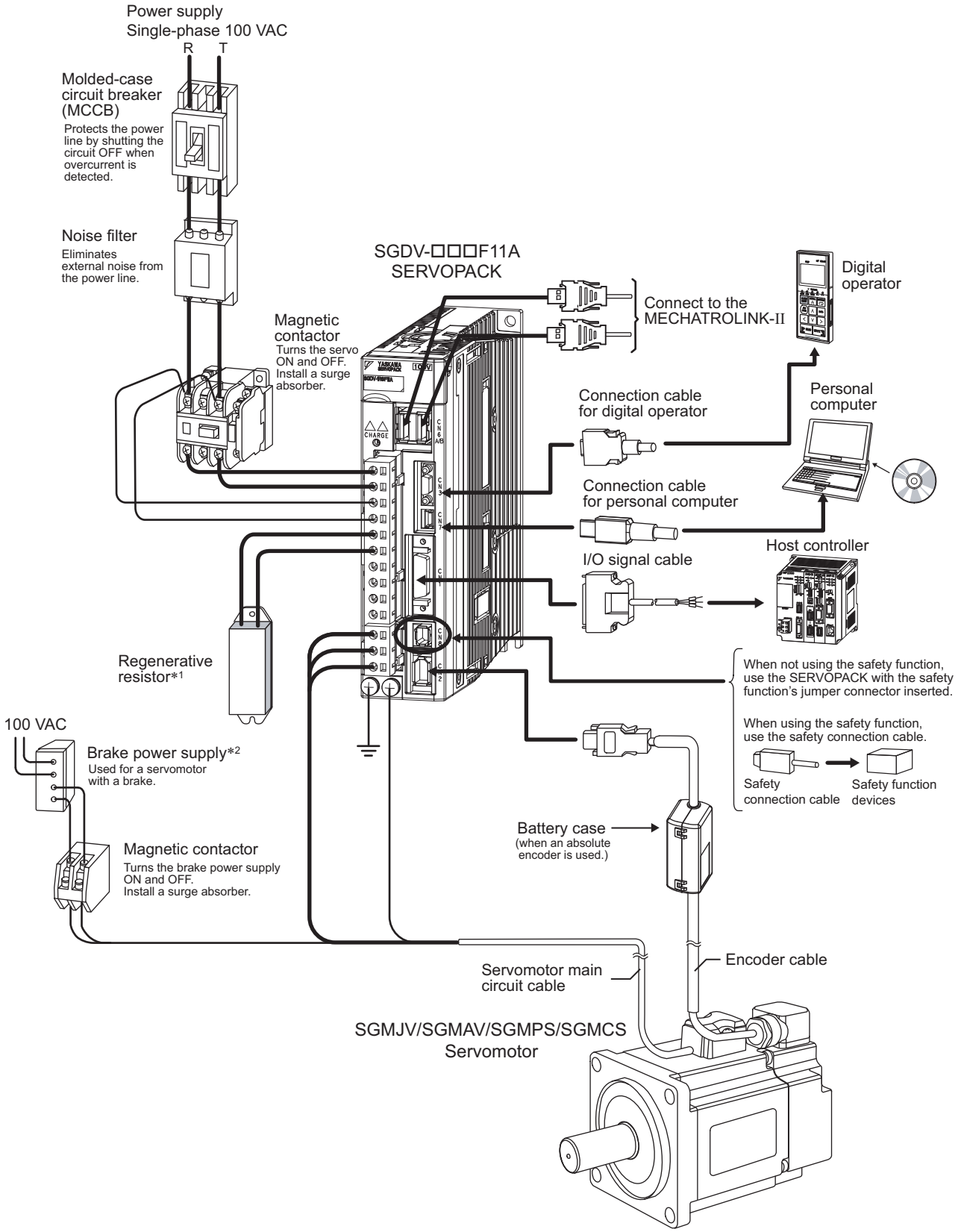

## 1.4.16 Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-280D11A, -370D11A Models



# 1.5 Examples of Servo System Configurations

This section describes examples of basic servo system configuration.

## 1.5.1 Connecting to SGDV-□□□F11A SERVOPACK

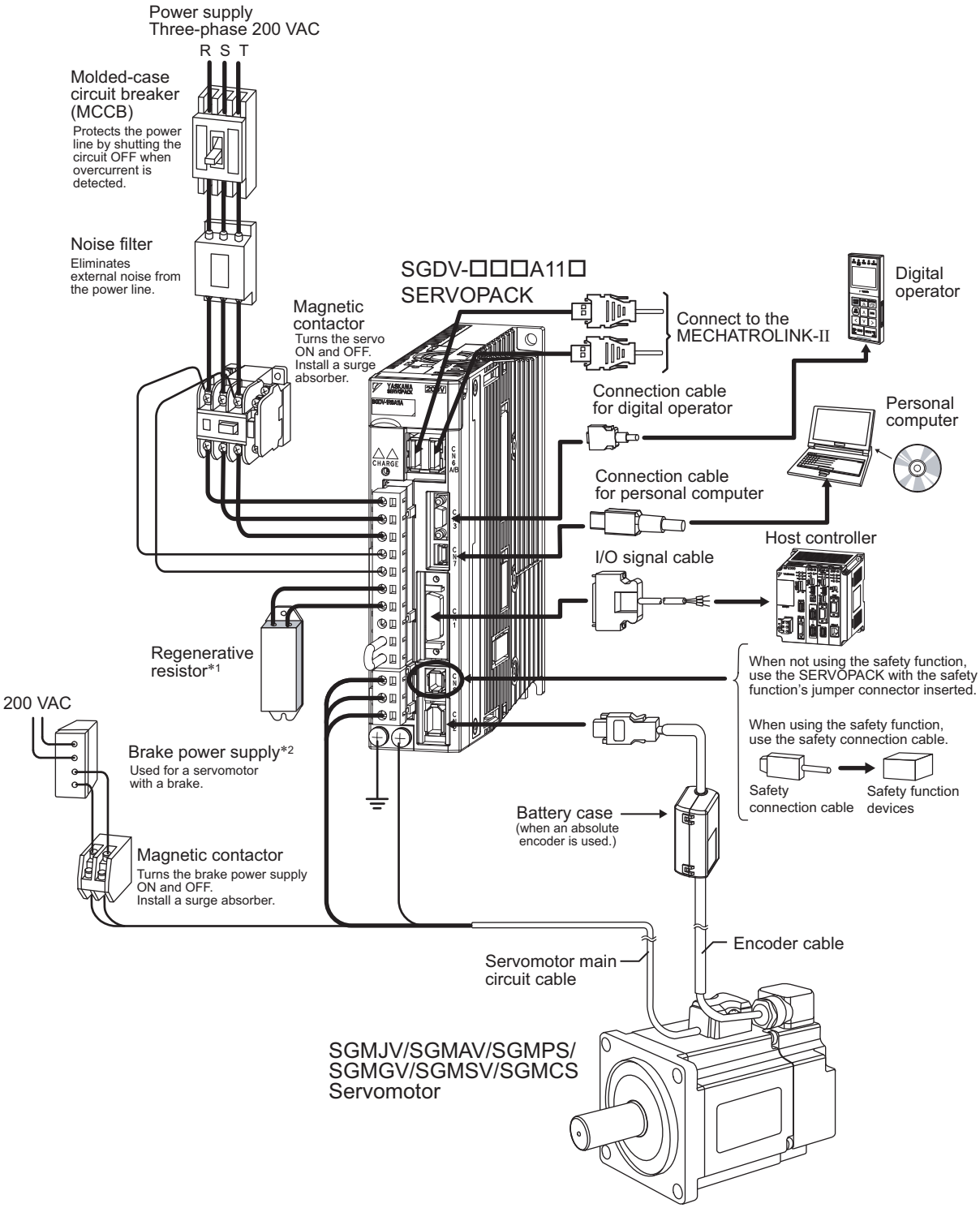



*1. Before connecting an external regenerative resistor to the SERVOPACK, refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors*.

*2. Use a 24-VDC power supply. (Not included.)

## 1.5.2 Connecting to SGDV-□□□A11□ SERVOPACK

### (1) Using a Three-phase, 200-V Power Supply



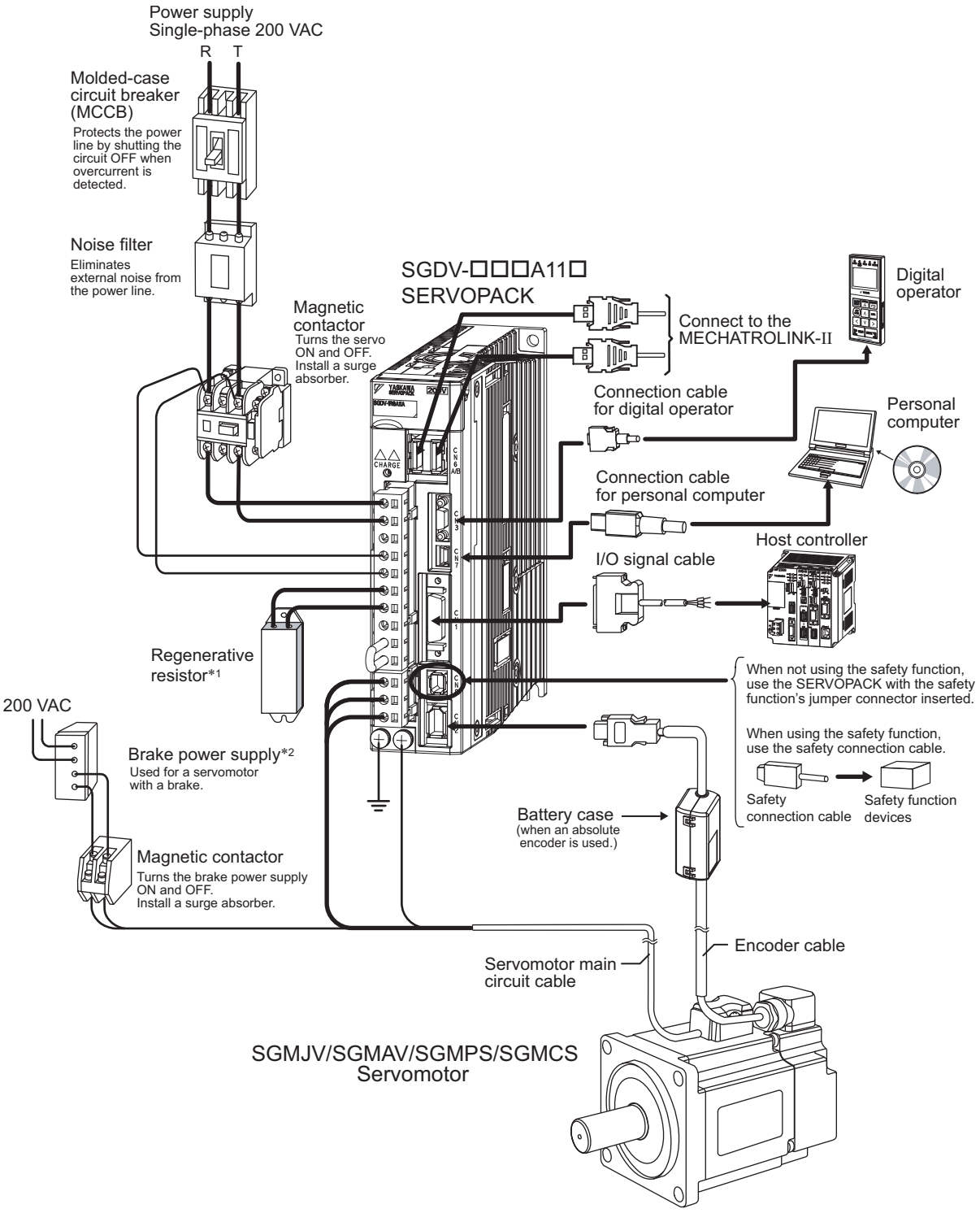

∗1. Before connecting an external regenerative resistor to the SERVOPACK, refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors*.

∗2. Use a 24-VDC power supply. (Not included.)
If using a 90-VDC power supply for a brake, however, use one of the following power supplies.
- For 200-V input voltage: LPSE-2H01-E
- For 100-V input voltage: LPDE-1H01-E

For details, refer to *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

## (2) Using a Single-phase, 200-V Power Supply

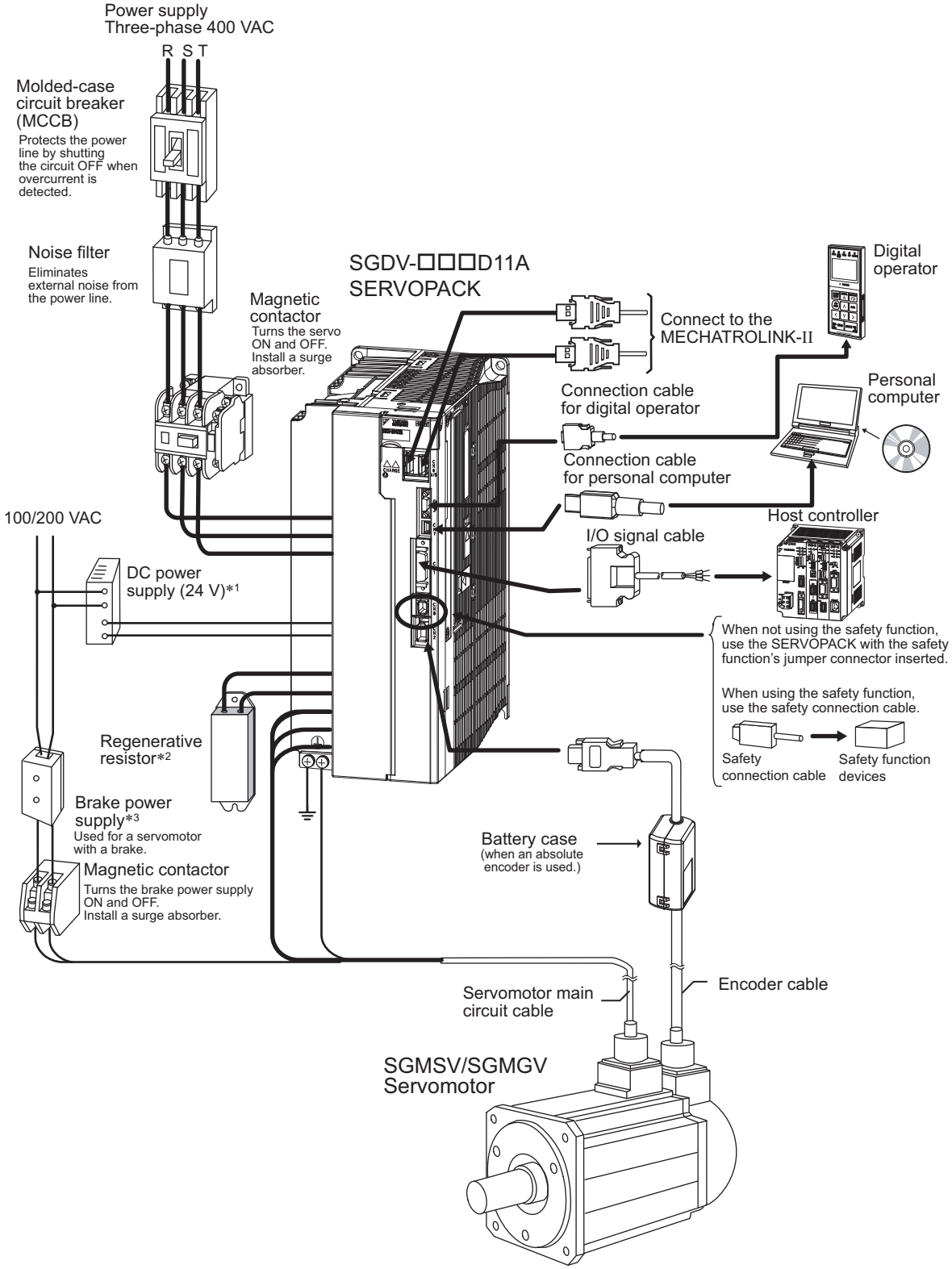
The Σ-V Series 200 V SERVOPACK generally specifies a three-phase power input but some models can be used with a single-phase 200 V power supply. Refer to *3.1.3 Using the SERVOPACK with Single-phase, 200 V Power Input* for details.




∗1. Before connecting an external regenerative resistor to the SERVOPACK, refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors*.

∗2. Use a 24-VDC power supply. (Not included.)

## 1.5.3 Connecting to SGDV-□□□D11A SERVOPACK




*1. Use a 24-VDC power supply with double insulation or reinforced insulation. (The 24-VDC power supply is not included.) Do not use the same 24-VDC power supply for the brakes.

*2. Before connecting an external regenerative resistor to the SERVOPACK, refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors*.

*3. Use a 24-VDC power supply for a brake. (Not included.)
If using a 90-VDC power supply for a brake, however, use one of the following power supplies.
- For 200-V input voltage: LPSE-2H01-E
- For 100-V input voltage: LPDE-1H01-E

For details, refer to *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

# 1.6 SERVOPACK Model Designation

This section shows SERVOPACK model designation.

| 1st + 2nd + 3rd digits | 4th digit | 5th + 6th digits | 7th digit | 8th + 9th + 10th digits | 11th + 12th digits | 13th digit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| SGDV – | 2R8 | A | 11 | A | 000 | 00 | 0 |

| Series | |
|---|---|
| SGDV | Σ-V Series |

7th digit: Design Revision Order

| 1st + 2nd + 3rd digits: Current | | |
|---|---|---|
| Voltage | Code | Max. Allowable Motor Capacity (kW) |
| 100 V | R70 | 0.05 |
| | R90 | 0.1 |
| | 2R1 | 0.2 |
| | 2R8 | 0.4 |
| 200 V | R70*1 | 0.05 |
| | R90*1 | 0.1 |
| | 1R6*1 | 0.2 |
| | 2R8*1 | 0.4 |
| | 3R8 | 0.5 |
| | 5R5*1 | 0.75 |
| | 7R6 | 1 |
| | 120*2 | 1.5 |
| | 180 | 2 |
| | 200 | 3 |
| | 330 | 5 |
| | 470*3 | 6 |
| | 550*3 | 7.5 |
| | 590*3 | 11 |
| | 780*3 | 15 |
| 400 V | 1R9 | 0.5 |
| | 3R5 | 1 |
| | 5R4 | 1.5 |
| | 8R4 | 2 |
| | 120 | 3 |
| | 170 | 5 |
| | 210*3 | 6 |
| | 260*3 | 7.5 |
| | 280*3 | 11 |
| | 370*3 | 15 |

| 4th digit: Voltage | |
|---|---|
| Code | Voltage |
| F | 100 V |
| A | 200 V |
| D | 400 V |

| 5th + 6th digits: Interface Specifications | |
|---|---|
| Code | Interface |
| 01 | Analog voltage and pulse train reference, rotational servomotor |
| 05 | Analog voltage and pulse train reference, linear servomotor |
| 11 | MECHATROLINK-II communications reference, rotational servomotor |
| 15 | MECHATROLINK-II communications reference, linear servomotor |
| 21 | MECHATROLINK-III communications reference, rotational servomotor |
| 25 | MECHATROLINK-III communications reference, linear servomotor |

| 8th + 9th + 10th digits: Hardware Specifications | |
|---|---|
| Code | Specifications |
| 000 | Base-mounted (standard) |
| 001 | Rack-mounted*3 |
| 002 | Varnished |
| 003 | Rack-mounted*3 and Varnished |
| 008 | Single-phase, 200-V Power Supply (SGDV-120A□1A008000) |
| 020 | Dynamic brake (DB)*4 |

| 11th + 12th digits: Software Specification | |
|---|---|
| Code | Specification |
| 00 | Standard |

| 13th digit: Parameter Specification | |
|---|---|
| Code | Specification |
| 0 | Standard |

∗1. These amplifiers can be powered with single or three-phase.
∗2. SGDV-120A□1A008000, a special version of the 1.5 kW amplifier can be used for single-phase operation.
∗3. SGDV-470A, -550A, -590A, -780A, -210D, -260D, -280D, and -370D are duct-ventilated types.
∗4. A resistor for the dynamic brake is not included. An external resistor for the dynamic brake can only be used with 400-V SERVOPACKs.

Note: If the option codes digits 8 to 13 are all zeros, they are omitted.

# 1.7 Servo Drive Maintenance and Inspection

This section describes the inspection and maintenance of a servo drive.

## 1.7.1 SERVOPACK Inspection

For inspection and maintenance of the SERVOPACK, follow the inspection procedures in the following table at least once every year. Other routine inspections are not required.

| Item | Frequency | Procedure | Comments |
|---|---|---|---|
| Exterior | At least once a year | Check for dust, dirt, and oil on the surfaces. | Clean with a cloth or compressed air. |
| Loose Screws | | Check for loose terminal block and connector screws. | Tighten any loose screws. |

## 1.7.2 SERVOPACK's Parts Replacement Schedule

The following electric or electronic parts are subject to mechanical wear or deterioration over time. To avoid failure, replace these parts at the frequency indicated.

Refer to the standard replacement period in the following table and contact your Yaskawa representative. After an examination of the part in question, we will determine whether the parts should be replaced or not.

The parameters of any SERVOPACKs overhauled by Yaskawa are reset to the factory settings before shipping. Be sure to confirm that the parameters are properly set before starting operation.

| Part | Standard Replacement Period |
|---|---|
| Cooling Fan | 4 to 5 years |
| Smoothing Capacitor | 7 to 8 years |
| Other Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor | 5 years |
| Relays | – |
| Fuses | 10 years |

Note: The standard replacement period is given for usage under the following operating conditions.
- Surrounding air temperature: Annual average of 30°C
- Load factor: 80% max.
- Operation rate: 20 hours/day max.

## 1.7.3 Servomotor Inspection

The AC servomotor is brushless and simple daily inspection is sufficient. Use the inspection frequencies given in the following table as a guide. Determine the most appropriate inspection frequency from the actual usage conditions and the environment.

| Inspected Item | Inspection Frequency or Interval | Inspection or Maintenance Procedure | Remark |
|---|---|---|---|
| Vibration and Noise Check | Daily | Inspect by touching and listening to the servomotor. | There should be no more vibration or noise than normal. |
| Appearance Inspection | Depends on amount of dirt. | Clean with a cloth or compressed air. | – |
| Insulation Resistance Measurement | At least once a year | Disconnect the servomotor from the SERVOPACK and measure the insulation resistance with a 500 V insulation resistance meter.* The servomotor is normal if the resistance is higher than 10 MΩ. | • If the resistance is 10 MΩ or lower, contact your Yaskawa representative.<br>• Do not measure the insulation resistance of the encoder or perform a withstand test on it. |
| Oil Seal Replacement | At least once every 5,000 hours | Contact your Yaskawa representative. | Only necessary if the servomotor has an oil seal. |
| Overhaul | At least once every 5 years or 20,000 hours | Contact your Yaskawa representative. | – |

* Measure the insulation resistance between the U, V, or W phase on the servomotor's power line and the frame ground.

# 2

# Panel Display and Operation of Digital Operator


2.1 Panel Display . . . . . 2-2
2.1.1 Status Display . . . . . 2-2
2.1.2 Alarm and Warning Display . . . . . 2-2
2.1.3 Hard Wire Base Block Display . . . . . 2-2
2.1.4 Overtravel Display . . . . . 2-2
2.2 Operation of Digital Operator . . . . . 2-3
2.3 Utility Functions (Fn□□□) . . . . . 2-3
2.4 Parameters (Pn□□□) . . . . . 2-4
2.4.1 Parameter Classification . . . . . 2-4
2.4.2 Notation for Parameters . . . . . 2-4
2.4.3 Setting Parameters . . . . . 2-5
2.5 Monitor Displays (Un□□□) . . . . . 2-7

# 2.1 Panel Display

You can use the panel display on the SERVOPACK to check the status of the servo drive.
Also, if an alarm or warning occurs, its alarm or warning number is displayed.

## 2.1.1 Status Display

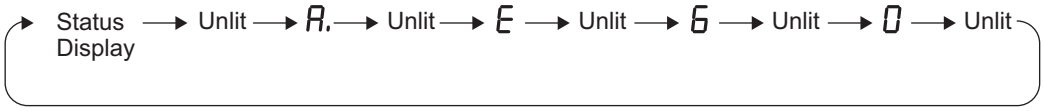
The display shows the following status.

| Display | Meaning |
|---|---|
| | Rotation Detection (/TGON)<br>Lights if motor speed exceeds the value set in Pn502. (Factory setting: 20 $min^{-1}$) |
| | Baseblock<br>Lights for baseblock (Servomotor power OFF). |
| | Reference Input<br>Lights when a reference is being input. |
| | CONNECT<br>Lights during connection. |

## 2.1.2 Alarm and Warning Display

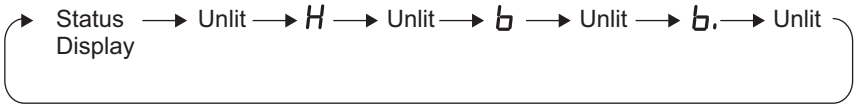
If an alarm or warning occurs, the display will change in the following order.

Example: Alarm A.E60




## 2.1.3 Hard Wire Base Block Display

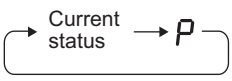
If a hard wire base block (HWBB) occurs, the display will change in the following order.



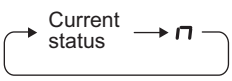

## 2.1.4 Overtravel Display

If overtraveling occurs, the display will change in the following order.

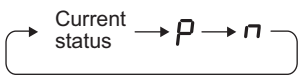
① Overtravel at forward rotation (P-OT)




② Overtravel at reverse rotation (N-OT)




③ Overtravel at forward/reverse rotation



# 2.2 Operation of Digital Operator

Operation examples of utility functions (Fn□□□), parameters (Pn□□□) and monitor displays (Un□□□) when using a digital operator are described in this chapter.

Operations can be also performed with SigmaWin+.

For more information on the usage of the digital operator, refer to *Σ-V Series USER'S MANUAL Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55).

# 2.3 Utility Functions (Fn□□□)

The utility functions are related to the setup and adjustment of the SERVOPACK.

The digital operator shows numbers beginning with Fn.
The following table outlines the procedures necessary for an origin search (Fn003).

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn002:JOG<br>Fn003:Z-Search<br>Fn004:Program JOG<br>Fn005:Prm Init | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn003. |
| 2 | BB –Z-Search–<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un003= 0000000774<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn003 execution display. |
| 3 | RUN –Z-Search–<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un003= 0000000774<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | JOG SVON | Press the JOG SVON Key.<br>The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON.<br>Note: If the servomotor is already at the zero position, "-Complete-" is displayed. |
| 4 | RUN –Complete–<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un003= 0000000000<br>Un00D= 0000001D58 | ∧ ∨ | Pressing the ∧ Key will rotate the servomotor in the forward direction. Pressing the ∨ Key will rotate the servomotor in the reverse direction. The rotation direction of the servomotor changes according to the setting of Pn000.0 as shown in the following table.<br>Parameter: Pn000 n.□□□0 — ∧ key: CCW — ∨ key: CW<br>Pn000 n.□□□1 — ∧ key: CW — ∨ key: CCW<br>Note: Direction when viewed from the load of the servomotor.<br>Press the ∧ or ∨ Key until the servomotor stops. If the origin search completed normally, "-Complete-" is displayed on the right top on the screen. |
| 5 | BB –Z-Search–<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un003= 0000000000<br>Un00D= 0000001D58 | JOG SVON | When the origin search is completed, press the JOG SVON Key.<br>The status display changes from "RUN" to "BB", and the servomotor turns OFF. The display "-Complete-" changes to "-Z-Search-." |
| 6 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn002:JOG<br>Fn003:Z-Search<br>Fn004:Program JOG<br>Fn005:Prm Init | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |
| 7 | To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again. | | |

# 2.4 Parameters (Pn□□□)

This section describes the classifications, methods of notation, and settings for parameters given in this manual.

## 2.4.1 Parameter Classification

Parameters of the Σ-V Series SERVOPACK are classified into two types of parameters. One type of parameters is required for setting up the basic conditions for operation and the other type is required for tuning parameters that are required to adjust servomotor characteristics.

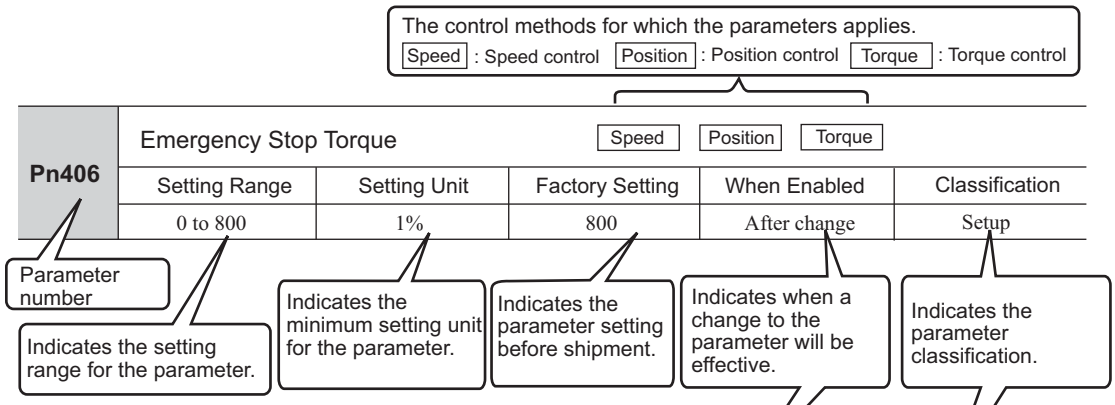
| Classification | Meaning | Display Method | Setting Method |
|---|---|---|---|
| Setup Parameters | Parameters required for setup. | Always displayed (Factory setting: Pn00B.0 = 0) | Set each parameter individually. |
| Tuning Parameters | Parameters for tuning control gain and other parameters. | Set Pn00B.0 to 1. | There is no need to set each parameter individually. |

There are two types of notation used for parameters, one for parameter that requires a value setting (parameter for numeric settings) and one for parameter that requires the selection of a function (parameter for selecting functions).

The notation and settings for both types of parameters are described next.

## 2.4.2 Notation for Parameters

### (1) Parameters for Numeric Settings




### (2) Parameters for Selecting Functions

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn002 | n.□0□□ [Factory setting] | Uses the absolute encoder as an absolute encoder. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□1□□ | Uses the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder. | | |

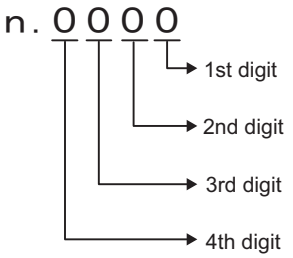
Parameter number

The notation "n.□□□□" indicates a parameter for selecting functions. Each □ corresponds to the setting value of that digit. The notation shown here means that the third digit is 1.

This section explains the selections for the function.

• Notation Example

Digital Operator Display (Display Example for Pn002)




| Digit Notation | | Setting Notation | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Notation | Meaning | Notation | Meaning |
| Pn002.0 | Indicates the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002. | Pn002.0 = x or n.□□□x | Indicates that the value for the 1st digit of parameter Pn002 is x. |
| Pn002.1 | Indicates the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002. | Pn002.1 = x or n.□□x□ | Indicates that the value for the 2nd digit of parameter Pn002 is x. |
| Pn002.2 | Indicates the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002. | Pn002.2 = x or n.□x□□ | Indicates that the value for the 3rd digit of parameter Pn002 is x. |
| Pn002.3 | Indicates the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002. | Pn002.3 = x or n.x□□□ | Indicates that the value for the 4th digit of parameter Pn002 is x. |

## 2.4.3 Setting Parameters

### (1) How to Make Numeric Settings Using Parameters

The following example shows how to change the setting of parameter Pn304 (JOG speed) to 1000 $min^{-1}$.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=00000000 | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to select the main menu of parameters and monitor displays. |
| 2 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=00000000 | < > | Press the < or > Key to move the cursor to "Un." |
| 3 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn000=n.0000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=00000000 | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to change "Un" to "Pn." |
| 4 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn000=n.0000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000pulse<br>Un00D=00000000 | > | Press the > Key to move the cursor to the column on the right of "Pn." |
| 5 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn304=00500<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=00000000 | < > ∧ ∨ | Press the arrow keys to display "Pn304".<br>To move the cursor to different columns: <, > Key<br>To change the settings: ∧, ∨ Key |
| 6 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn304=00500<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=00000000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to move the cursor to the one's place of Pn304. |
| 7 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn304=00500<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=00000000 | < | Press the < Key twice to move the cursor to the hundred's place of Pn304. |
| 8 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn304=01000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=00000000 | ∧ | Press the ∧ Key five times to change the setting to "1000." |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 9 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn304=01000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to write the settings. |

## (2) How to Select Functions Using Parameters

The following example shows how to set the function section for insufficient voltage of the application function select switch 8 (Pn008) to 1 "detects warning and limits torque by host controller."

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to select the main menu of parameters and monitor displays. |
| 2 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | < > | Press the < or > Key to move the cursor to "Un." |
| 3 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn000=n.0000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to change "Un" to "Pn." |
| 4 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn000=n.0000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | > | Press the > Key three times to move the cursor to the column on the right of "Pn." |
| 5 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn008=n.4000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | ∧ | Press the ∧ Key to display "Pn008." |
| 6 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn008=n.4000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to move the cursor to "Pn008.0." |
| 7 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn008=n.4000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | < | Press the < Key once to move the cursor to "Pn008.1." |
| 8 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn008=n.4010<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | ∧ | Press the ∧ Key to change the setting of "Pn008.1" to "1." |
| 9 | BB −PRM/MON−<br>Pn008=n.4010<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un008= 00000<br>Un00D=000000000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to write the settings. |

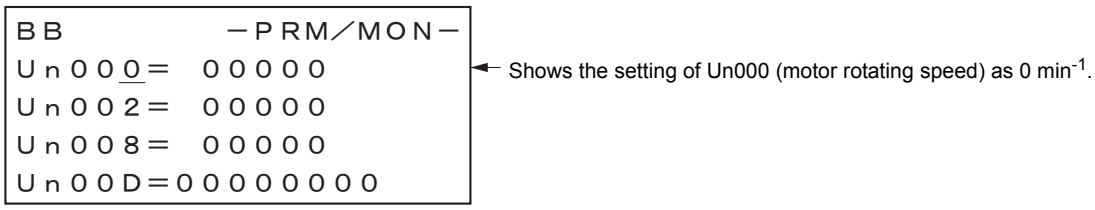
# 2.5 Monitor Displays (Un□□□)

The monitor displays can be used for monitoring the reference values, I/O signal status, and SERVOPACK internal status.

For details, refer to *7.2 Viewing Monitor Displays*.

The digital operator shows numbers beginning with Un.

The following four settings are the factory settings.



# 3

# Wiring and Connection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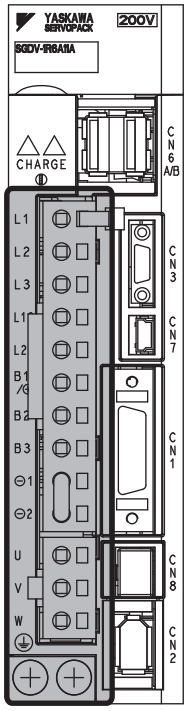
# 3.1 Main Circuit Wiring

The names and specifications of the main circuit terminals are given below.

Also this section describes the general precautions for wiring and precautions under special environments.

## 3.1.1 Main Circuit Terminals




: Main circuit terminals

| Terminal Symbols | Name | Model SGDV-□□□□ | Specification |
|---|---|---|---|
| L1, L2 | Main circuit power input terminals | □□□F | Single-phase 100 to 115 V, +10 to -15%, 50/60 Hz |
| L1, L2, L3 | | □□□A | Three-phase 200 to 230 V, +10 to -15%, 50/60 Hz |
| | | □□□D | Three-phase 380 to 480 V, +10 to -15%, 50/60 Hz |
| L1C, L2C | Control power input terminals | □□□F | Single-phase 100 to 115 V, +10 to -15%, 50/60 Hz |
| | | □□□A | Single-phase 200 to 230 V, +10 to -15%, 50/60 Hz |
| 24V, 0V | | □□□D | 24 VDC, ±15% |
| B1/⊕, B2*1 | External regenerative resistor connection terminals | R70F, R90F, 2R1F, 2R8F, R70A, R90A, 1R6A, 2R8A | If the regenerative capacity is insufficient, connect an external regenerative resistor between B1/⊕ and B2.<br>Note: The external regenerative resistor is not included. |
| | | 3R8A, 5R5A, 7R6A, 120A, 180A, 200A, 330A, 1R9D, 3R5D, 5R4D, 8R4D, 120D, 170D | If the internal regenerative resistor is insufficient, remove the lead or shorting bar between B2 and B3 and connect an external regenerative resistor between B1/⊕ and B2.<br>Note: The external regenerative resistor is not included. |
| | | 470A, 550A, 590A, 780A, 210D, 260D, 280D, 370D | Connect a regenerative resistor unit between B1/⊕ and B2.<br>Note: The regenerative resistor unit is not included. |
| ⊖1, ⊖2*2 | DC reactor connection terminal for power supply harmonic suppression | □□□A<br>□□□D | If a countermeasure against power supply harmonic waves is needed, connect a DC reactor between ⊖1 and ⊖2. |

(cont'd)

| Terminal Symbols | Name | Model SGDV-□□□□ | Specification |
|---|---|---|---|
| B1/⊕ | Main circuit positive terminal | □□□A<br>□□□D | Use when DC power supply input is used. |
| ⊖2 or ⊖ | Main circuit negative terminal | □□□A<br>□□□D | |
| U, V, W | Servomotor connection terminals | Use for connecting to the servomotor. | |
| ⏚ | Ground terminals (× 2) | Use for connecting the power supply ground terminal and servomotor ground terminal. | |

∗1. Do not short-circuit between B1/⊕ and B2. It may damage the SERVOPACK.
∗2. The DC reactor connection terminals are short-circuited when the SERVOPACK is shipped from the factory: ⊖1 and ⊖2.

## 3.1.2 Using a Standard Power Supply (Single-phase 100 V, Three-phase 200 V, or Three-phase 400 V)

### (1) Wire Types

Use the following type of wire for main circuit.

| Cable Type | | Allowable Conductor Temperature °C |
|---|---|---|
| Symbol | Name | |
| IV | 600 V grade polyvinyl chloride insulated wire | 60 |
| HIV | 600 V grade heat-resistant polyvinyl chloride insulated wire | 75 |

The following table shows the wire sizes and allowable currents for three wires. Use wires with specifications equal to or less than those shown in the table.

| AWG Size | Nominal Cross Section Area ($mm^2$) | Configuration (Number of Wires/mm) | Conductive Resistance (Ω/km) | Allowable Current at Surrounding Air Temperature (A) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | 30°C | 40°C | 50°C |
| 20 | 0.5 | 19/0.18 | 39.5 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 4.5 |
| 19 | 0.75 | 30/0.18 | 26.0 | 8.8 | 7.0 | 5.5 |
| 18 | 0.9 | 37/0.18 | 24.4 | 9.0 | 7.7 | 6.0 |
| 16 | 1.25 | 50/0.18 | 15.6 | 12.0 | 11.0 | 8.5 |
| 14 | 2.0 | 7/0.6 | 9.53 | 23 | 20 | 16 |
| 12 | 3.5 | 7/0.8 | 5.41 | 33 | 29 | 24 |
| 10 | 5.5 | 7/1.0 | 3.47 | 43 | 38 | 31 |
| 8 | 8.0 | 7/1.2 | 2.41 | 55 | 49 | 40 |
| 6 | 14.0 | 7/1.6 | 1.35 | 79 | 70 | 57 |
| 4 | 22.0 | 7/2.0 | 0.85 | 91 | 81 | 66 |

Note: The values in the table are for reference only.

## (2) Main Circuit Wires

This section describes the main circuit wires for SERVOPACKs.

IMPORTANT

- The specified wire sizes are for use when the three lead cables are bundled and when the rated electric current is applied with a surrounding air temperature of 40°C.
- Use a wire with a minimum withstand voltage of 600 V for the main circuit.
- If cables are bundled in PVC or metal ducts, take into account the reduction of the allowable current.
- Use a heat-resistant wire under high surrounding air or panel temperatures, where polyvinyl chloride insulated wires will rapidly deteriorate.

### ■ Single-phase, 100 V

| Terminal Symbols | Name | SGDV-□□□F | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | R70 | R90 | 2R1 | 2R8 |
| L1, L2 | Main circuit power input terminals | HIV1.25 | | HIV2.0 | |
| L1C, L2C | Control power input terminals | HIV1.25 | | | |
| U, V, W | Servomotor connection terminals | HIV1.25 | | | |
| B1/⊕, B2 | External regenerative resistor connection terminals | HIV1.25 | | | |
| ⏚ | Ground terminal | HIV2.0 or larger | | | |

### ■ Three-phase, 200 V

| Terminal Symbols | Name | SGDV-□□□A (Unit: mm$^2$) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | R70 | R90 | 1R6 | 2R8 | 3R8 | 5R5 | 7R6 | 120 | 180 | 200 | 330 | 470 | 550 | 590 | 780 |
| L1, L2, L3 | Main circuit power input terminals | HIV1.25 | | | HIV2.0 | | | | | HIV3.5 | | HIV 5.5 | HIV 8.0 | HIV 14.0 | HIV22.0 | |
| L1C, L2C | Control power input terminals | HIV1.25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U, V, W | Servomotor connection terminals | HIV1.25 | | | | HIV2.0 | | | | HIV 3.5 | HIV 5.5 | HIV 8.0 | HIV14.0 | | HIV22.0 | |
| B1/⊕, B2 | External regenerative resistor connection terminals | HIV1.25 | | | | | | | | HIV 2.0 | HIV 3.5 | HIV 5.5 | HIV8.0 | | HIV22.0 | |
| ⏚ | Ground terminal | HIV2.0 or larger | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

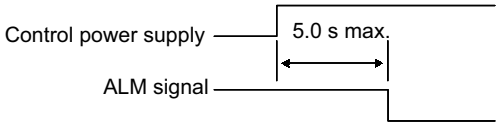
### ■ Three-phase, 400 V

| Terminal Symbols | Name | SGDV-□□□D (Unit: mm$^2$) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | 1R9 | 3R5 | 5R4 | 8R4 | 120 | 170 | 210 | 260 | 280 | 370 |
| L1, L2, L3 | Main circuit power input terminals | HIV1.25 | | | HIV2.0 | | HIV3.5 | | HIV 5.5 | HIV 8.0 | HIV 14.0 |
| 24V, 0V | Control power input terminals | HIV1.25 | | | | | | | | | |
| U, V, W | Servomotor connection terminals | HIV1.25 | | | HIV2.0 | | HIV 3.5 | HIV5.5 | | HIV 8.0 | HIV 14.0 |
| B1/⊕, B2 | External regenerative resistor connection terminals | HIV1.25 | | | | | HIV 2.0 | HIV3.5 | | HIV 5.5 | HIV 8.0 |
| ⏚ | Ground terminal | HIV2.0 or larger | | | | | | | | | |

## (3) Typical Main Circuit Wiring Examples

Note the following points when designing the power ON sequence.

- Design the power ON sequence so that main power is turned OFF when a servo alarm signal (ALM) is output.
- The ALM signal is output for a maximum of five seconds when the control power is turned ON. Take this into consideration when designing the power ON sequence. Design the sequence so the ALM signal is activated and the alarm detection relay (1Ry) is turned OFF to stop the main circuit's power supply to the SERVOPACK.




- Select the power supply specifications for the parts in accordance with the input power supply.

**IMPORTANT**

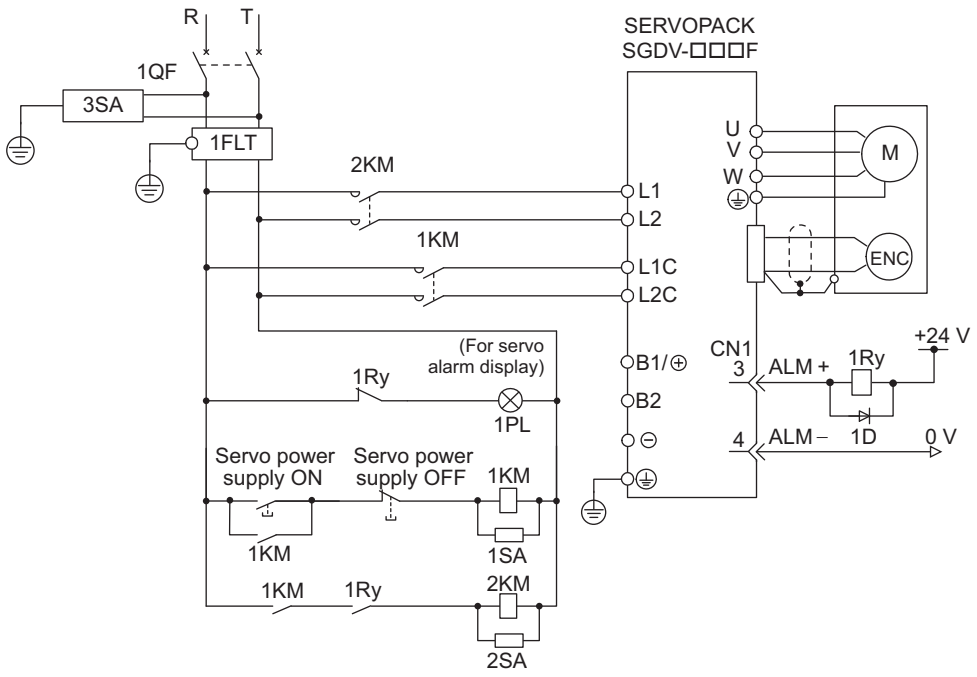
- When turning ON the control power supply and the main circuit power supply, turn them ON at the same time or turn the main circuit power supply after the control power supply. When turning OFF the power supplies, first turn the power for the main circuit OFF and then turn OFF the control power supply.

The typical main circuit wiring examples are shown below.

**⚠ WARNING**

- Do not touch the power supply terminals after turning OFF the power. High voltage may still remain in the SERVOPACK, resulting in electric shock. When the voltage is discharged, the charge indicator will turn OFF. Make sure the charge indicator is OFF before starting wiring or inspections.

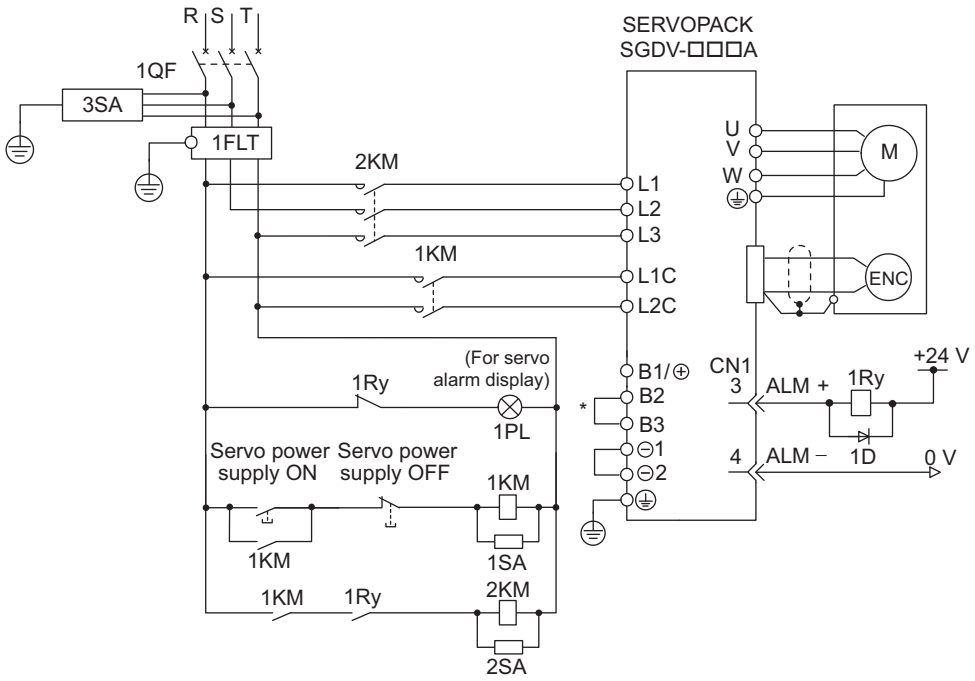
### ■ Single-phase 100 V, SGDV-□□□F (SGDV-R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, -2R8F)




1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker
1FLT: Noise filter
1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply)
2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)
1Ry: Relay
1PL: Indicator lamp
1SA: Surge absorber
2SA: Surge absorber
3SA: Surge absorber
1D: Flywheel diode

## ■ Three-phase 200 V, SGDV-□□□A

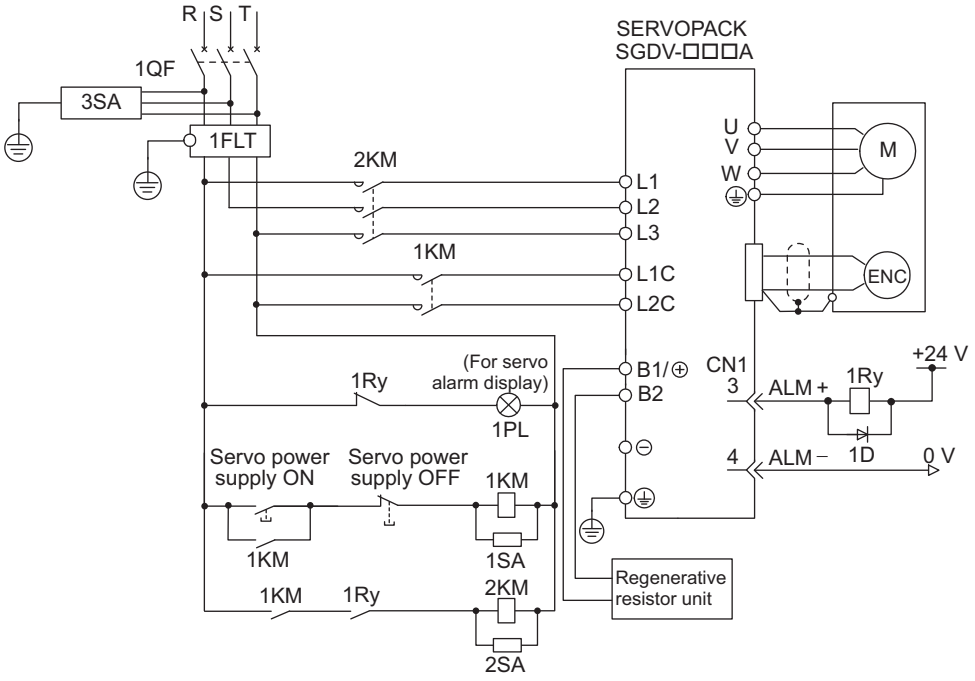
• SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, -3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, -330A




1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker
1FLT: Noise filter
1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply)
2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)
1Ry: Relay
1PL: Indicator lamp
1SA: Surge absorber
2SA: Surge absorber
3SA: Surge absorber
1D: Flywheel diode

* For the SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, terminals B2 and B3 are not short-circuited. Do not short-circuit these terminals.

• SGDV-470A, -550A, -590A, -780A




1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker
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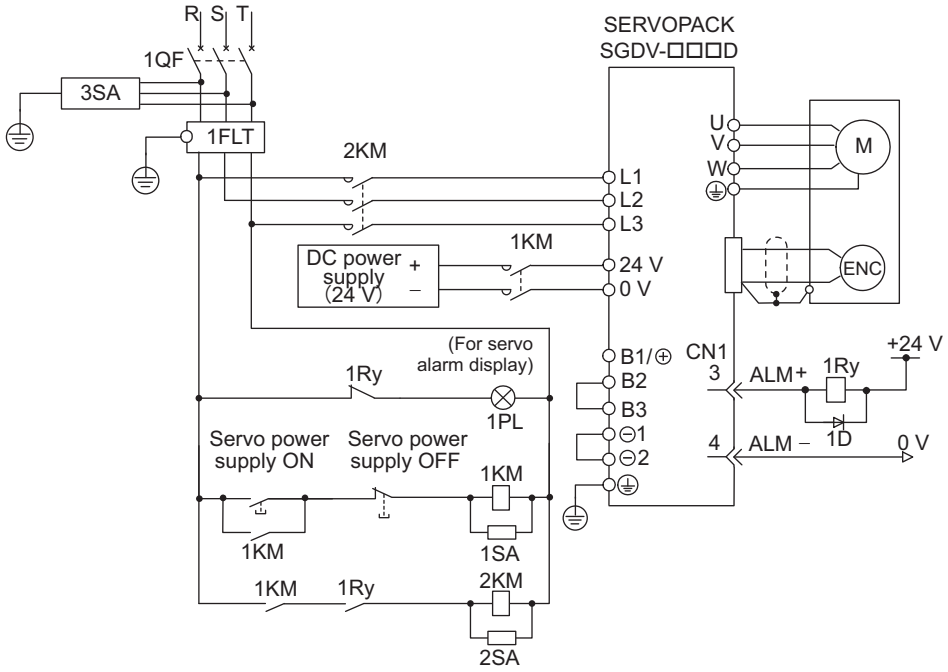
1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply)
2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)
1Ry: Relay
1PL: Indicator lamp
1SA: Surge absorber
2SA: Surge absorber
3SA: Surge absorber
1D: Flywheel diode

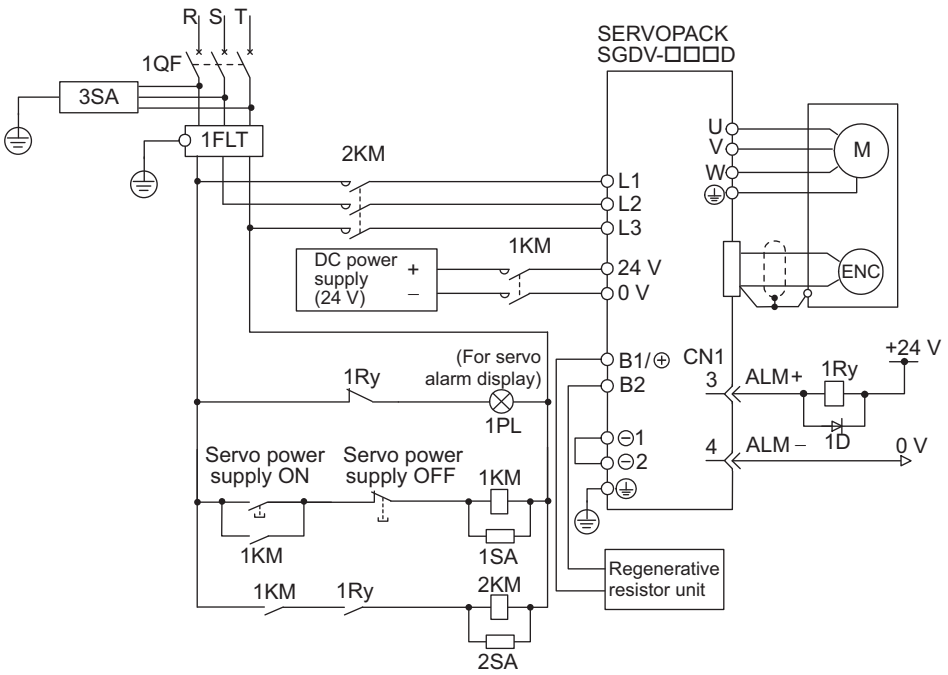
## ■ Three-phase 400 V, SGDV-□□□D

• SGDV-1R9D, -3R5D, -5R4D, -8R4D, -120D, -170D




1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker
1FLT: Noise filter
1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply)
2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)
1Ry: Relay
1PL: Indicator lamp
1SA: Surge absorber
2SA: Surge absorber
3SA: Surge absorber
1D: Flywheel diode

• SGDV-210D, -260D, -280D, -370D




1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker
1FLT: Noise filter
1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply)
2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)
1Ry: Relay
1PL: Indicator lamp
1SA: Surge absorber
2SA: Surge absorber
3SA: Surge absorber
1D: Flywheel diode

## (4) Power Supply Capacities and Power Losses

The following table shows the SERVOPACK's power supply capacities and power losses.

| Main Circuit Power Supply | Maximum Applicable Servomotor Capacity [kW] | SERVOPACK Model SGDV- | Power Supply Capacity per SERVOPACK [kVA] | Output Current [Arms] | Main Circuit Power Loss [W] | Regenerative Resistor Power Loss [W] | Control Circuit Power Loss [W] | Total Power Loss [W] |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Single-phase, 100 V | 0.05 | R70F | 0.2 | 0.66 | 5.4 | – | 17 | 22.4 |
| | 0.1 | R90F | 0.3 | 0.91 | 7.8 | | | 24.8 |
| | 0.2 | 2R1F | 0.7 | 2.1 | 14.4 | | | 31.4 |
| | 0.4 | 2R8F | 1.4 | 2.8 | 25.6 | | | 42.6 |
| Three-phase, 200 V | 0.05 | R70A | 0.2 | 0.66 | 5.1 | – | 17 | 22.1 |
| | 0.1 | R90A | 0.3 | 0.91 | 7.3 | | | 24.3 |
| | 0.2 | 1R6A | 0.6 | 1.6 | 13.5 | | | 30.5 |
| | 0.4 | 2R8A | 1 | 2.8 | 24.0 | | | 41.0 |
| | 0.5 | 3R8A | 1.4 | 3.8 | 20.1 | 8 | | 45.1 |
| | 0.75 | 5R5A | 1.6 | 5.5 | 43.8 | | | 68.8 |
| | 1.0 | 7R6A | 2.3 | 7.6 | 53.6 | | | 78.6 |
| | 1.5 | 120A | 3.2 | 11.6 | 65.8 | 10 | 22 | 97.8 |
| | 2.0 | 180A | 4 | 18.5 | 111.9 | 16 | | 149.9 |
| | 3.0 | 200A | 5.9 | 19.6 | 113.8 | | | 161.4 |
| | 5.0 | 330A | 7.5 | 32.9 | 263.7 | 36 | 27 | 326.7 |
| | 6.0 | 470A | 10.7 | 46.9 | 279.4 | (180)*1 | 33 | 312.4 |
| | 7.5 | 550A | 14.6 | 54.7 | 357.8 | (350)*2 | | 390.8 |
| | 11 | 590A | 21.7 | 58.6 | 431.7 | | 48 | 479.7 |
| | 15 | 780A | 29.6 | 78 | 599.0 | | | 647.0 |
| Three-phase, 400 V | 0.5 | 1R9D | 1.1 | 1.9 | 24.6 | 14 | 21 | 59.6 |
| | 1.0 | 3R5D | 2.3 | 3.5 | 46.1 | | | 81.1 |
| | 1.5 | 5R4D | 3.5 | 5.4 | 71.3 | | | 106.3 |
| | 2.0 | 8R4D | 4.5 | 8.4 | 77.9 | 28 | 25 | 130.9 |
| | 3.0 | 120D | 7.1 | 11.9 | 108.7 | | | 161.7 |
| | 5.0 | 170D | 11.7 | 16.5 | 161.1 | 36 | 24 | 221.1 |
| | 6.0 | 210D | 12.4 | 20.8 | 172.7 | (180)*3 | 27 | 199.7 |
| | 7.5 | 260D | 14.4 | 25.7 | 218.6 | | | 245.6 |
| | 11 | 280D | 21.9 | 28.1 | 294.6 | (350)*4 | 30 | 324.6 |
| | 15 | 370D | 30.6 | 37.2 | 403.8 | | | 433.8 |

∗1. The value in parentheses is for the JUSP-RA04-E regenerative resistor unit.
∗2. The value in parentheses is for the JUSP-RA05-E regenerative resistor unit.
∗3. The value in parentheses is for the JUSP-RA18-E regenerative resistor unit.
∗4. The value in parentheses is for the JUSP-RA19-E regenerative resistor unit.

Note 1. SGDV-R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, -2R8F, -R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, and -2R8A SERVOPACKs do not have built-in regenerative resistors. Connect an external regenerative resistor if the regenerative energy exceeds the specified value.

2. SGDV-470A, -550A, -590A, -780A, -210D, -260D, -280D, and -370D SERVOPACKs do not have built-in regenerative resistors. Make sure that a regenerative resistor unit or an external regenerative resistor is connected. Refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors* for details.

3. Regenerative resistor power losses are the allowable losses. Take the following actions if this value is exceeded.
   • Remove the lead or shorting bar between terminals B2 and B3 on the SERVOPACK main circuit for SGDV-3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, -330A, and 400-V SERVOPACKs.
   • Install an external regenerative resistor. Refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors* for details.

## (5) How to Select Molded-case Circuit Breaker and Fuse Capacities

The following table shows the SERVOPACK's current capacities and inrush current.
Use these values as a basis for selecting the molded-case circuit breaker and fuse.

| Main Circuit Power Supply | Maximum Applicable Servomotor Capacity [kW] | SERVOPACK Model SGDV- | Power Supply Capacity per SERVOPACK [kVA] | Current Capacity | | Inrush Current | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Main Circuit [Arms] | Control Circuit [Arms] | Main Circuit [A0-p] | Control Circuit [A0-p] |
| Single-phase, 100 V | 0.05 | R70F | 0.2 | 1.5 | 0.38 | 16.5 | 35 |
| | 0.1 | R90F | 0.3 | 2.5 | | | |
| | 0.2 | 2R1F | 0.7 | 5 | | | |
| | 0.4 | 2R8F | 1.4 | 10 | | | |
| Three-phase, 200 V | 0.05 | R70A | 0.2 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 33 | 70 |
| | 0.1 | R90A | 0.3 | 1.0 | | | |
| | 0.2 | 1R6A | 0.6 | 2.0 | | | |
| | 0.4 | 2R8A | 1 | 3.0 | | | |
| | 0.5 | 3R8A | 1.4 | 3.0 | | | 33 |
| | 0.75 | 5R5A | 1.6 | 6.0 | | | |
| | 1.0 | 7R6A | 2.3 | 6.0 | | | |
| | 1.5 | 120A | 3.2 | 7.3 | 0.25 | | |
| | 2.0 | 180A | 4 | 9.7 | | | |
| | 3.0 | 200A | 5.9 | 15 | | | |
| | 5.0 | 330A | 7.5 | 25 | 0.3 | 65.5 | |
| | 6.0 | 470A | 10.7 | 29 | | | |
| | 7.5 | 550A | 14.6 | 37 | | | |
| | 11 | 590A | 21.7 | 54 | 0.45 | 109 | 48 |
| | 15 | 780A | 29.6 | 73 | | | |
| Three-phase, 400 V | 0.5 | 1R9D | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 17 | – |
| | 1.0 | 3R5D | 2.3 | 2.9 | | | |
| | 1.5 | 5R4D | 3.5 | 4.3 | | | |
| | 2.0 | 8R4D | 4.5 | 5.8 | 1.4 | 34 | |
| | 3.0 | 120D | 7.1 | 8.6 | | | |
| | 5.0 | 170D | 11.7 | 14.5 | | 57 | |
| | 6.0 | 210D | 12.4 | 17.4 | 1.5 | 34 | |
| | 7.5 | 260D | 14.4 | 21.7 | | | |
| | 11 | 280D | 21.9 | 31.8 | 1.7 | 68 | |
| | 15 | 370D | 30.6 | 43.4 | | | |

Note 1. To comply with the EU low voltage directive, connect a fuse to the input side as protection against accidents caused by short-circuits.
Select fuses or molded-case circuit breakers that are compliant with UL standards.
The table above also provides the net values of current capacity and inrush current. Select a fuse and a molded-case circuit breaker which meet the breaking characteristics shown below.

- Main circuit, control circuit: No breaking at three times the current values shown in the table for 5 s.
- Inrush current: No breaking at the current values shown in the table for 20 ms.

2. The following restrictions apply to UL standard compliance conditions.

| SERVOPACK Model SGDV- | Restrictions |
|---|---|
| 180A, 200A | Available rated current for modeled-case circuit breaker: 40 A or less |
| 330A | • Available rated current for non-time delay fuse: 70 A or less<br>• Available rated current for time delay fuse: 40 A or less<br>• Do not use single wires. |
| 470A, 550A | • Available rated current for molded-case circuit breaker: 60 A or less<br>• Available rated current for non-time delay fuse or time delay fuse: 60 A or less |
| 590A, 780A | • Available rated current for molded-case circuit breaker: 100 A or less.<br>• Available rated current for non-time delay fuse or time delay fuse: 100 A or less<br>(Available rated current for a non-time delay, Class J fuse or a faster fuse: 125 A or less) |
| 210D, 260D | • Available rated current for molded-case circuit breaker: 60 A or less.<br>• Available rated current for non-time-delay fuse: 60 A or less.<br>• Available rated current for time delay fuse: 35 A or less |
| 280D, 370D | • Available rated current for molded-case circuit breaker: 80 A or less<br>• Available rated current for non-time delay fuse: 125 A or less<br>• Available rated current for time delay fuse: 75 A or less |

## 3.1.3 Using the SERVOPACK with Single-phase, 200 V Power Input

Some models of Σ-V series three-phase 200 V power input SERVOPACK can be used also with a single-phase 200 V power supply.

The following models support a single-phase 200-V power input.
SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, -5R5A

When using the SERVOPACK with single-phase, 200 V power input, set parameter Pn00B.2 to 1.

There is no need to change the parameter for a SGDV-120A11A008000 SERVOPACK because it uses a single-phase 200 V power supply.

### (1) Parameter Setting

■ Single-phase Power Input Selection

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn00B** | n.□0□□ [Factory setting] | Enables use of three-phase power supply for three-phase SERVOPACK. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□1□□ | Enables use of single-phase power supply for three-phase SERVOPACK. | | |

**⚠ WARNING**

- If single-phase 200 V is input to a SERVOPACK with a single-phase power input without changing the setting of Pn00B.2 to 1 (single-phase power input), a main circuit cable open phase alarm (A.F10) will be detected.
- SERVOPACK models other than those for single-phase 200-V power input do not support single-phase power input. If a single-phase 200 V is input to the SERVOPACK that do not support single-phase power input, the main circuit cable open phase alarm (A.F10) will be detected.
- When using a single-phase 200 V power supply, the SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, or -5R5A SERVOPACK may not be able to produce the same servomotor torque-speed characteristics as using a three-phase 200 V power input. Refer to the diagram of each servomotor torque-speed characteristics in *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

### (2) Main Circuit Power Input Terminals

Connect a single-phase 200 V power supply of the following specifications to L1 and L2 terminals.

The specifications of the power supplies other than the main circuit power supply are the same as for three-phase power supply input.

| Terminal Symbols | Name | Model SGDV-□□□A | Specifications |
|---|---|---|---|
| L1, L2 | Main circuit power input terminals | R70, R90, 1R6, 2R8, 5R5 | Single-phase 200 to 230 V, +10 to -15%, 50/60 Hz |
| | | 120*2 | Single-phase 220 to 230 V, +10 to -15%, 50/60 Hz |
| L3*1 | – | R70, R90, 1R6, 2R8, 5R5 | None |

∗1. Do not use L3 terminal.
∗2. The official model number is SGDV-120A11A008000.

## (3) Main Circuit Wire for SERVOPACKs

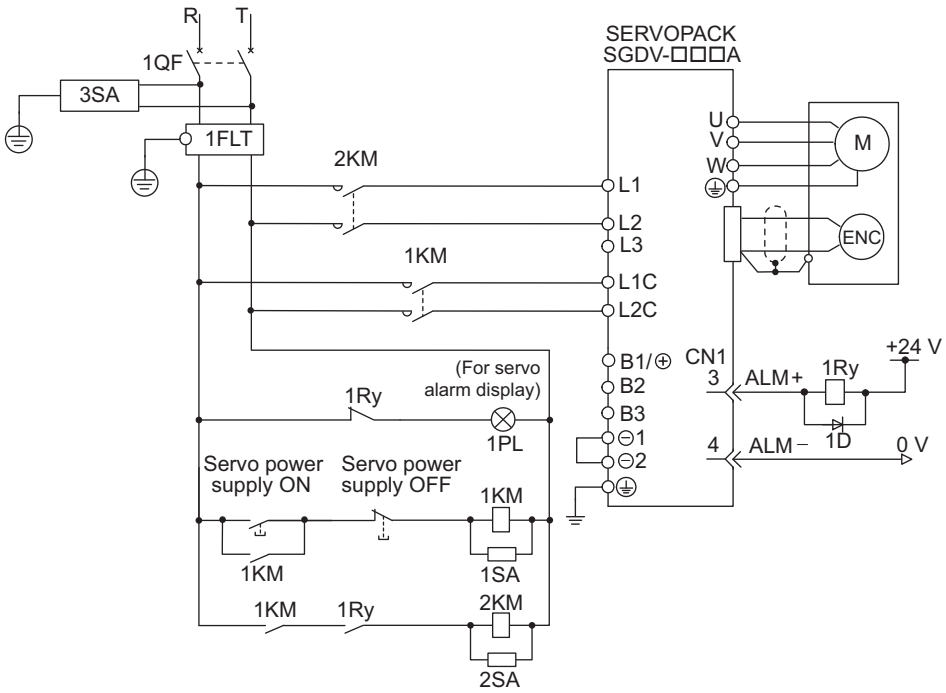
| Terminal Symbols | Name | Model SGDV-□□□A (Unit: mm$^2$) | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | R70 | R90 | 1R6 | 2R8 | 5R5 | 120* |
| L1, L2 | Main circuit power input terminals | HIV1.25 | | | HIV2.0 | | HIV3.5 |
| L1C, L2C | Control power input terminals | HIV1.25 | | | | | |
| U, V, W | Servomotor connection terminals | HIV1.25 | | | | HIV2.0 | |
| B1/⊕, B2 | External regenerative resistor connection terminals | HIV1.25 | | | | | |
| ⏚ | Ground terminal | HIV2.0 or larger | | | | | |

* The official model number is SGDV-120A11A008000.

## (4) Wiring Example with Single-phase 200-V Power Supply Input

### ■ SERVOPACK with Single-phase, 200-V Power Supply

Applicable SERVOPACK Model: SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A, -5R5A, and -120A11A008000.




1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker
1FLT: Noise filter
1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply)
2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)
1Ry: Relay

1PL : Indicator lamp
1SA : Surge absorber
2SA : Surge absorber
3SA : Surge absorber
1D: Flywheel diode

## (5) Power Supply Capacities and Power Losses

The following table shows SERVOPACK's power supply capacities and power losses when using single-phase 200 V power supply.

| Main Circuit Power Supply | Maximum Applicable Servomotor Capacity [kW] | SERVOPACK Model SGDV- | Power Supply Capacity per SERVOPACK [kVA] | Output Current [Arms] | Main Circuit Power Loss [W] | Regenerative Resistor Power Loss [W] | Control Circuit Power Loss [W] | Total Power Loss [W] |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Single-phase, 200 V | 0.05 | R70A | 0.2 | 0.66 | 5.2 | – | 17 | 22.2 |
| | 0.1 | R90A | 0.3 | 0.91 | 7.4 | | | 24.4 |
| | 0.2 | 1R6A | 0.7 | 1.6 | 13.7 | | | 30.7 |
| | 0.4 | 2R8A | 1.2 | 2.8 | 24.9 | | | 41.9 |
| | 0.75 | 5R5A | 1.9 | 5.5 | 52.7 | 8 | | 77.7 |
| | 1.5 | 120A* | 4 | 11.6 | 68.2 | 10 | 22 | 100.2 |

* The official model number is SGDV-120A11A008000.

Note 1. SGDV-R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, and -2R8A SERVOPACKs do not have built-in regenerative resistors. If the regenerative energy exceeds the specified value, connect an external regenerative resistor between B1/⊕ and B2.

2. Regenerative resistor power losses are allowable losses. Take the following action if this value is exceeded.
   - Remove the lead or shorting bar between terminals B2 and B3 on the SERVOPACK main circuit of SGDV-5R5A, -120A SERVOPACKs.
   - Install an external regenerative resistor between external regenerative resistor connection terminals B1/⊕ and B2.

3. External regenerative resistors are not included.

## (6) How to Select Molded-case Circuit Breaker and Fuse Capacities

The following table shows the SERVOPACK's current capacities and inrush current when using single-phase Use these values as a basis for selecting the molded-case circuit breaker and fuse.

| Main Circuit Power Supply | Maximum Applicable Servomotor Capacity [kW] | SERVOPACK Model SGDV- | Power Supply Capacity per SERVOPACK [kVA] | Current Capacity | | Inrush Current | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Main Circuit [Arms] | Control Circuit [Arms] | Main Circuit [A0-p] | Control Circuit [A0-p] |
| Single-phase, 200 V | 0.05 | R70A | 0.2 | 2 | 0.2 | 33 | 70 |
| | 0.1 | R90A | 0.3 | 2 | | | |
| | 0.2 | 1R6A | 0.7 | 3 | | | |
| | 0.4 | 2R8A | 1.2 | 5 | | | |
| | 0.75 | 5R5A | 1.9 | 9 | | | 33 |
| | 1.5 | 120A* | 4 | 16 | 0.25 | | |

* The official model number is SGDV-120A11A008000.

Note 1. To comply with the EU low voltage directive, connect a fuse to the input side as protection against accidents caused by short-circuits. Select the fuse for the input side that are compliant with UL standards.
The table above also provides the net values of current capacity and inrush current. Select a fuse and a molded-case circuit breaker which meet the breaking characteristics shown below.
   - Main circuit, control circuit: No breaking at three times the current values shown in the table for 5 s.
   - Inrush current: No breaking at the current values shown in the table for 20 ms.

2. The following restrictions apply to UL standard compliance conditions for SGDV-120A11A008000 SERVOPACKs.
   - Current rating when using molded-case circuit breaker: 40 A max.

## 3.1.4 Using the SERVOPACK with a DC Power Input

### (1) Parameter Setting

When using a DC power supply, make sure to set the parameter Pn001.2 to 1 (DC power input supported) before inputting DC power.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn001** | n.□0□□ | Enables use of AC power input. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□1□□ | Enables use of DC power input. | | |

Observe the following precautions.

**⚠ WARNING**

- Either AC or DC power can be input to the 200-V, 400-V SERVOPACKs. Always set Pn001.2 to 1 to specify a DC power input before inputting DC power. Only AC power can be input to the 100-V SERVOPACKs.
  If DC power is input without changing the parameter setting, the SERVOPACK's internal elements will burn and may cause fire or damage to the equipment.
- With a DC power input, time is required to discharge electricity after the main power supply is turned OFF. A high residual voltage may remain in the SERVOPACK after the power supply is turned OFF. Be careful not to get an electric shock.
- Install fuses on the wires if DC power is used.
- Servomotor returns a regenerated energy to the power supply. The SERVOPACK that can use a DC power supply is not capable of processing the regenerated energy. Provide measures to process the regenerated energy on the power supply.
- With a DC power input, connect an external inrush current limit circuit.
  Failure to observe this caution may result in damage to the equipment.

### (2) DC Power Supply Input Terminals for the Main and Control Circuits

■ Three-phase, 200 V for SGDV-□□□A
(□□□ = R70, R90, 1R6, 2R8, 3R8, 5R5, 7R6, 120, 180, 200, 330)

| Terminal Symbols | Name | Specifications |
|---|---|---|
| B1/ ⊕ | Main circuit positive terminal | 270 to 320 VDC |
| ⊖ 2 | Main circuit negative terminal | 0 VDC |
| L1C, L2C | Control power input terminal | 200 to 230 VAC |

■ Three-phase, 200-V for SGDV-□□□A
(□□□ = 470, 550, 590, 780)

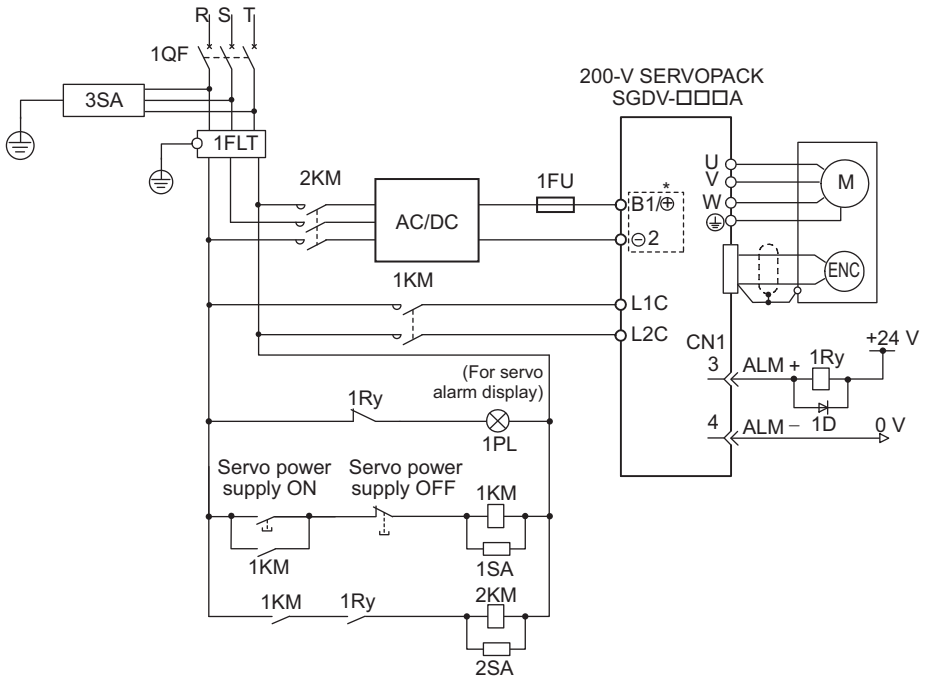
| Terminal Symbols | Name | Specifications |
|---|---|---|
| B1/ ⊕ | Main circuit positive terminal | 270 to 320 VDC |
| ⊖ | Main circuit negative terminal | 0 VDC |
| L1C, L2C | Control power input terminal | 200 to 230 VAC |

■ Three-phase, 400 V for SGDV-□□□D
(□□□ = 1R9, 3R5, 5R4, 8R4, 120, 170, 210, 260, 280, 370)

| Terminal Symbols | Name | Specifications |
|---|---|---|
| B1/ ⊕ | Main circuit positive terminal | 513 to 648 VDC |
| ⊖ 2 | Main circuit negative terminal | 0 VDC |
| 24 V, 0 V | Control power input terminal | 24 VDC ±15% |

## (3) Wiring Example with DC Power Supply Input

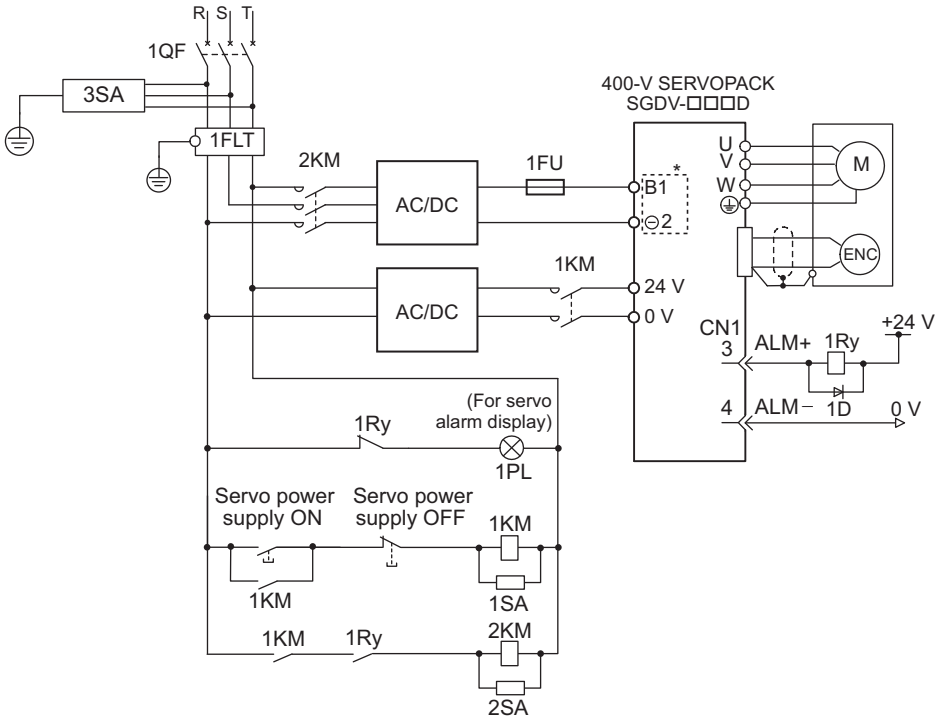
### ■ 200-V SERVOPACK SGDV-□□□A




1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker
1FLT: Noise filter
1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply)
2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)
1Ry: Relay
1PL: Indicator lamp
1SA: Surge absorber
2SA: Surge absorber
3SA: Surge absorber
1D: Flywheel diode

∗ Terminal names differ depending on model of SERVOPACK. Refer to *(2) DC Power Supply Input Terminals for the Main and Control Circuits.*

### ■ 400-V SERVOPACK SGDV-□□□D




1QF: Molded-case circuit breaker
1FLT: Noise filter
1KM: Magnetic contactor (for control power supply)
2KM: Magnetic contactor (for main circuit power supply)
1Ry: Relay
1PL: Indicator lamp
1SA: Surge absorber
2SA: Surge absorber
3SA: Surge absorber
1D: Flywheel diode

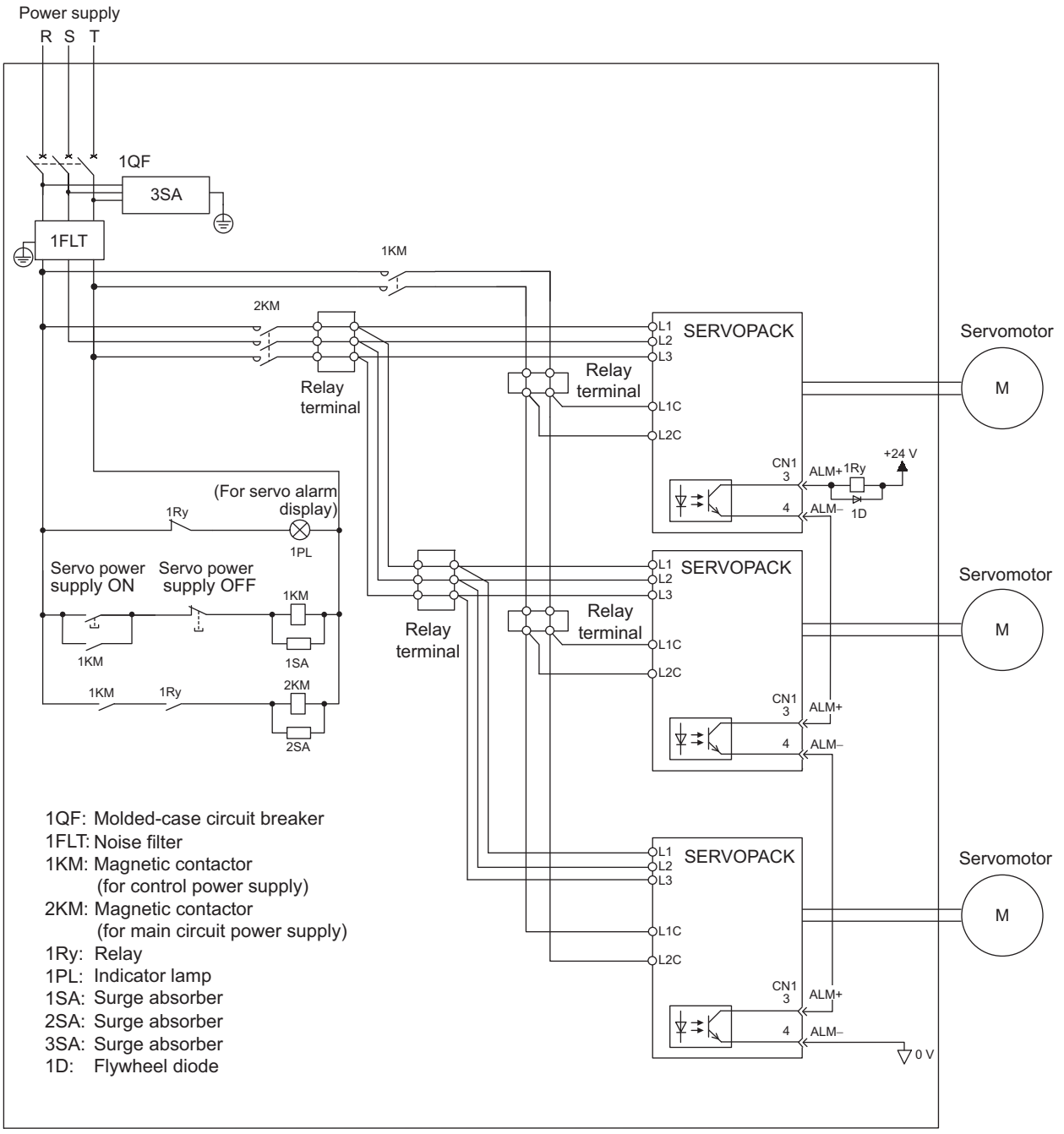
∗ Terminal names differ depending on model of SERVOPACK. Refer to *(2) DC Power Supply Input Terminals for the Main and Control Circuits.*

## 3.1.5 Using More Than One SERVOPACK

This section shows an example of the wiring and the precautions when more than one SERVOPACK is used.

### (1) Wiring Example

Connect the alarm output (ALM) terminals for three SERVOPACKs in series to enable alarm detection relay 1RY to operate. When the alarm occurs, the ALM output signal transistor is turned OFF.




### (2) Precautions

Multiple SERVOPACKs can share a single molded-case circuit breaker (1QF) or noise filter. Always select a molded-case circuit breaker or noise filter that has enough capacity for the total power supply capacity (load conditions) of the SERVOPACKs.

## 3.1.6 General Precautions for Wiring

**⚠ CAUTION**

- Use shielded twisted-pair cables or screened unshielded twisted-pair cables for I/O signal cables and encoder cables.
- The maximum wiring length is 3 m for I/O signal cables, 50 m for encoder cables or servomotor main circuit cables, and 10 m for control power supply cables for the SERVOPACK with a 400-V power supply (+24 V, 0 V).
-

**IMPORTANT**

- Use a molded-case circuit breaker (1QF) or fuse to protect the main circuit.

  The SERVOPACK connects directly to a commercial power supply; it is not isolated through a transformer or other device.
  Always use a molded-case circuit breaker (1QF) or fuse to protect the servo system from accidents involving different power system voltages or other accidents.
- Install a ground fault detector.

  The SERVOPACK does not have a built-in protective circuit for grounding. To configure a safer system, install a ground fault detector against overloads and short-circuiting, or install a ground fault detector combined with a molded-case circuit breaker.
- Do not turn the power ON and OFF more than necessary.
  - Do not use the SERVOPACK for applications that require the power to turn ON and OFF frequently. Such applications will cause elements in the SERVOPACK to deteriorate.
  - As a guideline, at least one hour should be allowed between the power being turned ON and OFF once actual operation has been started.

To ensure safe, stable application of the servo system, observe the following precautions when wiring.

- Use the connection cables specified in the *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 42). Design and arrange the system so that each cable will be as short as possible.
- Observe the following precautions when wiring the ground.
  - Use a cable as thick as possible (at least 2.0 $mm^2$).
  - Grounding to a resistance of 100 Ω or less for 100-V, 200-V SERVOPACKs, 10 Ω or less for 400-V SERVOPACKs is recommended.
  - Be sure to ground at only one point.
  - Ground the servomotor directly if the servomotor is insulated from the machine.
- Do not apply bending stress or tension to the signal cables when you handle them. The core wires are very thin (0.2 $mm^2$ or 0.3 $mm^2$).

# 3.2 I/O Signal Connections

This section describes the names and functions of I/O signals (CN1). Also connection examples by control method are shown.

## 3.2.1 I/O Signal (CN1) Names and Functions

The following table shows the names and functions of I/O signals (CN1).

### (1) Input Signals

| Signal | Pin No. | Name | Function | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| P-OT (/SI1)<br>N-OT (/SI2) | 7<br>8 | Forward run prohibited,<br>Reverse run prohibited | With overtravel prevention: Stops servomotor when movable part travels beyond the allowable range of motion. | 4.3.1 |
| /DEC (/SI3) | 9 | Homing deceleration switch signal | Connects the deceleration limit switch for homing. | – |
| /EXT 1 (/SI4)<br>/EXT 2 (/SI5)<br>/EXT 3 (/SI6) | 10<br>11<br>12 | External latch signal 1<br>External latch signal 2<br>External latch signal 3 | Connects the external signals that latch the current feedback pulse counter. | – |
| /SI0 | 13 | General-purpose input signal | Used for general-purpose input.<br>Monitored in the I/O monitor field of MECHATROLINK-II. | – |
| +24VIN | 6 | Control power supply for sequence signal | Control power supply input for sequence signals.<br>Allowable voltage fluctuation range: 11 to 25 V<br>Note: The 24 VDC power supply is not included. | 3.4.1 |
| BAT (+)<br>BAT (-) | 14<br>15 | Battery (+) input signal<br>Battery (–) input signal | Connecting pin for the absolute encoder backup battery.<br>Do not connect when the encoder cable with the battery case is used. | 3.6.2<br>4.7.1 |
| /P-CL<br>/N-CL | Can be allocated | Forward external torque limit<br>Reverse external torque limit | The allocation of an input signal to a pin can be changed in accordance with the function required. | – |

Note 1. You can change the allocations of the input signals (/SI0 to /SI6). For details, refer to *3.3.1 Input Signal Allocations*.

2. If the Forward run prohibited/ Reverse run prohibited function is used, the SERVOPACK is stopped by software controls, not by electrical or mechanical means. If the application does not satisfy the safety requirements, add an external circuit for safety reasons as required.

### (2) Output Signals

| Signal | Pin No. | Name | Function | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ALM+<br>ALM- | 3<br>4 | Servo alarm output signal | Turns OFF when an error is detected. | – |
| /BK+<br>(/SO1+)<br>/BK-<br>(/SO1-) | 1<br><br>2 | Brake interlock signal | Controls the brake. The brake is released when the signal turns ON (closed).<br>Allocation can be changed to general-purpose output signals (/SO1+, /SO1-). | 4.3.2 |
| /SO2+<br>/SO2-<br>/SO3+<br>/SO3- | 23<br>24<br>25<br>26 | General-purpose output signal | Used for general-purpose output.<br>Note: Set the parameter to allocate a function. | – |
| /COIN<br>/V-CMP<br>/TGON<br>/S-RDY<br>/CLT<br>/VLT<br>/WARN<br>/NEAR | Can be allocated | Positioning completion<br>Speed coincidence detection<br>Rotation detection<br>servo ready<br>Torque limit<br>Speed limit detection<br>Warning<br>Near | The allocation of an output signal to a pin can be changed in accordance with the function required. | – |
| PAO<br>/PAO | 17<br>18 | Phase-A signal | Encoder output pulse signals with 90° phase differential | 4.4.4<br>4.7.5 |
| PBO<br>/PBO | 19<br>20 | Phase-B signal | | |
| PCO<br>/PCO | 21<br>22 | Phase-C signal | Origin pulse output signal | |
| SG | 16 | Signal ground | Connects to the 0 V pin on the control circuit of the host controller. | – |
| FG | Shell | Frame ground | Connected to frame ground if the shielded wire of the I/O signal cable is connected to the connector shell. | – |

Note: You can change the allocations of the output signals (/SO1 to /SO3). For details, refer to *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations*.

## 3.2.2 Safety Function Signal (CN8) Names and Functions

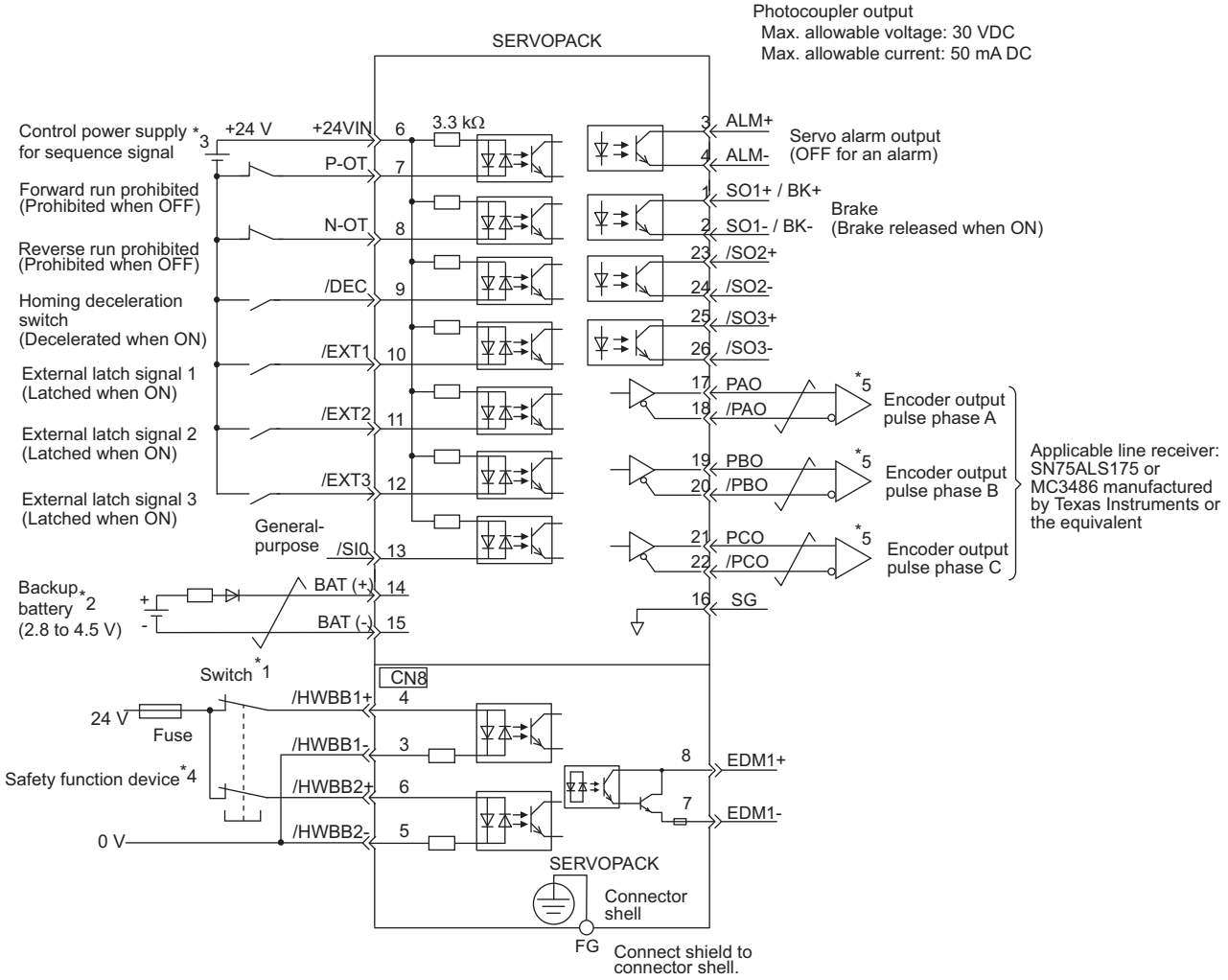
The following table shows the terminal layout of safety function signals (CN8).

| Signal Name | Pin No. | Function | |
|---|---|---|---|
| /HWBB1+ | 4 | Hard wire baseblock input 1 | For hard wire baseblock input. Baseblock (motor current off) when OFF. |
| /HWBB1- | 3 | | |
| /HWBB2+ | 6 | Hard wire baseblock input 2 | |
| /HWBB2- | 5 | | |
| EDM1+ | 8 | Monitored circuit status output 1 | ON when the /HWBB1 and the /HWBB2 signals are input and the SERVOPACK enters a baseblock state. |
| EDM1- | 7 | | |
| – | 1* | – | |
| – | 2* | – | |

* Do not use pins 1 and 2 because they are connected to the internal circuits.

## 3.2.3 Example of I/O Signal Connections

The following diagram shows a typical connection example.




∗1. ⫽ represents twisted-pair wires.

∗2. Connect when using an absolute encoder. When the encoder cable with the battery case is connected, do not connect a backup battery.

∗3. The 24-VDC power supply is not included. Use a 24-VDC power supply with double insulation or reinforced insulation.

∗4. When using a safety function device, refer to *4.9 Safety Function*. When not using a safety function device, leave the safety function's jumper connector that is included with the SERVOPACK inserted in CN8.

∗5. Always use line receivers to receive the output signals.

Note: The functions allocated to the input signals /DEC, P-OT, N-OT, /EXT1, /EXT2, and /EXT3 and the output signals /SO1, /SO2, and /SO3 can be changed by using the parameters. For details, refer to *3.3.1 Input Signal Allocations* and *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations*.

# 3.3 I/O Signal Allocations

This section describes the I/O signal allocations.

## 3.3.1 Input Signal Allocations

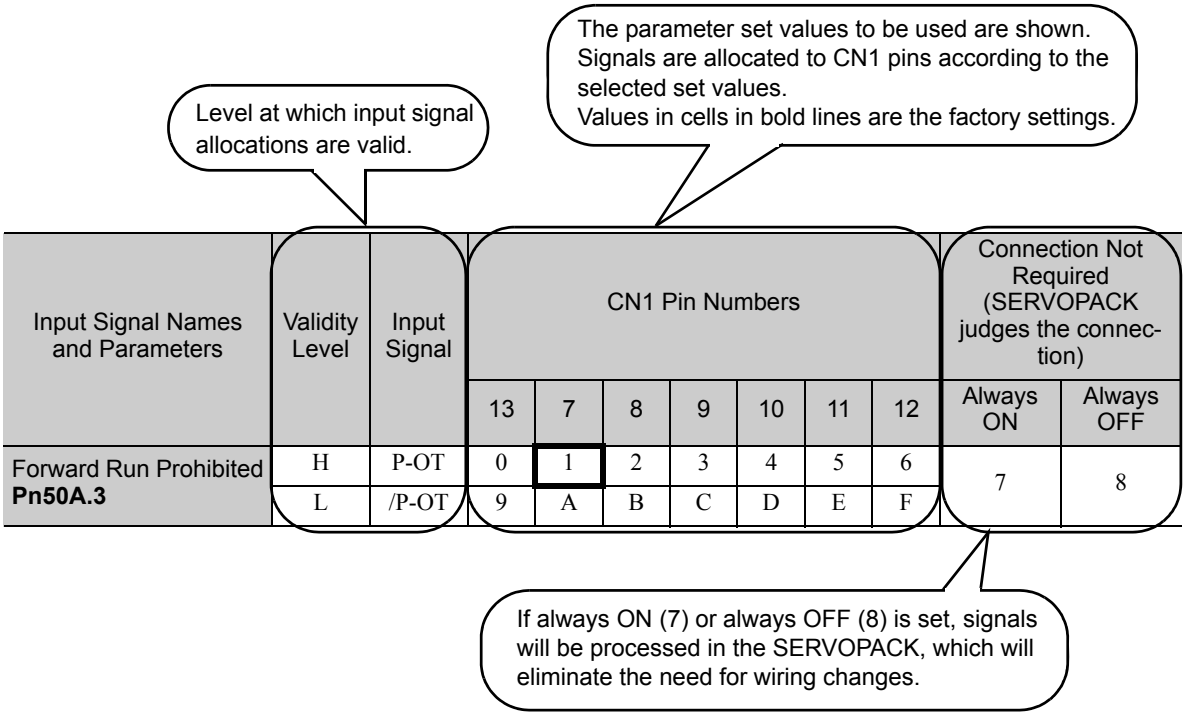
IMPORTANT

- Inverting the polarity of the forward run prohibited and reverse run prohibited signals from the factory setting will prevent the overtravel function from working in case of signal line disconnections or other failures.
  If this setting is absolutely necessary, check the operation and confirm that there are no safety problems.
- When two or more signals are allocated to the same input circuit, input signal level is valid for all allocated signals, resulting in an unexpected machine operation.

Input signals are allocated as shown in the following table.

Refer to the *Interpreting the Input Signal Allocation Tables* and change the allocations accordingly.

<Interpreting the Input Signal Allocation Tables>




| Input Signal Names and Parameters | Validity Level | Input Signal | CN1 Pin Numbers | | | | | | | Connection Not Required (SERVOPACK judges the connection) | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 13 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Always ON | Always OFF |
| Forward Run Prohibited **Pn50A.3** | H | P-OT | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | L | /P-OT | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F | | |

| Input Signal Names and Parameters | Validity Level | Input Signal | CN1 Pin Numbers | | | | | | | Connection Not Required (SERVOPACK judges the connection) | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 13 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Always ON | Always OFF |
| Forward Run Prohibited **Pn50A.3** | H | P-OT | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | L | /P-OT | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F | | |
| Reverse Run Prohibited **Pn50B.0** | H | N-OT | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | L | /N-OT | 0 | A | B | C | D | E | F | | |
| Forward External Torque Limit **Pn50B.2** | L | /P-CL | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | H | P-CL | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F | | |
| Reserve External Torque Limit **Pn50B.3** | L | /N-CL | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | H | N-CL | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F | | |
| Homing Deceleration LS **Pn511.0** | L | /DEC | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | H | DEC | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F | | |
| External Latch Signal 1 **Pn511.1** | L | EXT1 | * | * | * | * | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | H | /EXT1 | * | * | * | * | D | E | F | | |
| External Latch Signal 2 **Pn511.2** | L | EXT2 | * | * | * | * | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | H | /EXT2 | * | * | * | * | D | E | F | | |
| External Latch Signal 3 **Pn511.3** | L | EXT3 | * | * | * | * | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| | H | /EXT3 | * | * | * | * | D | E | F | | |

* These pins cannot be allocated. The setting is not valid.

## 3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations

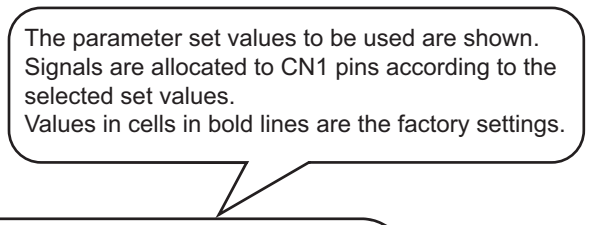
IMPORTANT

- The signals not detected are considered as "Invalid." For example, Positioning Completion (/COIN) signal in speed control is "Invalid."
- Inverting the polarity of the brake signal (/BK), i.e. positive logic, will prevent the holding brake from working in case of its signal line disconnection.
  If this setting is absolutely necessary, check the operation and confirm that there are no safety problems.
- When two or more signals are allocated to the same output circuit, a signal is output with OR logic circuit.

Output signals are allocated as shown in the following table.

Refer to the *Interpreting the Output Signal Allocation Tables* and change the allocations accordingly.

<Interpreting the Output Signal Allocation Tables>




| Output Signal Names and Parameters | Output Signal | CN1 Pin Numbers | | | Invalid (not use) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | 1 (2) | 23 (24) | 25 (26) | |
| Brake **Pn50F.2** | /BK | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |

| Output Signal Names and Parameters | Output Signal | CN1 Pin Numbers | | | Invalid (not use) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | 1 (2) | 23 (24) | 25 (26) | |
| Positioning Completion **Pn50E.0** | /COIN | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Speed Coincidence Detection **Pn50E.1** | /V-CMP | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Rotation Detection **Pn50E.2** | /TGON | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Servo Ready **Pn50E.3** | /S-RDY | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Torque Limit Detection **Pn50F.0** | /CLT | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Speed Limit Detection **Pn50F.1** | /VLT | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Brake **Pn50F.2** | /BK | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Warning **Pn50F.3** | /WARN | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Near **Pn510.0** | /NEAR | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| **Pn512.0=1** | Polarity inversion of CN1-1(2) | | | | 0 (Not invert at factory setting) |
| **Pn512.1=1** | Polarity inversion of CN1-23(24) | | | | |
| **Pn512.2=1** | Polarity inversion of CN1-25(26) | | | | |

# 3.4 Examples of Connection to Host Controller

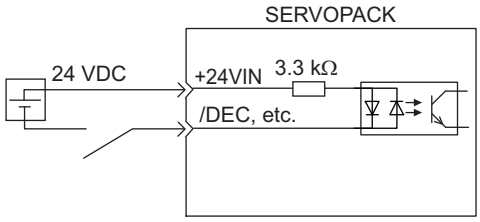
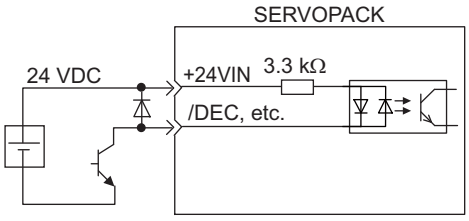
This section shows examples of SERVOPACK I/O signal connection to the host controller.

## 3.4.1 Sequence Input Circuit

### (1) Photocoupler Input Circuit

CN1 connector terminals 6 to 13 are explained below.

The sequence input circuit interface is connected through a relay or open-collector transistor circuit. When connecting through a relay, use a low-current relay. If a low-current relay is not used, a faulty contact may result.

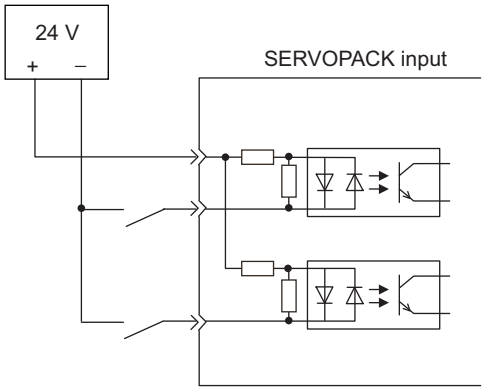
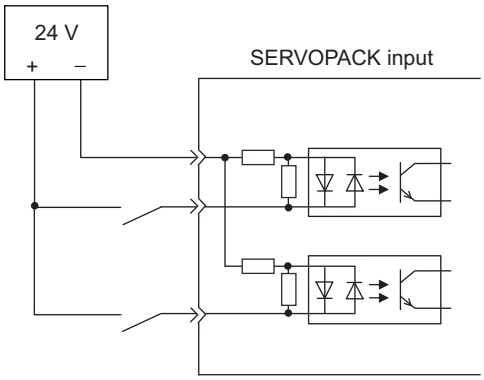
| Relay Circuit Example | Open-collector Circuit Example |
|---|---|
|  |  |



Note: The 24 VDC external power supply capacity must be 50 mA minimum.

The SERVOPACK's input circuit uses bidirectional photocoupler. Select either the sink circuit or the source circuit according to the specifications required for each machine.

Note 1. The connection examples in *3.2.3 Example of I/O Signal Connections* are sink circuit connections.
2. The ON/OFF polarity differs between when a sink circuit is connected and when a source circuit is connected.

| Sink Circuit | Source Circuit |
|---|---|
|  |  |

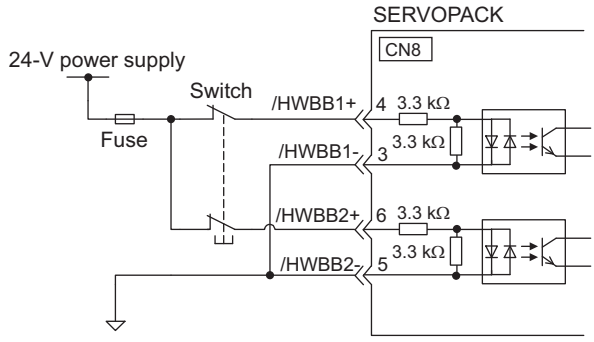


| Input Signal Polarities | | | | Input Signal Polarities | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Signal | Level | Voltage Level | Contact | Signal | Level | Voltage Level | Contact |
| ON | Low (L) level | 0 V | Close | ON | High (H) level | 24 V | Close |
| OFF | High (H) level | 24 V | Open | OFF | Low (L) level | 0 V | Open |

### (2) Safety Input Circuit

As for wiring input signals for safety function, input signals make common 0 V. It is necessary to make an input signal redundant.

Input Signal Connection Example




## 3.4.2 Sequence Output Circuit

Three types of SERVOPACK output circuit are available.

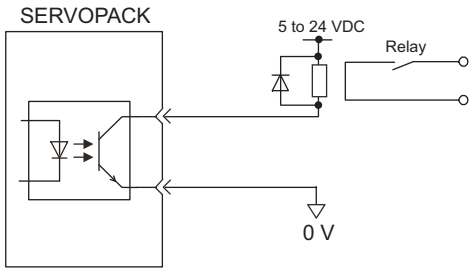
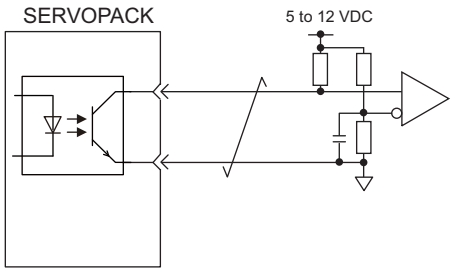
IMPORTANT

Incorrect wiring or incorrect voltage application to the output circuit may cause short-circuit.

If a short-circuit occurs as a result of any of these causes, the holding brake will not work. This could damage the machine or cause an accident resulting in death or injury.

### (1) Photocoupler Output Circuit

Photocoupler output circuits are used for servo alarm (ALM), servo ready (/S-RDY), and other sequence output signal circuits. Connect a photocoupler output circuit through a relay or line receiver circuit.

| Relay Circuit Example | Line Receiver Circuit Example |
|---|---|
|  |  |





Note: The maximum allowable voltage and current range of the photocoupler output circuit are as follows:

- Maximum allowable voltage: 30 VDC
- Current range: 5 to 50 mA DC

## (2) Line Driver Output Circuit

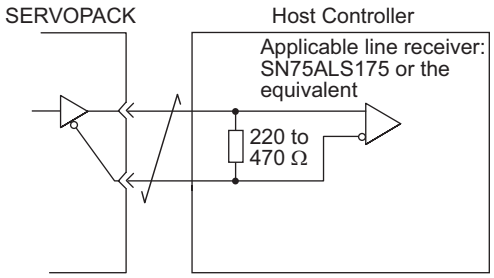
CN1 connector terminals, 17-18 (phase-A signal), 19-20 (phase-B signal), and 21-22 (phase-C signal) are explained below.

These terminals output the following signals via the line-driver output circuits.

- Output signals for which encoder serial data is converted as two phases pulses (PAO, /PAO, PBO, /PBO)
- Origin pulse signals (PCO, /PCO)

Connect the line-driver output circuit through a line receiver circuit at the host controller.

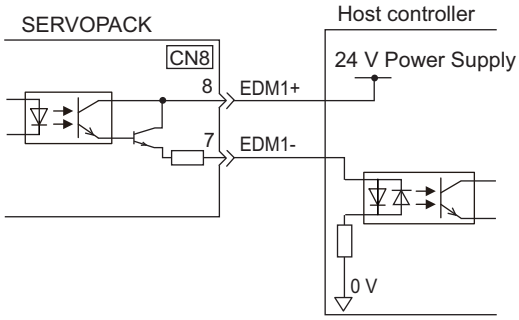
Line Receiver Circuit Example




## (3) Safety Output Circuit

The external device monitor (EDM1) for safety output signals is explained below.

A configuration example for the EDM1 output signal is shown in the following diagram.




### ■ Specifications

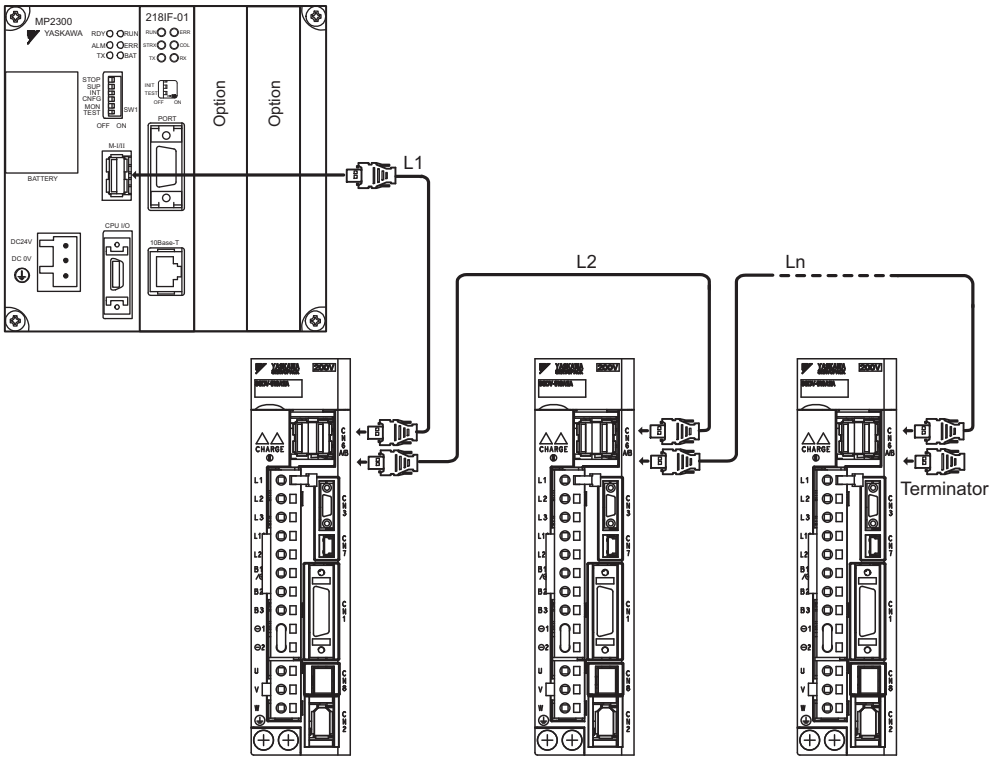
| Type | Signal Name | Pin No. | Output Status | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | EDM1 | CN8-8<br>CN8-7 | ON | Both the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are working normally. |
| | | | OFF | The /HWBB1 signal, the /HWBB2 signal, or both are not working normally. |

Electrical characteristics of EDM1 signal are as follows.

| Items | Characteristic | Remarks |
|---|---|---|
| Maximum Allowable Voltage | 30 VDC | – |
| Maximum Allowable Current | 50 mADC | – |
| Maximum Voltage Drop at ON | 1.0 V | Voltage between EDM1+ to EDM1- at current is 50 mA. |
| Maximum Delay Time | 20 ms | Time from the change in /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 until the change in EDM1. |

# 3.5 Wiring MECHATROLINK-II Communications

The following diagram shows an example of connections between a host controller and a SERVOPACK using MECHATROLINK-II communications cables (CN6A, CN6B).




Note 1. The length of the cable between stations (L1, L2 ... Ln) must be 0.5 m or more.
2. The total cable length must be L1 + L2 ... + Ln ≤ 50.
3. When multiple SERVOPACKs are connected by MECHATROLINK-II communications cable, a terminator must be installed at the final SERVOPACK.

# 3.6 Encoder Connection

This section describes the encoder signal (CN2) names, functions, and connection examples.

## 3.6.1 Encoder Signal (CN2) Names and Functions

The following table shows the names and functions of encoder signals (CN2).

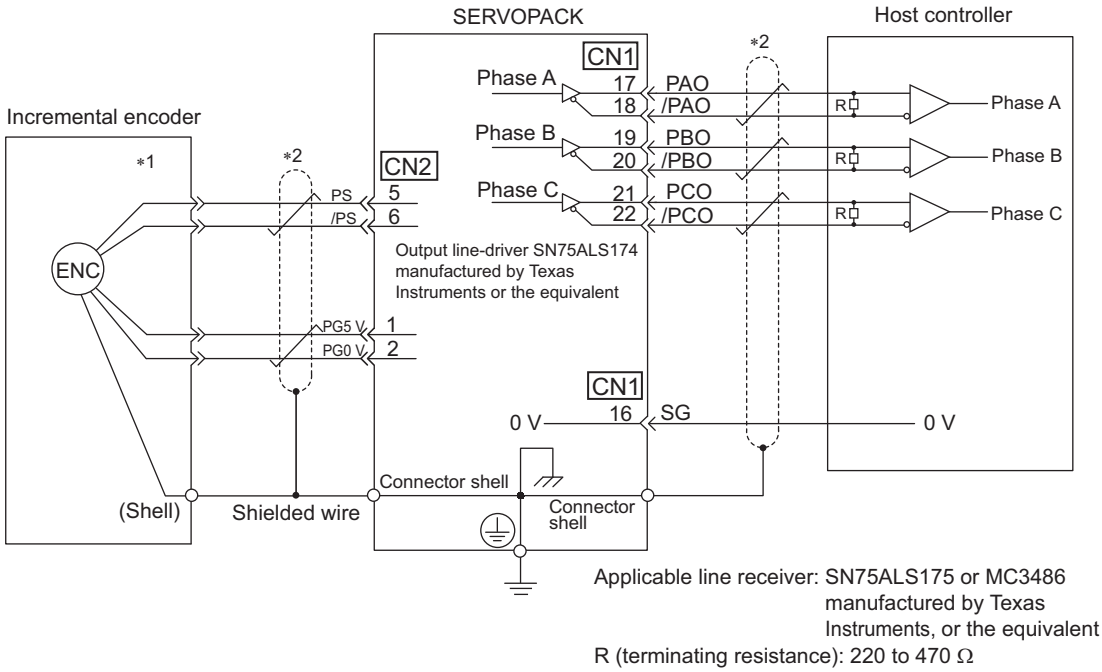
| Signal Name | Pin No. | Function |
|---|---|---|
| PG5V | 1 | Encoder power supply +5 V |
| PG0V | 2 | Encoder power supply 0 V |
| BAT (+)* | 3 | Battery (+) |
| BAT (-)* | 4 | Battery (-) |
| PS | 5 | Serial data (+) |
| /PS | 6 | Serial data (-) |
| Shield | Shell | – |

* These do not need to be connected for an incremental encoder.

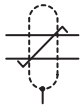
## 3.6.2 Encoder Connection Examples

The following diagrams show connection examples of the encoder, the SERVOPACK, and the host controller.

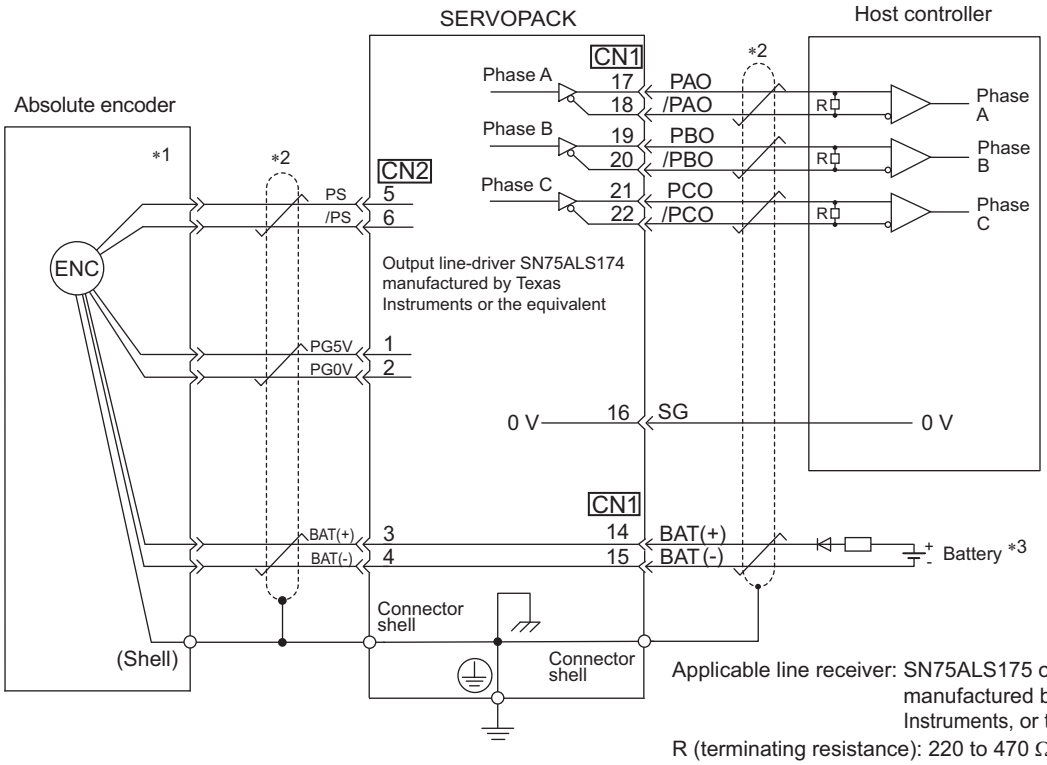
### (1) Incremental Encoder



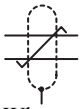

*1. The pin arrangement for wiring connectors varies in accordance with the servomotor that is used.

*2.  : represents shielded twisted-pair wires.

## (2) Absolute Encoder




∗1. The pin arrangement for wiring connectors varies in accordance with the servomotor that is used.

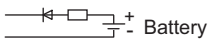
∗2.  : represents shielded twisted-pair wires.

∗3. When using an absolute encoder, provide power by installing an encoder cable with a JUSP-BA01-E Battery Case or install a battery on the host controller.

**IMPORTANT**

- When Installing a Battery on the Encoder Cable
  Use the encoder cable with a battery case that is specified by Yaskawa.
  For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (Catalog No.: KAEP S800000 42).
- When Installing a Battery on the Host Controller
  Insert a diode near the battery to prevent reverse current flow.

Circuit Example



# 3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors

If the built-in regenerative resistor is insufficient, connect an external regenerative resistor by one of the following methods and set the regenerative resistor capacity (Pn600). As for precautions on selecting a regenerative resistor and its specifications, refer to *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

**⚠ WARNING**

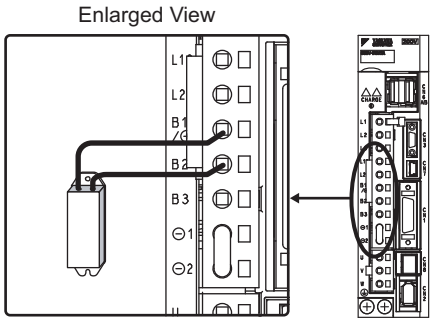
- Be sure to connect the regenerative resistor correctly. Do not short-circuit between B1/⊕ and B2.
  Doing so may result in fire or damage to the regenerative resistor or SERVOPACK.

## 3.7.1 Connecting Regenerative Resistors

The following instructions show how to connect the regenerative resistors and SERVOPACKs.

### (1) SERVOPACKs: Model SGDV-R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, -2R8F, -R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, -2R8A

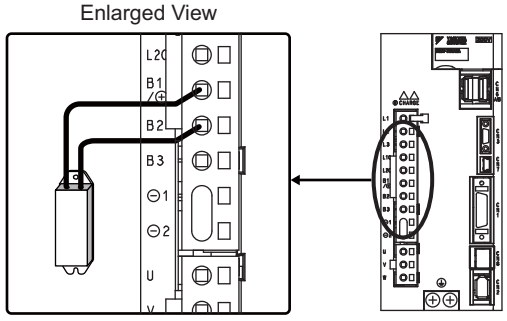
Connect an external regenerative resistor between the B1/⊕ and B2 terminals on the SERVOPACK. After connecting a resistor, select the capacity. For more information on how to set the capacity of regenerative resistors, refer to *3.7.2 Setting Regenerative Resistor Capacity*.




### (2) SERVOPACKs: Model SGDV-3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, -330A, -1R9D, -3R5D, -5R4D, -8R4D, -120D, -170D

Disconnect the wiring between the SERVOPACK's B2 and B3 terminals and connect an external regenerative resistor between the B1/⊕ and B2 terminals. After connecting the resistor, select the capacity. For more information on how to set the capacity of regenerative resistors, refer to *3.7.2 Setting Regenerative Resistor Capacity*.

Note: Be sure to take out the lead wire between the B2 and B3 terminals.



### (3) SERVOPACKs: Model SGDV-470A, -550A, -590A, -780A, -210D, -260D, -280D, -370D

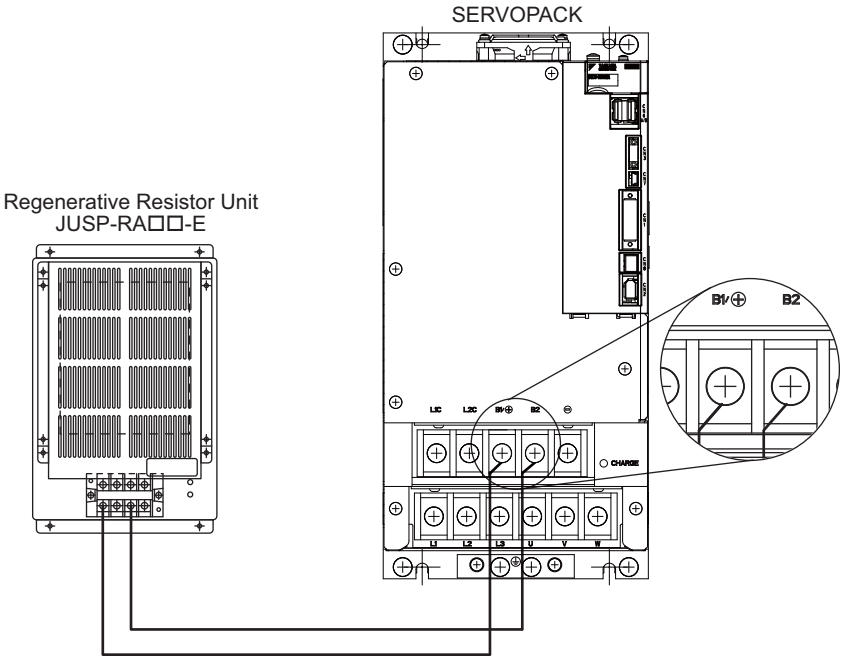
No built-in regenerative resistor is provided, so the external regenerative resistor is required. The regenerative resistor units are as follows:

Note: The regenerative resistor unit is constructed from a number of resistors.

| Main Circuit Power Supply | Applicable SERVOPACK Model SGDV- | Applicable Regenerative Resistor Unit | Resistance (Ω) | Specifications |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Three-phase 200 V | 470A | JUSP-RA04-E | 6.25 | Four 25 Ω (220 W) resistors are connected in parallel. |
| | 550A, 590A, 780A | JUSP-RA05-E | 3.13 | Eight 25 Ω (220 W) resistors are connected in parallel. |
| Three-phase 400 V | 210D, 260D | JUSP-RA18-E | 18 | Two series of two 18 Ω (220 W) resistors each are connected in parallel. |
| | 280D, 370D | JUSP-RA19-E | 14.25 | Four series of two 28.5 Ω (220 W) resistors each are connected in parallel. |

Connect the B1/⊕ and B2 terminals of the SERVOPACK to the R1 and R2 terminals of the regenerative resistor unit.

Use Pn600 at the factory setting when you use a Yaskawa regenerative resistor unit. Set Pn600 when using a non-YASKAWA external regenerative resistor.



## 3.7.2 Setting Regenerative Resistor Capacity

When a non-Yaskawa external regenerative resistor is connected, always set Pn600 (Regenerative Resistor Capacity) to the resistor capacity.

**⚠ WARNING**

- If Pn600 is set to 0 when a non-Yaskawa external regenerative resistor is connected, regenerative overload alarms (A.320) may not be detected. If the regenerative overload alarm (A.320) is not detected correctly, the external regenerative resistor may be damaged and an injury or fire may result.

| Pn600 | Regenerative Resistor Capacity [Speed] [Position] [Torque] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to SERVOPACK capacity | 10 W | 0 | Immediately | Setup |

Be sure to set the regenerative resistor capacity (Pn600) to a value that is in accordance with the allowable capacity of the actual external regenerative resistor being used.

The setting will vary with the cooling method of external regenerative resistor:

- For natural convection cooling: Set the value to a maximum 20% of the actually installed regenerative resistor capacity (W).
- For forced convection cooling: Set the value to a maximum 50% of the actually installed regenerative resistor capacity (W).

Example: Set 20 W (100 W × 20%) for the 100-W external regenerative resistor with natural convection cooling method:
Pn600 = 2 (unit: 10 W)

Note 1. If Pn600 is not set to the optimum value, alarm A.320 will occur.
2. When set to the factory setting (Pn600 = 0), the SERVOPACK's built-in resistor or Yaskawa's regenerative resistor unit has been used.

**IMPORTANT**

- When the external regenerative resistors for power are used at the rated load ratio, the resistor temperature increases to between 200 and 300°C. The resistors must be used at or below the rated values. Check with the manufacturer for the resistor's load characteristics.
- For safety, use the external regenerative resistors with thermoswitches.

# 3.8 Noise Control and Measures for Harmonic Suppression

This section describes the wiring for noise control and the DC reactor for harmonic suppression.

## 3.8.1 Wiring for Noise Control

IMPORTANT

- Because the SERVOPACK is designed as an industrial device, it provides no mechanism to prevent noise interference.
- The SERVOPACK uses high-speed switching elements in the main circuit. Therefore peripheral devices may receive switching noise. If the equipment is to be used near private houses or if radio interference is a problem, take countermeasures against noise.
- If installation conditions by the EMC directive must be met, refer to *2.4 EMC Installation Conditions in Σ-V Series User's Manual Setup Rotational Motor* (No.: SIEP S800000 43).

The SERVOPACK uses microprocessors. Therefore it may receive switching noise from peripheral devices.

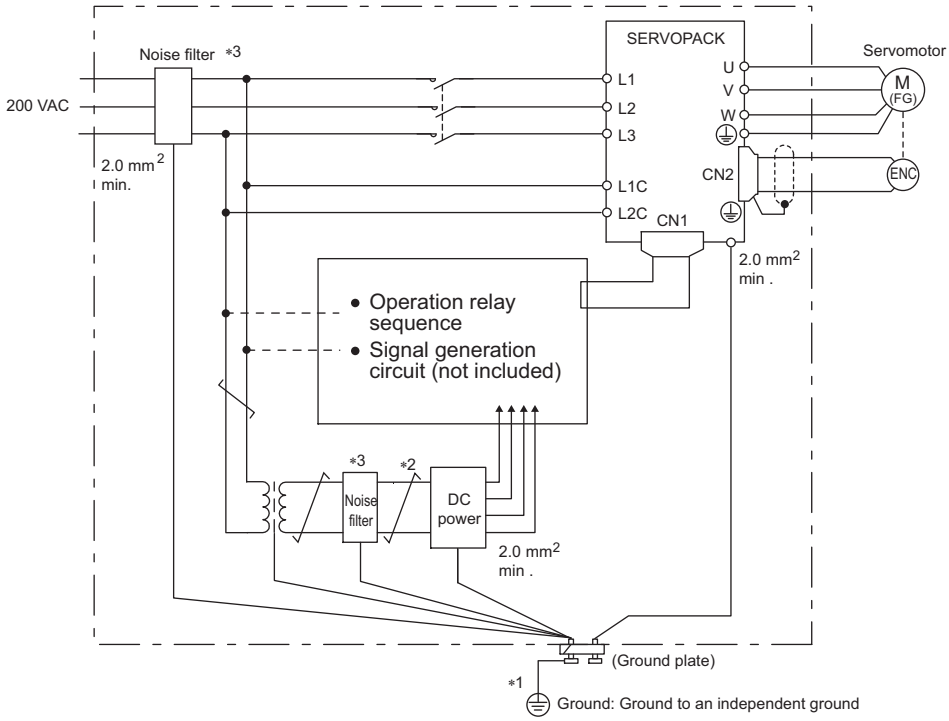
To prevent the noise from the SERVOPACK or the peripheral devices from causing a malfunction of any one of these devices, take the following precautions against noise as required.

- Position the input reference device and noise filter as close to the SERVOPACK as possible.
- Always install a surge absorber in the relay, solenoid and electromagnetic contactor coils.
- Do not bundle or run the main circuit cables together with the I/O signal cables or the encoder cables in the same duct. Keep the main circuit cables separated from the I/O signal cables and the encoder cables with a gap of at least 30 cm.
- Do not use the same power supply as electric welders, electrical discharge machines, and similar devices. If the SERVOPACK is placed near equipment that generates high-frequency noise, install a noise filter on the input side of the main circuit power supply cable and control power supply cable, even if the same power supply is not used. Refer to *(1) Noise Filter* for the noise filter connection method.
- Take the grounding measures correctly. As for the grounding, refer to *(2) Correct Grounding*.

## (1) Noise Filter

The SERVOPACK has a built-in microprocessor (CPU), so protect it from external noise as much as possible by installing a noise filter in the appropriate place.

The following is an example of wiring for noise control.




*1. For ground wires connected to the ground plate, use a thick wire with a thickness of at least 2.0 $mm^2$ (preferably, plain stitch cooper wire).

*2. ⩘ should be twisted-pair wires.

*3. When using a noise filter, follow the precautions in *3.8.2 Precautions on Connecting Noise Filter*.

## (2) Correct Grounding

Take the following grounding measures to prevent the malfunction due to noise.

### ■ Grounding the Motor Frame

Always connect servomotor frame terminal FG to the SERVOPACK ground terminal ⏚. Also be sure to ground the ground terminal ⏚.

If the servomotor is grounded via the machine, a switching noise current will flow from the SERVOPACK main circuit through servomotor stray capacitance. The above grounding is required to prevent the adverse effects of switching noise.

### ■ Noise on the I/O Signal Cable

If the I/O signal cable receives noise, ground the 0 V line (SG) of the I/O signal cable. If the servomotor main circuit cable is accommodated in a metal conduit, ground the conduit and its junction box. For all grounding, ground at one point only.

## 3.8.2 Precautions on Connecting Noise Filter

This section describes the precautions on installing a noise filter.

### (1) Noise Filter Brake Power Supply

Use the following noise filter at the brake power input for 400-W or less servomotors with holding brakes.

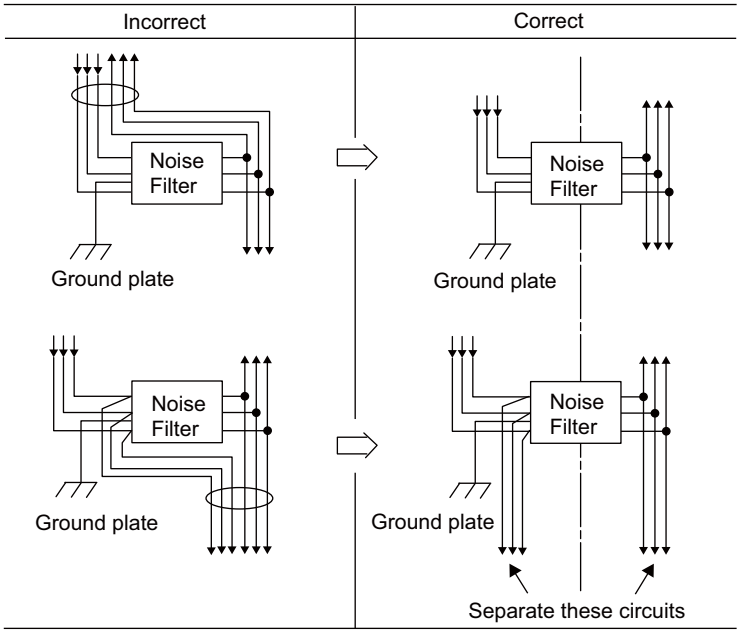
MODEL: FN2070-6/07 (Manufactured by SCHAFFNER Electronic.)

### (2) Precautions on Using Noise Filters

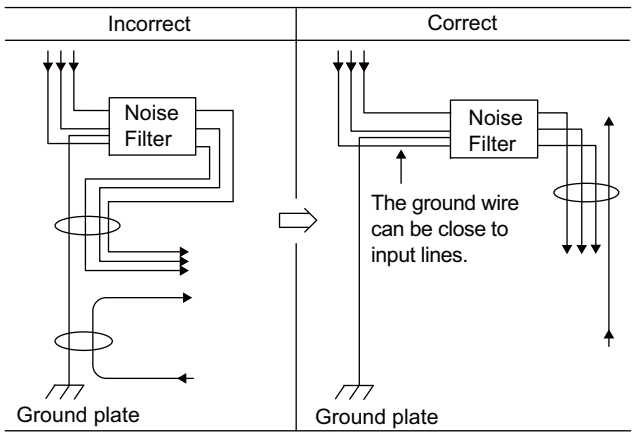
Always observe the following installation and wiring instructions.

| | |
|---|---|
| IMPORTANT | Some noise filters have large leakage currents. The grounding measures taken also affects the extent of the leakage current. If necessary, select an appropriate leakage current detector or leakage current breaker taking into account the grounding measures that are used and leakage current from the noise filter. Contact the manufacturer of the noise filter for details. |

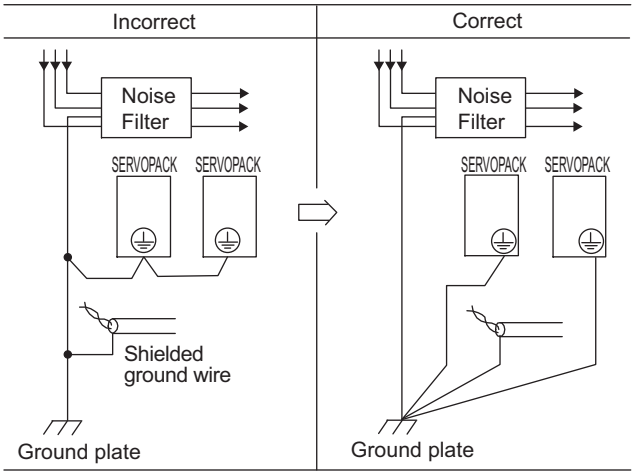
Do not put the input and output lines in the same duct or bundle them together.



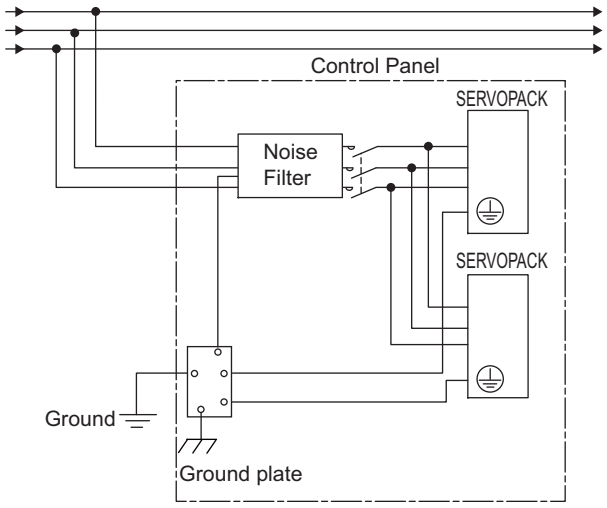

Separate the noise filter ground wire from the output lines.
Do not accommodate the noise filter ground wire, output lines and other signal lines in the same duct or bundle them together.



Connect the noise filter ground wire directly to the ground plate.
Do not connect the noise filter ground wire to other ground wires.



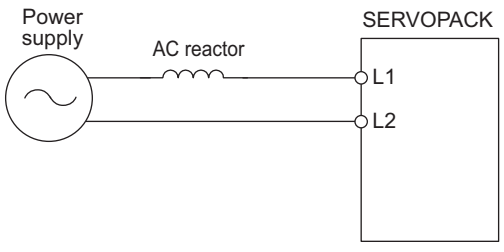
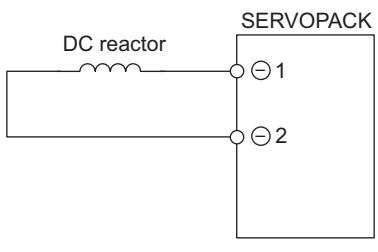

If a noise filter is located inside a control panel, first connect the noise filter ground wire and the ground wires from other devices inside the control panel to the ground plate for the control panel, then ground the plates.




## 3.8.3 Connecting a Reactor for Harmonic Suppression

The SERVOPACK has reactor connection terminals for power supply harmonic suppression that can be used as required. The reactor is an optional part. You must acquire it separately. For reactor selection and specifications, refer to the *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (Catalog No.: KAEP S800000 42).

Connect a reactor as shown in the following diagram.

| SERVOPACK with 100-VAC Power Input | SERVOPACK with 200/400-VAC Power Input |
|---|---|
|  |  |



Note 1. Connection terminals for DC reactor ⊖1 and ⊖2 are short-circuited at shipment. Remove the lead wire for short-circuit, and connect a DC reactor.
2. DC reactors cannot be connected to SERVOPACKs with a single-phase 100-V power input.

# 4

# Operation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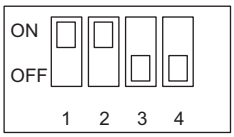
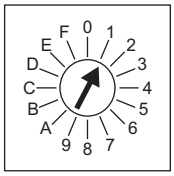
# 4.1 MECHATROLINK-II Communications Settings

The DIP switch (SW2) is used to make the settings for MECHATROLINK-II communications.

The station address is set using the rotary switch (SW1) and the DIP switch (SW2).



SW2 (factory settings)



SW1 (factory setting)

## 4.1.1 Setting the Communications Specifications

Set the communications specifications on the DIP switch (SW2).

| SW2 | Function | Setting | Description | Factory setting |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pin 1 | Sets the baud rate. | OFF | 4 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-I) | ON |
| | | ON | 10 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-II) | |
| Pin 2 | Sets the number of transmission bytes. | OFF | 17 bytes | ON |
| | | ON | 32 bytes | |
| Pin 3 | Sets the station address. | OFF | Station address = 40H + SW1 | OFF |
| | | ON | Station address = 50H + SW1 | |
| Pin 4 | Reserved. (Do not change.) | OFF | – | OFF |

IMPORTANT

- When connecting to a MECHATROLINK-I network, turn OFF pins 1 and 2.
- When using a MECHATROLINK-I network (Baud rate: 4 Mbps), the settings for the number of transmission bytes is disabled and the number of transmission bytes is always 17.

### 4.1.2 Setting the Station Address

The following table lists the possible settings of the rotary switch (SW1) and the DIP switch (SW2) that can be combined to form a station address.

The factory setting for the station address is 41H (SW2 = OFF, SW1 = 1).

| Bit 3 of SW2 | SW1 | Station Address |
|---|---|---|
| OFF | 0 | Disabled |
| OFF | 1 | 41H |
| OFF | 2 | 42H |
| OFF | 3 | 43H |
| OFF | 4 | 44H |
| OFF | 5 | 45H |
| OFF | 6 | 46H |
| OFF | 7 | 47H |
| OFF | 8 | 48H |
| OFF | 9 | 49H |
| OFF | A | 4AH |
| OFF | B | 4BH |
| OFF | C | 4CH |
| OFF | D | 4DH |
| OFF | E | 4EH |
| OFF | F | 4FH |

| Bit 3 of SW2 | SW1 | Station Address |
|---|---|---|
| ON | 0 | 50H |
| ON | 1 | 51H |
| ON | 2 | 52H |
| ON | 3 | 53H |
| ON | 4 | 54H |
| ON | 5 | 55H |
| ON | 6 | 56H |
| ON | 7 | 57H |
| ON | 8 | 58H |
| ON | 9 | 59H |
| ON | A | 5AH |
| ON | B | 5BH |
| ON | C | 5CH |
| ON | D | 5DH |
| ON | E | 5EH |
| ON | F | 5FH |

IMPORTANT

- After changing the setting, turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again to enable the new setting.

## 4.2 MECHATROLINK-II Commands

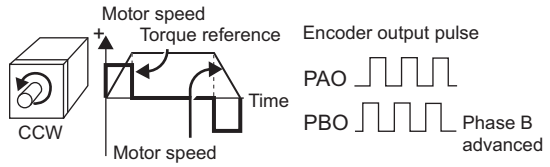
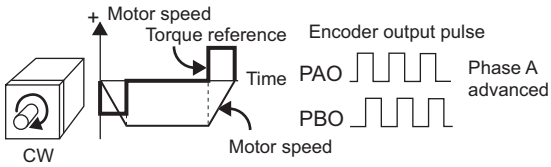
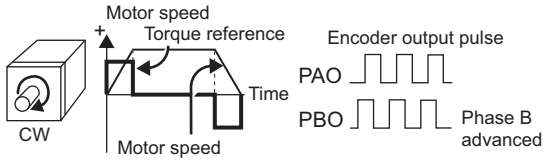
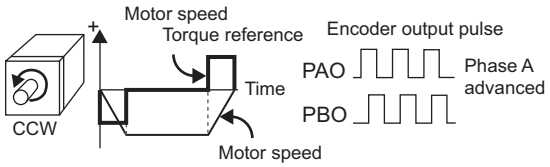
For details on MECHATROLINK-II commands, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

# 4.3 Basic Functions Settings

## 4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction

The servomotor rotation direction can be reversed with parameter Pn000.0 without changing the polarity of the speed/position reference. This causes the rotation direction of the servomotor to change, but the polarity of the signal, such as encoder output pulses, output from the SERVOPACK does not change. (refer to *4.4.4 Encoder Output Pulses*)

The standard setting for forward rotation is counterclockwise (CCW) as viewed from the load end of the servomotor.

| Parameter | | Forward/ Reverse Reference | Direction of Motor Rotation and Encoder Output Pulse | Applicable Overtravel (OT) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn000** | n.□□□0<br>Sets CCW as forward direction.<br>[Factory setting] | Forward Reference |  | P-OT |
| | | Reverse Reference |  | N-OT |
| | n.□□□1<br>Sets CW as forward direction.<br>(Reverse Rotation Mode) | Forward Reference |  | P-OT |
| | | Reverse Reference |  | N-OT |

Note: SigmaWin+ trace waveforms are shown in the above table.

## 4.3.2 Overtravel

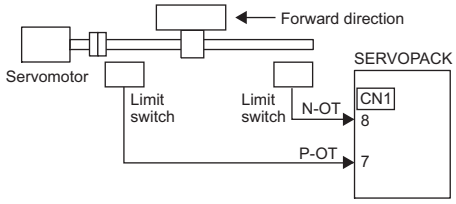
The overtravel limit function forces movable machine parts to stop if they exceed the allowable range of motion and turn ON a limit switch.

For rotating application such as disc table and conveyor, overtravel function is not necessary. In such a case, no wiring for overtravel input signals is required.

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Installing limit switches

  For machines that move using linear motion, connect limit switches to P-OT and N-OT of CN1 as shown below to prevent machine damage. To prevent a contact fault or disconnection from causing accidents, make sure that the limit switches are normally closed.




- Axes to which external force is applied in overtravel

  Vertical axes:

  There is a risk of the workpiece falling during the overtravel status because the /BK signal will remain ON (brake release). Set the zero clamp status after the servomotor stops (Pn001 = n.□□1□) to prevent the workpiece from falling.

  Other axes to which external force is applied:

  Overtravel will bring about a baseblock state after the servomotor stops, which may cause the servomotor to be pushed back by the load's external force. To prevent this, set the parameter (Pn001 = n.□□1□) to bring the servomotor to zero clamp state after stopping.

  For details on how to set the parameter, refer to *(3) Servomotor Stopping Method When Overtravel is Used*.

### (1) Signal Setting

| Type | Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input | P-OT | CN1-7 | ON | Forward run allowed. Normal operation status. |
| | | | OFF | Forward run prohibited. Forward overtravel. |
| | N-OT | CN1-8 | ON | Reverse run allowed. Normal operation status. |
| | | | OFF | Reverse run prohibited. Reverse overtravel. |

Rotation in the opposite direction is possible during overtravel by inputting the reference.

### (2) Overtravel Function Setting

Parameters Pn50A and Pn50B can be set to enable or disable the overtravel function.

If the overtravel function is not used, no wiring for overtravel input signals will be required.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn50A** | n.1□□□ [Factory setting] | Inputs the Forward Run Prohibited (P-OT) signal from CN1-7. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.8□□□ | Disables the Forward Run Prohibited (P-OT) signal. Allows constant forward rotation. | | |
| **Pn50B** | n.□□□2 [Factory setting] | Inputs the Reverse Run Prohibited (N-OT) signal from CN1-8. | | |
| | n.□□□8 | Disables the Reverse Run Prohibited (N-OT) signal. Allows constant reverse rotation. | | |

A parameter can be used to re-allocate input connector number for the P-OT and N-OT signals. Refer to *3.3.1 Input Signal Allocations* for details.

### (3) Servomotor Stopping Method When Overtravel is Used

There are three servomotor stopping methods when an overtravel is used.

- Dynamic brake
  By short-circuiting the electric circuits, the servomotor comes to a quick stop.
- Decelerate to a stop
  Stops by using emergency stop torque.
- Coast to a stop
  Stops naturally, with no control, by using the friction resistance of the servomotor in operation.

After servomotor stopping, there are two modes.

- Coast mode
  Stopped naturally, with no control, by using the friction resistance of the servomotor in operation.
- Zero clamp mode
  A mode forms a position loop by using the position reference zero.

The servomotor stopping method when an overtravel (P-OT, N-OT) signal is input while the servomotor is operating can be set with parameter Pn001.

| Parameter | | Stop Method | Mode After Stopping | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn001** | n.□□00 [Factory setting] | DB | Coast | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□01 | | | | |
| | n.□□02 | Coast | | | |
| | n.□□1□ | Deceleration to a stop | Zero clamp | | |
| | n.□□2□ | | Coast | | |

- A servomotor under torque control cannot be decelerated to a stop. The servomotor is stopped with the dynamic braking (DB) or coasts to a stop according to the setting of Pn001.0. After the servomotor stops, the servomotor will enter a coast state.
- For details on servomotor stopping methods after the SV_OFF command is received or an alarm occurs, refer to *4.3.5 Stopping Servomotors after SV_OFF Command or Alarm Occurrence*.

#### ■ When Servomotor Stopping Method is Set to Decelerate to Stop

Emergency stop torque can be set with Pn406.

| **Pn406** | Emergency Stop Torque | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 800 | 1%* | 800 | Immediately | Setup |

* Percentage (%) of rated motor torque.

Note: The factory setting is 800% so that the setting is large enough a value to operate the servomotor at maximum torque. The maximum value of emergency stop torque that is actually available, however, is limited to the maximum torque of the servomotor.

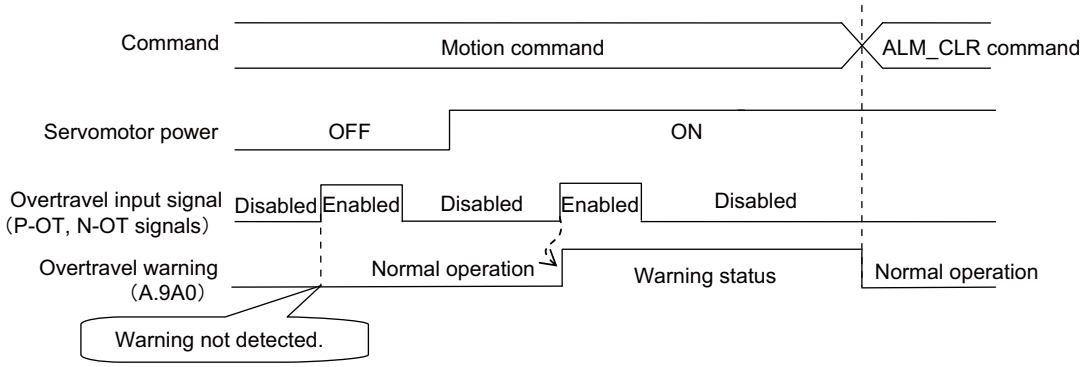
## (4) Overtravel Warning Function

This function detects an overtravel warning (A.9A0) if overtravel occurs while the servomotor power is ON. Using this function enables notifying the host controller when the SERVOPACK detects overtravel even if the overtravel signal is ON only momentarily.

To use this function, set Pn00D to n.1□□□ (Detects overtravel warning).

Note: The overtravel warning function is supported by software version 001A or later. The software version can be checked with Fn012. For details, refer to *6.14 Software Version Display (Fn012)*.

### ■ Warning Output Timing




<Notes>

- Warnings are detected for overtravel in the same direction as the reference.
- Warnings are not detected for overtravel in the reverse direction from the reference.
  Example: A warning will not be output for a forward reference even if the N-OT signal (reverse run prohibited) turns ON.
- A warning can be detected in either the forward or reverse direction, when there is no reference.
- A warning will not be detected when the servomotor power is OFF even if overtravel occurs.
- A warning will not be detected when the servomotor power changes from OFF to ON even if overtravel status exists.
- To clear the overtravel warning, send a Clear Warning or Alarm command (ALM_CLR) regardless of the status of the servomotor power and the overtravel signal. If the warning is cleared by this method during an overtravel state, the occurrence of the warning will not be indicated until the overtraveling is corrected and reset.
- The overtravel warning will be detected when the software limit is in effect.

### ⚠ CAUTION

- The overtravel warning function only detects warnings. It does not affect on stopping for overtravel or motion operations at the host controller. The next step (e.g., the next motion or other command) can be executed even if an overtravel warning exists. However, depending on the processing specifications and programming for warnings in the host controller, operation may be affected when an overtravel warning occurs (e.g., motion may stop or not stop). Confirm the specifications and programming in the host controller.
- When an overtravel occurs, the SERVOPACK will perform stop processing for overtravel. Therefore, when an overtravel warning occurs, the servomotor may not reach the target position specified by the host controller. Check the feedback position to make sure that the axis is stopped at a safe position.

### ■ Related Parameter

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn00D** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Does not detect overtravel warning. | Immediately | Setup |
| | n.1□□□ | Detects overtravel warning. | | |

## 4.3.3 Software Limit Settings

The software limits set limits in software for machine movement that do not use the overtravel signals (P-OT and N-OT). If a software limit is exceeded, an emergency stop will be executed in the same way as it is for overtravel.

### (1) Software Limit Function

The software limit function can be enabled or disabled.

Use the parameter Pn801.0 to enable the software limit function.

The software limit function can be enabled under the following conditions. Under all other circumstances, the software limits will not be enabled even if a software limit is exceeded.

- The ZRET command has been executed.
- REFE = 1 using the POS_SET command.

Enable or disable the software limits using one of the following settings.

| Parameter | | Description | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn801** | n.□□□0 | Software limits enabled in both direction. | Immediately | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | Forward software limit enabled. | | |
| | n.□□□2 | Reverse software limit enabled. | | |
| | n.□□□3 [Factory setting] | Both software limits disabled. | | |

### (2) Software Limit Check using References

Enable or disable software limit checks when target position references such as POSING or INTERPOLATE are input. When the input target position exceeds the software limit, a deceleration stop will be performed from the software limit set position.

| Parameter | | Description | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn801** | n.□0□□ [Factory setting] | No software limit check using references. | Immediately | Setup |
| | n.□1□□ | Software limit check using references. | | |

### (3) Software Limit Setting

Set the forward and reverse software limit values.

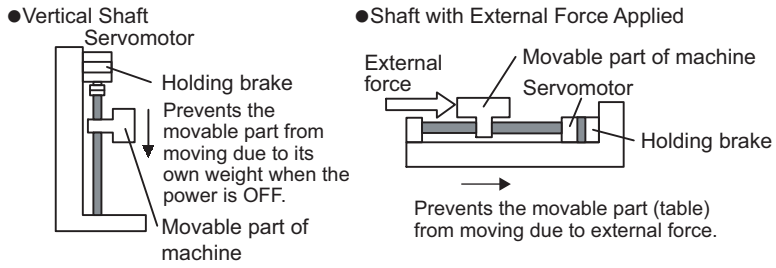
The area will be set in both directions. Always set the software limits so that the reverse limit value is less than the forward limit value.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn804** | Forward Software Limit | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | -1073741823 to 1073741823 | 1 Reference Unit | 1073741823 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn806** | Reverse Software Limit | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | -1073741823 to 1073741823 | 1 Reference Unit | -1073741823 | Immediately | Setup |

## 4.3.4 Holding Brakes

A holding brake is a brake used to hold the position of the movable part of the machine when the SERVOPACK is turned OFF so that movable part does not move due to gravity or external forces. Holding brakes are built into servomotors with brakes.

The holding brake is used in the following cases.



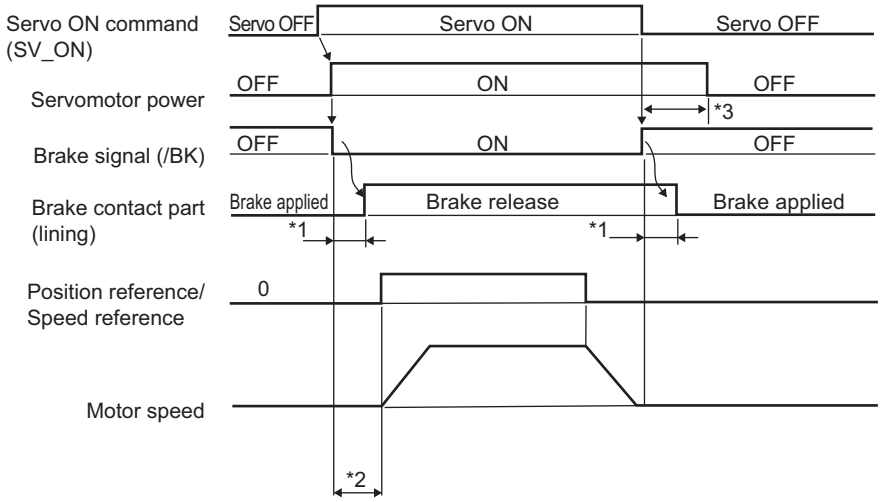

**IMPORTANT**

The brake built into the servomotor with brakes is a de-energization brake, which is used only to hold and cannot be used for braking. Use the holding brake only to hold a stopped servomotor.

The brake has the following operation delay times:

- Brake release time: The time from when the brake (/BK) signal is turned ON to when the brake actually releases.
- Brake operation time: The time from when the brake (/BK) signal is turned OFF to when the brake is actually applied.

Set the operation ON and OFF timing as shown below while taking into consideration the brake operation delay times.




∗1. The brake operation delay times for servomotors with holding brakes are given in the following table. The table gives typical operation delay times for when the power supply is switched on the DC side. Always evaluate performance on the actual equipment before actual operation.

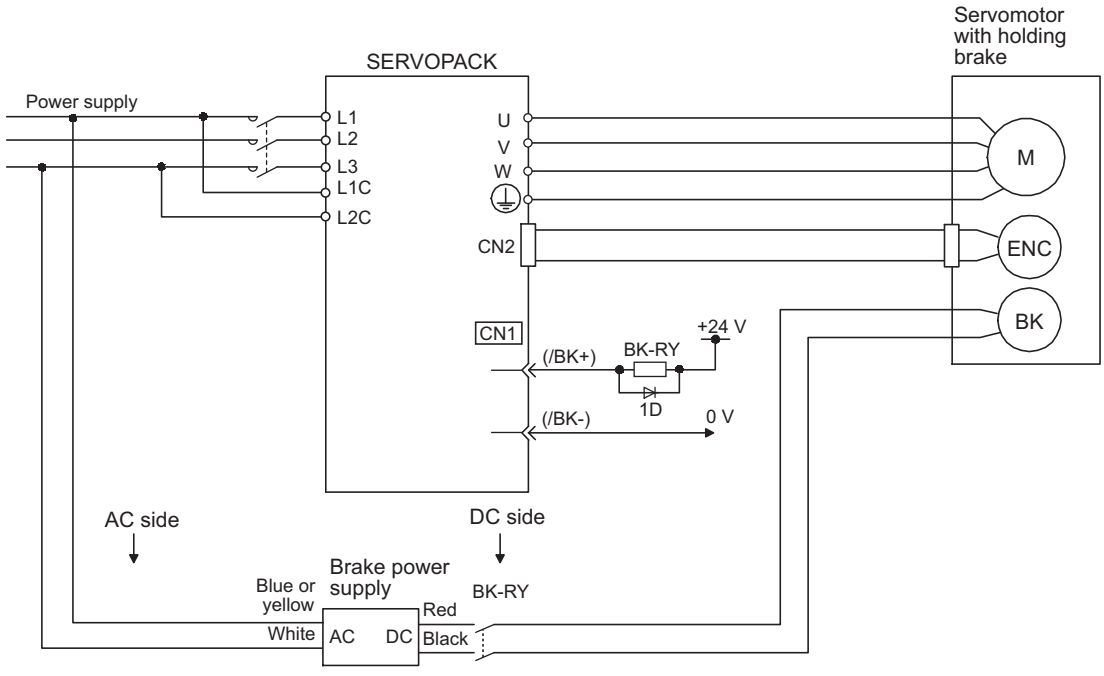
| Model | Voltage | Brake Release Time (ms) | Brake Applied Time (ms) |
|---|---|---|---|
| SGMJV-A5 to 04 | 24 VDC | 60 | 100 |
| SGMJV-08 | | 80 | 100 |
| SGMAV-A5 to 04 | | 60 | 100 |
| SGMAV-06 to 10 | | 80 | 100 |
| SGMPS-01, -08 | | 20 | 100 |
| SGMPS-02, -04, -15 | | 40 | 100 |
| SGMGV-03 to 20 | 24 VDC, 90 VDC | 100 | 80 |
| SGMGV-30, -44 | | 170 | 100 (24 VDC), 80 (90 VDC) |
| SGMGV-55, -75, -1A | | 170 | 80 |
| SGMGV-1E | | 250 | 80 |
| SGMSV-10 to 25 | | 170 | 80 |
| SGMSV-30 to 50 | | 100 | 80 |

∗2. After the SV_ON command is sent, wait at least for the brake release time plus 50 ms, and then output the reference from the host controller to the SERVOPACK.
∗3. Set the brake operation and servo OFF timing with Pn506, Pn507, and Pn508.

## (1) Wiring Example

Use the brake signal (/BK) and the brake power supply to form a brake ON/OFF circuit. The following diagram shows a standard wiring example.

The timing can be easily set using the brake signal (/BK).



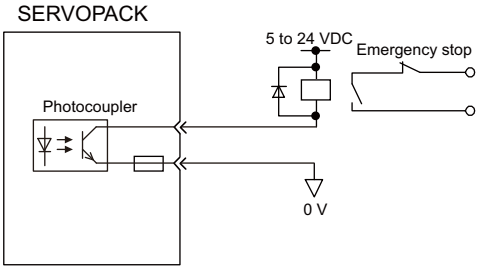

BK-RY: Brake control relay
Brake power supply for 90 V  Input voltage 200-V models: LPSE-2H01-E
Input voltage 100-V models: LPDE-1H01-E

A 24 VDC power supply is not included.

IMPORTANT

- Select the optimum surge absorber in accordance with the applied brake current and brake power supply.
  Using LPSE-2H01-E: Z10D471 (manufactured by SEMITEC Corporation)
  Using LPDE-1H01-E: Z10D271 (manufactured by SEMITEC Corporation)
  Using 24-V power supply: Z15D121 (manufactured by SEMITEC Corporation)
- After the surge absorber is connected, check the total time the brake is applied for the system. Depending on the surge absorber, the total time the brake is applied can be changed.
- Configure the relay circuit to apply the holding brake by the emergency stop.

Relay Circuit Example




- The allocation of the /BK signal can be changed. Refer to *(3) Brake Signal (/BK) Allocation* to set the parameter Pn50F.
- When using a 24-V brake, separate the 24-VDC power supply from other power supplies, such as the one used for the I/O signals of CN1 connectors. Always install the 24-VDC power supply separately. If the power supply is shared, the I/O signals might malfunction.

## (2) Brake Signal (/BK) Setting

This output signal controls the brake. The allocation of the /BK signal can be changed. For details, refer to *(3) Brake Signal (/BK) Allocation*.
The /BK signal turns OFF (applies the brake) when an alarm is detected or the SV_OFF command is received. The brake OFF timing can be adjusted with Pn506.

| Type | Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | /BK | CN1-1, CN1-2 | ON (closed) | Releases the brake. |
| | | | OFF (open) | Applies the brake. |

IMPORTANT

The /BK signal is still ON during overtravel and the brake is still released.

## (3) Brake Signal (/BK) Allocation

Use parameter Pn50F.2 to allocate the /BK signal.

| Parameter | | Connector Pin Number | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | + Terminal | - Terminal | | | |
| **Pn50F** | n.□0□□ | – | – | The /BK signal is not used. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□1□□ [Factory setting] | CN1-1 | CN1-2 | The /BK signal is output from output terminal CN1-1, 2. | | |
| | n.□2□□ | CN1-23 | CN1-24 | The /BK signal is output from output terminal CN1-23, 24. | | |
| | n.□3□□ | CN1-25 | CN1-26 | The /BK signal is output from output terminal CN1-25, 26. | | |

IMPORTANT

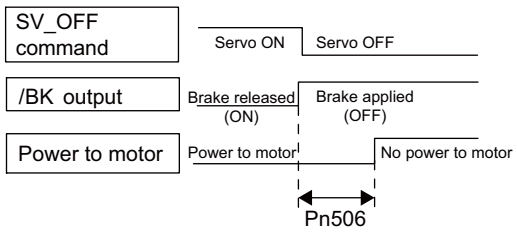
When multiple signals are allocated to the same output terminal, the signals are output with OR logic. For the /BK signal, do not use the output terminal that is already being used for another signal.

## (4) Brake ON Timing after the Servomotor Stops

When the servomotor stops, the /BK signal turns OFF at the same time as the SV_OFF command is received. Use parameter Pn506 to change the timing to turn OFF the servomotor power after the SV_OFF command has been received.

| Pn506 | Brake Reference-Servo OFF Delay Time | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 50 | 10 ms | 0 | Immediately | Setup |

- When using the servomotor to control a vertical axis, the machine movable part may shift slightly depending on the brake ON timing due to gravity or an external force. To eliminate this slight shift, set parameter so that the power to the servomotor turns OFF after the brake is applied.
- This parameter changes the brake ON timing while the servomotor is stopped.




IMPORTANT

The servomotor will turn OFF immediately when an alarm occurs, regardless of the setting of this parameter. The machine movable part may shift due to gravity or external force before the brake operates.

## (5) Brake Signal (/BK) Output Timing during Servomotor Rotation

If an alarm occurs while the servomotor is rotating, the servomotor will come to a stop and the brake signal (/BK) will be turned OFF. The timing of brake signal (/BK) output can be adjusted by setting the brake reference output speed level (Pn507) and the waiting time for brake signal when motor running (Pn508).

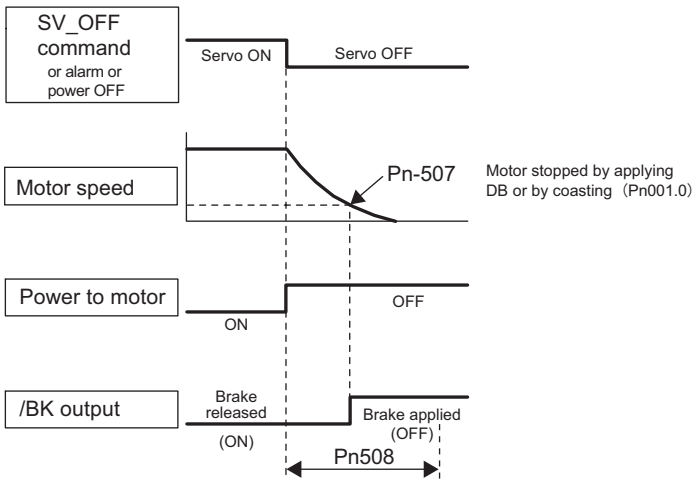
Note: If the stopping method when an alarm occurs is set to a zero-speed stop, the operation described in *(4) Brake ON Timing after the Servomotor Stops* is performed after the servomotor stops.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn507** | Brake Reference Output Speed Level | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 100 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn508** | Waiting Time for Brake Signal When Motor Running | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 100 | 10 ms | 50 | Immediately | Setup |

### /BK Signal Output Conditions When Servomotor Rotating

The /BK signal goes to high level (brake ON) when either of the following conditions is satisfied:

- When the motor speed falls below the level set in Pn507 after the power to the servomotor is turned OFF.
- When the time set in Pn508 is exceeded after the power to the servomotor is turned OFF.




IMPORTANT

- The servomotor will be limited to its maximum speed even if the value set in Pn507 is higher than the maximum speed.
- Do not allocate the rotation detection signal (/TGON) and the brake signal (/BK) to the same terminal. The /TGON signal will otherwise be turned ON by the falling speed on a vertical axis, and the brake may not operate.
  For the /BK signal, do not use the terminal that is already being used for another signal.

## 4.3.5 Stopping Servomotors after SV_OFF Command or Alarm Occurrence

The servomotor stopping method can be selected after the SV_OFF command is received or an alarm occurs.

IMPORTANT

- Dynamic braking (DB) is used for emergency stops. The DB circuit will operate frequently if the power is turned ON and OFF or the SV_ON command is received with a reference input applied to start and stop the servomotor, which may result in deterioration of the internal elements in the SERVOPACK.
  Use speed input references or position references to start and stop the servomotor.
- If the main circuit power supply or the control power supply is turned OFF but the SV_OFF command has not been received, the stopping method for servomotor cannot be set in the parameters. Use the following method to stop the servomotor.
  If turning OFF the main circuit power supply, but the SV_OFF command has not been received, the servomotor will be stopped by dynamic braking.
  If turning OFF the control power supply, but the SV_OFF command has not been received, the stopping method will vary with the SERVOPACK model. Two stopping methods are available.
  - SERVOPACK models for servomotors that stop by coasting:
    SGDV-330A, -470A, -550A, -590A, -780A, -280D, -370D
  - SERVOPACK models for servomotors that stops by dynamic braking:
    All SERVOPACKs other than those listed for coasting.
- If a coasting stop without decelerating is required when the main circuit power supply is turned OFF or the control power supply is turned OFF during operation without turning OFF the servo, use a SERVOPACK without a dynamic brake (SERVOPACK model digits 8 through 10 are 020).
- To minimize the coasting distance of the servomotor to come to a stop when an alarm occurs, the zero-speed stopping method is factory-set for alarms to which the zero-speed stop method is applicable. The DB stopping method may be more suitable than the zero-speed stopping method, however, depending on the application.
  For example, for multiple axes coupling operation (a twin-drive operation), machinery damage may result if a zero-speed stop alarm occurs for one of the coupled shafts and the other shaft stops by dynamic brake. In such cases, change the method to the DB stopping method.

### (1) Stopping Method for Servomotor after SV_OFF Command is Received

Use Pn001.0 to select the stopping method for the servomotor after the SV_OFF command is received.

| Parameter | | Stop Mode | Mode After Stopping | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn001** | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | DB | DB | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | | Coast | | |
| | n.□□□2 | Coast | Coast | | |

Note: Similar to the Coast Mode, the n.□□□0 setting (which stops the servomotor by dynamic braking and then holds it in Dynamic Brake Mode) does not generate any braking force when the servomotor stops or when it rotates at very low speed.

## (2) Stopping Method for Servomotor When an Alarm Occurs

There are two types of alarms (Gr.1 and Gr.2) that depend on the stopping method when an alarm occurs. Select the stopping method for the servomotor when an alarm occurs using Pn001.0 and Pn00B.1.

The stopping method for the servomotor for a Gr.1 alarm is set to Pn001.0.

The stopping method for the servomotor for a Gr.2 alarm is set to Pn00B.1.

Refer to the information on alarm stopping methods in *9.1.1 List of Alarms*.

### ■ Stopping Method for Servomotor for Gr.1 Alarms

The stopping method of the servomotor when a Gr.1 alarm occurs is the same as that in *(1) Stopping Method for Servomotor after SV_OFF Command is Received*.

| Parameter | | Stop Mode | Mode After Stopping | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn001** | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | DB | DB | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | | Coast | | |
| | n.□□□2 | Coast | Coast | | |

### ■ Stopping Method for Servomotor for Gr.2 Alarms

| Parameter | | Stop Mode | Mode After Stopping | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn00B | Pn001 | | | | |
| n.□□0□ [Factory setting] | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | Zero-speed stopping | DB | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | | Coast | | |
| | n.□□□2 | | | | |
| n.□□1□ | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | DB | DB | | |
| | n.□□□1 | | Coast | | |
| | n.□□□2 | Coast | | | |

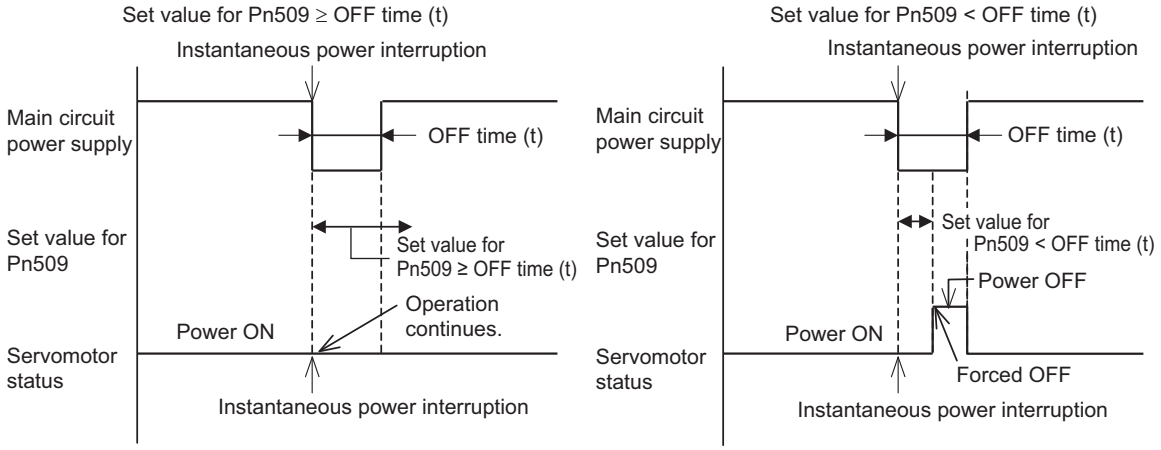
Note: The setting of Pn00B.1 is effective for position control and speed control. Pn00B.1 will be ignored for torque control and only the setting of Pn001.0 will be valid.

## 4.3.6 Instantaneous Power Interruption Settings

Determines whether to continue operation or turn OFF the servomotor's power when the power supply voltage to the SERVOPACK's main circuit is interrupted.

| Pn509 | Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 20 to 1000 | 1 ms | 20 | Immediately | Setup |

If the instantaneous power interruption time is equal to or lower than the set value in Pn509, the servomotor will continue to be powered. If the instantaneous power interruption time exceeds the set value in Pn509, the servomotor is not powered. The servomotor is turned ON when power supply to the main circuit recovers.




<NOTE>
If the instantaneous power interruption time exceeds the set value in Pn509, the /S-RDY signal will be turned OFF.

IMPORTANT

- The holding time of the control power supply for the 200-V SERVOPACKs is approximately 100 ms. The holding time of the control power supply for the 100-V SERVOPACKs is approximately 65 ms. If the control power supply makes control impossible during an instantaneous power interruption, the same operation will be performed as for normally turning OFF the power supply, and the setting of Pn509 will be ignored.
- The holding time of the main circuit power supply varies with the output of the SERVOPACK. If the load on the servomotor is large and an undervoltage alarm (A.410) occurs, the setting of Pn509 will be ignored.
- The holding time of the control power supply (24 VDC) for the 400-V SERVOPACKs depends on the capability of the power supply (not included). Check the power supply before using the application.

If the uninterruptible power supplies are used for the control power supply and main circuit power supply, the SERVOPACK can withstand an instantaneous power interruption period in excess of 1000 ms.

## 4.3.7 SEMI F47 Function (Torque Limit Function for Low DC Power Supply Voltage for Main Circuit)

The torque limit function detects an undervoltage warning and limits the output current if the DC power supply voltage for the main circuit in the SERVOPACK drops to a specified value because the power was momentarily interrupted or the power supply voltage for the main circuit was temporarily lowered.

This function complies with SEMI F47 standards for semiconductor production equipment.

Combining this function with the parameter for Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time allows the servomotor to continue operating without stopping for an alarm or without recovery work even if the power supply voltage drops.

IMPORTANT

- This function is able to cope with instantaneous power interruptions in the voltage and time ranges stipulated in SEMI F47. An uninterruptible power supply (UPS) is required as a backup for instantaneous power interruptions that exceed these voltage and time ranges.
- This function is intended for voltage drops in the main circuit power supply. The following restrictions apply when it is used to provide an instantaneous power cut hold time in the control power supply. (There are no restrictions for the 200-VAC SERVOPACKs.)

  <Control Power Supply Restrictions>

  SERVOPACK with 400-VAC Power Input: Provide the control power supply from a 24-VDC power supply that complies with SEMI F47 standards.

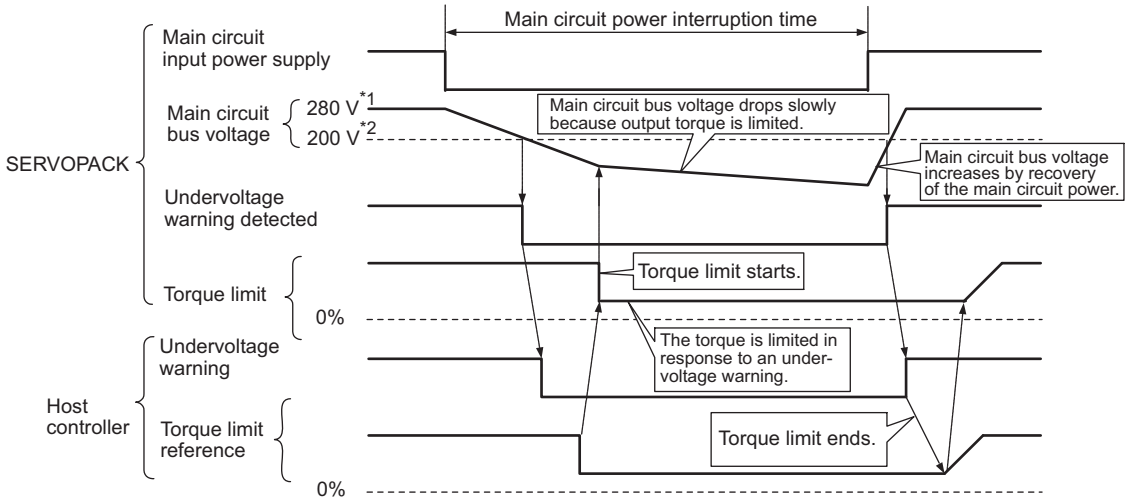
  SERVOPACK with 100-VAC Power Input: Provide the control power supply from an uninterruptible power supply (UPS).
- Set the host controller and SERVOPACK torque limit so that a torque reference that exceeds the specified acceleration will not be output when the power supply for the main circuit is restored.
- Do not limit the torque to values lower than the holding torque for the vertical axis.
- This function limits torque within the range of the SERVOPACK's capability when the power is cut. It is not intended for use under all load and operating conditions. Use the actual machine to set parameters while confirming correct operation.
- Setting the Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time lengthens the amount of time from when the power supply is turned OFF until the motor current turns OFF. Send the SV_OFF command to instantly stop the motor current.

## (1) Execution Method

This function can be executed either with the host controller and the SERVOPACK or with the SERVOPACK only. Use Pn008.1 to specify whether the function is executed by the host controller and SERVOPACK or by the SERVOPACK only.

### ■ Execution with the Host Controller (Pn008 = n.□□1□)

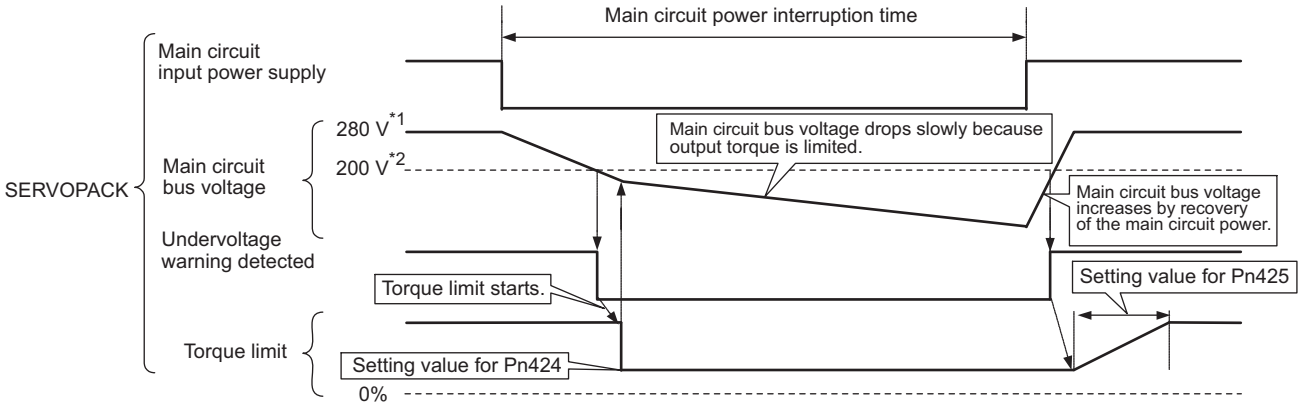
The host controller limits the torque in response to an undervoltage warning.
The host controller removes the torque limit after the undervoltage warning is cleared.




∗1. 560 V for 400-V power supply.
∗2. 400 V for 400-V power supply.

### ■ Execution with the SERVOPACK Only (Pn008 = n.□□2□)

The torque is limited in the SERVOPACK in response to an undervoltage warning.
The SERVOPACK controls the torque limit value in the set time after the undervoltage warning is cleared.




∗1. 560 V for 400-V power supply.
∗2. 400 V for 400-V power supply.

## (2) Related Parameters

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn008** | n.□□0□ [Factory setting] | Does not detect undervoltage. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□1□ | Detects warning and limits torque by host controller. | | |
| | n.□□2□ | Detects warning and limits torque by Pn424 and Pn425. (Only in the SERVOPACK) | | |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn424** | Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop | Speed | Position | Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 100 | 1%* | 50 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn425** | Release Time for Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop | Speed | Position | Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 1000 | 1 ms | 100 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn509** | Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time | Speed | Position | Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 20 to 1000 | 1 ms | 20 | Immediately | Setup |

* The setting unit is a percentage of the rated torque.

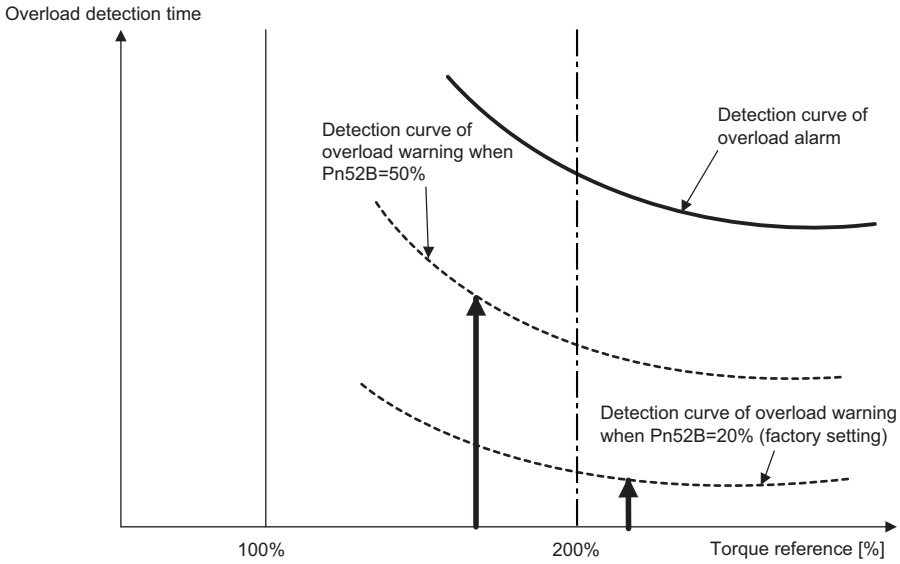
Note: When using SEMI F47 function, set 1000 ms.

## 4.3.8 Setting Motor Overload Detection Level

In this SERVOPACK, the detection timing of the warnings and alarms can be changed by changing how to detect an overload warning (A.910) and overload (low load) alarm (A.720).
The overload characteristics and the detection level of the overload (high load) alarm (A.710) cannot be changed.

### (1) Changing Detection Timing of Overload Warning (A.910)

The overload warning level is set by default to 20% so that an overload warning is detected in 20% of the time required to detect an overload alarm. The time required to detect an overload warning can be changed by changing the setting of the overload warning level (Pn52B). This protective function enables the warning output signal (/WARN) to serve as a protective function and to be output at the best timing for your system.
The following graph shows an example of the detection of an overload warning when the overload warning level (Pn52B) is changed from 20% to 50%. An overload warning is detected in half of the time required to detect an overload alarm.




Note: For details, refer to *Overload Characteristics* listed in the section for the relevant servomotor in the *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

| Pn52B | Overload Warning Level | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 100 | 1% | 20 | Immediately | Setup |

## (2) Changing Detection Timing of Overload (Low Load) Alarm (A.720)

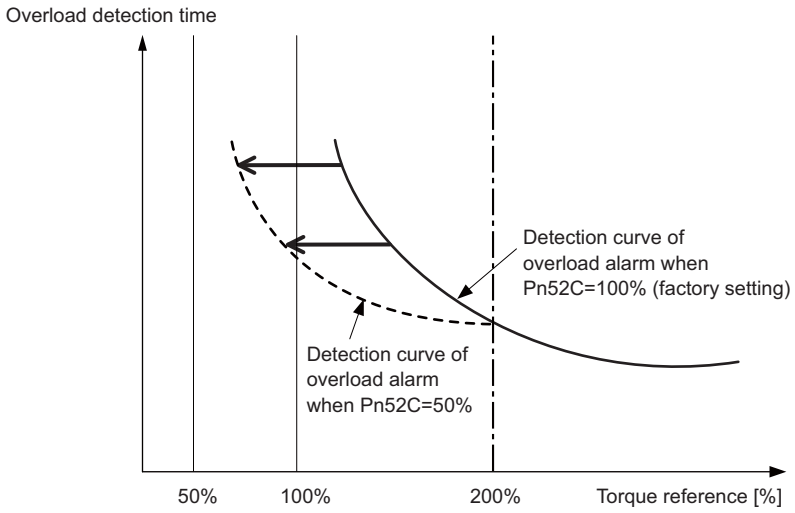
An overload (low load) alarm (A.720) can be detected earlier to protect the servomotor from overloading. The time required to detect an overload alarm can be shortened by using the derated motor base current obtained with the following equation.

Note: The detection level of the overload (high load) alarm (A.710) cannot be changed.

Motor base current × Derating of base current at detecting overload of motor (Pn52C)
= Derated motor base current

Motor base current: Threshold value of motor current to start calculation for overload alarm
Derating of base current at detecting overload of motor (Pn52C): Derating of motor base current

The following graph shows an example of the detection of an overload alarm when Pn52C is set to 50%. The calculation for the overload of motors starts at 50% of the motor base current and then an overload alarm will be detected earlier.
Changing the setting of Pn52C will change the detection timing of the overload alarm, so the time required to detect the overload warning will also be changed.




As a guideline of motor heating conditions, the relationship between the heat sink sizes and deratings of base current is shown in a graph in:
*Servomotor Heating Conditions* in *Rotary Servomotors General Instruction* in *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 42).
Set Pn52C to a value in accordance with the heat sink size and derating shown in the graph, so that an overload alarm can be detected at the best timing to protect the servomotor from overloading.

Note: For details, refer to *Overload Characteristics* listed in the section for the relevant servomotor in the *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (No.: KAEP S800000 42).

| Pn52C | Derating of Base Current at Detecting Overload of Motor Speed Position Torque | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 100 | 1% | 100 | After restart | Setup |

# 4.4 Trial Operation

This section describes a trial operation using MECHATROLINK-II communications.

## 4.4.1 Inspection and Checking before Trial Operation

To ensure safe and correct trial operation, inspect and check the following items before starting trial operation.

### (1) Servomotors

Inspect and check the following items, and take appropriate measures before performing trial operation if any problem exists.

- Are all wiring and connections correct?
- Are all nuts and bolts securely tightened?
- If the servomotor has an oil seal, is the seal undamaged and is the servomotor oiled?

Note: When performing trial operation on a servomotor that has been stored for a long period of time, perform the inspection according to the procedures described in *1.7 Servo Drive Maintenance and Inspection*.

### (2) SERVOPACKs

Inspect and check the following items, and take appropriate measures before performing trial operation if any problem exists.

- Are all wiring and connections correct?
- Is the correct power supply voltage being supplied to the SERVOPACK?

## 4.4.2 Trial Operation via MECHATROLINK-II

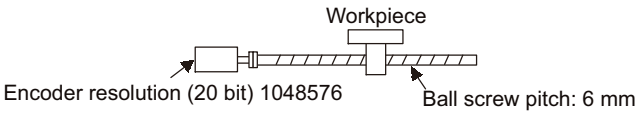
The following table provides the procedures for trial operation via MECHATROLINK-II.

| Step | Description | Reference |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Confirm that the wiring is correct, and then connect the I/O signal connector (CN1 connector). | *Chapter 3 Wiring and Connection* |
| 2 | Turn ON the power supply to the SERVOPACK.<br>If the SERVOPACK is receiving power, the CHARGE, the POWER, and the COM LED indicators on the SERVOPACK will light up.<br>Note: If the COM LED indicator does not turn ON, recheck the settings of MECHATROLINK-II setting switches (SW1 and SW2) and then turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. | – |
| 3 | Send the CONNECT command.<br>In the response data from the SERVOPACK, the alarm code "00" is cleared to show normal operation.<br>The response data from the SERVOPACK may be confirmed with the SMON command. | Σ-V Series/<br>DC Power Input Σ-V Series/<br>Σ-V Series<br>for Large-Capacity Models<br>User's Manual<br>MECHATROLINK-II Commands<br>(No.: SIEP S800000 54) |
| 4 | Check the product type using an ID_RD command.<br>A reply showing the product type, such as SGDV-R90A11A, is received from the SERVOPACK. | |
| 5 | Set the following items to the necessary settings for a trial operation.<br>• Electronic gear settings<br>• Rotational direction of servomotor<br>• Overtravel | *4.4.3 Electronic Gear*<br>*4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction*<br>*4.3.2 Overtravel* |
| 6 | Save these settings (step 5).<br>If saving the settings in the controller, use the PRM_WR command.<br>If saving settings in the SERVOPACK, use the PPRM_WR command. | Σ-V Series/<br>DC Power Input Σ-V Series/<br>Σ-V Series<br>for Large-Capacity Models<br>User's Manual<br>MECHATROLINK-II Commands<br>(No.: SIEP S800000 54) |
| 7 | Send the SV_ON command.<br>A reply showing that the servomotor has switched to Drive status and that SVON=1 (servomotor power is ON) is received. | |
| 8 | Run the servomotor at low speed.<br><Example using a positioning command><br>Command used: POSING<br>Command setting: Option = 0, Positioning position =10000 (If using the absolute encoder, add 10000 to the present position), rapid traverse speed= 400 | – |
| 9 | Check the following points while running the servomotor at low speed (step 8).<br>• Confirm that the rotational direction of the servomotor correctly coincides with the forward rotation or reverse rotation reference. If they do not coincide, reset the direction.<br>• Confirm that no unusual vibrations, noises, or temperature rises occur. If any abnormalities are seen, correct the conditions.<br>Note: Because the running-in of the load machine is not sufficient at the time of the trial operation, the servomotor may become overloaded. | *4.3.1 Servomotor Rotation Direction*<br>*9.4 Troubleshooting Malfunction Based on Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor* |

## 4.4.3 Electronic Gear

The electronic gear enables the workpiece travel distance per reference unit input from the host controller. The minimum unit of the position data moving a load is called a reference unit.

The section indicates the difference between using and not using an electronic gear when a workpiece is moved 10 mm in the following configuration.




### When the Electronic Gear is Not Used:

① Calculate the revolutions.
1 revolution is 6 mm. Therefore, 10 ÷ 6 = 10/6 revolutions.

② Calculate the required reference units.
1048576 reference units is 1 revolution. Therefore, 10/6 × 1048576 = 1747626.66 reference units.

③ Input 1747627 references as reference units.

Reference units must be calculated per reference. → complicated

### When the Electronic Gear is Used:

The reference unit is 1 μm. Therefore, to move the workpiece 10 mm (10000 μm),
1 reference unit = 1 μm, so 10000 ÷ 1 = 10000 reference units.
Input 10000 reference units.

Calculation of reference units per reference is not required. → simplified

### (1) Electronic Gear Ratio

Set the electronic gear ratio using Pn20E and Pn210.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn20E** | Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 1073741824 | 1 | 4 | After restart | Setup |
| **Pn210** | Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 1073741824 | 1 | 1 | After restart | Setup |

If the gear ratio of the servomotor and the load shaft is given as n/m where m is the rotation of the servomotor and n is the rotation of the load shaft,

$$\text{Electronic gear ratio: } \frac{B}{A} = \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210} = \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{Travel distance per load shaft revolution (reference units)}} \times \frac{m}{n}$$

### ■ Encoder Resolution

Encoder resolution can be checked with servomotor model designation.

SGM□V-□□□□□□□□

| Symbol | Specification | Encoder Resolutions |
|---|---|---|
| 3 | 20-bit absolute | 1048576 |
| D | 20-bit incremental | 1048576 |
| A | 13-bit incremental | 8192 |

SGMPS -□□□□□□□□

| Symbol | Specification | Encoder Resolutions |
|---|---|---|
| 2 | 17-bit absolute | 131072 |
| C | 17-bit incremental | 131072 |

SGMCS -□□□□□□□□

| Symbol | Specification | Encoder Resolutions |
|---|---|---|
| 3 | 20-bit absolute | 1048576 |
| D | 20-bit incremental | 1048576 |

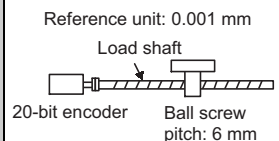
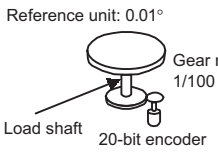
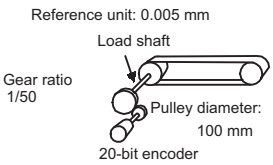
IMPORTANT

Electronic gear ratio setting range: 0.001 ≤ Electronic gear ratio (B/A) ≤ 4000

If the electronic gear ratio is outside this range, a parameter setting error 1 (A.040) will be output.

## (2) Electronic Gear Ratio Setting Examples

The following examples show electronic gear ratio settings for different load configurations.

| Step | Operation | Load Configuration | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Ball Screw | Disc Table | Belt and Pulley |
| | |  |  |  |
| 1 | Check machine specifications. | ・Ball screw pitch: 6 mm<br>・Gear ratio: 1/1 | Rotation angle per revolution: 360°<br>Gear ratio: 1/100 | Pulley diameter: 100 mm (pulley circumference: 314 mm)<br>• Gear ratio: 1/50 |
| 2 | Check the encoder resolution. | 1048576 (20-bit) | 1048576 (20-bit) | 1048576 (20-bit) |
| 3 | Determine the reference unit used. | Reference unit: 0.001 mm (1 μm) | Reference unit: 0.01° | Reference unit: 0.005 mm (5 μm) |
| 4 | Calculate the travel distance per load shaft revolution. (Reference unit) | 6 mm/0.001 mm=6000 | 360°/0.01°=36000 | 314 mm/0.005 mm=62800 |
| 5 | Calculate the electronic gear ratio. | $\frac{B}{A}=\frac{1048576}{6000}\times\frac{1}{1}$ | $\frac{B}{A}=\frac{1048576}{36000}\times\frac{100}{1}$ | $\frac{B}{A}=\frac{1048576}{62800}\times\frac{50}{1}$ |
| 6 | Set parameters. | Pn20E: 1048576 | Pn20E: 104857600 | Pn20E: 52428800 |
| | | Pn210: 6000 | Pn210: 36000 | Pn210: 62800 |

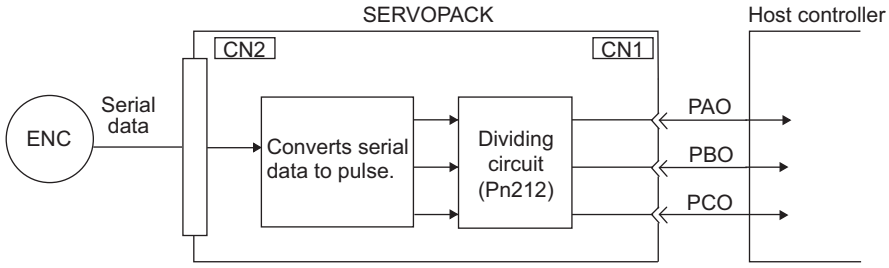
## 4.4.4 Encoder Output Pulses

The encoder pulse output is a signal that is output from the encoder and processed inside the SERVOPACK. It is then output externally in the form of two phase pulse signal (phases A and B) with a 90° phase differential. It is used as the position feedback to the host controller.

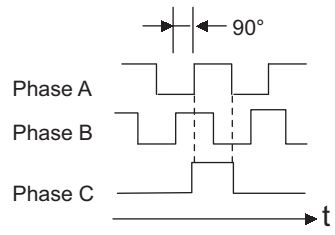
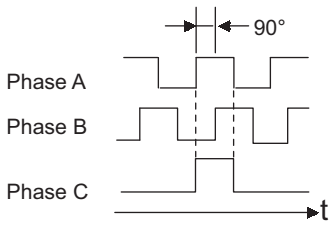
Signals and output phase form are as shown below.

### (1) Signals

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Name | Remarks |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | PAO | CN1-17 | Encoder output pulse: phase A | These encoder pulse output pins output the number of pulses per motor revolution that is set in Pn212. Phase A and phase B are different from each other in phase by an electric angle of 90°. |
| | /PAO | CN1-18 | | |
| | PBO | CN1-19 | Encoder output pulse: phase B | |
| | /PBO | CN1-20 | | |
| | PCO | CN1-21 | Encoder output pulse: phase C | One pulse is output per motor rotation. |
| | /PCO | CN1-22 | | |




### (2) Output Phase Form

| Forward rotation (phase B leads by 90°) | Reverse rotation (phase A leads by 90°) |
|---|---|
|  |  |



Note: The pulse width for phase C (origin pulse) changes according to the setting of the encoder output pulses (Pn212) and becomes the same as that for phase A.
Even in reverse rotation mode (Pn000.0 = 1), the output phase form is the same as that for the standard setting (Pn000.0 = 0) above.

**IMPORTANT**

If using the SERVOPACK's phase-C pulse output for a zero point return, rotate the servomotor two or more times before starting a zero point return. If the servomotor cannot be rotated two or more times, perform a zero point return at a motor speed of 600 $min^{-1}$ or below. If the motor speed is faster than 600 $min^{-1}$, the phase-C pulse may not be output correctly.

## 4.4.5 Setting Encoder Output Pulse

Set the encoder output pulse using the following parameter.

| Pn212 | Encoder Output Pulses | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 16 to 1073741824 | 1 P/rev | 2048 | After restart | Setup |

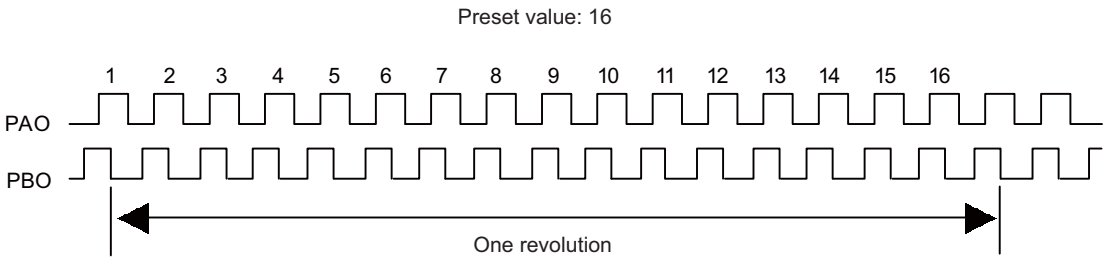
Pulses from the encoder per revolution are divided inside the SERVOPACK by the number set in this parameter before being output. Set the number of encoder output pulses according to the system specifications of the machine or host controller.

According to the encoder resolution, the number of encoder output pulses are limited.

| Setting Range of Encoder Output Pulses (P/Rev) | Setting Unit | Encoder Resolution | | | Upper Limit of Servomotor Speed for Set Encoder Output Pulses ($min^{-1}$) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | 13 bits (8,192 pulses) | 17 bits (131,072 pulses) | 20 bits (1,048,576 pulses) | |
| 16 to 2048 | 1 | ✓ | – | – | 6000 |
| 16 to 16384 | 1 | – | ✓ | ✓ | 6000 |
| 16386 to 32768 | 2 | – | ✓ | ✓ | 3000 |
| 32772 to 65536 | 4 | – | – | ✓ | 1500 |
| 65544 to 131072 | 8 | – | – | ✓ | 750 |
| 131088 to 262144 | 16 | – | – | ✓ | 375 |

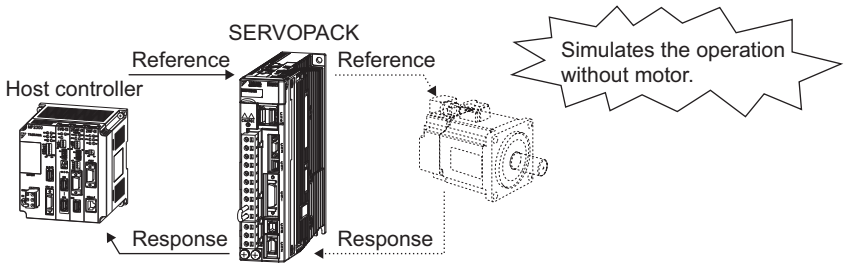
Note 1. The setting range varies with the encoder resolution for the servomotor used.
An encoder output pulse setting error (A.041) will occur if the setting is outside the allowable range or does not satisfy the setting conditions.
Pn212 = 25000 (P/Rev) is accepted, but
Pn212 = 25001 (P/Rev) is not accepted. The alarm A.041 is output because the setting unit differs from that in the above table.
2. The upper limit of the pulse frequency is approx. 1.6 Mpps.
The servomotor speed is limited if the setting value of the encoder output pulses (Pn212) is large.
An overspeed of encoder output pulse rate alarm (A.511) will occur if the motor speed exceeds the upper limit specified in the above table.

Output Example: When Pn212 = 16 (16-pulse output per one revolution), PAO and PBO are output as shown below.



# 4.5 Test Without Motor Function

The test without a motor is used to check operation of the host controller and peripheral devices by simulating the operation of the servomotor in the SERVOPACK without actually operating the servomotor. This test enables you to check wiring, verify the system while debugging, and verify parameters. This shortens the time required for setup work and prevents damage to the machine that may result from possible malfunctions. This test can check the operation of the servomotor regardless of whether or not it is actually connected.




Use Pn00C.0 to enable or disable the test without a motor.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn00C** | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | Disables the test without a motor. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | Enables the test without a motor. | | |

## 4.5.1 Motor Information

The motor information that is used for a test without a motor is given below.

### (1) When Motor is Connected

If a motor is connected, the information from the connected motor is used for the motor and encoder scale information. The set values of Pn00C.1 and Pn00C.2 are not used.

### (2) When Motor is Not Connected

The information for the virtual motor that is stored in the SERVOPACK is used. The set values of Pn00C.1 and Pn00C.2 are used for the encoder information.

■ Encoder Resolution

The encoder information for the motor is set in Pn00C.1. The setting of Pn00C.1 is not used for an external encoder with fully-closed loop control.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn00C** | n.□□0□ [Factory setting] | Sets the encoder resolution for the test without a motor to 13 bits. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□1□ | Sets the encoder resolution for the test without a motor to 20 bits. | | |

■ Encoder Type

The encoder information for the motor is set in Pn00C.2. An external encoder with fully-closed loop control is

always regarded as an incremental encoder.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn00C** | n.□0□□ [Factory setting] | Sets an incremental encoder as an encoder type for the test without a motor. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□1□□ | Sets an absolute encoder as an encoder type for the test without a motor. | | |

■ Rated Motor Speed and Maximum Motor Speed

The values previously saved in the SERVOPACK will be used for the rated motor speed and maximum motor speed. Use the monitor displays (Un020: Motor rated speed and Un021: Motor maximum speed) to check the values.

### (3) When External Encoder for Fully-closed Loop Control is Connected

The information from an external encoder is used as the encoder information.

### (4) When External Encoder for Fully-closed Loop Control is Not Connected

The encoder information stored in the SERVOPACK is used for the encoder information.

- Resolution: 256
- Incremental encoder

## 4.5.2 Motor Position and Speed Responses

For the test without a motor, the following responses are simulated for references from the host controller according to the gain settings for position or speed control.

- Servomotor position
- Servomotor speed
- Encoder position

The load model, however, will be a rigid system with the moment of inertia ratio that is set in Pn103.

## 4.5.3 Limitations

The following functions cannot be used during the test without a motor.

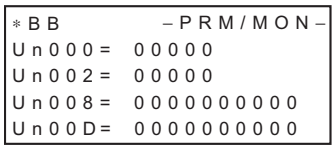
- Regeneration and dynamic brake operation
- Brake output signal (The brake output signal can be checked with the I/O signal monitor function of the SigmaWin+.)
- Items marked with "×" in the following utility function table.

| Fn No. | Contents | Can be used or not | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | Motor not connected | Motor connected |
| Fn000 | Alarm history display | ○ | ○ |
| Fn002 | JOG operation | ○ | ○ |
| Fn003 | Origin search | ○ | ○ |
| Fn004 | Program JOG operation | ○ | ○ |
| Fn005 | Initializing parameter settings | ○ | ○ |
| Fn006 | Clearing alarm history | ○ | ○ |
| Fn008 | Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset | × | ○ |
| Fn00C | Offset adjustment of analog monitor output | ○ | ○ |
| Fn00D | Gain adjustment of analog monitor output | ○ | ○ |
| Fn00E | Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal | × | ○ |
| Fn00F | Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal | × | ○ |
| Fn010 | Write prohibited setting | ○ | ○ |
| Fn011 | Servomotor model display | ○ | ○ |
| Fn012 | Software version display | ○ | ○ |
| Fn013 | Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm occurs | × | ○ |
| Fn014 | Resetting configuration error in option modules | ○ | ○ |
| Fn01B | Vibration detection level initialization | × | × |
| Fn01E | Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID | ○ | ○ |
| Fn01F | Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module | ○ | ○ |
| Fn020 | Origin setting | × | ○ |
| Fn030 | Software reset | ○ | ○ |
| Fn200 | Tuning-less levels setting | × | × |
| Fn201 | Advanced autotuning | × | × |
| Fn202 | Advanced autotuning by reference | × | × |
| Fn203 | One-parameter tuning | × | × |
| Fn204 | Anti-resonance control adjustment function | × | × |
| Fn205 | Vibration suppression function | × | × |
| Fn206 | EasyFFT | × | × |
| Fn207 | Online vibration monitor | × | × |

Note: ○: Can be used
×: Cannot be used

## 4.5.4 Digital Operator Displays during Testing without Motor

An asterisk (∗) is displayed before status display to indicate the test without a motor operation is in progress.




(Example: Status of power to the servomotor is OFF)

| Display | Status |
|---|---|
| *RUN | Power is supplied to the servomotor. |
| *BB | Power to the servomotor is OFF. |
| *PT NT | Forward or reverse run is prohibited. |
| *P-OT | Forward run is prohibited. |
| *N-OT | Reverse run is prohibited. |
| *HBB | In hard-wire base block (safety) state. |

Note: The test without a motor status is not displayed during alarm occurs (A.□□□).

# 4.6 Limiting Torque

The SERVOPACK provides the following four methods for limiting output torque to protect the machine.

| Limiting Method | Description | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| Internal torque limit | Always limits torque by setting the parameter. | 4.6.1 |
| External torque limit | Limits torque by input signal from the host controller. | 4.6.2 |
| Torque limit with P_TLIM, N_TLIM commands * | Limit torque by using the P_TLIM and N_TLIM commands. | – |
| Torque limit with P_CL/ N_CL signals of OPTION Field and P_TLIM/N_TLIM commands * | Combines torque limit methods by using an external input and P_TLIM and N_TLIM commands. | – |

* For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

Note: The maximum torque of the servomotor is used when the set value exceeds the maximum torque.

## 4.6.1 Internal Torque Limit

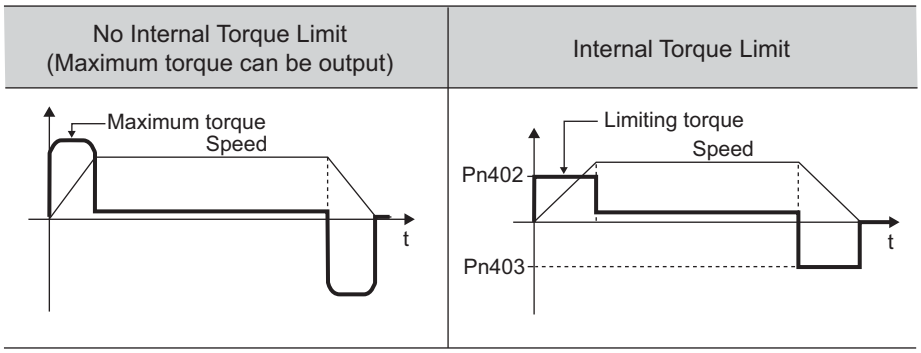
This function always limits maximum output torque by setting values of following parameters.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn402** | Forward Torque Limit | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 800 | 1%* | 800 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn403** | Reverse Torque Limit | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 800 | 1%* | 800 | Immediately | Setup |

* Percentage (%) of rated motor torque.

Note: If the settings of Pn402 and Pn403 are too low, the torque may be insufficient for acceleration or deceleration of the servomotor.

Torque waveform



## 4.6.2 External Torque Limit

Use this function to limit torque by inputting a signal from the host controller at specific times during machine operation. For example, some pressure must continually be applied (but not enough to damage the workpiece) when the robot is holding a workpiece or when a device is stopping on contact.

### (1) Input Signals

Use the following input signals to limit a torque by external torque limit.

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning | Limit value |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input | /P-CL | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | Forward external torque limit ON | The smaller value of these settings: Pn402 or Pn404 |
| | | | OFF (open) | Forward external torque limit OFF | Pn402 |
| Input | /N-CL | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | Reverse external torque limit ON | The smaller value of these settings: Pn403 or Pn405 |
| | | | OFF (open) | Reverse external torque limit OFF | Pn403 |

Note: Use parameter Pn50B.2 and Pn50B.3 to allocate the /P-CL signal and the /N-CL signal for use. For details, refer to *3.3.1 Input Signal Allocations*.

### (2) Related Parameters

Set the following parameters for external torque limit.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn402** | Forward Torque Limit | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 800 | 1%* | 800 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn403** | Reverse Torque Limit | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 800 | 1%* | 800 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn404** | Forward External Torque Limit | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 800 | 1%* | 100 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn405** | Reverse External Torque Limit | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 800 | 1%* | 100 | Immediately | Setup |

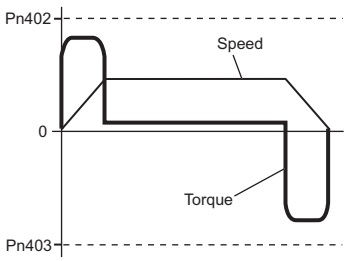
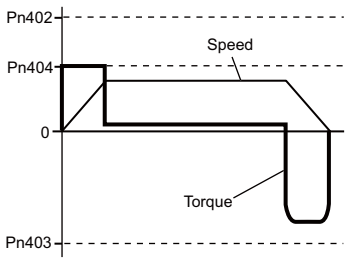
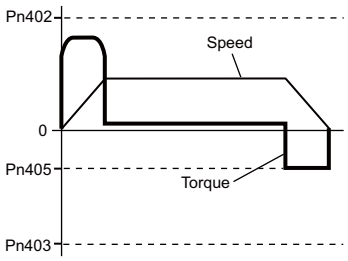
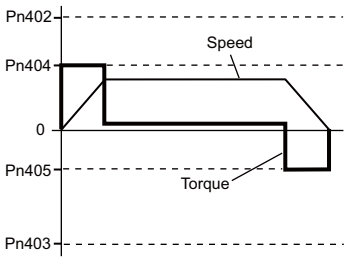
* Percentage (%) of rated motor torque.

Note: If the settings of Pn402, Pn403, Pn404, and Pn405 are too low, the torque may be insufficient for acceleration or deceleration of the servomotor.

### (3) Changes in Output Torque during External Torque Limiting

The following diagrams show the change in output torque when the internal torque limit is set to 800%.

In this example, the servomotor rotation direction is Pn000.0 = 0 (Sets CCW as forward direction).

| | | /P-CL | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | OFF | ON |
| /N-CL | OFF |  |  |
| | ON |  |  |

## 4.6.3 Checking Output Torque Limiting during Operation

The following signal can be output to indicate that the servomotor output torque is being limited.

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | /CLT | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | Servomotor output torque is being limited. |
| | | | OFF (open) | Servomotor output torque is not being limited. |

Note: Use parameter Pn50F.0 to allocate the /CLT signal for use. For details, refer to *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations*.

# 4.7 Absolute Encoders

If using an absolute encoder, a system to detect the absolute position can be designed for use with the host controller. As a result, an operation can be performed without a zero point return operation immediately after the power is turned ON.

A battery case is required to save position data in the absolute encoder.
The battery is attached to the battery case of the encoder cable.
If an encoder cable with a battery case is not used, install a battery to the host controller.

| PROHIBITED |
|---|
| • Do not install batteries in both the host controller and battery case. It is dangerous because that sets up a loop circuit between the batteries. |

<NOTE>
The standard specifications of the direct drive motor include a single-turn absolute encoder, so a battery case is not required.
Also the following features are not required;

- Absolute encoder setup
- Multiturn limit setting

Set Pn002 to n.□0□□ (factory setting) when you use an absolute encoder.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn002** | n.□0□□ [Factory setting] | Uses the absolute encoder as an absolute encoder. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□1□□ | Uses the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder. | | |

If you use an absolute encoder as an incremental encoder, you do not need a SEN battery.

IMPORTANT

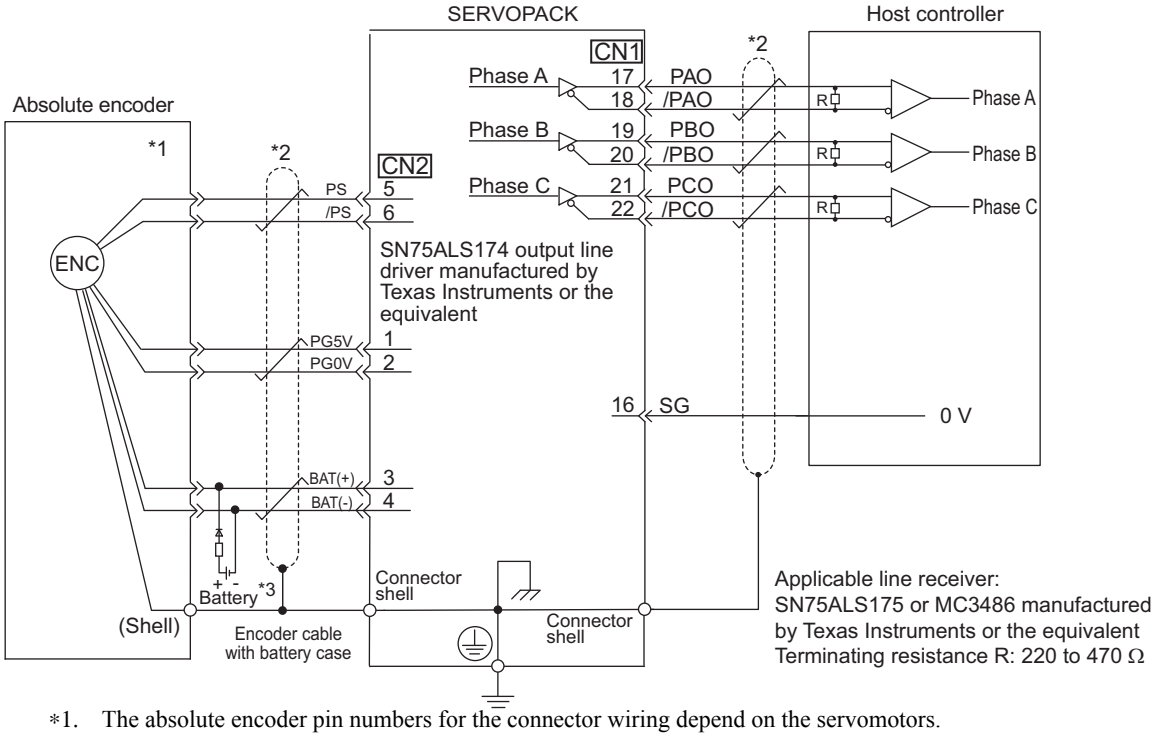
The output range of the rotational serial data for the Σ-V absolute position detecting system is different from that of earlier systems for 12-bit and 15-bit encoders. As a result, the infinite-length positioning system of the Σ Series must be changed for use with products in the Σ-V Series. Be sure to make the following system modification.

| Series (Models) | Absolute Encoder Resolution | Output Range of Rotational Serial Data | Action when Limit Is Exceeded |
|---|---|---|---|
| Σ Series (SGD/SGDA/ SGDB) | 12-bit 15-bit | -99999 to + 99999 | • When the upper limit (+99999) is exceeded in the forward direction, the rotational serial data will be 0.<br>• When the lower limit (-99999) is exceeded in the reverse direction, the rotational serial data will be 0. |
| Σ-II Series (SGDM/SGDH), Σ-III Series (SGDS), or Σ-V Series (SGDV) | 17-bit 20-bit | -32768 to + 32767 | • When the upper limit (+32767) is exceeded in the forward direction, the rotational serial data will be -32768.<br>• When the lower limit (-32768) is exceeded in the reverse direction, the rotational serial data will be +32767.<br>Note: The action differs when the multiturn limit setting (Pn205) is changed. Refer to *4.7.6 Multiturn Limit Setting*. |

## 4.7.1 Connecting the Absolute Encoder

The following diagram shows the connection between a servomotor with an absolute encoder, the SERVOPACK, and the host controller.

### (1) Using an Encoder Cable with a Battery Case

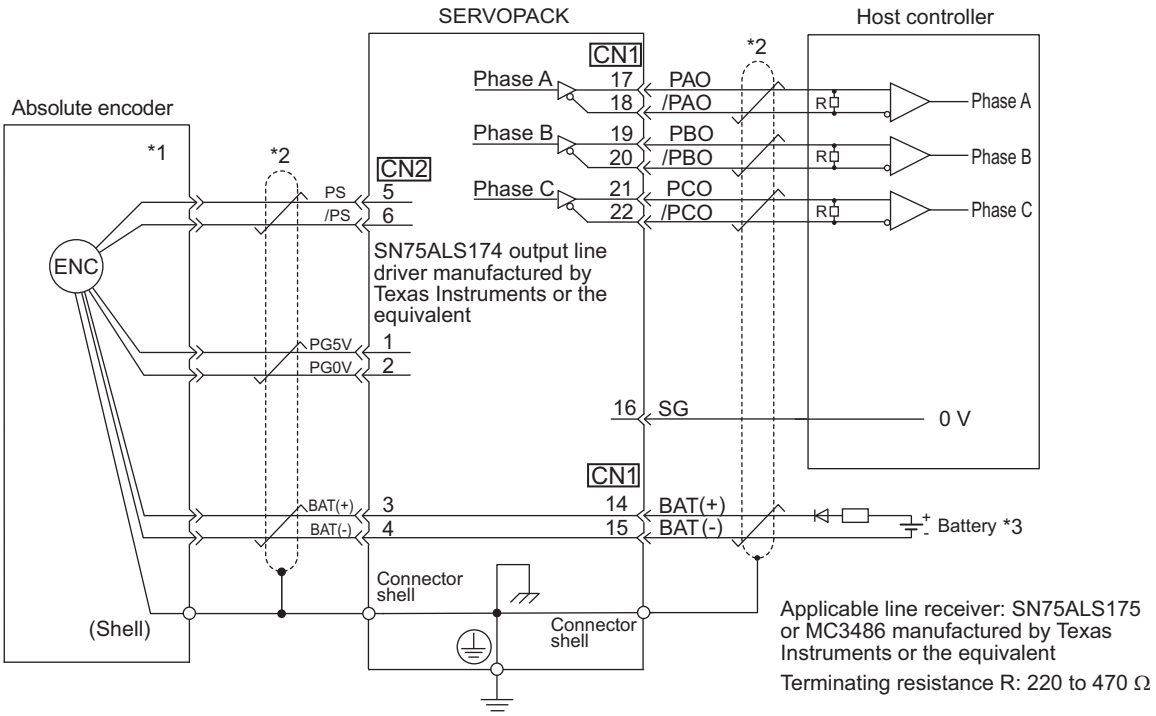



∗1. The absolute encoder pin numbers for the connector wiring depend on the servomotors.

∗2. : represents shielded twisted-pair wires.

∗3. If you use an absolute encoder, provide power by installing an encoder cable with a battery case (model: JUSP-BA01-E) or install a battery on the host controller.

## (2) Installing the Battery in the Host Controller




∗1. The absolute encoder pin numbers for the connector wiring depend on the servomotors.

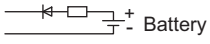
∗2. : represents shielded twisted-pair wires.

∗3. If you use an absolute encoder, provide power by installing an encoder cable with a battery case (model: JUSP-BA01-E) or install a battery on the host controller.

**IMPORTANT**

- When Installing a Battery on the Encoder Cable
  Use the encoder cable with a battery case that is specified by Yaskawa.
  For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series Product Catalog* (Catalog No.: KAEP S800000 42).
- When Installing a Battery on the Host Controller
  Insert a diode near the battery to prevent reverse current flow.

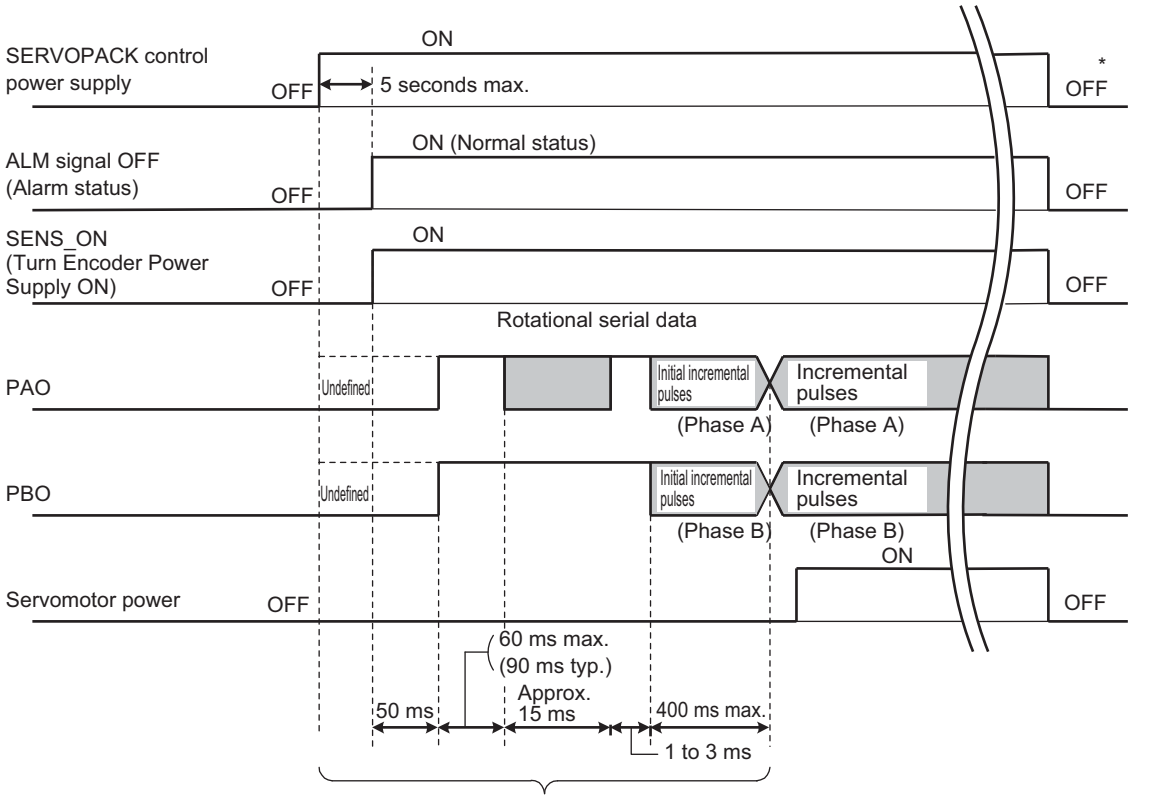
Circuit Example



## 4.7.2 Absolute Data Request (SENS ON Command)

The Turn Encoder Power Supply ON command (SENS_ON) must be sent to obtain absolute data as an output from the SERVOPACK.

The SENS_ON command is sent at the following timing.




* Send the SENS_OFF command to turn OFF the control power supply.

## 4.7.3 Battery Replacement

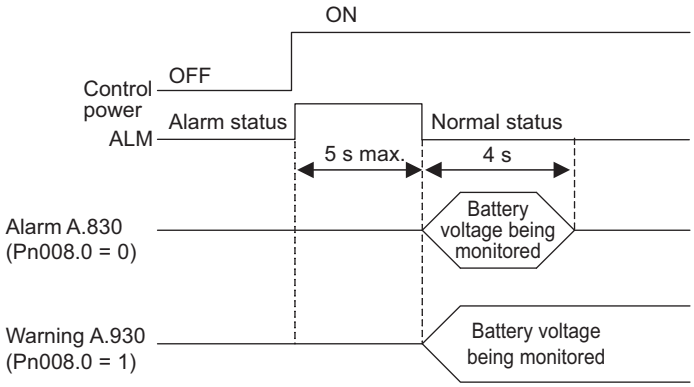
If the battery voltage drops to approximately 2.7 V or less, an absolute encoder battery error alarm (A.830) or an absolute encoder battery error warning (A.930) will be displayed.

If this alarm or warning is displayed, replace the batteries using the following procedure.

Use Pn008.0 to set either an alarm (A.830) or a warning (A.930).

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn008** | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | Outputs the alarm A.830 when the battery voltage drops. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | Outputs the warning A.930 when the battery voltage drops. | | |

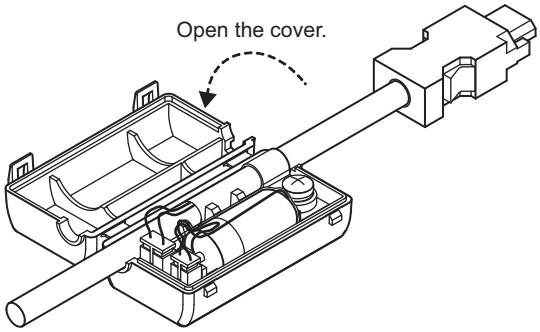
- If Pn008.0 is set to 0, alarm detection will be enabled for 4 seconds after the ALM signal outputs max. 5 seconds when the control power is turned ON.
  No battery-related alarm will be displayed even if the battery voltage drops below the specified value after these 4 seconds.
- If Pn008.0 is set to 1, alarm detection will be always enabled after the ALM signal outputs max. 5 seconds when the control power supply is turned ON.



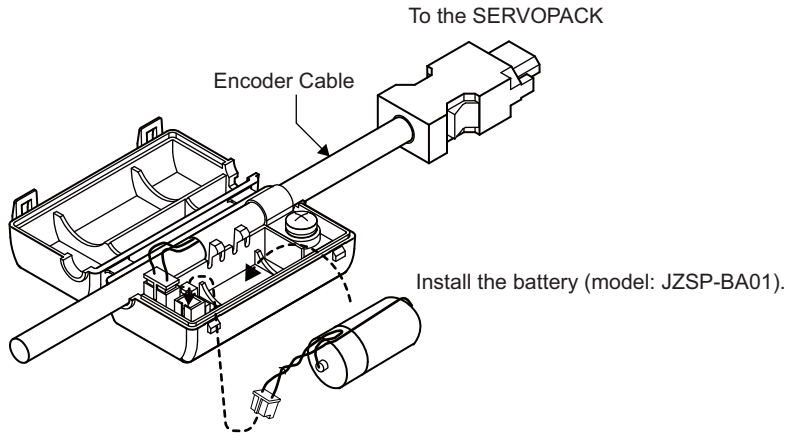

### (1) Battery Replacement Procedure

#### ■ Using an Encoder Cable with a Battery Case

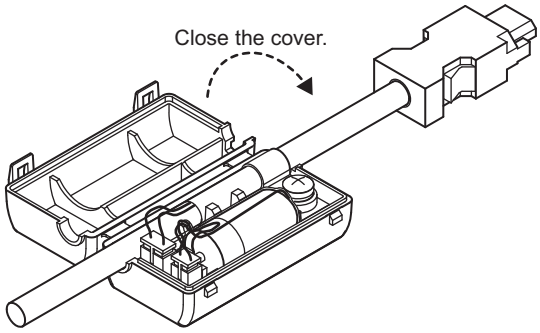
1. Turn ON the control power supply of the SERVOPACK only.
2. Open the battery case cover.



3. Remove the old battery and install the new battery (model: JZSP-BA01).




4. Close the battery case cover.




5. After replacing the battery, turn OFF the control power supply to clear the absolute encoder battery error alarm (A.830).
6. Turn ON the control power supply again.
7. Check that the alarm display has been cleared and that the SERVOPACK operates normally.

> **IMPORTANT**
>
> If the control power supply to the SERVOPACK is turned OFF and the battery is disconnected (which includes disconnecting the encoder cable), the absolute encoder data will be deleted.

## ■ Installing a Battery in the Host Controller

1. Turn ON the control power supply of the SERVOPACK only.
2. Remove the old battery and mount the new battery.
3. After replacing the battery, turn OFF the control power supply to clear the absolute encoder battery error alarm (A.830).
4. Turn ON the control power supply again.
5. Check that the alarm display has been cleared and that the SERVOPACK operates normally.

## 4.7.4 Absolute Encoder Setup and Reinitialization

**⚠ CAUTION**

- The rotational serial data will be a value between -2 and +2 rotations when the absolute encoder setup is executed. The reference position of the machine system will change. Set the reference position of the host controller to the position after setup.
  If the machine is started without adjusting the position of the host controller, unexpected operation may cause injury or damage to the machine. Take sufficient care when operating the machine.

Setting up and reinitialization of the absolute encoder are necessary in the following cases.

- When starting the machine for the first time
- When an encoder backup error alarm (A.810) is generated
- When an encoder checksum error alarm (A.820) is generated
- When initializing the rotational serial data of the absolute encoder

Set up the absolute encoder with Fn008.

<NOTE>
The standard specifications of the direct drive motor include a single-turn absolute encoder, so an encoder backup error alarm (A.810) will not occur for direct drive motors. Also, rotational serial data is always 0, so setting up the absolute encoder is not required.

### (1) Precautions on Setup and Reinitialization

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- Set up or reinitialize the encoder when the servomotor power is OFF.
- If the following absolute encoder alarms are displayed, cancel the alarm by using the same method as the set up (initializing) with Fn008. They cannot be canceled with the SERVOPACK Clear Warning or Alarm command (ALM_CLR).
  - Encoder backup error alarm (A.810)
  - Encoder checksum error alarm (A.820)
- Any other alarms (A.8□□) that monitor the inside of the encoder should be canceled by turning OFF the power.

### (2) Procedure for Setup and Reinitialization

Follow the steps below to setup or reinitialize the absolute encoder.

<NOTE>
This setting can also be performed using the adjustment command (ADJ). For details on the Adjustment (ADJ) command, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

| Step | Panel Display | Keys | Description |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB -FUNCTION-<br>Fn006:AlmHist Clr<br>Fn008:Mturn Clr<br>Fn009:Ref Adj<br>Fn00A:Vel Adj | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to select the utility function. And press the ∧ or ∨ Key to select the Fn008. |
| 2 | BB<br>Multiturn Clear<br>PGCL1 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to view the execution display of Fn008. |
| 3 | BB<br>Multiturn Clear<br>PGCL5 | ∧ | Keep pressing the ∧ Key until "PGCL1" is changed to "PGCL5." |

(cont'd)

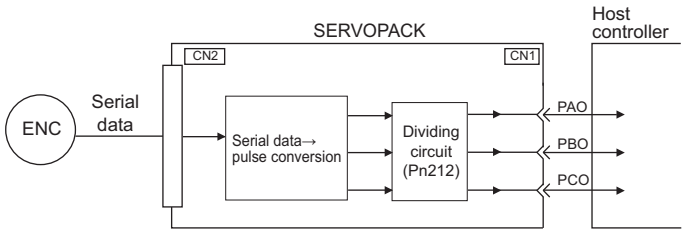
| Step | Panel Display | Keys | Description |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | BB<br>Multiturn Clear<br>PGCL5 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to setup the absolute encoder. After completing the setup, "DONE" is flashed for approximately one second and "BB" is displayed. |
| 5 | BB -FUNCTION-<br>Fn006:AlmHist Clr<br>Fn008:Mturn Clr<br>Fn009:Ref Adj<br>Fn00A:Vel Adj | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to return to the display of the procedure 1. |
| 6 | To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again. | | |

## 4.7.5 Absolute Data Reception Sequence

The sequence in which the SERVOPACK receives outputs from the absolute encoder and transmits them to host controller is shown below.

### (1) Outline of Absolute Data

The serial data, pulses, etc., of the absolute encoder that are output from the SERVOPACK are output from the PAO, PBO, and PCO signals as shown below.




| Signal Name | Status | Contents |
|---|---|---|
| PAO | At initialization | Rotational serial data<br>Initial incremental pulses |
| | Normal Operations | Incremental pulses |
| PBO | At initialization | Initial incremental pulses |
| | Normal Operations | Incremental pulses |
| PCO | Always | Origin pulses |

■ Phase-C Output Specifications

The pulse width of phase C (origin pulse) changes depending on the encoder output pulse (Pn212), becoming the same width as phase A.

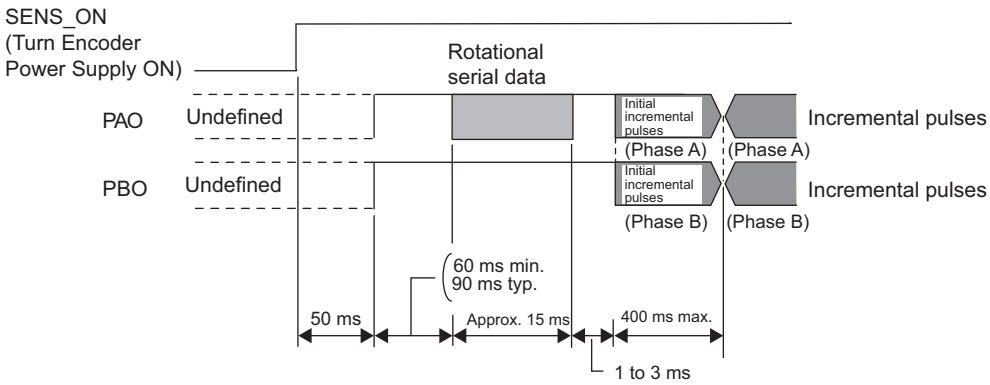
The output timing is one of the following.

- Synchronized with the rising edge of phase A
- Synchronized with the falling edge of phase A
- Synchronized with the rising edge of phase B
- Synchronized with the falling edge of phase B

Note: When host controller receives the data of absolute encoder, do not perform counter reset using the output of PCO signal.

## (2) Absolute Data Reception Sequence

1. Send the Turn Encoder Power Supply ON (SENS_ON) command from the host controller.
2. After 100 ms, the system is set to rotational serial data reception standby and the incremental pulse up/down counter is cleared to zero.
3. Eight characters of rotational serial data is received.
4. The system enters a normal incremental operation state about 400 ms after the last rotational serial data is received.



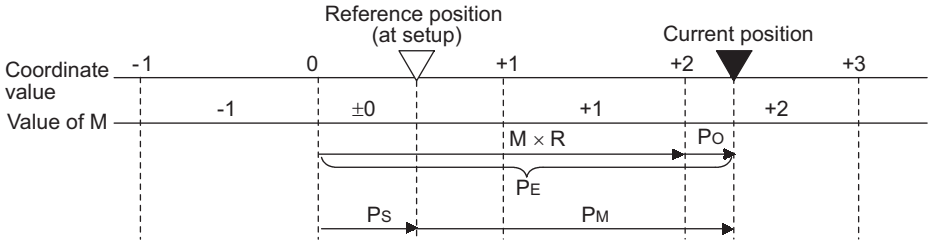

<NOTE>
The output pulses are phase-B advanced if the servomotor is turning forward regardless of the setting in Pn000.0.

Rotational serial data:
Indicates how many turns the motor shaft has made from the reference position, which was the position at setup.

Initial incremental pulses:
Initial incremental pulses which provide absolute data are the number of pulses required to rotate the motor shaft from the servomotor origin to the present position.
Just as with normal incremental pulses, these pulses are divided by the dividing circuit inside the SERVOPACK and then output.

The initial incremental pulse speed depends on the setting of the encoder output pulses (Pn212). Use the following formula to obtain the initial incremental pulse speed.

| Setting of the Encoder Output Pulses (Pn212) | Formula of the Initial Incremental Pulse Speed |
|---|---|
| 16 to 16384 | $\frac{680 \times Pn212}{16384}$ [kpps] |
| 16386 to 32768 | $\frac{680 \times Pn212}{32768}$ [kpps] |
| 32772 to 65536 | $\frac{680 \times Pn212}{65536}$ [kpps] |
| 65544 to 131072 | $\frac{680 \times Pn212}{131072}$ [kpps] |
| 131088 to 262144 | $\frac{680 \times Pn212}{262144}$ [kpps] |




Final absolute data $P_M$ is calculated by following formula.

$P_E = M \times R + P_O$

$P_S = M_S \times R + P_S'$

$P_M = P_E - P_S$

| Signal | Meaning |
|---|---|
| $P_E$ | Current value read by encoder |
| M | Rotational serial data |
| $P_O$ | Number of initial incremental pulses |
| $P_S$ | Absolute data read at setup (This is saved and controlled by the host controller.) |
| $M_S$ | Rotational serial data read at setup |
| $P_S'$ | Number of initial incremental pulses read at setup |
| $P_M$ | Current value required for the user's system |
| R | Number of pulses per encoder revolution (pulse count after dividing, value of Pn212) |

Note: The following formula applies in reverse mode. (Pn000.0 = 1)

$P_E = -M \times R + P_O$

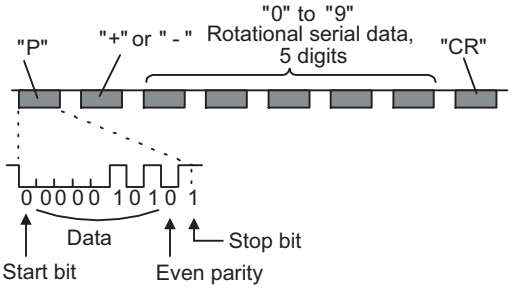
$P_S = M_S \times R + P_S'$

$P_M = P_E - P_S$

## (3) Rotational Serial Data Specifications and Initial Incremental Pulses

### ■ Rotational Serial Data Specifications

The rotational serial data is output from PAO signal.

| Data Transfer Method | Start-stop Synchronization (ASYNC) |
|---|---|
| Baud rate | 9600 bps |
| Start bits | 1 bit |
| Stop bits | 1 bit |
| Parity | Even |
| Character code | ASCII 7-bit code |
| Data format | 8 characters, as shown below.<br>  <br><br>Note 1. Data is "P+00000" (CR) or "P-00000" (CR) when the number of revolutions is zero.<br>2. The revolution range is "-32768" to "+32767". When this range is exceeded, the data changes from "+32767" to "-32678" or from "-32678" to "+32767". When changing multiturn limit, the range changes. For details, refer to *4.7.6 Multiturn Limit Setting*. |

### ■ Initial Incremental Pulses

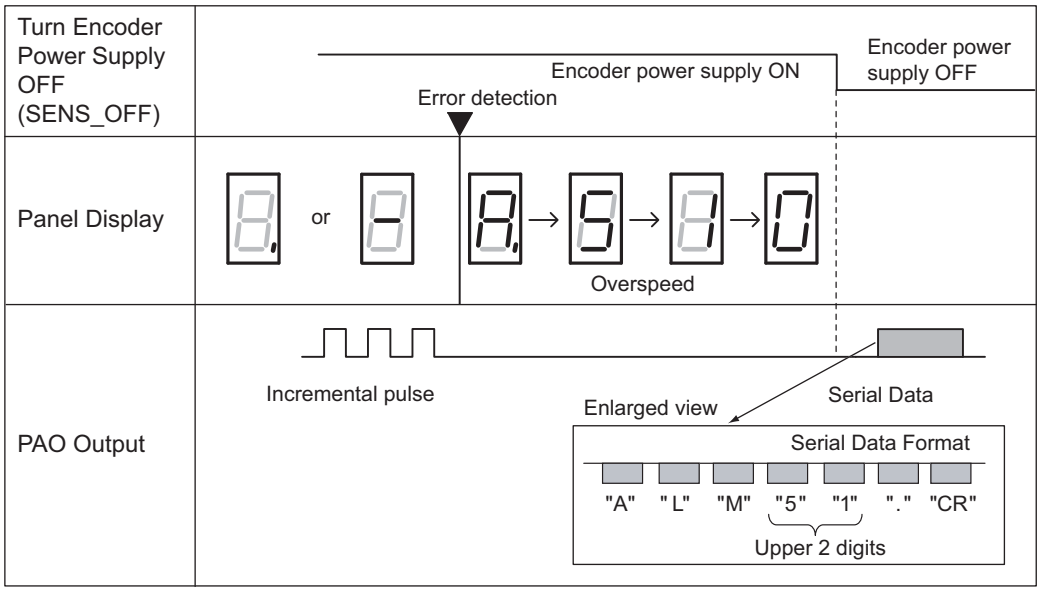
The initial incremental pulses are output after division inside the SERVOPACK in the same way as for normal incremental pulses. Refer to *4.4.4 Encoder Output Pulses* for details.

## (4) Transferring Alarm Contents

If an absolute encoder is used, the contents of alarms detected by the SERVOPACK are transmitted in serial data to the host controller from the PAO output when the Turn Encoder Power Supply OFF command (SENS_OFF) is received.

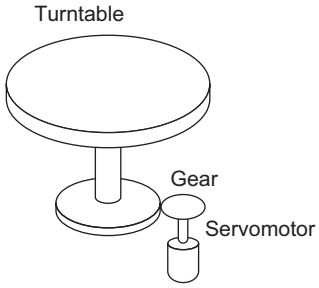
Note: The SENS_OFF command cannot be received while the servomotor power is ON.

Output example of alarm contents are as shown below.



## 4.7.6 Multiturn Limit Setting

The multiturn limit setting is used in position control applications for a turntable or other rotating device. For example, consider a machine that moves the turntable in the following diagram in only one direction.




Because the turntable moves in only one direction, the upper limit for revolutions that can be counted by an absolute encoder will eventually be exceeded. The multiturn limit (rotational serial data limit) is used in cases like this to prevent fractions from being produced by the integral ratio of the motor revolutions and turntable revolutions.

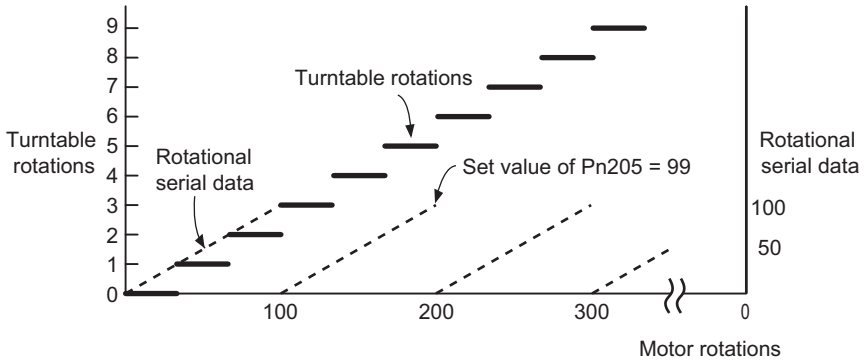
For a machine with a gear ratio of n:m, as shown above, the value of m minus 1 will be the setting for the multiturn limit setting (Pn205).

Multiturn limit setting (Pn205) = m-1

The case in which the relationship between the turntable revolutions and motor revolutions is m = 100 and n = 3 is shown in the following graph.

Pn205 is set to 99.

Pn205 = 100 – 1 = 99




| Pn205 | Multiturn Limit Setting | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 65535 | 1 Rev | 65535 | After restart | Setup |

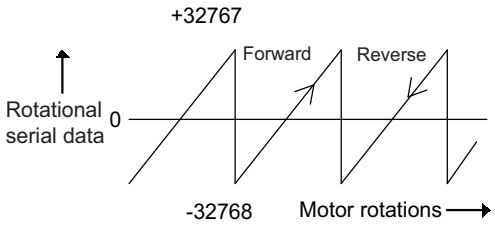
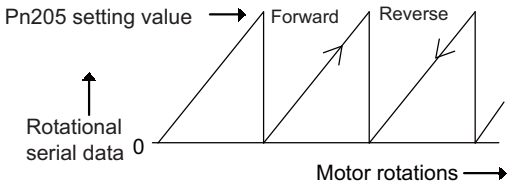
Note: This parameter is valid when the absolute encoder is used.

The range of the data will vary when this parameter is set to anything other than the factory setting.

1. When the motor rotates in the reverse direction with the rotational serial data at 0, the rotational serial data will change to the setting in Pn205.
2. When the motor rotates in the forward direction with the rotational serial data at the Pn205 setting, the rotational serial data will change to 0.
   Set Pn205 to the following value: Desired rotation serial data -1.

When the set value in Pn205 is changed, a multiturn limit disagreement alarm (A.CC0) will be displayed because the multiturn limit value in the encoder will be different. For the procedure to change the multiturn

limit value in the encoder, refer to *4.7.7 Multiturn Limit Disagreement Alarm (A.CC0)*.

| Factory Setting (= 65535) | Other Setting (≠65535) |
|---|---|
|  |  |





<NOTE>
The standard specifications of the direct drive motor include a single-turn absolute encoder. Therefore, the encoder's rotational serial data is always 0.
The absolute value of the load side can be created with the motor shaft angle only even when constructing an absolute position detecting system because the servomotor and the load can be directly connected.

## 4.7.7 Multiturn Limit Disagreement Alarm (A.CC0)

When the multiturn limit set value is changed with parameter Pn205, a multiturn limit disagreement alarm (A.CC0) will be displayed because the value differs from that of the encoder.

| Alarm Display | Alarm Name | Alarm Output | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.CC0 | Multiturn Limit Disagreement | OFF (H) | Different multiturn limits have been set in the encoder and SERVOPACK. |

If this alarm is displayed, perform the operation described below and change the multiturn limit value in the encoder to the value set in Pn205.

<NOTE>
This setting can also be performed with the adjustment command (ADJ). For details on the ADJ (Adjustment) command, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A.CC0 -FUNCTION-<br>Fn012:Soft Ver<br>Fn013:MturnLmSet<br>Fn014:Opt Init<br>Fn01B:VibIvl Init | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to select the utility function. And press the ∧ or ∨ Key to select the Fn013. |
| 2 | A.CC0<br>Multiturn Limit Set<br>Start :[DATA]<br>Return:[SET] | DATA | Press the DATA Key to view the execution display of Fn013.<br>Note: If the display is not switched and "NO-OP" is displayed in the status display, the Write Prohibited Setting (Fn010 = 0001) is set. Check the setting and reset. |
| 3 | A.CC0<br>Multiturn Limit Set<br>Start :[DATA]<br>Return:[SET] | DATA MODE/SET | Press the DATA Key to set the multiturn limit value. When the setting is completed, the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "A.CC0" again.<br>Note: If the MODE/SET Key is pressed instead of the DATA Key, the multiturn limit value will not be reset. |
| 4 | A.CC0 -FUNCTION-<br>Fn012:Soft Ver<br>Fn013:MturnLmSet<br>Fn014:Opt Init<br>Fn01B:VibIvl Init | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to return to the display the procedure 1. |
| 5 | To enable the change in the setting, turn the power OFF and ON again. | | |

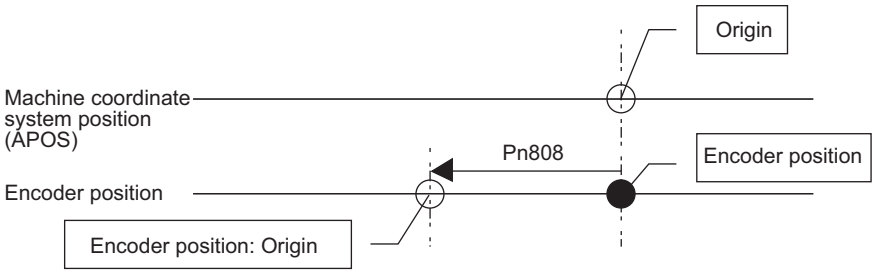
## 4.7.8 Absolute Encoder Origin Offset

If using the absolute encoder, the positions of the encoder and the offset of the machine coordinate system (APOS) can be set. Use Pn808 to make the setting. After the SENS_ON command is received by MECHATROLINK communications, this parameter will be enabled.

| Pn808 | Absolute Encoder Origin Offset | | Position | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | -1073741823 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | 0 | Immediately | Setup |

<Example>

If the encoder position (X) is set at the origin of the machine coordinate system (0), Pn808 = X.



# 4.8 Other Output Signals

This section explains other output signals.

Use these signals according to the application needs, e.g., for machine protection.

## 4.8.1 Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

This section describes signals that are output when the SERVOPACK detects errors and resetting methods.

### (1) Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

This signal is output when the SERVOPACK detects an error.

IMPORTANT

Configure an external circuit so that this alarm output turns OFF the main circuit power supply for the SERVOPACK whenever an error occurs.

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | ALM | CN1-3, 4 | ON (closed) | Normal SERVOPACK status |
| | | | OFF (open) | SERVOPACK alarm status |

### (2) Alarm Reset Method

If a servo alarm (ALM) occurs, use one of the following methods to reset the alarm after eliminating the cause of the alarm.

IMPORTANT

Be sure to eliminate the cause of the alarm before resetting it.

If the alarm is reset and operation continued without eliminating the cause of the alarm, it may result in damage to the equipment or fire.

■ Resetting Alarms by Sending Clear Warning or Alarm Command (ALM_CLR)

For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

■ Resetting Alarms Using the Digital Operator

Press the ALARM RESET Key on the digital operator. For details, refer to *Σ-V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55).

## 4.8.2 Warning Output Signal (/WARN)

This signal is for a warning issued before the occurrence of an alarm.
Refer to *9.2.1 List of Warnings*.

■ Signal Specifications

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | /WARN | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | Warning status |
| | | | OFF (open) | Normal status |

Note: Use parameter Pn50F.3 to allocate the /WARN signal for use. For details, refer to *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations*.

## 4.8.3 Rotation Detection Output Signal (/TGON)

This output signal indicates that the servomotor is rotating at the speed set for Pn502 or a higher speed.

### (1) Signal Specifications

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | /TGON | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | Servomotor is rotating with the motor speed above the setting in Pn502. |
| | | | OFF (open) | Servomotor is rotating with the motor speed below the setting in Pn502. |

Note: Use parameter Pn50E.2 to allocate the /TGON signal for use. For details, refer to *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations*.

### (2) Related Parameter

Set the range in which the /TGON signal is output using the following parameter.

| Pn502 | Rotation Detection Level [Speed] [Position] [Torque] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 20 | Immediately | Setup |

## 4.8.4 Servo Ready Output Signal (/S-RDY)

This signal is turned ON when the SERVOPACK is ready to accept the servo ON (SV_ON) command.

The /S-RDY signal is turned ON under the following conditions.

- The main circuit power supply is ON.
- No hard wire base block state
- No servo alarms
- The Turn Encoder Power Supply ON (SENS_ON) command is received. (When an absolute encoder is used.)

<NOTE>

- If an absolute encoder is used, the output of absolute data to the host controller must have been completed when the SENS_ON command is received.
- For details on the hard wire base block function, refer to *4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function*.

■ Signal Specifications

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | /S-RDY | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | The SERVOPACK is ready to accept the SV_ON command. |
| | | | OFF (open) | The SERVOPACK is not ready to accept the SV_ON command. |

Note 1. Use parameter Pn50E.3 to allocate the /S-RDY signal for use. For details, refer to *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations*.
2. For details on the hard wire base block function and the servo ready output signal, refer to *4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function*.

## 4.8.5 Speed Coincidence Output Signal (/V-CMP)

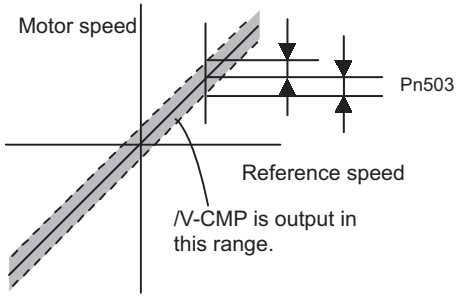
The speed coincidence output signal (/V-CMP) is output when the actual servomotor speed is the same as the reference speed. The host controller uses the signal as an interlock. This signal is the output signal during speed control.

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | /V-CMP | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | Speed coincides. |
| | | | OFF (open) | Speed does not coincide. |

Note: Use parameter Pn50E.1 to allocate the /V-CMP signal for use. Refer to *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations* for details.

| Pn503 | Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width Speed | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 100 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 10 | Immediately | Setup |

The /V-CMP signal is output when the difference between the reference speed and actual motor speed is below this setting.




<Example>

The /V-CMP signal is output at 1900 to 2100 $min^{-1}$ if the Pn503 is set to 100 and the reference speed is 2000 $min^{-1}$.

## 4.8.6 Positioning Completed Output Signal (/COIN)

This signal indicates that servomotor movement has been completed during position control.

When the difference between the number of references output by the host controller and the travel distance of the servomotor (position error) drops below the set value in the parameter, the positioning completion signal will be output.

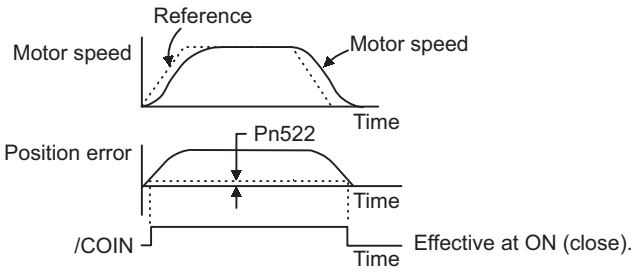
Use this signal to check the completion of positioning from the host controller.

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | /COIN | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | Positioning has been completed. |
| | | | OFF (open) | Positioning is not completed. |

Note: Use parameter Pn50E.0 to allocate the /COIN signal for use. Refer to *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations* for details.

| Pn522 | Positioning Completed Width | | | Position | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 1073741824 | 1 reference unit | 7 | Immediately | Setup |

The positioning completed width setting has no effect on final positioning accuracy.




Note: If the parameter is set to a value that is too large, a positioning completed signal might be output if the position error is low during a low speed operation. This will cause the positioning completed signal to be output continuously. If this signal is output unexpectedly, reduce the set value until it is no longer output.

If the position error is kept to a minimum when the positioning completed width is small, use Pn207.3 to change output timing for the /COIN signal.

| Parameter | | Name | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn207 | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | /COIN Output Timing | When the absolute value of the position error is below the positioning completed width (Pn522). | After restart | Setup |
| | n.1□□□ | | When the absolute value of the position error is below the positioning completed width (Pn522), and the reference after applying the position reference filter is 0. | | |
| | n.2□□□ | | When the absolute value of the position error is below the positioning completed width (Pn522), and the position reference input is 0. | | |

## 4.8.7 Positioning Near Output Signal (/NEAR)

Before confirming that the positioning completed signal has been received, the host controller first receives a positioning near signal and can prepare the operating sequence after positioning has been completed. The time required for this sequence after positioning can be shortened.

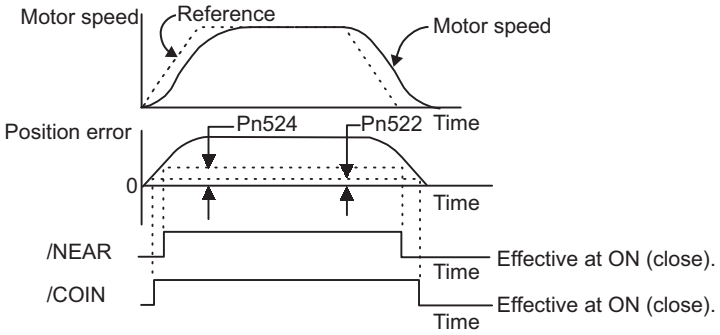
This signal is generally used in combination with the positioning completed output signal.

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | /NEAR | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | The servomotor has reached a point near to positioning completed. |
| | | | OFF (open) | The servomotor has not reached a point near to positioning completed. |

Note: Use parameter Pn510.0 to allocate the /NEAR signal for use. Refer to *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations* for details.

| Pn524 | NEAR Signal Width | | | Position | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 1073741824 | 1 reference unit | 1073741824 | Immediately | Setup |

The positioning near signal (/NEAR) is output when the difference between the number of references output by the host controller and the travel distance of the servomotor (position error) is less than the set value.



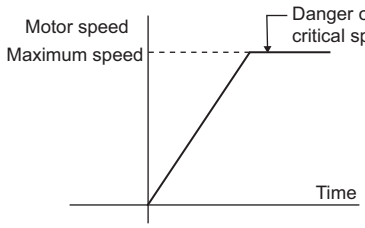
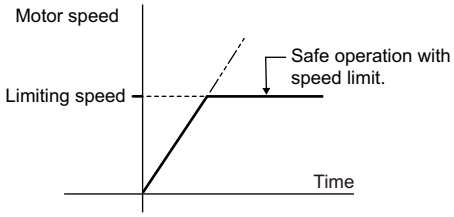

Note: Normally, the value of Pn524 should be larger than that for the positioning completed width (Pn522).

## 4.8.8 Speed Limit Detection Signal (/VLT)

This function limits the speed of the servomotor to protect the machine.

A servomotor in torque control is controlled to output the specified torque, but the motor speed is not controlled. Therefore, if an excessive reference torque is set for the load torque on the machinery side, the speed of the servomotor may increase greatly. If that may occur, use this function to limit the speed.

Note: The actual limit value of motor speed depends on the load conditions of the servomotor.

| With No Speed Limit | With Speed Limit |
|---|---|
|  |  |





The parameters related to the speed limit, such as for selecting the speed limit method, are described next.

### (1) Signals Output during Servomotor Speed Limit

The following signal is output when the motor speed reaches the limit speed.

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | /VLT | Must be allocated | ON (closed) | Servomotor speed limit being applied. |
| | | | OFF (open) | Servomotor speed limit not being applied. |

Note: Use parameter Pn50F.1 to allocate the /VLT signal for use. For details, refer to *3.3.2 Output Signal Allocations*.

### (2) Speed Limit Setting

Select the speed limit mode with Pn002.1.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn002** | n.□□0□ [Factory setting] | VLIM (the speed limit value during torque control) is not available. Uses the value set in Pn407 as the speed limit (internal speed limit function). | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□1□ | VLIM operates as the speed limit value (external speed limit function). | | |

## ■ Internal Speed Limit Function

If the internal speed limit function is selected in Pn002.1, set the limit of the maximum speed of the servomotor in Pn407. The limit of the speed in Pn408.1 can be either the maximum speed of the servomotor or the overspeed alarm detection speed. Select the overspeed alarm detection speed to limit the speed to the maximum speed of the servomotor or the equivalent.

| Pn407 | Speed Limit During Torque Control [Torque] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 10000 | Immediately | Setup |

Note: The servomotor's maximum speed or the overspeed alarm detection speed will be used when the setting in this parameter exceeds the maximum speed of the servomotor used.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn408 | n.☐☐0☐ [Factory setting] | Uses the smaller value of the maximum motor speed and the value of Pn407 as the speed limit value. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.☐☐1☐ | Uses the smaller value of the overspeed alarm detection speed and the value of Pn407 as speed limit value. | | |

## ■ External Speed Limit Function

If the external speed limit mode is selected in Pn002.1, the motor speed is controlled by the speed limit value (VLIM). For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

# 4.9 Safety Function

The safety function is incorporated in the SERVOPACK to reduce the risk associated with the machine by protecting workers from injury and by securing safe machine operation. Especially when working in hazardous areas inside the safeguard, as for machine maintenance, it can be used to avoid adverse machine movement.

## 4.9.1 Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) Function

The Hard Wire Base Block function (hereinafter referred to as HWBB function) is a safety function designed to baseblock the servomotor (shut off the motor current) by using the hardwired circuits. Each circuit for two channel input signals blocks the run signal to turn off the power module that controls the motor current, and the motor current is shut off.

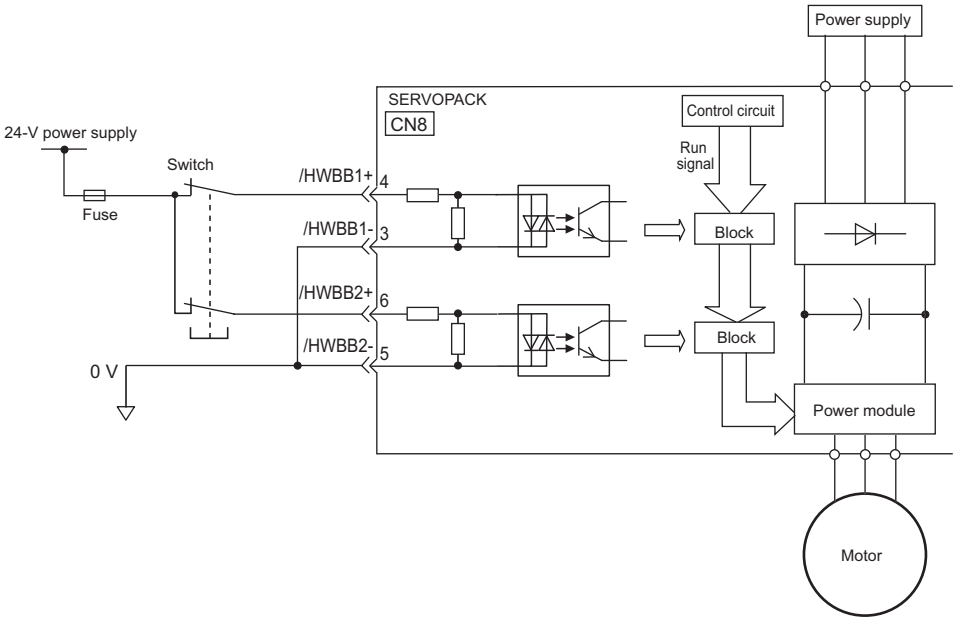
IMPORTANT

For the safety function signal connections, the input signal is the 0 V common and the output signal is the source output. This is opposite to other signals described in this manual. To avoid confusion, the ON and OFF status of signals for the safety functions are defined as follows:

ON: The state in which the relay contacts are closed or the transistor is ON and current flows into the signal line.

OFF: The state in which the relay contacts are open or the transistor is OFF and no current flows into the signal line.

The input signals are connected to the 0 V common. A connection example is provided in the following figure.



## (1) Risk Assessment

When using the HWBB function, be sure to perform a risk assessment of the servo system in advance. Make sure that the safety level of the standards is met. For details on the standards, refer to *Harmonized Standards* in the front of this manual.

Note: To meet the performance level d (PLd) in EN ISO 13849-1, the EDM signal must be monitored by a host controller. If the EDM signal is not monitored by a host controller, the system only qualifies for the performance level c (PLc).

The following risks can be estimated even if the HWBB function is used. These risks must be included in the risk assessment.

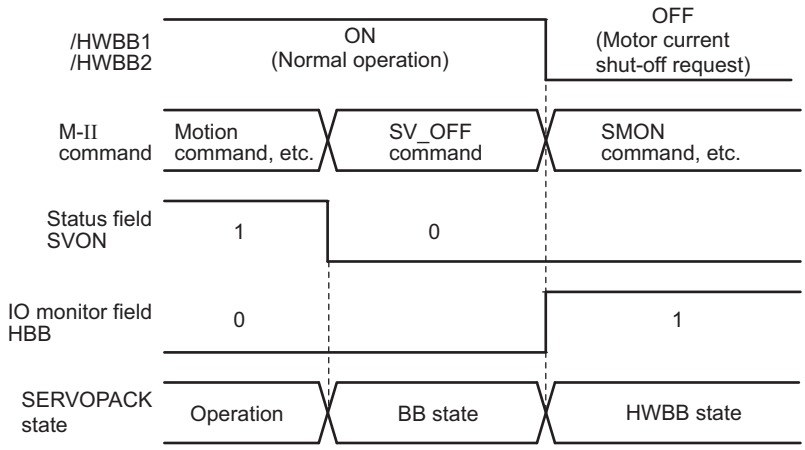
- The servomotor will move in an application where external force is applied to the servomotor (for example, gravity on the vertical axis). Take measures to secure the servomotor, such as installing a mechanical brake.
- The servomotor may move within the electric angle of 180 degrees in case of the power module failure, etc. Make sure that safety is ensured even in that situation. The rotation angle depends on the motor type. The maximum rotation angle is given below.
  Rotational motor: 1/6 rotation max. (rotation angle at the motor shaft)
  Direct drive motor:1/20 rotation max. (rotation angle at the motor shaft)

- The HWBB function does not shut off the power to the SERVOPACK or electrically isolate it. Take measures to shut off the power to the SERVOPACK when performing maintenance on it.

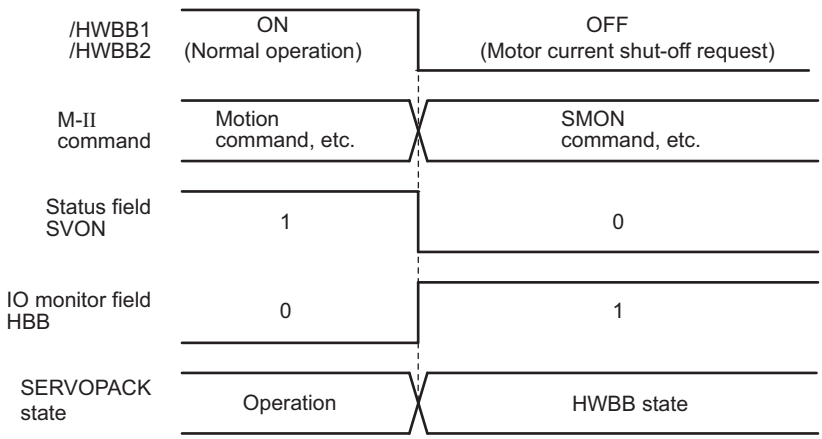
## (2) Hard Wire Base Block (HWBB) State

The SERVOPACK will be in the following state if the HWBB function operates. If the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is OFF, the HWBB function will operate and the SERVOPACK will enter a hard wire baseblock (HWBB) state.

The HWBB function operates after the servomotor power is turned OFF.

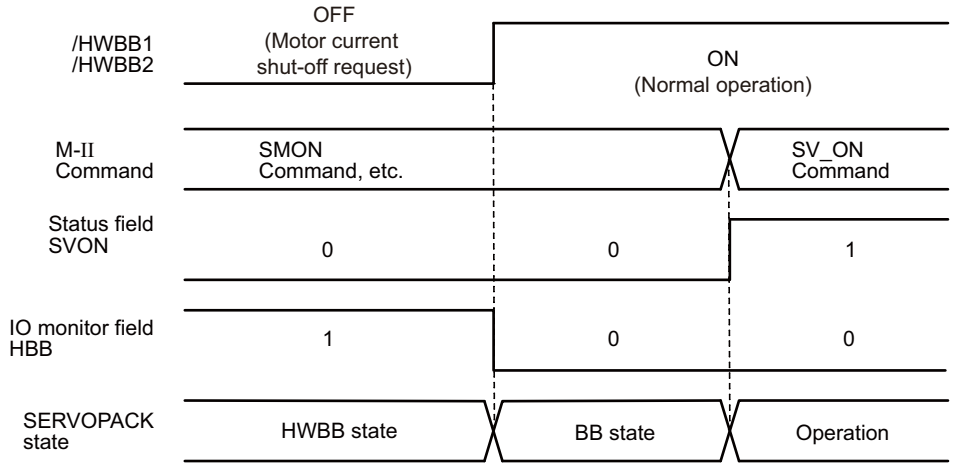



The HWBB function operates while the servomotor power is ON.



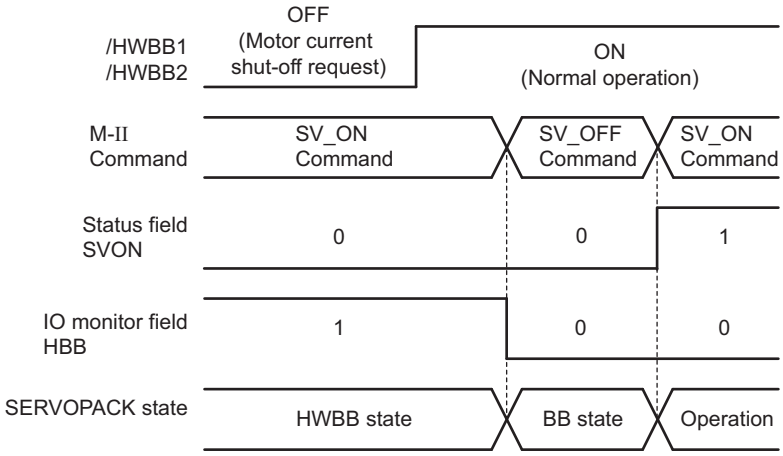
### (3) Resetting the HWBB State

Usually after the servo OFF command (SV_OFF: 32H) is received and the servomotor power is OFF, the SERVOPACK will then enter a hard wire baseblock (HWBB) state with the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals turned OFF. By then turning the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals ON in this state, the SERVOPACK will enter a baseblock (BB) state and can accept the servo ON command (SV_ON: 31H).




If the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are OFF and the servo ON command is received, the HWBB state will be maintained after the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are turned ON.

Send the servo OFF command, and the SERVOPACK is placed in a BB state. Then send the servo ON command again.




Note: Even if the servomotor power is turned OFF by turning OFF the main circuit power, the HWBB status is retained until a servo OFF command is received.

### (4) Related Commands

If the HWBB function is working with the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal turned OFF, the setting of IO monitoring field D10 (HBB) changes to 1, so the status of the upper level apparatus can be known by looking at the setting of this bit.

If the status becomes HWBB status during the execution of the next command, a command warning is issued. If a warning is given, clear the alarm to return to normal operational status. After stopping or canceling the action command, using the sequence of commands to return to the HWBB status is recommended.

| Object Action Commands |
|---|
| Servo ON (SV_ON) |
| Interpolating (INTERPORATE) |
| Positioning (POSING) |
| Constant speed feed (FEED) |
| Interpolating with position detection function (LATCH) |
| External input positioning (EX_POSING) |
| Homing (ZRET) |

### (5) Error Detection in HWBB Signal

If only the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is input, an A.Eb1 alarm (Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error) will occur unless the other signal is input within 10 seconds. This makes it possible to detect failures, such as disconnection of the HWBB signals.

**⚠ CAUTION**

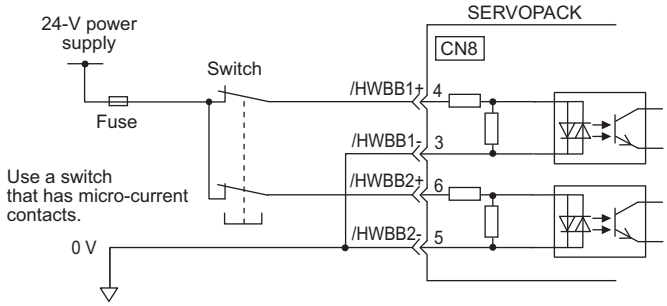
- The safety function signal input timing error alarm (A.Eb1) is not a safety-related part of a control system. Keep this in mind in the system design.

## (6) Connection Example and Specifications of Input Signals (HWBB Signals)

The input signals must be redundant. A connection example and specifications of input signals (HWBB signals) are shown below.

> **IMPORTANT**
>
> For safety function signal connections, the input signal is the 0 V common and the output signal is the source output. This is opposite to other signals described in this manual. To avoid confusion, the ON and OFF status of signals for safety functions are defined as follows:
>
> ON: The state in which the relay contacts are closed or the transistor is ON and current flows into the signal line.
>
> OFF: The state in which the relay contacts are open or the transistor is OFF and no current flows into the signal line.

### ■ Connection Example



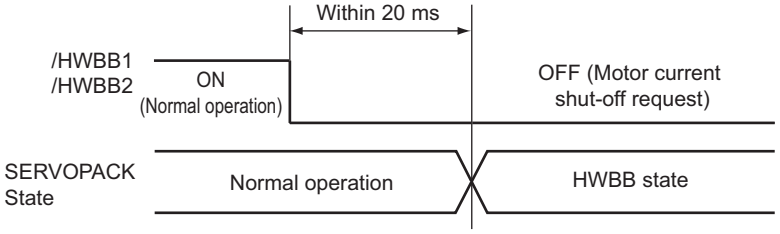

### ■ Specifications

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input | /HWBB1 | CN8-4<br>CN8-3 | ON (closed) | Does not use the HWBB function. (normal operation) |
| | | | OFF (open) | Uses the HWBB function. (motor current shut-off request) |
| | /HWBB2 | CN8-6<br>CN8-5 | ON (closed) | Does not use the HWBB function. (normal operation) |
| | | | OFF (open) | Uses the HWBB function. (motor current shut-off request) |

The input signals (HWBB signals) have the following electrical characteristics.

| Items | Characteristics | Remarks |
|---|---|---|
| Internal Impedance | 3.3 kΩ | – |
| Operation Movable Voltage Range | +11 to + 25 V | – |
| Maximum Delay Time | 20 ms | Time from the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are OFF to the HWBB function operates. |

If the HWBB function is requested by turning OFF the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signals on the two channels, the power supply to the servomotor will be turned OFF within 20 ms (see below).




Note 1. The OFF status is not recognized if the total OFF time of the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals is 0.5 ms or shorter.
2. The status of the input signals can be checked using monitor displays. For details, refer to *7.5 Monitoring Safety Input Signals*.

## (7) Operation with Utility Functions

The HWBB function works while the SERVOPACK operates in the utility function.

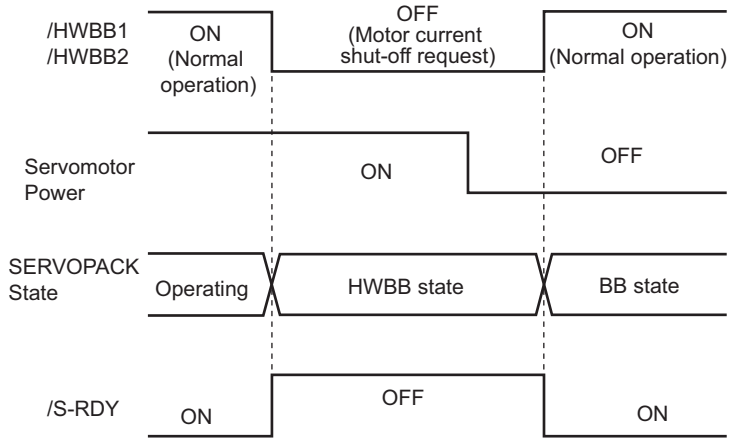
If any of the following utility functions is being used with the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals turned OFF, the SERVOPACK cannot be operated by turning ON the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals. Cancel the utility function first, and then set the SERVOPACK to the utility function again and restart operation.

- JOG operation (Fn002)
- Origin search (Fn003)
- Program JOG operation (Fn004)
- Advanced autotuning (Fn201)
- EasyFFT (Fn206)
- Automatic offset-signal adjustment of motor current detection signal (Fn00E)

## (8) Servo Ready Output (/S-RDY)

The servo ready output will turn OFF because the servo ON (SV_ON: 31 H) command cannot be accepted in the HWBB state.
The servo ready output will turn ON if the servomotor power is OFF (set to BB state) when both the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are ON.

The following diagram shows an example where the main circuit power supply is turned ON, the Turn Encoder Power Supply ON (SENS_ON) command is sent (with an absolute encoder), and no servo alarm occurs.




## (9) Brake Signal (/BK)

When the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is OFF and the HWBB function operates, the brake signal (/BK) will turn OFF. At that time, Pn506 (brake reference - servo OFF delay time) will be disabled. Therefore, the servomotor may be moved by external force until the actual brake becomes effective after the brake signal (/BK) turns OFF.

### ⚠ CAUTION

- The brake signal is not a safety-related part of a control system. Be sure to design the system so that the system will not be put into danger if the brake signal fails in the HWBB state. Moreover, if a servomotor with a brake is used, keep in mind that the brake for the servomotor is used only to prevent the movable part from being moved by gravity or an external force and it cannot be used to brake the servomotor.

### (10) Dynamic Brake

If the dynamic brake is enabled in Pn001.0 (Stopping Method for Servomotor after SV_OFF Command is Received), the servomotor will come to a stop under the control of the dynamic brake when the HWBB function works while the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal is OFF.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- The dynamic brake is not a safety-related part of a control system. Be sure to design the system so that the system will not be put into danger if the servomotor coasts to a stop in the HWBB state. Usually, use a sequence in which the HWBB state occurs after the servomotor is stopped using the reference.
- If the application frequently uses the HWBB function, do not use the dynamic brake to stop the servomotor. Otherwise element deterioration in the SERVOPACK may result. To prevent internal elements from deteriorating, use a sequence in which the HWBB state occurs after the servomotor has come to a stop.

### (11) Servo Alarm Output Signal (ALM)

In the HWBB state, the servo alarm output signal (ALM) is not sent.

## 4.9.2 External Device Monitor (EDM1)

The external device monitor (EDM1) functions to monitor failures in the HWBB function. Connect the monitor to feedback signals to the safety function device.

Note: To meet the performance level d (PLd) in EN ISO13849-1, the EDM signal must be monitored by a host controller. If the EDM signal is not monitored by a host controller, the system only qualifies for the performance level c (PLc).

### ■ Failure Detection Signal for EDM1 Signal

The relation of the EDM1, /HWBB1, and /HWBB2 signals is shown below.

Detection of failures in the EDM1 circuit can be checked using the following four status of the EDM1 signal in the table. Failures can be detected if the failure status can be confirmed, e.g., when the power supply is turned ON.

| Signal Name | Logic | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| /HWBB1 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| /HWBB2 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |
| EDM1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |

**⚠ WARNING**

- The EDM1 signal is not a safety output. Use it only for monitoring a failure.

## (1) Connection Example and Specifications of EDM1 Output Signal

Connection example and specifications of EDM1 output signal are explained below.

IMPORTANT

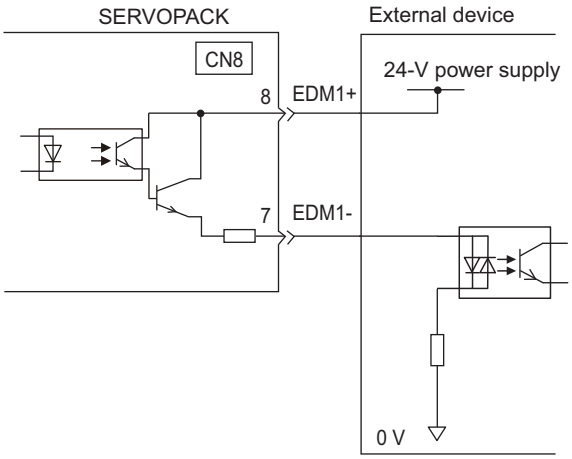
For safety function signal connections, the input signal is the 0 V common and the output signal is the source output. This is opposite to other signals described in this manual. To avoid confusion, the ON and OFF status of signals for safety functions are defined as follows:

ON: The state in which the relay contacts are closed or the transistor is ON and current flows into the signal line.

OFF: The state in which the relay contacts are open or the transistor is OFF and no current flows into the signal line.

### ■ Connection Example

EDM1 output signal is used for source circuit.




### ■ Specifications

| Type | Signal Name | Connector Pin Number | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Output | EDM1 | CN8-8<br>CN8-7 | ON (closed) | Both the /HWBB1 and the /HWBB2 signals are working normally. |
| | | | OFF (open) | The /HWBB1 signal, the /HWBB2 signal or both are not working normally. |

Electrical characteristics of EDM1 signal are as follows.

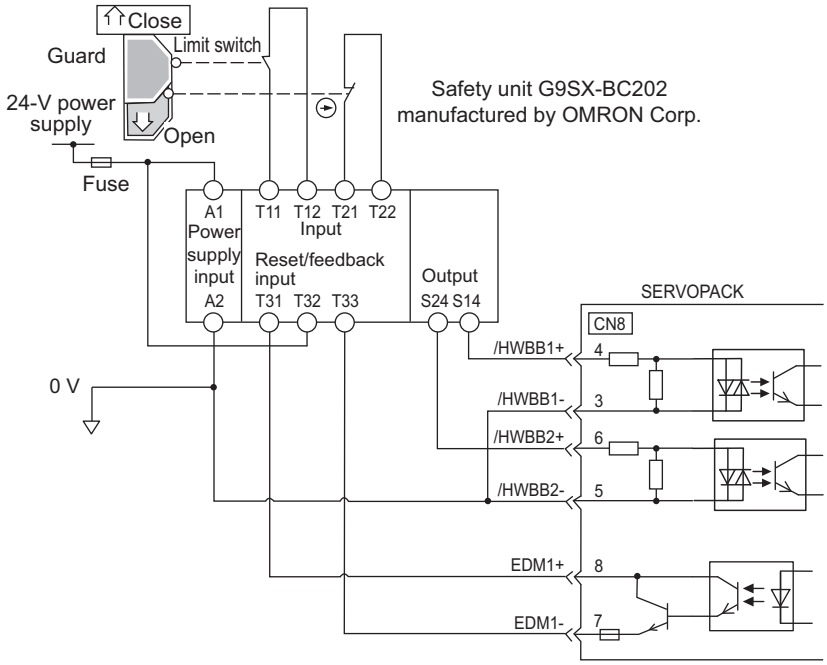
| Items | Characteristics | Remarks |
|---|---|---|
| Maximum Allowable Voltage | 30 VDC | – |
| Maximum Allowable Current | 50 mADC | – |
| Maximum Voltage Drop at ON | 1.0 V | Voltage between EDM1+ and EDM1- when current is 50 mA |
| Maximum Delay Time | 20 ms | Time from the change in /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 until the change in EDM1 |

## 4.9.3 Application Example of Safety Functions

An example of using safety functions is shown below.

### (1) Connection Example

In the following example, a safety unit is used and the HWBB function operates when the guard opens.




When a guard opens, both of signals, the /HWBB1 and the /HWBB2, turn OFF, and the EDM1 signal turns ON. Since the feedback is ON when the guard closes, the safety unit is reset, and the /HWBB1 and the /HWBB2 signals turn ON, and the operation becomes possible.

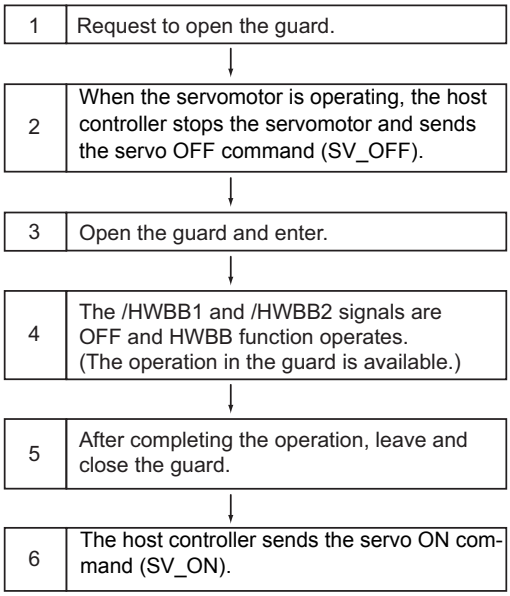
Note: The EDM1 signal is used as a sourcing output. Connect the EDM1 so that the current flows from EMD1+ to EMD1-.

### (2) Failure Detection Method

In case of a failure such as the /HWBB1 or the /HWBB2 signal remains ON, the safety unit is not reset when the guard closes because the EDM1 signal keeps OFF. Therefore starting is impossible, then the failure is detected.

In this case, an error in the external device, disconnection or short-circuiting of the external wiring, or a failure in the SERVOPACK must be considered. Find the cause and correct the problem.

### (3) Procedure



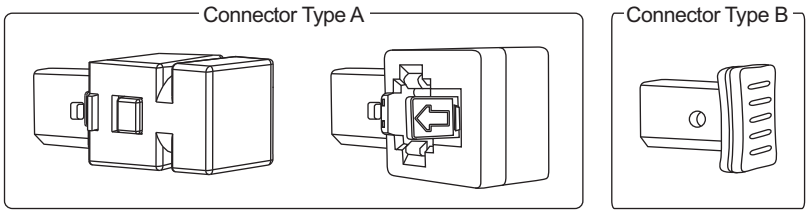

## 4.9.4 Confirming Safety Functions

When starting the equipment or replacing the SERVOPACK for maintenance, be sure to conduct the following confirmation test on the HWBB function after wiring.

- Confirm that the SERVOPACK enters a hard wire base block state and that the servomotor does not operate when the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals are OFF.
- Check the ON/OFF states of the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals with Un015.
  → If the ON/OFF states of the signals do not coincide with the display, an error in the external device, disconnection or short-circuiting of the external wiring, or a failure in the SERVOPACK must be considered. Find the cause and correct the problem.
- Check with the display of the feedback circuit input of the connected device to confirm that the EDM1 signal is OFF while in normal operation.

## 4.9.5 Safety Device Connections

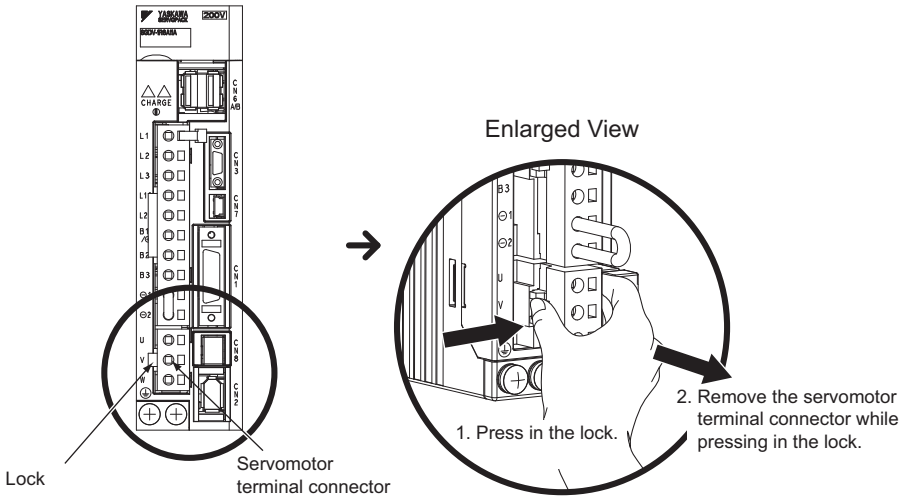
There are two types of the safety function's jumper connectors that are attached to SERVOPACKs. You must remove a safety function's jumper connector before connecting a safety function device. The connection method depends on the connector type that is used. Read the following procedures well before you attach a safety function device.




Use the following procedures to attach safety function devices.

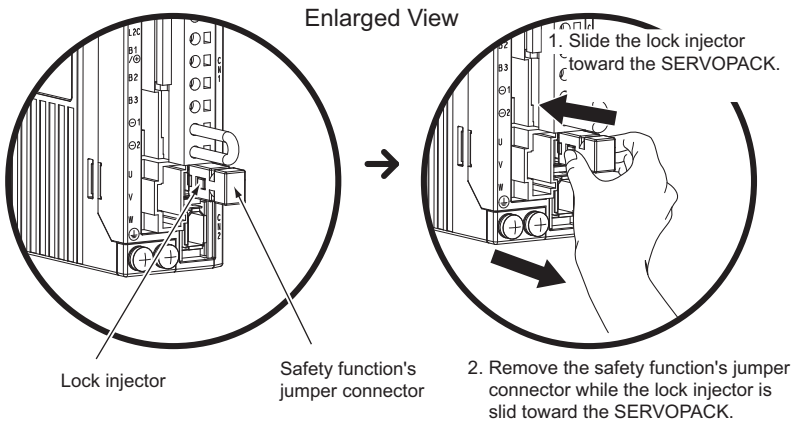
### (1) Connector Type A

**1.** SGDV-R70F, SGDV-R90F, SGDV-2R1F, SGDV-R70A, SGDV-R90A, SGDV-1R6A, SGDV-2R8A, SGDV-1R9D, SGDV-3R5D, or SGDV-5R4D SERVOPACK
Disconnect the servomotor terminal connector while pressing in the servomotor terminal connector lock.




When Using Any Other SERVOPACK
It is not necessary to remove the servomotor connection terminals. Proceed to step 2.

**2.** Slide the lock injector on the safety function's jumper connector toward the SERVOPACK to unlock it and remove the safety function's jumper connector.



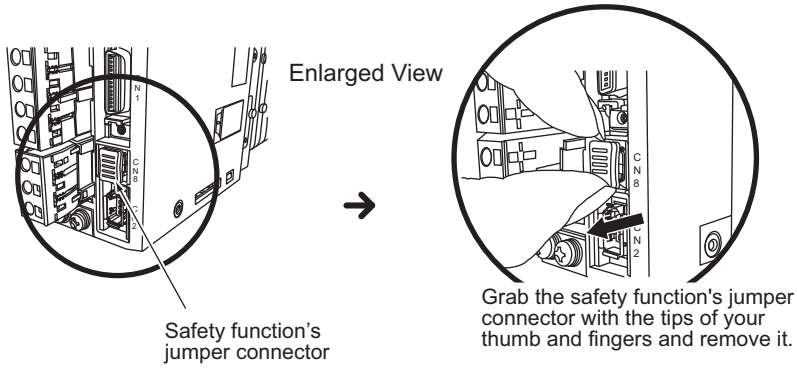

Note: The safety function's jumper connector may be damaged if removed while the lock is still on.

**3.** Connect the safety function device to the safety connector (CN8).

Note: If you do not connect a safety function device, leave the safety function's jumper connector connected to the safety connector (CN8). If the SERVOPACK is used without the safety function's jumper connector connected to CN8, no current will be supplied to the servomotor and no motor torque will be output. In this case, the SERVOPACK will enter a hard wire base block state.

(2) Connector Type B

**1.** Remove the safety function's jumper connector from the safety connector (CN8).




**2.** Connect the safety function device to the safety connector (CN8).

Note: If you do not connect a safety function device, leave the safety function's jumper connector connected to the safety connector (CN8). If the SERVOPACK is used without the safety function's jumper connector connected to CN8, no current will be supplied to the servomotor and no motor torque will be output. In this case, the SERVOPACK will enter a hard wire base block state.

## 4.9.6 Precautions for Safety Functions

**⚠ WARNING**

- To check that the HWBB function satisfies the safety requirements of the system, be sure to conduct a risk assessment of the system.
  Incorrect use of the machine may cause injury.
- The servomotor rotates if there is external force (e.g., gravity in a vertical axis) when the HWBB function is operating. Therefore, use an appropriate device independently, such as a mechanical brake, that satisfies safety requirements.
  Incorrect use of the machine may cause injury.
- While the HWBB function is operating, the motor may rotate within an electric angle of 180° or less as a result of a SERVOPACK failure. Use the HWBB function for applications only after checking that the rotation of the motor will not result in a dangerous condition.
  Incorrect use of the machine may cause injury.
- The dynamic brake and the brake signal are not safety-related parts of a control system. Be sure to design the system that these failures will not cause a dangerous condition when the HWBB function operates.
  Incorrect use of the machine may cause injury.
- Connect devices meeting safety standards for the signals for safety functions.
  Incorrect use of the machine may cause injury.
- The HWBB function does not shut off the power to the SERVOPACK or electrically isolate it. Take measures to shut off the power to the SERVOPACK when performing maintenance on it.
  Failure to observe this warning may cause an electric shock.

# 5

# Adjustments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# 5.1 Type of Adjustments and Basic Adjustment Procedure

This section describes type of adjustments and the basic adjustment procedure.

## 5.1.1 Adjustments

Adjustments (tuning) are performed to optimize the responsiveness of the SERVOPACK.

The responsiveness is determined by the servo gain that is set in the SERVOPACK.

The servo gain is set using a combination of parameters, such as speed loop gain, position loop gain, filters, friction compensation, and moment of inertia ratio. These parameters influence each other. Therefore, the servo gain must be set considering the balance between the set values.

Generally, the responsiveness of a machine with high rigidity can be improved by increasing the servo gain. If the servo gain of a machine with low rigidity is increased, however, the machine will vibrate and the responsiveness may not be improved. In such case, it is possible to suppress the vibration with a variety of vibration suppression functions in the SERVOPACK.

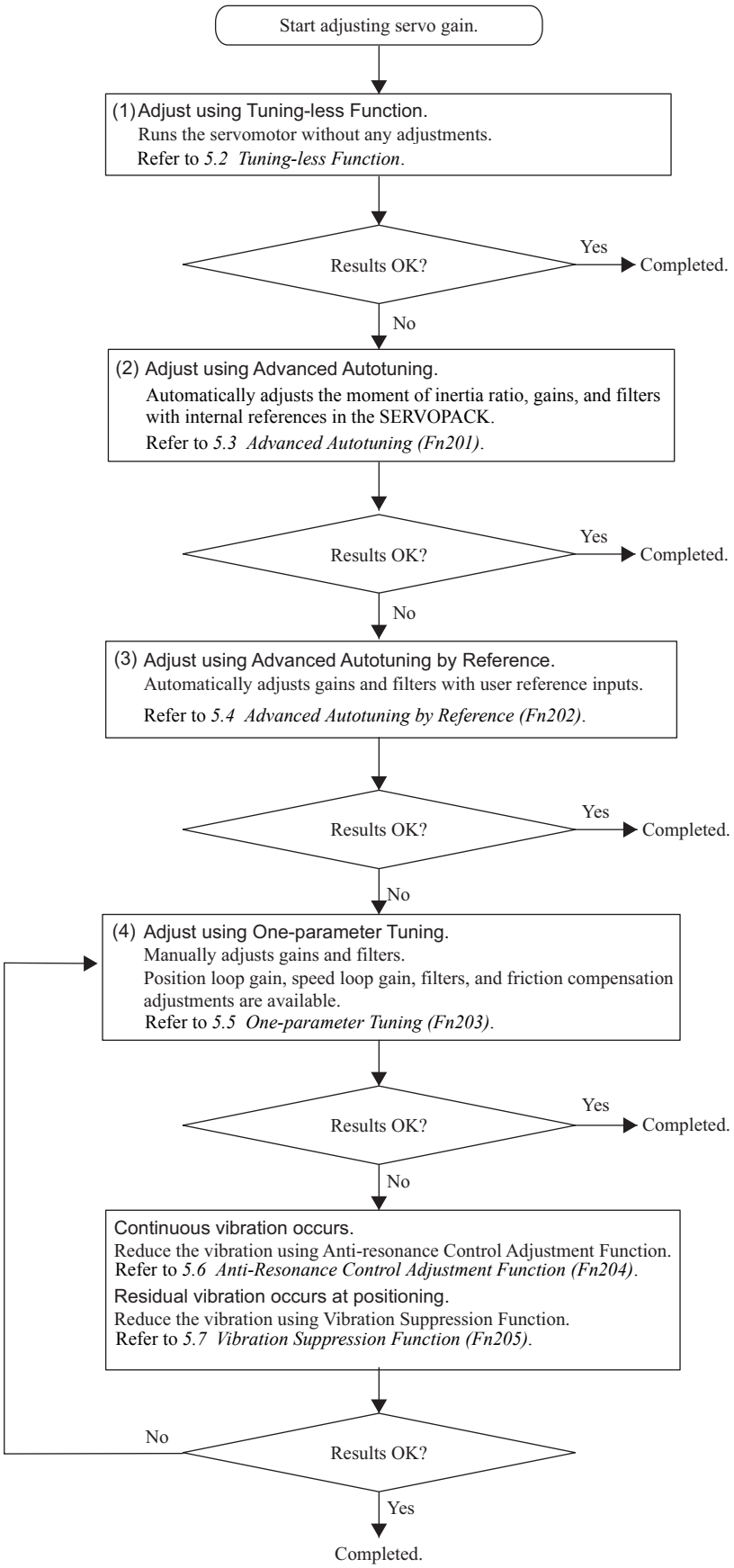
The servo gains are factory-set to appropriate values for stable operation. The following utility function can be used to adjust the servo gain to increase the responsiveness of the machine in accordance with the actual conditions. With this function, parameters related to adjustment above will be adjusted automatically and the need to adjust them individually will be eliminated.

This section describes the following utility adjustment functions.

| Utility Function for Adjustment | Outline | Applicable Control Method |
|---|---|---|
| Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) | This function is enabled when the factory settings are used. This function can be used to obtain a stable response regardless of the type of machine or changes in the load. | Speed and Position |
| Advanced Autotuning (Fn201) | The following parameters are automatically adjusted using internal references in the SERVOPACK during automatic operation.<br>• Moment of inertia ratio<br>• Gains (position loop gain, speed loop gain, etc.)<br>• Filters (torque reference filter, notch filter)<br>• Friction compensation<br>• Anti-resonance control adjustment function<br>• Vibration suppression function | Speed and Position |
| Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202) | The following parameters are automatically adjusted with the position reference input from the host controller while the machine is in operation.<br>• Gains (position loop gain, speed loop gain, etc.)<br>• Filters (torque reference filter, notch filter)<br>• Friction compensation<br>• Anti-resonance control adjustment function<br>• Vibration suppression function | Position |
| One-parameter Tuning (Fn203) | The following parameters are manually adjusted with the position or speed reference input from the host controller while the machine is in operation.<br>• Gains (position loop gain, speed loop gain, etc.)<br>• Filters (torque reference filter, notch filter)<br>• Friction compensation<br>• Anti-resonance control adjustment function | Speed and Position |
| Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function (Fn204) | This function effectively suppresses continuous vibration. | Speed and Position |
| Vibration Suppression Function (Fn205) | This function effectively suppresses residual vibration if it occurs when positioning. | Position |

## 5.1.2 Basic Adjustment Procedure

The basic adjustment procedure is shown in the following flowchart. Make suitable adjustments considering the conditions and operating requirements of the machine.



## 5.1.3 Monitoring Operation during Adjustment

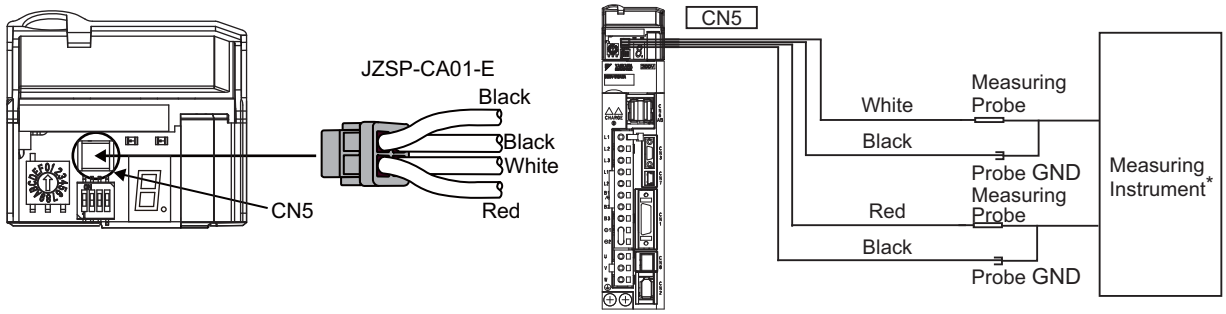
Check the operating status of the machine and signal waveform when adjusting the servo gain. Connect a measuring instrument, such as a memory recorder, to connector CN5 analog monitor connector on the SERVOPACK to monitor analog signal waveform.

The settings and parameters for monitoring analog signals are described in the following sections.

### (1) Connector CN5 for Analog Monitor

To monitor analog signals, connect a measuring instrument to connector CN5 with an analog monitor cable (model: JZSP-CA01-E).

■ Connection Example

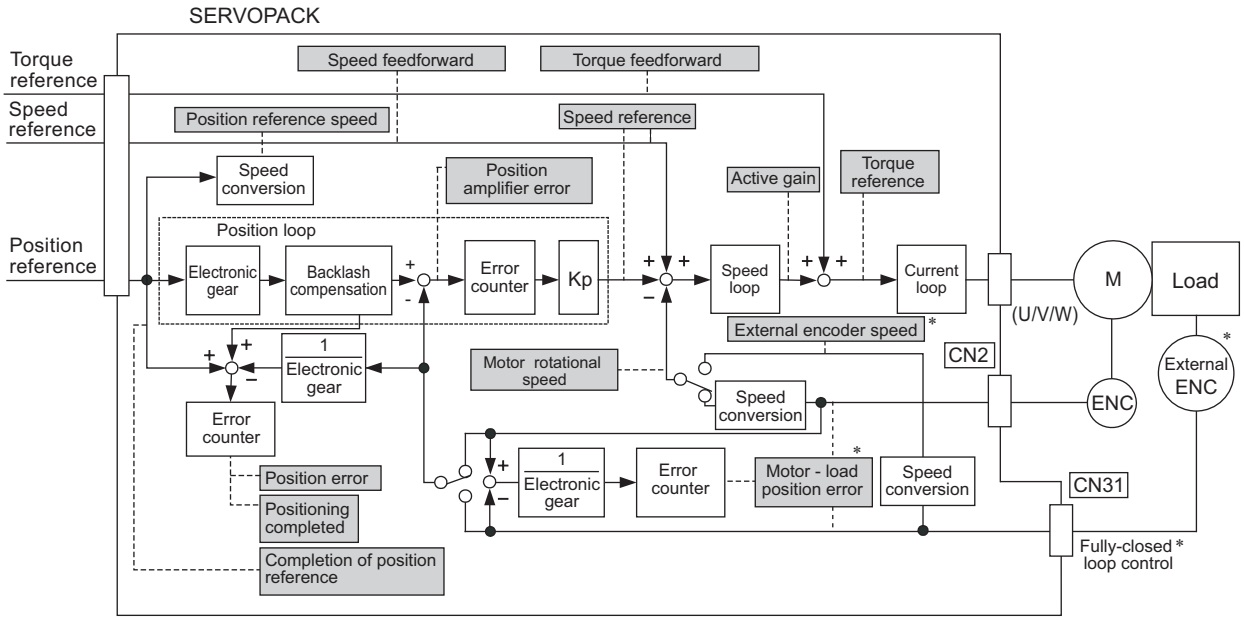



* You must acquire the measuring instrument separately.

| Line Color | Signal Name | Factory Setting |
|---|---|---|
| White | Analog monitor 1 | Torque reference: 1 V/100% rated torque |
| Red | Analog monitor 2 | Motor speed: 1 V/1000 $min^{-1}$ |
| Black (2 lines) | GND | Analog monitor GND: 0 V |

### (2) Monitor Signal

The shaded parts in the following diagram indicate analog output signals that can be monitored.




* Available when the fully-closed loop control is being used.

The following signals can be monitored by selecting functions with parameters Pn006 and Pn007.
Pn006 is used for analog monitor 1 and Pn007 is used for analog monitor 2.

| Parameter | | Description | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Monitor Signal | Unit | Remarks |
| **Pn006 Pn007** | n.☐☐00 [Pn007 Factory Setting] | Motor rotating speed | 1 V/1000 $min^{-1}$ | – |
| | n.☐☐01 | Speed reference | 1 V/1000 $min^{-1}$ | – |
| | n.☐☐02 [Pn006 Factory Setting] | Torque reference | 1 V/100% rated torque | – |
| | n.☐☐03 | Position error | 0.05 V/1 reference unit | 0 V at speed/torque control |
| | n.☐☐04 | Position amplifier error | 0.05 V/1 encoder pulse unit | Position error after electronic gear conversion |
| | n.☐☐05 | Position reference speed | 1 V/1000 $min^{-1}$ | – |
| | n.☐☐06 | Reserved (Do not set.) | – | – |
| | n.☐☐07 | Motor-load position error | 0.01 V/1 reference unit | – |
| | n.☐☐08 | Positioning completed | Positioning completed: 5 V<br>Positioning not completed: 0 V | Completion indicated by output voltage. |
| | n.☐☐09 | Speed feedforward | 1 V/1000 $min^{-1}$ | – |
| | n.☐☐0A | Torque feedforward | 1 V/100% rated torque | – |
| | n.☐☐0B | Active gain * | 1st gain: 1 V<br>2nd gain: 2 V | Gain type indicated by output voltage. |
| | n.☐☐0C | Completion of position reference | Completed: 5 V<br>Not completed: 0 V | Completion indicated by output voltage. |
| | n.☐☐0D | External encoder speed | 1 V/1000 $min^{-1}$ | Value at motor shaft |

* Refer to *5.8.1 Switching Gain Settings* for details.

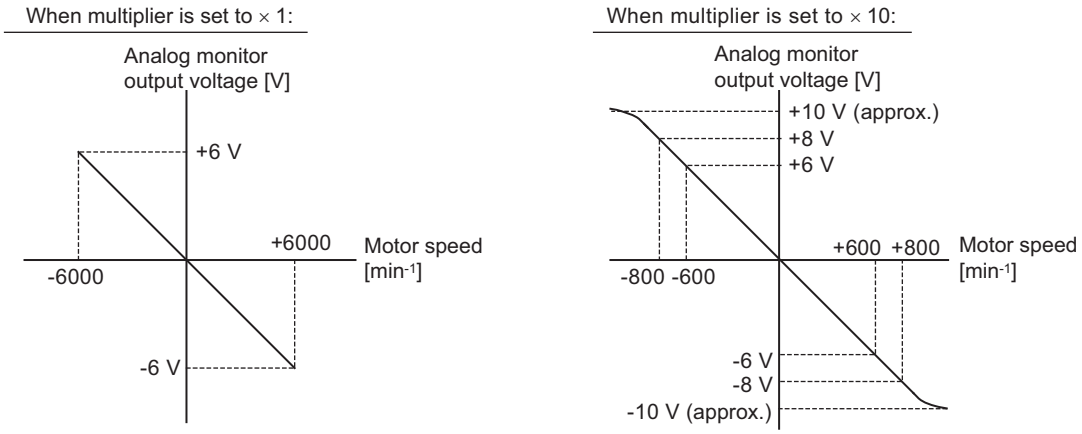
## (3) Setting Monitor Factor

The output voltages on analog monitors 1 and 2 are calculated by the following equations.

$$\text{Analog monitor 1 output voltage} = (-1) \times \left( \underset{(\text{Pn006=n.00}\square\square)}{\text{Signal selection}} \times \underset{(\text{Pn552})}{\text{Multiplier}} + \underset{(\text{Pn550})}{\text{Offset voltage [V]}} \right)$$

$$\text{Analog monitor 2 output voltage} = (-1) \times \left( \underset{(\text{Pn007=n.00}\square\square)}{\text{Signal selection}} \times \underset{(\text{Pn553})}{\text{Multiplier}} + \underset{(\text{Pn551})}{\text{Offset voltage [V]}} \right)$$

<Example>
Analog monitor output at n.□□00 (motor rotating speed setting)




Note: Linear effective range: within ± 8 V
Output resolution: 16-bit

## (4) Related Parameters

Use the following parameters to change the monitor factor and the offset.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn550** | Analog Monitor 1 Offset Voltage | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | -10000 to 10000 | 0.1 V | 0 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn551** | Analog Monitor 2 Offset Voltage | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | -10000 to 10000 | 0.1 V | 0 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn552** | Analog Monitor Magnification (× 1) | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | -10000 to 10000 | × 0.01 | 100 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn553** | Analog Monitor Magnification (× 2) | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | -10000 to 10000 | × 0.01 | 100 | Immediately | Setup |

## 5.1.4 Safety Precautions on Adjustment of Servo Gains

**⚠ CAUTION**

- If adjusting the servo gains, observe the following precautions.
  - Do not touch the rotating section of the servomotor while power is being supplied to the motor.
  - Before starting the servomotor, make sure that the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.
  - Make sure that a trial operation has been performed without any trouble.
  - Install a safety brake on the machine.

Set the following protective functions of the SERVOPACK to suitable settings before you start to adjust the servo gains.

### (1) Overtravel Function

Set the overtravel function. For details on how to set the overtravel function, refer to *4.3.2 Overtravel*.

### (2) Torque Limit

The torque limit calculates the torque required to operate the machine and sets the torque limits so that the output torque will not be greater than required. Setting torque limits can reduce the amount of shock applied to the machine when troubles occur, such as collisions or interference. If a torque limit is set lower than the value that is needed for operation, overshooting or vibration can be occurred.
For details, refer to *4.6 Limiting Torque*.

### (3) Excessive Position Error Alarm Level

The excessive position error alarm is a protective function that will be enabled when the SERVOPACK is used in position control.

If this alarm level is set to a suitable value, the SERVOPACK will detect an excessive position error and will stop the servomotor if the servomotor does not operate according to the reference. The position error indicates the difference between the position reference value and the actual motor position.
The position error can be calculated from the position loop gain (Pn102) and the motor speed with the following equation.

$$\text{Position Error [reference unit]} = \frac{\text{Motor Speed [min}^{-1}\text{]}}{60} \times \frac{\text{Encoder Resolution}^{*1}}{\text{Pn102 [0.1/s]}/10^{*2,\,*3}} \times \frac{\text{Pn210}}{\text{Pn20E}}$$

- Excessive Position Error Alarm Level (Pn520 [1 reference unit])

$$\text{Pn520} > \frac{\text{Max. Motor Speed [min}^{-1}\text{]}}{60} \times \frac{\text{Encoder Resolution}^{*1}}{\text{Pn102 [0.1/s]}/10^{*2,\,*3}} \times \frac{\text{Pn210}}{\text{Pn20E}} \times \underline{\underline{(1.2 \text{ to } 2)}}^{*4}$$

∗1. Refer to *4.4.3 Electronic Gear*.
∗2. When model following control is enabled (Pn140 = n.□□□1), use the set value in Pn141 and not in Pn102.
∗3. To check the setting in Pn102, change the parameter display setting to display all parameters (Pn00B = n.□□□1).
∗4. The underlined "(1.2 to 2)" portion is a factor that creates a margin so that a position error overflow alarm (A.d00) does not frequently occur.

Set the level to a value that satisfies these equations, and no position error overflow alarm (A.d00) will be generated during normal operation.

The servomotor will be stopped, however, if it does not operate according to the reference and the SERVOPACK detects an excessive position error.

The following example outlines how the maximum limit for position deviation is calculated. These conditions apply.

- Maximum speed = 6000
- Encoder resolution = 1048576 (20 bits)
- Pn102 = 400
- $\frac{\text{Pn210}}{\text{Pn20E}} = \frac{1}{1}$

Under these conditions, the following equation is used to calculate the maximum limit (Pn520).

$$\text{Pn520} = \frac{6000}{60} \times \frac{1048576}{400/10} \times \frac{1}{1} \times 2$$

$$= 2621440 \times 2$$

$$= 5242880 \text{ (The factory setting of Pn520)}$$

If the acceleration/deceleration of the position reference exceeds the capacity of the servomotor, the servomotor cannot perform at the requested speed, and the allowable level for position error will be increased as not to satisfy these equations. If so, lower the level of the acceleration/deceleration for the position reference so that the servomotor can perform at the requested speed or increase the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520).

■ Related Parameter

| Pn520 | Excessive Position Error Alarm Level [Position] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | 5242880 | Immediately | Setup |

■ Related Alarm

| Alarm Display | Alarm Name | Meaning |
|---|---|---|
| A.d00 | Position Error Overflow | Position errors exceeded parameter Pn520. |

## (4) Vibration Detection Function

Set the vibration detection function to an appropriate value with the vibration detection level initialization (Fn01B). For details on how to set the vibration detection function, refer to *6.16 Vibration Detection Level Initialization (Fn01B)*.

## (5) Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON

If position errors remain in the error counter when turning ON the servomotor power, the servomotor will move and this movement will clear the counter of all position errors. Because the servomotor will move suddenly and unexpectedly, safety precautions are required. To prevent the servomotor from moving suddenly, select the appropriate level for the excessive position error alarm level at servo ON (Pn526) to restrict operation of the servomotor.

■ Related Parameters

| Pn526 | Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON [Position] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | 5242880 | Immediately | Setup |

| Pn528 | Excessive Position Error Warning Level at Servo ON [Position] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 100 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Setup |

| Pn529 | Speed Limit Level at Servo ON [Position] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 10000 | Immediately | Setup |

## ■ Related Alarms

| Alarm Display | Alarm Name | Meaning |
|---|---|---|
| A.d01 | Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON | This alarm occurs if the servomotor power is turned ON when the position error is greater than the set value of Pn526 while the servomotor power is OFF. |
| A.d02 | Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ON | When the position errors remain in the error counter, Pn529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is turned ON. If Pn529 limits the speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position references are input and the number of position errors exceeds the value set for the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520). |

When an alarm occurs, refer to *9 Troubleshooting* and take the corrective actions.

# 5.2 Tuning-less Function

The tuning-less function is enabled in the factory settings. If resonance is generated or excessive vibration occurs, refer to *5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure* and change the set value of Pn170.2 for the rigidity level and the set value in Pn170.3 for the load level.

> **⚠ CAUTION**
>
> - The tuning-less function is enabled in the factory settings. A sound may be heard for a moment when the SV_ON command is received for the first time after the servo drive is mounted to the machine. This sound does not indicate any problems; it means that the automatic notch filter was set. The sound will not be heard from the next time the SV_ON command is received. For details on the automatic notch filter, refer to *(3) Automatically Setting the Notch Filter* on the next page.
> - Set the mode to 2 in Fn200 if a 13-bit encoder is used with the moment of inertia ratio set to x10 or higher.
> - The servomotor may vibrate if the load moment of inertia exceeds the allowable load value. If vibration occurs, set the mode to 2 in Fn200 or lower the adjustment level.

## 5.2.1 Tuning-less Function

The tuning-less function obtains a stable response without manual adjustment regardless of the type of machine or changes in the load.

### (1) Enabling/Disabling Tuning-less Function

The following parameter is used to enable or disable the tuning-less function.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn170** | n.□□□0 | Disables tuning-less function. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 [Factory setting] | Enables tuning-less function. | | |
| | n.□□0□ [Factory setting] | Used as speed control. | | |
| | n.□□1□ | Used as speed control and host controller used as position control. | | |

### (2) Application Restrictions

The tuning-less function can be used in position control or speed control. This function is not available in torque control. The following application restrictions apply to the tuning-less function.

| Function | Availability | Remarks |
|---|---|---|
| Vibration detection level initialization (Fn01B) | Available | – |
| Advanced autotuning (Fn201) | Available (Some conditions apply) | • Execute this function when calculating the moment of inertia (Jcalc = ON) is set.<br>• The tuning-less function is disabled while Fn201 is being executed. It remains disabled after Fn201 is completed. |
| Advanced autotuning by reference (Fn202) | Not available | – |
| One-parameter tuning (Fn203) | Not available | – |
| Anti-resonance control adjustment function (Fn204) | Not available | – |
| Vibration suppression function (Fn205) | Not available | – |
| EasyFFT (Fn206) | Available | While this function is being used, the tuning-less function cannot be used. After completion of the EasyFFT, it can be used again. |
| Friction compensation | Not available | – |
| Gain switching | Not available | – |

(cont'd)

| Function | Availability | Remarks |
|---|---|---|
| Offline moment of inertia calculation * | Not available | Disable the tuning-less function by setting Pn170.0 to 0 before executing this function. |
| Mechanical analysis* | Available | While this function is being used, the tuning-less function cannot be used. After completion of the analysis, it can be used again. |

* Operate using SigmaWin+.

## (3) Automatically Setting the Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.)
If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically and the notch filter will be set when the tuning-less function is enabled.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing tuning-less function.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn460** | n.□0□□ | Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with utility function. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□1□□ [Factory setting] | Set the 2nd notch filter automatically with utility function. | | |

IMPORTANT

Always set Pn460.2 to 0 in the following cases.

- Mechanism that produces a large disturbance (such as gears)
- When using torque limits
- When the speed references are step inputs

If you set Pn460.2 to 1, vibration detection may not operate effectively.

## (4) Tuning-less Level Settings

Two tuning-less levels are available: the rigidity level and load level. Both levels can be set in the Fn200 utility function or in the Pn170 parameter.

### ■ Rigidity Level

a) Using the utility function

To change the setting, refer to *5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure*.

| Digital Operator Display | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Level 0 | Rigidity level 0 |
| Level 1 | Rigidity level 1 |
| Level 2 | Rigidity level 2 |
| Level 3 | Rigidity level 3 |
| Level 4 [Factory setting] | Rigidity level 4 |

b) Using the parameter

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn170** | n.□0□□ | Rigidity level 0 (Level 0) | Immediately | Setup |
| | n.□1□□ | Rigidity level 1 (Level 1) | | |
| | n.□2□□ | Rigidity level 2 (Level 2) | | |
| | n.□3□□ | Rigidity level 3 (Level 3) | | |
| | n.□4□□ [Factory setting] | Rigidity level 4 (Level 4) | | |

## ■ Load Level

a) Using the utility function

To change the setting, refer to *5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure*.

| Digital Operator Display | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Mode 0 | Load level: Low |
| Mode 1 [Factory setting] | Load level: Medium |
| Mode 2 | Load level: High |

b) Using the parameter

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn170** | n.0□□□ | Load level: Low (Mode 0) | Immediately | Setup |
| | n.1□□□ [Factory setting] | Load level: Medium (Mode 1) | | |
| | n.2□□□ | Load level: High (Mode 2) | | |

## 5.2.2 Tuning-less Levels Setting (Fn200) Procedure

**⚠ CAUTION**

- To ensure safety, perform the tuning-less function in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

The procedure to use the tuning-less function is given below.

Operate the tuning-less function from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

For the basic operation of the digital operator, refer to *Σ-V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55).

### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing the tuning-less function. If the settings are not correct, "NO-OP" will be displayed during the tuning-less function.

- The tuning-less function must be enabled (Pn170.0 = 1).
- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled. (Pn00C.0 = 0).

### (2) Operating Procedure with Digital Operator

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn080:Pole Detect<br>Fn200:TuneLvl Set<br>Fn201:AAT<br>Fn202:Ref−AAT | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list, select Fn200. |
| 2 | RUN —TuneLvlSet—<br>Mode=1 | DATA | Press the DATA key to display the load level setting screen for Fn200 (Tuning-less Levels Setting).<br>Notes:<br>• If the response waveform causes overshooting or if the load moment of inertia exceeds the allowable level (i.e., outside the scope of product guarantee), press the ∧ Key and change the mode setting to 2.<br>• If a high-frequency noise is heard, press the ∨ Key and change the mode setting to 0. |
| 3 | RUN —TuneLvlSet—<br>Level=4 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the rigidity level of the tuning-less mode setting screen. |
| 4 | RUN —TuneLvlSet—<br>Level=4<br>NF2<br>2nd notch filter | ∧ ∨<br>JOG SVON | Press the ∧ Key or the ∨ Key to select the rigidity level.<br>Select the rigidity level from 0 to 4. The larger the value, the higher the gain is and the better response performance will be. (The factory setting is 4.)<br>Notes:<br>• Vibration may occur if the rigidity level is too high. Lower the rigidity level if vibration occurs.<br>• If a high-frequency noise is heard, press the JOG SVON Key to automatically set a notch filter to the vibration frequency. |
| 5 | RUN —TuneLvlSet—<br>Level=4 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and then "RUN" will be displayed. The settings are saved in the SERVOPACK. |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn030<br>Fn200<br>Fn201<br>Fn202 | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to complete the tuning-less function. The screen in step 1 will appear again. |

Note: If the rigidity level is changed, the automatically set notch filter will be canceled. If vibration occurs, however, the notch filter will be set again automatically.

## (3) Alarm and Corrective Actions

The autotuning alarm (A.521) will occur if resonance sound is generated or excessive vibration occurs during position control. In such case, take the following actions.

### ■ Resonance Sound

Reduce the setting of the rigidity level or load level.

### ■ Excessive Vibration during Position Control

Take one of the following actions to correct the problem.

- Increase the setting of the rigidity level or reduce the load level.
- Increase the setting of Pn170.3 or reduce the setting of Pn170.2.

## (4) Parameters Disabled by Tuning-less Function

When the tuning-less function is enabled in the factory settings, the settings of these parameters are not available: Pn100, Pn101, Pn102, Pn103, Pn104, Pn105, Pn106, Pn160, Pn139, and Pn408. These gain-related parameters, however, may become effective depending on the executing conditions of the functions specified in the following table. For example, if EasyFFT is executed when the tuning-less function is enabled, the settings in Pn100, Pn104, Pn101, Pn105, Pn102, Pn106, and Pn103, as well as the manual gain switch setting, will be enabled, but the settings in Pn408.3, Pn160.0, and Pn139.0 will be not enabled.

| Parameters Disabled by Tuning-less Function | | | Related Functions and Parameters* | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Item | Name | Pn Number | Torque Control | Easy FFT | Mechanical Analysis (Vertical Axis Mode) |
| Gain | Speed Loop Gain<br>2nd Speed Loop Gain | Pn100<br>Pn104 | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| | Speed Loop Integral Time Constant<br>2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | Pn101<br>Pn105 | × | ○ | ○ |
| | Position Loop Gain<br>2nd Position Loop Gain | Pn102<br>Pn106 | × | ○ | ○ |
| | Moment of Inertia Ratio | Pn103 | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| Advanced Control | Friction Compensation Function Selection | Pn408.3 | × | × | × |
| | Anti-resonance Control Adjustment Selection | Pn160.0 | × | × | × |
| Gain Switching | Gain Switching Selection Switch | Pn139.0 | × | × | × |

* ○: Parameter enabled
×: Parameter disabled

### (5) Tuning-less Function Type

The following table shows the types of tuning-less functions for the version of SERVOPACK software.

| Software Version* | Tuning-less Type | Meaning |
|---|---|---|
| 000A or earlier | Tuning-less type 1 | – |
| 000B or later | Tuning-less type 2 | The level of noise produced is lower than that of Type 1. |

* The software version number of your SERVOPACK can be checked with Fn012.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn14F** | n.☐☐0☐ | Tuning-less type 1 | After restart | Tuning |
| | n.☐☐1☐ [Factory setting] | Tuning-less type 2 | | |

## 5.2.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function
These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function
Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function
Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

| Parameter | Name | Mid-execution changes | Automatic changes |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn170** | Tuning-less Function Related Switch | No | Yes |
| **Pn401** | Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | No | Yes |
| **Pn40C** | 2nd Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40D** | 2nd Notch Filter Q Value | No | Yes |

# 5.3 Advanced Autotuning (Fn201)

This section describes the adjustment using advanced autotuning.

IMPORTANT

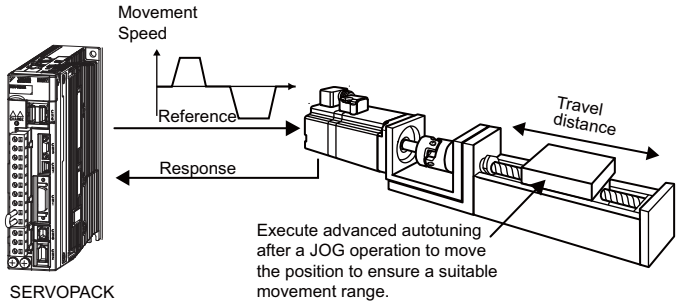
- Advanced autotuning starts adjustments based on the set speed loop gain (Pn100). Therefore, precise adjustments cannot be made if there is vibration when starting adjustments. In this case, make adjustments after lowering the speed loop gain (Pn100) until vibration is eliminated.
- Before performing advanced autotuning with the tuning-less function enabled (Pn170.0 = 1: Factory setting), always set Jcalc to ON to calculate the load moment of inertia. The tuning-less function will automatically be disabled, and the gain will be set by advanced autotuning.
  With Jcalc set to OFF so the load moment of inertia is not calculated, "Error" will be displayed on the panel operator, and advanced autotuning will not be performed.
- If the operating conditions, such as the machine-load or drive system, are changed after advanced autotuning, then change the following related parameters to disable any values that were adjusted before performing advanced autotuning once again with the setting to calculate the moment of inertia (Jcalc = ON). If advanced autotuning is performed without changing the parameters, machine vibration may occur, resulting in damage to the machine.
  Pn00B.0=1 (Displays all parameters.)
  Pn140.0=0 (Does not use model following control.)
  Pn160.0=0 (Does not use anti-resonance control.)
  Pn408=n.00□0 (Does not use friction compensation, 1st notch filter, or 2nd notch filter.)

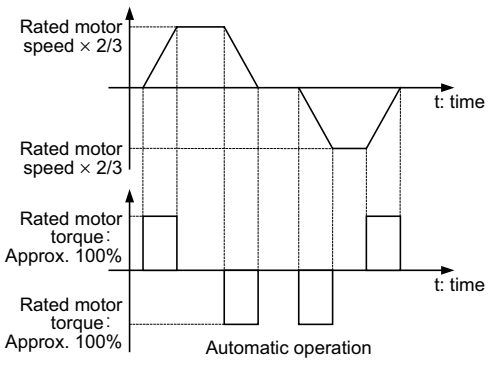
## 5.3.1 Advanced Autotuning

Advanced autotuning automatically operates the servo system (in reciprocating movement in the forward and reverse directions) within set limits and adjust the SERVOPACK automatically according to the mechanical characteristics while the servo system is operating.

Advanced autotuning can be performed without connecting the host controller.
The following automatic operation specifications apply.

- Maximum speed: Rated motor speed × 2/3
- Acceleration torque: Approximately 100% of rated motor torque
  The acceleration torque varies with the influence of the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103), machine friction, and external disturbance.
- Travel distance: The travel distance can be set freely. The distance is factory-set to a value equivalent to 3 motor rotations.
  For an SGMCS direct drive servomotor, the distance is factory-set to a value equivalent to 0.3 motor rotations.




Advanced autotuning performs the following adjustments.

- Moment of inertia ratio
- Gains (e.g., position loop gain and speed loop gain)

- Filters (torque reference filter and notch filter)
- Friction compensation
- Anti-resonance control
- Vibration suppression (Mode = 2 or 3)

Refer to *5.3.3 Related Parameters* for parameters used for adjustments.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- Because advanced autotuning adjusts the SERVOPACK during automatic operation, vibration or overshooting may occur. To ensure safety, perform advanced autotuning in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing advanced autotuning.
The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- There must be no overtravel.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The control method must not be set to torque control.
- The gain selection switch must be in manual switching mode (Pn139.0 = 0).
- Gain setting 1 must be selected.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- All alarms and warning must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- Jcalc must be set to ON to calculate the load moment of inertia when the tuning-less function is enabled (Pn170.0 = 1: factory setting) or the tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).

Note:
- If advanced autotuning is started while the SERVOPACK is in speed control, the mode will change to position control automatically to perform advanced autotuning. The mode will return to speed control after completing the adjustment. To perform advanced autotuning in speed control, set the mode to 1 (Mode = 1).

### (2) When Advanced Autotuning Cannot Be Performed

Advanced autotuning cannot be performed normally under the following conditions. Refer to *5.4 Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202)* and *5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203)* for details.

- The machine system can work only in a single direction.
- The operating range is within 0.5 rotation. (Also for SGMCS direct drive motors, the operating range is within 0.05 rotation.)

### (3) When Advanced Autotuning Cannot Be Performed Successfully

Advanced autotuning cannot be performed successfully under the following conditions. Refer to *5.4 Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202)* and *5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203)* for details.

- The operating range is not applicable.
- The moment of inertia changes within the set operating range.
- The machine has high friction.
- The rigidity of the machine is low and vibration occurs when positioning is performed.
- The position integration function is used.
- P control operation (proportional control) is used.

Note: If a setting is made for calculating the moment of inertia, an error will result when P control operation is selected using /V_PPI of OPTION field while the moment of inertia is being calculated.

- The mode switch is used.

Note: If a setting is made for calculating the moment of inertia, the mode switch function will be disabled while the moment of inertia is being calculated. At that time, PI control will be used. The mode switch function will be enabled after calculating the moment of inertia.

• Speed feedforward or torque feedforward is input.
• The positioning completed width (Pn522) is too small.

IMPORTANT

- Advanced autotuning makes adjustments by referring to the positioning completed width (Pn522). If the SERVOPACK is operated in position control (Pn000.1=1), set the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) and positioning completed width (Pn522) to the actual value during operation. If the SERVOPACK is operated in speed control (Pn000.1=0), set Mode to 1 to perform advanced autotuning.
- Unless the positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turned ON within approximately 3 seconds after positioning has been completed, "WAITING" will flash. Furthermore, unless the positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turned ON within approximately 10 seconds, "Error" will flash for 2 seconds and tuning will be aborted.

Change only the overshoot detection level (Pn561) to finely adjust the amount of overshooting without changing the positioning completed width (Pn522). Because Pn561 is set by default to 100%, the allowable amount of overshooting is the same amount as that for the positioning completed width.
When Pn561 is set to 0%, the amount of overshooting can be adjusted to prevent overshooting the positioning completed width. If the setting of Pn561 is changed, however, the positioning time may be extended.

| Pn561 | Overshoot Detection Level | Speed Position Torque | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 100 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Setup |

## (4) Restrictions When Using an Encoder

With this function, the following restrictions are applied in accordance with the version number of the SERVOPACK software and the encoder being used.

The applicable servomotor depends on the type of encoder used.

• 13-bit encoder: SGMJV-□□□A□□□
• 20-bit or 17-bit encoder: SGM□V-□□□D□□□, SGM□V-□□□3□□□
SGMPS-□□□C□□□, SGMPS-□□□2□□□

| Software Version*1 | 13-bit Encoder | | 20-bit or 17-bit Encoder | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Mode | Model Following Control Type | Mode | Model Following Control Type |
| Version 0007 or earlier | Only Mode 1 can be selected.*2 | _*3 | No restrictions | Type 1*4 |
| Version 0008 or later | Only Mode 1 can be selected. | | | Type 1 or 2 [Factory setting]*5 |

∗1. The software version number of your SERVOPACK can be checked with Fn012.
∗2. If any mode other than Mode 1 is selected, tuning will fail and result in an error.
∗3. Model following control type is not used.
∗4. Position errors may result in overshooting when positioning. The positioning time may be extended if the positioning completed width (Pn522) is set to a small value.
∗5. Model following control type 2 can suppress overshooting resulting from position errors better than Type 1. If compatibility with SERVOPACK version 0007 or earlier is required, use model following control type 1 (Pn14F.0 = 0).

The control related switch (Pn14F) was added to SERVOPACK software version 0008 or later.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn14F | n.□□□0 | Model following control type 1 | After restart | Tuning |
| | n.□□□1 [Factory setting] | Model following control type 2 | | |

## 5.3.2 Advanced Autotuning Procedure

The following procedure is used for advanced autotuning.

Advanced autotuning is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

The operating procedure from the digital operator is described here.

Refer to the *Σ-V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- When using the SERVOPACK with Jcalc = OFF (moment of inertia is not calculated), be sure to set a suitable value for the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103). If the setting greatly differs from the actual moment of inertia ratio, normal control of the SERVOPACK may not be possible, and vibration may result.
- When using the MP2000 Series with phase control, select the mode = 1 (standard level). If 2 or 3 is selected, phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible.

### (1) Operating Procedure

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB —FUNCTION—<br>Fn200:TuneLvl Set<br>Fn201:AAT<br>Fn202:Ref-AAT<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list, select Fn201. |
| 2 | Status Display<br>BB Advanced AT<br>Jcalc=ON<br>Mode=2 Type=2<br>Stroke=+00800000<br>(0003.0)rev | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the initial setting screen for F201 (Advanced Autotuning). |
| 3 | BB Advanced AT<br>Jcalc=ON<br>Mode=2 Type=2<br>Stroke=+00800000<br>(0003.0)rev | ∧ ∨<br>SCROLL | Press the ∧, ∨, or SCROLL Key and set the items in steps 3-1 to 3-4. |
| 3-1 | ■Calculating Moment of Inertia<br>Select the mode to be used.<br>Usually, set Jcalc to ON.<br>Jcalc = ON: Moment of inertia calculated [Factory setting]<br>Jcalc = OFF: Moment of inertia not calculated<br>Note: If the moment of inertia ratio is already known from the machine specifications, set the value in Pn103 and set Jcalc to OFF. | | |
| 3-2 | ■Mode Selection<br>Select the mode.<br>Mode = 1: Makes adjustments considering response characteristics and stability (Standard level).<br>Mode = 2: Makes adjustments for positioning [Factory setting].<br>Mode = 3: Makes adjustments for positioning, giving priority to overshooting suppression. | | |
| 3-3 | ■Type Selection<br>Select the type according to the machine element to be driven. If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.<br>Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms<br>Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]<br>Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions) | | |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3-4 | ■STROKE (Travel Distance) Setting<br>Travel distance setting range:<br>The travel distance setting range is from -99990000 to +99990000 [reference unit]. Specify the STROKE (travel distance) in increments of 1000 reference units. The negative (-) direction is for reverse rotation, and the positive (+) direction is for forward rotation.<br>Initial value:<br>About 3 rotations<br>Notes:<br>• Set the number of motor rotations to at least 0.5; otherwise, "Error" will be displayed and the travel distance cannot be set.<br>• To calculate the moment of inertia and ensure precise tuning, it is recommended to set the number of motor rotations to around 3.<br>• For an SGMCS direct drive servomotor, the factory setting for distance is set to a value that is equivalent to 0.3 motor rotations. | | |
| 4 | BB Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00100<br>Pn100=0040.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn102=0040.0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The advanced autotuning execution screen will be displayed. |
| 5 | RUN Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00100<br>Pn100=0040.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn141=0050.0 | JOG SVON | Press the JOG SVON Key. The servomotor power will be ON and the display will change from "BB" to "RUN."<br>Note: If the mode is set to 1, Pn102 is displayed. If the mode is set to 2 or 3, the Pn102 display will change to the Pn141. |
| 6 | ADJ Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00300<br>Pn100=0040.0<br>Pn101=0020.0<br>Pn141=0050.0<br>Display example:<br>After the moment of inertia is calculated. | ∧ ∨ | Calculates the moment of inertia.<br>Press the ∧ Key if a positive (+) value is set in STROKE (travel distance), or press the ∨ Key if a negative (-) value is set. Calculation of the moment of inertia will start. While the moment of inertia is being calculated, the set value for Pn103 will flash and "ADJ" will flash instead of "RUN." When calculating the moment of inertia is completed, the display will stop flashing and the moment of inertia is displayed. The servomotor will remain ON, but the auto run operation will be stopped temporarily.<br>Notes:<br>• The wrong key for the set travel direction is pressed, the calculation will not start.<br>• If the moment of inertia is not calculated (Jcalc = OFF), the set value for Pn103 will be displayed.<br>• If "NO-OP" or "Error" is displayed during operation, press the MODE/SET Key to cancel the function. Refer to *(2) Failure in Operation* and take a corrective action to enable operation. |
| 7 | – | DATA MODE/SET | After the servomotor is temporarily stopped, press the DATA Key to save the calculated moment of inertia ratio in the SERVOPACK. "DONE" will flash for one second, and "ADJ" will be displayed again.<br>Note: To end operation by calculating only the moment of inertia ratio and without adjusting the gain, press the MODE/SET Key to end operation. |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | ADJ Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00300<br>Pn100=0100.0<br>Pn101=0006.36<br>Pn141=0150.0 | ∧ ∨ | ■Gain Adjustment<br>When the ∧ or ∨ Key is pressed according to the sign (+ or -) of the value set for stroke (travel distance), the calculated value of the moment of inertia ratio will be saved in the SERVOPACK and the auto run operation will restart. While the servomotor is running, the filters, and gains will be automatically set. "ADJ" will flash during the auto setting operation.<br>Note: Precise adjustments cannot be made and "Error" will be displayed as the status if there is machine resonance when starting adjustments. If that occurs, make adjustments using one-parameter tuning (Fn203). |
| 9 | ADJ Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00300<br>Pn100=0100.0<br>Pn101=0006.36<br>Pn141=0150.0 | – | When the adjustment has been completed normally, the servomotor power will turn OFF, and "END" will flash for approximately two seconds and then "ADJ" will be displayed on the status display. |
| 10 | BB Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00300<br>Pn100=0100.0<br>Pn101=0006.36<br>Pn141=0150.0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The adjusted values will be saved in the SERVOPACK.<br>"DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds, and "BB" will be displayed.<br>Note: Press the MODE/SET Key to not save the values. The display will return to that shown in step 1. |
| 11 | Turn ON the SERVOPACK power supply again after executing advanced autotuning. | | |

## (2) Failure in Operation

### ■ When "NO-OP" Flashes on the Display

| Probable Cause | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|
| The main circuit power supply was OFF. | Turn ON the main circuit power supply. |
| An alarm or warning occurred. | Remove the cause of the alarm or the warning. |
| Overtraveling occurred. | Remove the cause of the overtravel. |
| Gain setting 2 was selected by gain switching. | Disable the automatic gain switching. |
| The HWBB function operated. | Disable the HWBB function. |

## ■ When "Error" Flashes on the Display

| Error | Probable Cause | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|
| The gain adjustment was not successfully completed. | Machine vibration is occurring or the positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turning ON and OFF when the servomotor is stopped. | • Increase the set value for Pn522.<br>• Change the mode from 2 to 3.<br>• If machine vibration occurs, suppress the vibration with the anti-resonance control adjustment function and the vibration suppression function. |
| An error occurred during the calculation of the moment of inertia. | Refer to *5.3.2 (2)* ■ *When an Error Occurs during Calculation of Moment of Inertia*. | |
| Travel distance setting error | The travel distance is set to approximately 0.5 rotation (0.05 rotation for SGMCS servomotor) or less, which is less than the minimum adjustable travel distance. | Increase the travel distance. It is recommended to set the number of motor rotations to around 3. |
| The positioning completed signal (/COIN) did not turn ON within approximately 10 seconds after positioning adjustment was completed. | The positioning completed width is too narrow or proportional control (P control) is being used. | • Increase the set value for Pn522.<br>• Set 0 to V_PPI in the OPTION field. |
| The moment of inertia cannot be calculated when the tuning-less function was activated. | When the tuning-less function was activated, Jcalc was set to OFF so the moment of inertia was not calculated. | • Turn OFF the tuning-less function.<br>• Set Jcalc to ON, so the moment of inertia will be calculated. |

## ■ When an Error Occurs during Calculation of Moment of Inertia

The following table shows the probable causes of errors that may occur during the calculation of the moment of inertia with the Jcalc set to ON, along with corrective actions for the errors.

| Error Display | Probable Cause | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|
| Err1 | The SERVOPACK started calculating the moment of inertia, but the calculation was not completed. | • Increase the speed loop gain (Pn100).<br>• Increase the STROKE (travel distance). |
| Err2 | The moment of inertia fluctuated greatly and did not converge within 10 tries. | Set the calculation value based on the machine specifications in Pn103 and execute the calculation with the Jcalc set to OFF. |
| Err3 | Low-frequency vibration was detected. | Double the set value of the moment of inertia calculating start level (Pn324). |
| Err4 | The torque limit was reached. | • When using the torque limit, increase the torque limit.<br>• Double the set value of the moment of inertia calculating start level (Pn324). |
| Err5 | While calculating the moment of inertia, the speed control was set to proportional control by setting 1 to V_PPI in the OPTION field. | Operate the SERVOPACK with PI control while calculating the moment of inertia. |

## (3) Related Functions on Advanced Autotuning

This section describes functions related to advanced tuning.

### ■ Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.)
If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically during advanced autotuning and the notch filter will be set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing advanced autotuning.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn460** | n.□□□0 | Does not set the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□□□1 [Factory setting] | Sets the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function. | | |
| | n.□0□□ | Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function. | | |
| | n.□1□□ [Factory setting] | Sets the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function. | | |

### ■ Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment

This function reduces low vibration frequency, which the notch filter does not detect.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The anti-resonance control is factory-set to Auto Setting.)
When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning and anti-resonance control will be automatically adjusted and set.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn160** | n.□□0□ | Does not use the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□□1□ [Factory setting] | Uses the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function. | | |

### ■ Vibration Suppression

The vibration suppression function suppresses transitional vibration at frequency as low as 1 to 100 Hz that is generated mainly when positioning if the machine stand vibrates.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The vibration suppression function is factory-set to Auto Setting.)
When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning and vibration suppression will be automatically adjusted and set.
Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the setting for vibration suppression before executing advanced autotuning.

Note: This function uses model following control. Therefore, the function can be executed only if the mode is set to 2 or 3.

- Related Parameter

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn140** | n.□0□□ | Does not use the vibration suppression function automatically with the utility function. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□1□□ [Factory setting] | Uses the vibration suppression function automatically with the utility function. | | |

## ■ Friction Compensation

This function compensates for changes in the following conditions.

- Changes in the viscous resistance of the lubricant, such as the grease, on the sliding parts of the machine
- Changes in the friction resistance resulting from variations in the machine assembly
- Changes in the friction resistance due to aging

The conditions for applying friction compensation depend on the mode. The friction compensation setting in Pn408.3 applies when the Mode is 1. The friction compensation function is always enabled regardless of the friction compensation setting in Pn408.3 when the Mode is 2 or 3.

| Mode / Friction Compensation Selecting | | Mode = 1 | Mode = 2 | Mode = 3 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn408** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Adjusted without the friction compensation function | Adjusted with the friction compensation function | Adjusted with the friction compensation function |
| | n.1□□□ | Adjusted with the friction compensation function | | |

## ■ Feedforward

If Pn140 is set to the factory setting and the mode setting is changed to 2 or 3, the feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn140** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.1□□□ | Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input. | | |

For the torque feedforward (TFF) input and speed feedforward (VFF) input, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

**IMPORTANT**

Model following control is used to make optimum feedforward settings in the SERVOPACK when model following control is used with the feedforward function. Therefore, model following control is not normally used together with either the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller. However, model following control can be used with the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input if required. An improper feedforward input may result in overshooting.

## 5.3.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function
These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function
Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function
Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

| Parameter | Name | Mid-execution changes | Automatic changes |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn100** | Speed Loop Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn101** | Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | No | Yes |
| **Pn102** | Position Loop Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn103** | Moment of Inertia Ratio | No | No |
| **Pn121** | Friction Compensation Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn123** | Friction Compensation Coefficient | No | Yes |
| **Pn124** | Friction Compensation Frequency Correction | No | No |
| **Pn125** | Friction Compensation Gain Correction | No | Yes |
| **Pn401** | Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | No | Yes |
| **Pn408** | Torque Related Function Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn409** | 1st Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40A** | 1st Notch Filter Q Value | No | Yes |
| **Pn40C** | 2nd Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40D** | 2nd Notch Filter Q Value | No | Yes |
| **Pn140** | Model Following Control Related Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn141** | Model Following Control Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn142** | Model Following Control Gain Compensation | No | Yes |
| **Pn143** | Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction) | No | Yes |
| **Pn144** | Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction) | No | Yes |
| **Pn145** | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A | No | Yes |
| **Pn146** | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B | No | Yes |
| **Pn147** | Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation | No | Yes |
| **Pn160** | Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn161** | Anti-Resonance Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn163** | Anti-Resonance Damping Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn531** | Program JOG Movement Distance | No | No |
| **Pn533** | Program JOG Movement Speed | No | No |
| **Pn534** | Program JOG Acceleration/Deceleration Time | No | No |
| **Pn535** | Program JOG Waiting Time | No | No |
| **Pn536** | Number of Times of Program JOG Movement | No | No |

# 5.4 Advanced Autotuning by Reference (Fn202)

Adjustments with advanced autotuning by reference are described below.

IMPORTANT

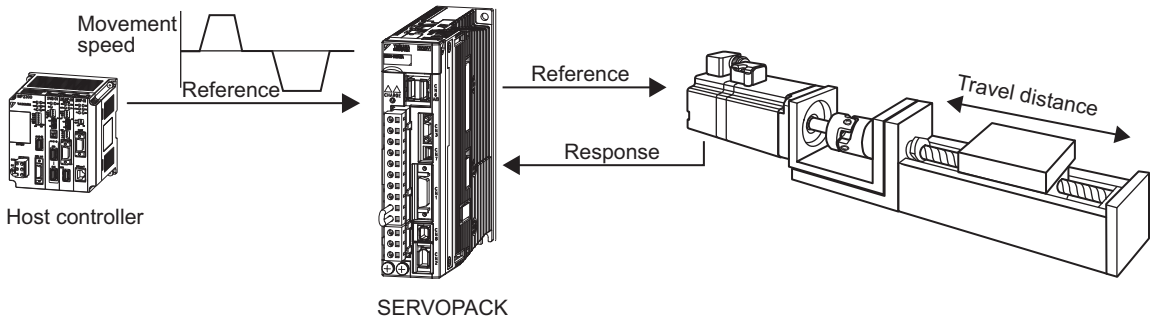
- Advanced autotuning by reference starts adjustments based on the set speed loop gain (Pn100). Therefore, precise adjustments cannot be made if there is vibration when starting adjustments. In this case, make adjustments after lowering the speed loop gain (Pn100) until vibration is eliminated.

## 5.4.1 Advanced Autotuning by Reference

Advanced autotuning by reference is used to automatically achieve optimum tuning of the SERVOPACK in response to the user reference inputs from the host controller.

Advanced autotuning by reference is performed generally to fine-tune the SERVOPACK after advanced autotuning of the SERVOPACK has been performed.

If the moment of inertia ratio is correctly set to Pn103, advanced autotuning by reference can be performed without performing advanced autotuning.




Advanced autotuning by reference performs the following adjustments.

- Gains (e.g., position loop gain and speed loop gain)
- Filters (torque reference filter and notch filter)
- Friction compensation
- Anti-resonance control
- Vibration suppression

Refer to *5.4.3 Related Parameters* for parameters used for adjustments.

⚠ CAUTION

- Because advanced autotuning by reference adjusts the SERVOPACK during automatic operation, vibration or overshooting may occur. To ensure safety, perform advanced autotuning by reference in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time.

## (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing advanced autotuning by reference. The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The SERVOPACK must be in Servo Ready status (Refer to *4.8.4*).
- There must be no overtravel.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The position control must be selected when the servomotor power is ON.
- The gain selection switch must be in manual switching mode (Pn139.0 = 0).
- Gain setting 1 must be selected.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- All alarms and warnings must be cleared.
- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).

## (2) When Advanced Autotuning by Reference Cannot Be Performed Successfully

Advanced autotuning by reference cannot be performed successfully under the following conditions. If the result of autotuning is not satisfactory, perform one-parameter tuning (Fn203). Refer to *5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203)* for details.

- The travel distance in response to references from the host controller is smaller than the set positioning completed width (Pn522).
- The motor speed in response to references from the host controller is smaller than the set rotation detection level (Pn502).
- The stopping time, i.e., the period while the positioning completed /COIN signal is OFF, is 10 ms or less.
- The rigidity of the machine is low and vibration occurs when positioning is performed.
- The position integration function is used.
- P control operation (proportional control) is performed.
- The mode switch is used.
- The positioning completed width (Pn522) is too small.

IMPORTANT

- Advanced autotuning by reference starts adjustments based on the positioning completed width (Pn522). Set the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) and positioning completed width (Pn522) to the actual value during operation.
- "WAITING" will flash if the positioning completed signal (/COIN) does not turn ON within approximately 3 seconds after positioning is completed. Furthermore, unless the positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turned ON within approximately 10 seconds, "Error" will flash for 2 seconds and tuning will be aborted.

Change only the overshoot detection level (Pn561) to finely adjust the amount of overshooting without changing the positioning completed width (Pn522). Because Pn561 is set by default to 100%, the allowable amount of overshooting is the same amount as that for the positioning completed width.
When Pn561 is set to 0%, the amount of overshooting can be adjusted without any overshooting in the positioning completed width. If the setting of Pn561 is changed, however, the positioning time may be extended.

| Pn561 | Overshoot Detection Level | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 100 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Setup |

### (3) Restrictions When Using an Encoder

With this function, the following restrictions are applied in accordance with the version number of the SERVOPACK software and the encoder being used.

The applicable servomotor depends on the type of encoder used.

- 13-bit encoder: SGMJV-□□□A□□□
- 20-bit or 17-bit encoder: SGM□V-□□□D□□□, SGM□V-□□□3□□□
  SGMPS-□□□C□□□, SGMPS-□□□2□□□

| Software Version*1 | 13-bit Encoder | | 20-bit or 17-bit Encoder | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Mode | Model Following Control Type | Mode | Model Following Control Type |
| Version 0007 or earlier | Only Mode 1 can be selected.*2 | _*3 | No restrictions | Type 1*4 |
| Version 0008 or later | Only Mode 1 can be selected. | | | Type 1 or 2 [Factory setting]*5 |

∗1. The software version number of your SERVOPACK can be checked with Fn012.
∗2. If any mode other than Mode 1 is selected, tuning will fail and result in an error.
∗3. Model following control type is not used.
∗4. Position errors may result in overshooting when positioning. The positioning time may be extended if the positioning completed width (Pn522) is set to a small value.
∗5. Model following control type 2 can suppress overshooting resulting from position errors better than Type 1. If compatibility with SERVOPACK version 0007 or earlier is required, use model following control type 1 (Pn14F.0 = 0).

The control related switch (Pn14F) was added to SERVOPACK software version 0008 or later.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn14F** | n.□□□0 | Model following control type 1 | After restart | Tuning |
| | n.□□□1 [Factory setting] | Model following control type 2 | | |

## 5.4.2 Advanced Autotuning by Reference Procedure

The following procedure is used for advanced autotuning by reference.

Advanced autotuning by reference is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

Here, the operating procedure from the digital operator is described.

Refer to the *Σ-V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- When using the MP2000 Series with phase control, select the mode = 1 (standard level). If 2 or 3 is selected, phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible.

### (1) Operating Procedure

Set the correct moment of inertia ratio in Pn103 by using the advanced autotuning before performing this procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB —FUNCTION—<br>Fn201:AAT<br>Fn202:Ref-AAT<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn202. |
| 2 | Status Display<br>BB Advanced AT<br>Mode=3 Type=2 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the initial setting screen for Fn202 (Advanced Autotuning by Reference). |
| 3 | BB Advanced AT<br>Mode=3 Type=2 | ∧ ∨<br>SCROLL | Press the ∧, ∨, or SCROLL Key and set the items in steps 3-1 and 3-2. |
| 3-1 | ■Mode Selection<br>Select the mode.<br>Mode = 1: Makes adjustments considering response characteristics and stability (Standard level).<br>Mode = 2: Makes adjustments for positioning [Factory setting].<br>Mode = 3: Makes adjustments for positioning, giving priority to overshooting suppression. | | |
| 3-2 | ■Type Selection<br>Select the type according to the machine element to be driven.<br>If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.<br>Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms<br>Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]<br>Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions) | | |
| 4 | BB Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00300<br>Pn100=0040.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn141=0050.0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The advanced autotuning by reference execution screen will be displayed.<br>Note: If the mode is set to 1, Pn102 is displayed. If the mode is set to 2 or 3, the Pn102 display will change to the Pn141. |
| 5 | RUN Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00300<br>Pn100=0040.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn141=0050.0 | – | Send an SV_ON command from the host controller. |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | ADJ Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00300<br>Pn100=0100.0<br>Pn101=0006.36<br>Pn141=0150.0 | ∧ ∨ | Input a reference from the host controller and then press the ∧ or ∨ Key to start the adjustment. "ADJ" will flash during adjustment on the status display.<br>Note: Adjustment cannot be performed during "BB" is shown on the status display. |
| 7 | ADJ Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00300<br>Pn100=0100.0<br>Pn101=0006.36<br>Pn141=0150.0 | – | When the adjustment has been completed normally, "END" will flash for approximately two seconds and "ADJ" will be displayed. |
| 8 | RUN Advanced AT<br>Pn103=00300<br>Pn100=0100.0<br>Pn101=0006.36<br>Pn141=0150.0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed.<br>Note: Not to save the values set in step 6, press the MODE/SET Key. The display will return to that shown in step 1. |

## (2) Failure in Operation

### ■ When "NO-OP" Flashes on the Display

| Probable Cause | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|
| The main circuit power supply was OFF. | Turn ON the main circuit power supply. |
| An alarm or warning occurred. | Remove the cause of the alarm or the warning. |
| Overtraveling occurred. | Remove the cause of the overtravel. |
| Gain setting 2 was selected by gain switching. | Disable the automatic gain switching. |
| HWBB operated. | Disable the HWBB function. |

### ■ When "Error" Flashes on the Display

| Error | Probable Cause | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|
| The gain adjustment was not successfully completed. | Machine vibration is occurring or the positioning completed signal (/COIN) is turning ON and OFF when the servomotor is stopped. | • Increase the set value for Pn522.<br>• Change the mode from 2 to 3.<br>• If machine vibration occurs, suppress the vibration with the anti-resonance control adjustment function and the vibration suppression function. |
| The positioning completed signal (/COIN) did not turn ON within approximately 10 seconds after positioning adjustment was completed. | The positioning completed width is too narrow or proportional control (P control) is being used. | • Increase the set value for Pn522.<br>• Set 0 to V_PPI of OPTION field. |

## (3) Related Functions on Advanced Autotuning by Reference

This section describes functions related to advanced autotuning by reference.

### ■ Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.)
If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically during advanced autotuning by reference, and the notch filter will be set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing advanced autotuning by reference.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn460** | n.□□□0 | Does not set the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□□□1 [Factory setting] | Sets the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function. | | |
| | n.□0□□ | Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function. | | |
| | n.□1□□ [Factory setting] | Sets the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function. | | |

### ■ Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment

This function reduces low vibration frequency, which the notch filter does not detect.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The anti-resonance control is factory-set to Auto Setting.)
When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning by reference and anti-resonance control will be automatically adjusted and set.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn160** | n.□□0□ | Does not use the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□□1□ [Factory setting] | Uses the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function. | | |

### ■ Vibration Suppression

The vibration suppression function suppresses transitional vibration at frequency as low as 1 to 100 Hz that is generated mainly when positioning if the machine stand vibrates.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The vibration suppression function is factory-set to Auto Setting.)
When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during advanced autotuning by reference and vibration suppression will be automatically adjusted and set.
Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the setting for vibration suppression before executing advanced autotuning by reference.

Note: This function uses model following control. Therefore, the function can be executed only if the mode is set to 2 or 3.

- Related Parameters

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn140** | n.□0□□ | Does not use the vibration suppression function automatically. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□1□□ [Factory setting] | Uses the vibration suppression function automatically. | | |

## ■ Friction Compensation

This function compensates for changes in the following conditions.

- Changes in the viscous resistance of the lubricant, such as the grease, on the sliding parts of the machine
- Changes in the friction resistance resulting from variations in the machine assembly
- Changes in the friction resistance due to aging

Conditions to which friction compensation is applicable depend on the mode. The friction compensation setting in Pn408.3 applies when the mode is 1. Mode = 2 and Mode = 3 are adjusted with the friction compensation function regardless of the friction compensation setting in P408.3.

| Mode / Friction Compensation Selecting | | Mode = 1 | Mode = 2 | Mode = 3 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn408** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Adjusted without the friction compensation function | Adjusted with the friction compensation function | Adjusted with the friction compensation function |
| | n.1□□□ | Adjusted with the friction compensation function | | |

## ■ Feedforward

If Pn140 is set to the factory setting and the mode setting is changed to 2 or 3, the feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn140** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.1□□□ | Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input. | | |

For the torque feedforward (TFF) input and speed feedforward (VFF) input, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

IMPORTANT

Model following control is used to make optimum feedforward settings in the SERVOPACK when model following control is used with the feedforward function. Therefore, model following control is not normally used together with either the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller. However, model following control can be used with the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input if required. An improper feedforward input may result in overshooting.

## 5.4.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function
These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function
Yes: Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
No: Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function
Yes: Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
No: Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

| Parameter | Name | Mid-execution changes | Automatic changes |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn100** | Speed Loop Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn101** | Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | No | Yes |
| **Pn102** | Position Loop Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn103** | Moment of Inertia Ratio | No | No |
| **Pn121** | Friction Compensation Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn123** | Friction Compensation Coefficient | No | Yes |
| **Pn124** | Friction Compensation Frequency Correction | No | No |
| **Pn125** | Friction Compensation Gain Correction | No | Yes |
| **Pn401** | Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | No | Yes |
| **Pn408** | Torque Related Function Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn409** | 1st Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40A** | 1st Notch Filter Q Value | No | Yes |
| **Pn40C** | 2nd Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40D** | 2nd Notch Filter Q Value | No | Yes |
| **Pn140** | Model Following Control Related Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn141** | Model Following Control Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn142** | Model Following Control Gain Compensation | No | Yes |
| **Pn143** | Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction) | No | Yes |
| **Pn144** | Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction) | No | Yes |
| **Pn145** | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A | No | Yes |
| **Pn146** | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B | No | Yes |
| **Pn147** | Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation | No | Yes |
| **Pn160** | Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn161** | Anti-Resonance Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn163** | Anti-Resonance Damping Gain | No | Yes |

# 5.5 One-parameter Tuning (Fn203)

Adjustments with one-parameter tuning are described below.

## 5.5.1 One-parameter Tuning

One-parameter tuning is used to manually make tuning level adjustments during operation with a position reference or speed reference input from the host controller.

One-parameter tuning enables automatically setting related servo gain settings to balanced conditions by adjusting one or two tuning levels.

One-parameter tuning performs the following adjustments.

- Gains (e.g., position loop gain and speed loop gain)
- Filters (torque reference filter and notch filter)
- Friction compensation
- Anti-resonance control

Refer to *5.5.4 Related Parameters* for parameters used for adjustments.

Perform one-parameter tuning if satisfactory response characteristics is not obtained with advanced autotuning or advanced autotuning by reference.

To fine-tune each servo gain after one-parameter tuning, refer to *5.8 Additional Adjustment Function*.

| ⚠ CAUTION |
| --- |
| • Vibration or overshooting may occur during adjustment. To ensure safety, perform one-parameter tuning in a state where the SERVOPACK can come to an emergency stop at any time. |

## (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing one-parameter tuning.
The message "NO-OP" indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).
- The tuning mode must be set to 0 or 1 when performing speed control.

## (2) Restrictions When Using an Encoder

With this function, the following restrictions are applied in accordance with the version number of the SERVOPACK software and the encoder being used.

The applicable servomotor depends on the type of encoder used.

- 13-bit encoder: SGMJV-□□□A□□□
- 20-bit or 17-bit encoder: SGM□V-□□□D□□□, SGM□V-□□□3□□□
  SGMPS-□□□C□□□, SGMPS-□□□2□□□

| Software Version*1 | 13-bit Encoder | | 20-bit or 17-bit Encoder | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Mode | Model Following Control Type | Mode | Model Following Control Type |
| Version 0007 or earlier | Tuning mode can be set to only 0 or 1.*2 | –*3 | No restrictions | Type 1*4 |
| Version 0008 or later | No restrictions | | | Type 1 or 2 [Factory setting]*5 |

∗1. The software version number of your SERVOPACK can be checked with Fn012.
∗2. If any mode other than Tuning Mode 1 is selected, tuning will fail and result in an error.
∗3. Model following control type is not used.
∗4. Position errors may result in overshooting when positioning. The positioning time may be extended if the positioning completed width (Pn522) is set to a small value.
∗5. Model following control type 2 can suppress overshooting resulting from position errors better than Type 1. If compatibility with SERVOPACK version 0007 or earlier is required, use model following control type 1 (Pn14F.0 = 0).

The control related switch (Pn14F) was added to SERVOPACK software version 0008 or later.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn14F** | n.□□□0 | Model following control type 1 | After restart | Tuning |
| | n.□□□1 [Factory setting] | Model following control type 2 | | |

## 5.5.2 One-parameter Tuning Procedure

The following procedure is used for one-parameter tuning.

There are the following two operation procedures depending on the tuning mode being used.

- When the tuning mode is set to 0 or 1, the model following control will be disabled and one-parameter tuning will be used as the tuning method for applications other than positioning.
- When the tuning mode is set to 2 or 3, the model following control will be enabled and it can be used for tuning for positioning.

One-parameter tuning is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

Make sure that the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) is set correctly using advance autotuning before beginning operation.

The following section provides the operating procedure from the digital operator.

Refer to the *Σ-V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- When using the MP2000 Series with phase control, select the tuning mode = 0 or 1. If 2 or 3 is selected, phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible.

### (1) Digital Operator Operating Procedure

■ Setting the Tuning Mode 0 or 1

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB —FUNCTION—<br>Fn202:Ref-AAT<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn203. |
| 2 | Status Display<br>BB —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn103=00300 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the moment of inertia ratio set in Pn103 at present. Move the digit with the < or > Key and change the value with the ∧ or ∨ Key. |
| 3 | BB —OnePrmTun—<br>Setting<br>Tuning Mode = 0<br>Type = 2 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the initial setting screen for Fn203 (One-parameter Tuning). |
| 4 | BB —OnePrmTun—<br>Setting<br>Tuning Mode = 0<br>Type = 2 | ∧ ∨<br>SCROLL | Press the ∧ , ∨, or SCROLL Key and set the items in steps 4-1 and 4-2. |
| 4-1 | ■Tuning Mode<br>Select the tuning mode. Select the tuning mode 0 or 1.<br>Tuning Mode = 0: Makes adjustments giving priority to stability.<br>Tuning Mode = 1: Makes adjustments giving priority to responsiveness. | | |
| 4-2 | ■Type Selection<br>Select the type according to the machine element to be driven.<br>If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.<br>Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms<br>Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]<br>Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions). | | |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Setting<br><br>Tuning Mode = 0<br>Type = 2 | – | If the servomotor power is OFF, send an SV_ON command from the host controller. The display will change from "BB" to "RUN."<br>If the servomotor power is ON, go to step 6. |
| 6 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn100=0040.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn102=0040.0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the set value. |
| 7 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br><br>LEVEL = 0050<br><br>NF1 NF2 ARES | DATA | Press the DATA Key again to display the LEVEL setting screen. |
| 8 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br><br>LEVEL = 0050<br><br>NF1 NF2 ARES | < > ∧ ∨ | If readjustment is required, select the digit with the < or > Key or change the LEVEL with the ∧ or ∨ Key. Check the response.<br>If readjustment is not required, go to step 9.<br>Note: The higher the level, the greater the responsiveness will be. If the value is too large, however, vibration will occur.<br>• If vibration occurs, press the JOG SVON Key. The SERVOPACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and make notch filter or an anti-resonance control settings. When the notch filter is set, "NF1" or "NF2" will be displayed on the bottom row. When the anti-resonance control is set, "ARES" will be displayed in the lower right corner.<br>RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>LEVEL=0070<br>NF1 NF2 ARES<br>• If the vibration is great, the vibration frequency will be detected automatically even if the JOG SVON Key is not pressed and a notch filter or an anti-resonance control will be set. |
| 9 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn100=0050.0<br>Pn101=0016.0<br>Pn102=0050.0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. A confirmation screen will be displayed after LEVEL adjustment. |
| 10 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn100=0050.0<br>Pn101=0016.0<br>Pn102=0050.0 | DATA | • Press the DATA Key to save the adjusted values. After the data is saved, "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and then "RUN" will be displayed.<br>• To return to the previous value, press the MODE/SET Key.<br>• Press the < Key to readjust the level without saving the values. |
| 11 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn202:Ref-AAT<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to complete the one-parameter tuning operation. The screen in step 1 will appear again. |

Note: The status display will always be RUN when the servomotor power is ON.

## ■ Setting the Tuning Mode 2 or 3

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB —FUNCTION—<br>Fn202:Ref-AAT<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn203. |
| 2 | Status Display<br>BB —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn103=00300 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the moment of inertia ratio set in Pn103 at present. Move the digit with the < or > Key and change the value with the ∧ or ∨ Key. |
| 3 | BB —OnePrmTun—<br>Setting<br><br>Tuning Mode = 2<br>Type = 2 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the initial setting screen for Fn203 (One-parameter Tuning). |
| 4 | BB —OnePrmTun—<br>Setting<br><br>Tuning Mode = 2<br>Type = 2 | ∧ ∨<br>SCROLL | Press the ∧ , ∨, or SCROLL Key and set the items in steps 4-1 and 4-2. |
| 4-1 | ■Tuning Mode<br>Select the tuning mode. Select the tuning mode 2 or 3.<br>Tuning Mode = 2: Enables model following control and makes adjustments for positioning.<br>Tuning Mode = 3: Enables model following control, makes adjustments for positioning, and suppresses over-shooting. | | |
| 4-2 | ■Type Selection<br>Select the type according to the machine element to be driven.<br>If there is noise or the gain does not increase, better results may be obtained by changing the rigidity type.<br>Type = 1: For belt drive mechanisms<br>Type = 2: For ball screw drive mechanisms [Factory setting]<br>Type = 3: For rigid systems in which the servomotor is directly coupled to the machine (without gear or other transmissions). | | |
| 5 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Setting<br><br>Tuning Mode=2<br>Type=2 | – | If the servomotor power is OFF, send an SV_ON command from the host controller. The display will change from "BB" to "RUN."<br>If the servomotor power is ON, go to step 6. |
| 6 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn100=0040.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn141=0050.0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the set value. |
| 7 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>FF LEVEL=0050. 0<br>FB LEVEL=0040. 0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key again to display FF LEVEL and FB LEVEL setting screens. |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>FF LEVEL=0050.0<br>FB LEVEL=0040.0 | < > ∧ ∨ | If readjustment is required, select the digit with the < or > Key or change the FF LEVEL and FB LEVEL with the ∧ or ∨ Key. Check the response.<br>Refer to *5.5.3 One-parameter Tuning Example* for details.<br>If readjustment is not required, go to step 9.<br>Note: The higher the FF LEVEL, the positioning time will be shorter and the response will be better. If the level is too high, however, overshooting or vibration may occur. Overshooting will be reduced if the FB LEVEL is increased.<br><NOTE><br>• If the FF LEVEL is changed when the servomotor is in operation, it will not be reflected immediately. The changes will be effective after the servomotor comes to a stop with no reference input and then the servomotor starts operation.<br>If the FF LEVEL is changed too much during operation, vibration may occur because the responsiveness changes rapidly when the settings become effective.<br>• The message "FF LEVEL" flashes until the SERVOPACK reaches the effective FF LEVEL. If the servomotor does not stop within approximately 10 seconds after changing the setting, a timeout will occur. The setting will be returned to the previous value.<br>■ If Vibration Occurs<br>• If vibration occurs, press the JOG SVON Key. The SERVOPACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and set the notch filters or anti-resonance control. When the notch filter is set, "NF1" and "NF2" are displayed on the bottom row. When the anti-resonance control is set, "ARES" will be displayed on the bottom row.<br>RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>FF LEVEL=0050.0<br>FB LEVEL=0040.0<br>NF1 NF2 ARES<br>■ If Vibration Is Large<br>• Even if the JOG SVON Key is not pressed, the SERVOPACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and make notch filter or anti-resonance control settings. |
| 9 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn100=0040.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn141=0050.0<br>NF1 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the confirmation screen after level adjustment. |
| 10 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn100=0040.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn141=0050.0<br>NF1 | DATA | • Press the DATA Key to save the adjusted values. After the data is saved, "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and then "RUN" will be displayed.<br>• To return to the previous value, press the MODE/SET Key.<br>• Press the < Key to readjust the level without saving the values. |
| 11 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn202:Ref-AAT<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to complete the one-parameter tuning operation. The screen in step 1 will appear again. |

Note: The status display will always be RUN when the servomotor power is ON.

## (2) Related Functions on One-parameter Tuning

This section describes functions related to one-parameter tuning.

### ■ Notch Filter

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The notch filter is factory-set to Auto Setting.)
If this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be detected automatically during one-parameter tuning and the notch filter will be set.

Set this function to Not Auto Setting only if you do not change the notch filter setting before executing one-parameter tuning.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn460** | n.□□□0 | Does not set the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□□□1 [Factory setting] | Sets the 1st notch filter automatically with the utility function. | | |
| | n.□0□□ | Does not set the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function. | | |
| | n.□1□□ [Factory setting] | Sets the 2nd notch filter automatically with the utility function. | | |

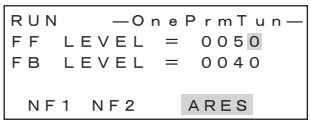
### ■ Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment

This function reduces low vibration frequency, which the notch filter does not detect.

Usually, set this function to Auto Setting. (The anti-resonance control is factory-set to Auto Setting.)
When this function is set to Auto Setting, vibration will be automatically detected during one-parameter tuning and anti-resonance control will be automatically adjusted and set.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn160** | n.□□0□ | Does not use the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□□1□ [Factory setting] | Uses the anti-resonance control automatically with the utility function. | | |

"ARES" will flash on the digital operator when anti-resonance control adjustment function is set.



## ■ Friction Compensation

This function compensates for changes in the following conditions.

- Changes in the viscous resistance of the lubricant, such as the grease, on the sliding parts of the machine
- Changes in the friction resistance resulting from variations in the machine assembly
- Changes in the friction resistance due to aging

Conditions to which friction compensation is applicable depend on the tuning mode. The friction compensation setting in F408.3 applies when the mode is 0 or 1. Tuning Mode = 2 and Tuning Mode = 3 are adjusted with the friction compensation function regardless of the friction compensation setting in P408.3.

| Mode / Friction Compensation Selecting | | Tuning Mode = 0 | Tuning Mode = 1 | Tuning Mode = 2 | Tuning Mode = 3 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn408** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Adjusted without the friction compensation function | Adjusted without the friction compensation function | Adjusted with the friction compensation function | Adjusted with the friction compensation function |
| | n.1□□□ | Adjusted with the friction compensation function | Adjusted with the friction compensation function | | |

## ■ Feedforward

If Pn140 is set to the factory setting and the tuning mode setting is changed to 2 or 3, the feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn140** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.1□□□ | Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input. | | |

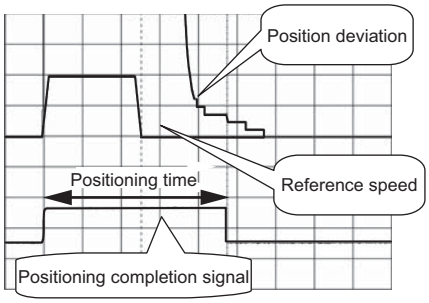
For the torque feedforward (TFF) input and speed feedforward (VFF) input, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

Model following control is used to make optimum feedforward settings in the SERVOPACK when model following control is used with the feedforward function. Therefore, model following control is not normally used together with either the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller. However, model following control can be used with the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input if required. An improper feedforward input may result in overshooting.

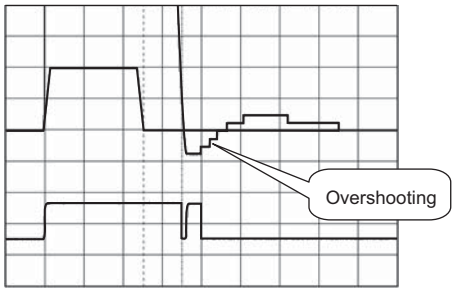
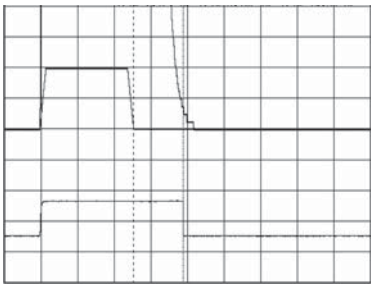
## 5.5.3 One-parameter Tuning Example

This section describes the procedure to adjust the FF LEVEL and FB LEVEL after step 8 of *5.5.2 (1)* ■ *Setting the Tuning Mode 2 or 3* and the procedure to save the values after adjustment to the SERVOPACK.

<NOTE>
Positioning time will be shortened if the FF LEVEL is increased. But overshooting and vibrations will occur if it is increased too much.
Overshooting will be reduced if the FB LEVEL is increased.

| Step | Panel Display after Operation or Measurement Results Display Example | Operation |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | – | Perform steps 1 through 7 of *5.5.2 (1)* ■ *Setting the Tuning Mode 2 or 3*. |
| 2 |  | Measure the positioning time.<br>If the measurement results and specifications are met, this concludes the tuning. Go to step 8.<br>If readjustment is required, go to the next step. |
| 3 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>FF LEVEL=0050. 0<br>FB LEVEL=0040. 0 | First input the reference from the host controller, and then increase the FF LEVEL with the digital operator to shorten the positioning time.<br><br>Note 1. If the FF LEVEL is changed when the servomotor is in operation, this value is not effective immediately. The changes will be effective after the servomotor comes to a stop with no reference input and then the servomotor starts operation.<br>2. If the FF LEVEL is changed too much during operation, vibration may occur because the responsiveness changes rapidly when the settings become effective.<br>3. If large vibrations occur, the SERVOPACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and set the notch filters or anti-resonance control. When a notch filter is set, "NF1" and "NF2" are displayed on the bottom row of the digital operator. When anti-resonance control is set, "ARES" is displayed on the bottom row of the digital operator.<br><br><NOTE><br>• Move the digit with the < or > Key and increase or decrease the value with the ∧ or ∨ Key.<br>• The message "FF LEVEL" flashes until the SERVOPACK reaches the effective FF LEVEL. If the servomotor does not stop within approximately 10 seconds after changing the setting, a timeout will occur. The setting will be returned to the previous value. |

(cont'd)

| Step | Panel Display after Operation or Measurement Results Display Example | Operation |
|---|---|---|
| 4 |  <br>In this measurement results example, the positioning time has decreased over the previous time, but overshooting has occurred. | Measure the positioning time with a measuring instrument.<br>If the measurement results and specifications are met, this concludes the tuning. Go to step 8.<br>Go to the next step if overshooting occurs before the specifications are met. |
| 5 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>FF LEVEL=0050.0<br>FB LEVEL=0050.0 | First input the reference from the host controller, then increase the FB LEVEL with the digital operator to reduce overshooting.<br><br><NOTE><br>• Move the digit with the [<] or [>] Key and increase or decrease the value with the [∧] or [∨] Key. |
| 6 |  | Measure the positioning time with a measuring instrument.<br>If the measurement results and specifications are met, this concludes the tuning. Go to step 8.<br>Go back to step 3 if overshooting occurs before the specifications are met.<br>Go to the next step if vibrations occur before overshooting stops. |
| 7 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>FF LEVEL=0050.0<br>FB LEVEL=0050.0<br><br>NF1 NF2 ARES | Press the (JOG SVON) Key on the digital operator.<br>The SERVOPACK will automatically detect the vibration frequencies and set the notch filters or an anti-resonance control. When a notch filter is set, "NF1" or "NF2" is displayed on the bottom row of the digital operator. When anti-resonance control is set, "ARES" is displayed on the bottom row of the digital operator.<br><NOTE><br>If the vibration is large, a notch filter or anti-resonance control will be automatically set even if the (JOG SVON) Key is not pressed.<br><br>After making the setting, go back to step 6. |
| 8 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn100=0050.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn141=0050.0<br>NF1 | Press the [DATA] Key. A confirmation screen will be displayed after tuning. |
| 9 | RUN —OnePrmTun—<br>Pn100=0050.0<br>Pn101=0020.00<br>Pn141=0050.0<br>NF1 | Press the [DATA] Key. The tuning results data will be saved in the SERVOPACK.<br>When the data has been saved, "DONE" will flash for two seconds, and then "RUN" will be displayed.<br><NOTE><br>• Press the [MODE/SET] Key to cancel saving the data.<br>• Press the [<] Key to readjust the FF LEVEL and FB LEVEL without saving the data. |

## 5.5.4 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function
These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function
Yes: Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
No: Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function
Yes: Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
No: Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

| Parameter | Name | Mid-execution changes | Automatic changes |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn100** | Speed Loop Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn101** | Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | No | Yes |
| **Pn102** | Position Loop Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn103** | Moment of Inertia Ratio | No | No |
| **Pn121** | Friction Compensation Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn123** | Friction Compensation Coefficient | No | Yes |
| **Pn124** | Friction Compensation Frequency Correction | No | No |
| **Pn125** | Friction Compensation Gain Correction | No | Yes |
| **Pn401** | Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | No | Yes |
| **Pn408** | Torque Related Function Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn409** | 1st Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40A** | 1st Notch Filter Q Value | No | Yes |
| **Pn40C** | 2nd Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40D** | 2nd Notch Filter Q Value | No | Yes |
| **Pn140** | Model Following Control Related Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn141** | Model Following Control Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn142** | Model Following Control Gain Compensation | No | Yes |
| **Pn143** | Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction) | No | Yes |
| **Pn144** | Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction) | No | Yes |
| **Pn145** | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A | No | No |
| **Pn146** | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B | No | No |
| **Pn147** | Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation | No | Yes |
| **Pn160** | Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn161** | Anti-Resonance Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn163** | Anti-Resonance Damping Gain | No | Yes |

# 5.6 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function (Fn204)

This section describes the anti-resonance control adjustment function.

## 5.6.1 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function

The anti-resonance control adjustment function increases the effectiveness of the vibration suppression after one-parameter tuning. This function is effective in supporting anti-resonance control adjustment if the vibration frequencies are from 100 to 1000 Hz.

This function rarely needs to be used because it is automatically set by the advanced autotuning or advanced autotuning by reference input. Use this function only if fine-tuning is required, or vibration detection is failed and readjustment is required.

Perform one-parameter tuning (Fn203) or use another method to improve the response characteristics after performing this function. If the anti-resonance gain is increased with one-parameter tuning performed, vibration may result again. If that occurs, perform this function again to fine-tune the settings.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- If this function is executed, related parameters will be set automatically. Therefore, there will be a large response change after this function is executed. Enable the function in a state where the machine can come to an emergency stop at any time to ensure the safety operation of the machine.
- Be sure to set a suitable value for the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) using advanced autotuning before executing the anti-resonance control adjustment function. If the setting greatly differs from the actual moment of inertia ratio, normal control of the machine may not be possible, and vibration may result.

**IMPORTANT**

- This function detects vibration between 100 and 1000 Hz. Vibration will not be detected for frequencies outside of this range, and instead, "F----" will be displayed. If that occurs, use one-parameter tuning with tuning mode 2 selected to automatically set a notch filter or use the vibration suppression function (Fn205).
- Vibration can be reduced more effectively by increasing the anti-resonance damping gain (Pn163). The amplitude of vibration may become larger if the damping gain is excessively high. Increase the damping gain from about 0 to 200% in 10% increments while checking the effect of vibration reduction. If the effect of vibration reduction is still insufficient at a gain of 200%, cancel the setting, and lower the control gain using a different method, such as one-parameter tuning.

### (1) Before Performing Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function

Check the following settings before performing anti-resonance control adjustment function.
The message “NO-OP” indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- The control must not be set to torque control.
- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

## 5.6.2 Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Function Operating Procedure

With this function, an operation reference is sent, and the function is executed while vibration is occurring.

Anti-resonance control adjustment function is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+. The following methods can be used for the anti-resonance control adjustment function.

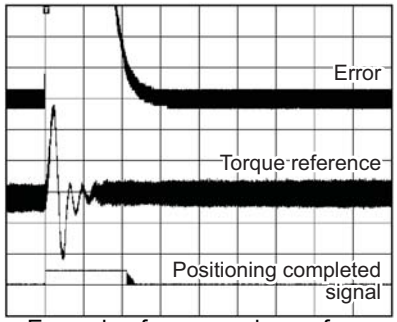
- Using anti-resonance control for the first time
  - With undetermined vibration frequency
  - With determined vibration frequency
- For fine-tuning after adjusting the anti-resonance control

The following describes the operating procedure from the digital operator.

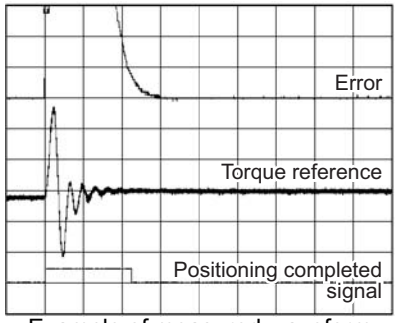
Refer to the *Σ-V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

### (1) Using Anti-Resonance Control for the First Time

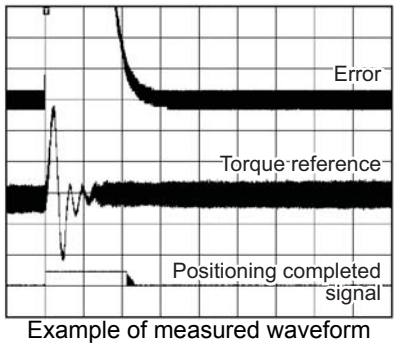
■ With Undetermined Vibration Frequency

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup<br>Fn206:Easy FFT | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list, select Fn204. |
| 2 | Status Display<br>RUN — Vib Sup—<br>Tuning Mode = 0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the tuning mode selection screen for Fn204 (anti-resonance control adjustment function). |
| 3 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>Tuning Mode = 0 | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ or ∨ Key and set the tuning mode "0." |
| 4 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = ---- Hz<br>damp = 0000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key while "Tuning Mode = 0" is displayed. The screen shown on the left will appear. The detection of vibration frequencies will start and "freq" will flash. Return to step 3 if vibration is not detected.<br>Note: If vibration is not detected even when vibration is occurring, lower the vibration detection sensitivity (Pn311). When this parameter is lowered, the detection sensitivity will be increased. Vibration may not be detected accurately if too small value is set. |
| 5 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0000 | – | The vibration frequency will be displayed in "freq" if vibration is detected.<br>  <br>Example of measured waveform |

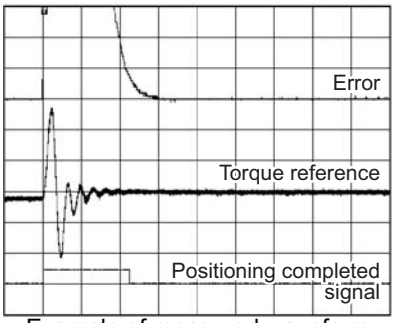
(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The cursor will move to "damp," and the flashing of "freq" will stop. |
| 7 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0120 | < > ∧ ∨ | Select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to set the damping gain.<br>  <br><br>Example of measured waveform<br>Note: Increase the damping gain from about 0 to 200% in 10% increments while checking the effect of vibration reduction. If vibration reduction is still insufficient at a gain of 200%, cancel the setting, and lower the control gain by using a different method, such as one-parameter tuning. |
| 8 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0120 | SCROLL | If fine tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the SCROLL Key. The cursor will move from "damp" to "freq." If fine-tuning is not necessary, skip step 9 and go to step 10. |
| 9 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0420 Hz<br>damp = 0120 | < > ∧ ∨ | Select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to fine-tune the frequency. |
| 10 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0420 Hz<br>damp = 0120 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed. |
| 11 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup<br>Fn206:Easy FFT | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to complete the anti-resonance control adjustment function. The screen in step 1 will appear again. |

## ■ With Determined Vibration Frequency

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup<br>Fn206:Easy FFT | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list, select Fn204. |
| 2 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>Tuning Mode = 0 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the tuning mode selection screen for Fn204 (anti-resonance control adjustment function). |
| 3 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Tuning Mode = 1 | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ or ∨ Key and set the tuning mode "1." |
| 4 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0100 Hz<br>damp = 0000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key while "Tuning Mode = 1" is displayed. The screen shown on the left will appear and "freq" will flash.<br>  <br><br>Example of measured waveform |
| 5 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0100 Hz<br>damp = 0000 | < > ∧ ∨ | Select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to adjust the frequency. |
| 6 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0000 | SCROLL | Press the SCROLL Key. The cursor will move to "damp." |

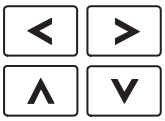
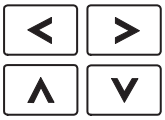
(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0020 | < > ∧ ∨ | Select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to adjust the damping gain.<br>  <br><br>Example of measured waveform<br>Note: Increase the damping gain from about 0 to 200% in 10% increments while checking the effect of vibration reduction. If vibration reduction is still insufficient at a gain of 200%, cancel the setting, and lower the control gain by using a different method, such as one-parameter tuning. |
| 8 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0120 | SCROLL | If fine tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the SCROLL Key. The cursor will move from "damp" to "freq." If fine-tuning is not necessary, skip step 9 and go to step 10. |
| 9 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0120 | < > ∧ ∨ | Select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to fine-tune the frequency. |
| 10 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0120 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed. |
| 11 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup<br>Fn206:Easy FFT | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to complete the anti-resonance control adjustment function. The screen in step 1 will appear again. |

## (2) For Fine-tuning After Adjusting the Anti-Resonance Control

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup<br>Fn206:Easy FFT | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list, select Fn204. |
| 2 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Tuning Mode = 1 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the "Tuning Mode = 1" as shown on the left. |
| 3 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0120 | DATA | Press the DATA Key while "Tuning Mode = 1" is displayed. The screen shown on the left will appear and "damp" will flash. |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0150 |  | Select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to set the damping gain.<br>Note: Increase the damping gain from about 0 to 200% in 10% increments while checking the effect of vibration reduction. If vibration reduction is still insufficient at a gain of 200%, cancel the setting, and lower the control gain by using a different method, such as one-parameter tuning. |
| 5 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0400 Hz<br>damp = 0150 | | If fine tuning of the frequency is necessary, press the SCROLL Key. The cursor will move from "damp" to "freq." If fine-tuning is not necessary, skip step 6 and go to step 7. |
| 6 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0420 Hz<br>damp = 0150 |  | Select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to fine-tune the frequency. |
| 7 | RUN — Vib Sup—<br>freq = 0420 Hz<br>damp = 0150 | | Press the DATA Key to save the settings. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed. |
| 8 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn203:OnePrmTun<br>Fn204:A-Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup<br>Fn206:Easy FFT | | Press the MODE/SET Key to complete the anti-resonance control adjustment function. The screen in step 1 will appear again. |

## 5.6.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function
These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function
Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function
Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
No: Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

| Parameter | Name | Mid-execution changes | Automatic changes |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn160** | Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn161** | Anti-Resonance Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn162** | Anti-Resonance Gain Compensation | Yes | No |
| **Pn163** | Anti-Resonance Damping Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn164** | Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 1 Compensation | Yes | No |
| **Pn165** | Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 2 Compensation | Yes | No |

# 5.7 Vibration Suppression Function (Fn205)

The vibration suppression function is described in this section.

## 5.7.1 Vibration Suppression Function

The vibration suppression function suppresses transitional vibration at frequency as low as 1 to 100 Hz that is generated mainly when positioning if the machine stand vibrates.

This function is set automatically when advanced autotuning or advanced autotuning by reference is executed. In most cases, this function is not necessary. Use this function only if fine-tuning is required or readjustment is required as a result of a failure to detect vibration.

Perform one-parameter tuning (Fn203) if required to improve the response characteristics after performing this function.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- If this function is executed, related parameters will be set automatically. Therefore, there will be a large response change after this function is enabled or disabled. Enable the function in a state where the machine can come to an emergency stop at any time to ensure the safety operation of the machine.
- Be sure to set a suitable value for the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) using advanced autotuning before executing the vibration suppression function. If the setting greatly differs from the actual moment of inertia ratio, normal control of the SERVOPACK may not be possible, and vibration may result.
- Phase control of the MP2000 Series may not be possible, if the vibration suppression function is performed when using the MP2000 Series with phase control.

**IMPORTANT**

- This function detects vibration frequency between 1 to 100 Hz. Vibration will not be detected for frequencies outside of this range, and instead, "F-----" will be displayed.
- Frequency detection will not be performed if no vibration results from position error or the vibration frequencies are outside the range of detectable frequencies. If so, use a device, such as a displacement sensor or vibration sensor, to measure the vibration frequency.
- If vibration frequencies automatically detected are not suppressed, the actual frequency and the detected frequency may differ. Fine-tune the detected frequency if necessary.

### (1) Preparation

Check the following settings before performing the vibration suppression function.
The message “NO-OP” indicating that the settings are not appropriate will be displayed, if all of the following conditions are not met.

- The control must be set to position control.
- The tuning-less function must be disabled (Pn170.0 = 0).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

### (2) Items Influencing Performance

If continuous vibration occurs when the servomotor is not rotating, the vibration suppression function cannot be used to suppress the vibration effectively. If the result is not satisfactory, perform anti-resonance control adjustment function (Fn204) or one-parameter tuning (Fn203).

### (3) Detection of Vibration Frequencies

Frequency detection may not be possible if there is not enough vibration to affect the position error or the effect on the position error is minimal. The detection sensitivity can be adjusted by changing the setting for the remained vibration detection width (Pn560), which is set as a percentage of the positioning completed width (Pn522). Perform detection of vibration frequencies again after adjusting the remained vibration detection width (Pn560).

| Pn560 | Remained Vibration Detection Width Position | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 3000 | 0.1% | 400 | Immediately | Setup |

Note: As a guideline, change the setting 10% at a time. The smaller the set value is, the higher the detection sensitivity will be. If the value is too small, however, the vibration may not be detected accurately.

The vibration frequencies that are automatically detected may vary somewhat with each positioning operation. Perform positioning several times and make adjustments while checking the effect of vibration suppression.

## 5.7.2 Vibration Suppression Function Operating Procedure

The following procedure is used for vibration suppression function.

Vibration suppression function is performed from the digital operator (option) or SigmaWin+.

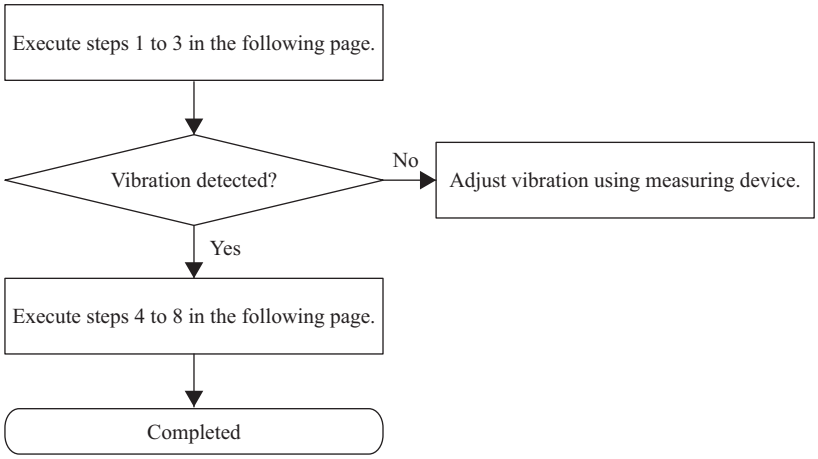
The operating procedure from the digital operator is described here.

Refer to the *Σ-V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for basic key operations of the digital operator.

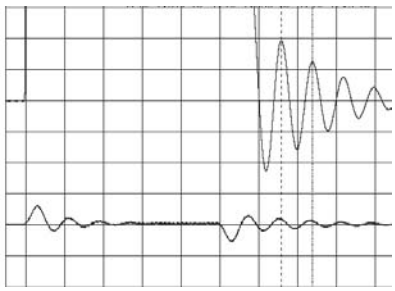
Note: If this function is aborted by pressing the MODE/SET Key, the SERVOPACK will continue operating until the servomotor comes to a stop. After the servomotor stops, the set value will return to the previous value.

The operating flow of the vibration suppression function is shown below.

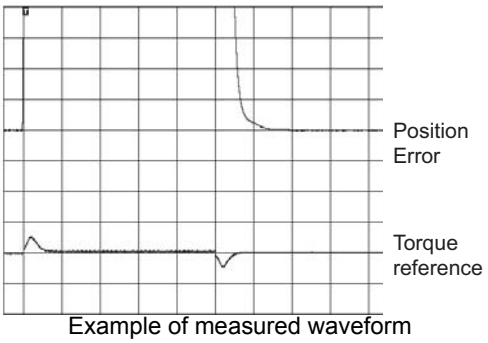
### (1) Operating Flow



## (2) Operating Procedure

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Input a operation reference and take the following steps while repeating positioning. | | |
| 2 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn204:A—Vib Sup<br>Fn205:Vib Sup<br>Fn206:Easy FFT<br>Fn207:V—Monitor | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list, select Fn205. |
| 3 | RUN —Vib Sup—<br>Measure f=010.4Hz<br>Setting f=050.4Hz | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display shown on the left will appear.<br>Measure f: Measurement frequency<br>Setting f: Setting frequency [Factory-set to the set value for Pn145]<br>If the setting frequency and actual operating frequency are different, "Setting" will flash.<br>Note: Frequency detection will not be performed if there is no vibration or the vibration frequency is outside the range of detectable frequencies. The following screen will be displayed if vibration is not detected. If the vibration frequencies are not detected, prepare a means of detecting and measuring the vibration. When the vibration frequencies are measured, go to step 5 and manually set the measured vibration frequency to “Setting f.”<br>RUN —Vib Sup—<br>Measure f =-----Hz<br>Setting f =050.0Hz |
| 4 | RUN —Vib Sup—<br>Measure f=010.4Hz<br>Setting f=010.4Hz | SCROLL | Press the SCROLL Key. The displayed “Measure f” value will be displayed as the “Setting f” value as well.<br>  <br><br>Example of measured waveform |
| 5 | RUN —Vib Sup—<br>Measure f=010.4Hz<br>Setting f=012.4Hz | < > ∧ ∨ | If the vibration is not completely suppressed, select the digit with the < or > Key, and press the ∧ or ∨ Key to fine-tune the frequency “setting f.” Skip this step and go to step 7 if the fine-tuning of the frequency is not necessary.<br>Note: If the setting frequency and actual operating frequency are different, "Setting" will flash. |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | RUN —Vib Sup—<br>Measure f=010.4Hz<br>Setting f=012.4Hz | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The "Setting f" will change to usual display and the frequency currently displayed will be set for the vibration suppression function.<br>  <br><br>Example of measured waveform |
| 7 | RUN —Vib Sup—<br>Measuref =-----Hz<br>Settingf =012.4Hz | DATA | Press the DATA Key to save the setting. "DONE" will flash for approximately two seconds and "RUN" will be displayed again. |
| 8 | RUN —FUNCTION—<br>Fn204<br>Fn205<br>Fn206<br>Fn207 | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key to complete the vibration suppression function. The screen in step 1 will appear again. |

IMPORTANT

No settings related to the vibration suppression function will be changed during operation.

If the servomotor does not stop approximately 10 seconds after the setting changes, a timeout error will result and the previous setting will be automatically enabled again.

The vibration suppression function will be enabled in step 6. The motor response, however, will change when the servomotor comes to a stop with no reference input.

## (3) Related Function on Vibration Suppression Function

This section describes functions related to vibration suppression function.

### ■ Feedforward

The feedforward gain (Pn109), speed feedforward (VFF) input, and torque feedforward (TFF) input will be disabled in the factory setting.

Set Pn140.3 to 1 if model following control is used together with the speed feedforward (VFF) input and torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn140** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Model following control is not used together with the speed/torque feedforward input. | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.1□□□ | Model following control is used together with the speed/torque feedforward input. | | |

For the torque feedforward (TFF) input and speed feedforward (VFF) input, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

IMPORTANT

Model following control is used to make optimum feedforward settings in the SERVOPACK when model following control is used with the feedforward function. Therefore, model following control is not normally used together with either the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input from the host controller. However, model following control can be used with the speed feedforward (VFF) input or torque feedforward (TFF) input if required. An improper feedforward input may result in overshooting.

## 5.7.3 Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function
These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function
Yes: Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
No: Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function
Yes: Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
No: Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

| Parameter | Name | Mid-execution changes | Automatic changes |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn140** | Model Following Control Related Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn141** | Model Following Control Gain | No | Yes |
| **Pn142** | Model Following Control Gain Compensation | No | No |
| **Pn143** | Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction) | No | No |
| **Pn144** | Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction) | No | No |
| **Pn145** | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A | No | Yes |
| **Pn146** | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B | No | Yes |
| **Pn147** | Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation | No | No |
| **Pn14A** | Vibration Suppression 2 Frequency | No | No |
| **Pn14B** | Vibration Suppression 2 Compensation | No | No |

# 5.8 Additional Adjustment Function

This section describes the functions that can be used for additional fine tuning after making adjustments with advanced autotuning, advanced autotuning by reference, or one-parameter tuning.

- Switching gain settings
- Friction compensation
- Current control mode selection
- Current gain level setting
- Speed detection method selection

## 5.8.1 Switching Gain Settings

Two gain switching functions are available, manual switching and automatic switching. The manual switching function uses an external input signal to switch gains, and the automatic switching function switches gains automatically.

By using the gain switching function, the positioning time can be shortened by increasing the gain during positioning and vibration can be suppressed by decreasing the gain while it is stopped.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn139** | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | Manual gain switching | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□□□2 | Automatic gain switching | | |

Note: n.□□□1 is reserved. Do not use.

For the gain combinations for switching, refer to *(1) Gain Combinations for Switching*.

For the manual gain switching, refer to *(2) Manual Gain Switching*.

For the automatic gain switching, refer to *(3) Automatic Gain Switching*.

### (1) Gain Combinations for Switching

| Setting | Speed Loop Gain | Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | Position Loop Gain | Torque Reference Filter | Model Following Control Gain | Model Following Control Gain Compensation | Friction Compensation Gain |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gain Setting 1 | Pn100 Speed Loop Gain | Pn101 Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | Pn102 Position Loop Gain | Pn401 Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | Pn141* Model Following Control Gain | Pn142* Model Following Control Gain Compensation | Pn121 Friction Compensation Gain |
| Gain Setting 2 | Pn104 2nd Speed Loop Gain | Pn105 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | Pn106 2nd Position Loop Gain | Pn412 1st Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | Pn148* 2nd Model Following Control Gain | Pn149* 2nd Model Following Control Gain Compensation | Pn122 2nd Gain for Friction Compensation |

* The switching gain settings for the model following control gain and the model following control gain compensation are supported only for manual gain switching.
To enable the gain switching of these parameters, a gain switching input signal must be sent, and the following conditions must be met.
- No command being executed.
- Motor having been completely stopped.

If these conditions are not satisfied, the applicable parameters will not be switched although the other parameters shown in this table will be switched.

## (2) Manual Gain Switching

Manual gain switching uses G-SEL of OPTION field to switch between gain setting 1 and gain setting 2.

| Type | Command Name | Setting | Meaning |
|---|---|---|---|
| Input | G-SEL of OPTION field | 0 | Switches to gain setting 1. |
| | | 1 | Switches to gain setting 2. |

## (3) Automatic Gain Switching

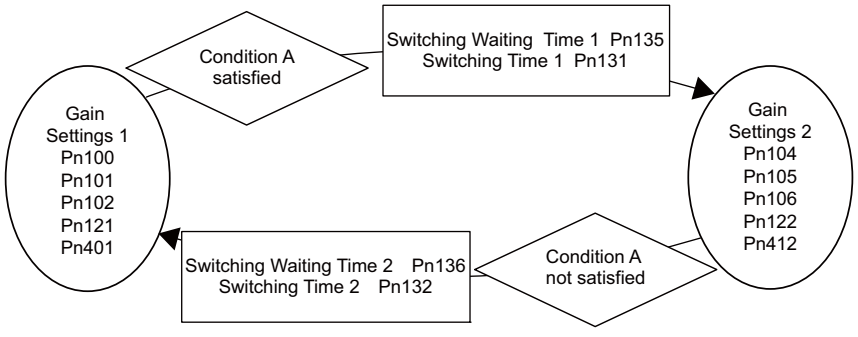
Automatic gain switching is enabled only in position control. The switching conditions are specified using the following settings.

| Parameter Setting | | Switching Condition | Setting | Switching Wait Time | Switching Time |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn139** | n.□□□2 | Condition A satisfied. | Gain setting 1 to gain setting 2 | Pn135 Gain Switching Waiting Time 1 | Pn131 Gain Switching Time 1 |
| | | Condition A not satisfied. | Gain setting 2 to gain setting 1 | Pn136 Gain Switching Waiting Time 2 | Pn132 Gain Switching Time 2 |

Select one of the following settings for switching condition A.

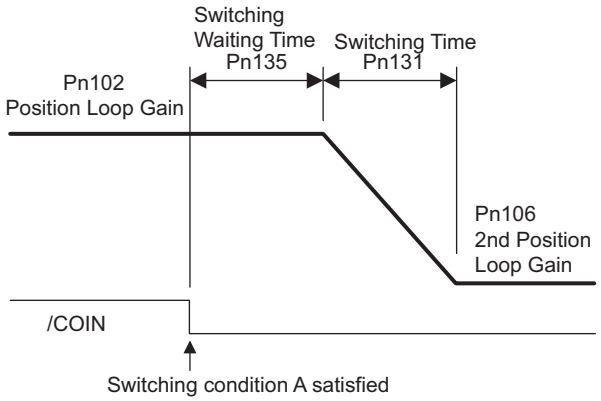
| Parameter | | Switching Condition A for Position Control | For Other than Position Control (No Switching) | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn139** | n.□□0□ [Factory setting] | Positioning completed signal (/COIN) ON | Fixed in gain setting 1 | Immediately | Tuning |
| | n.□□1□ | Positioning completed signal (/COIN) OFF | Fixed in gain setting 2 | | |
| | n.□□2□ | Positioning near signal (/NEAR) ON | Fixed in gain setting 1 | | |
| | n.□□3□ | Positioning near signal (/NEAR) OFF | Fixed in gain setting 2 | | |
| | n.□□4□ | No output for position reference filter and position reference input OFF | Fixed in gain setting 1 | | |
| | n.□□5□ | Position reference input ON | Fixed in gain setting 2 | | |

Automatic Switching Pattern 1 (Pn139 = n.□□□2)



■ Relationship between the Waiting and Switching Times for Gain Switching

In this example, the "positioning completed signal (/COIN) ON" condition is set as condition A for automatic gain switching. The position loop gain is switched from the value in Pn102 (position loop gain) to the value in Pn106 (2nd position loop gain). When the /COIN signal goes ON, the switching operation begins after the waiting time set in Pn135. The switching operation changes the position loop gain linearly from Pn102 to Pn106 within the switching time set in Pn131.




Note: Automatic gain switching is available in the PI and I-P controls (Pn10B).

## (4) Related Parameters

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn100** | Speed Loop Gain | | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 20000 | 0.1 Hz | 400 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn101** | Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 15 to 51200 | 0.01 ms | 2000 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn102** | Position Loop Gain | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 20000 | 0.1/s | 400 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn401** | Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | | Speed Position | Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 65535 | 0.01 ms | 100 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn141** | Model Following Control Gain | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 20000 | 0.1/s | 500 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn142** | Model Following Control Gain Compensation | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 500 to 2000 | 0.1% | 1000 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn121** | Friction Compensation Gain | | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 1000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn104** | 2nd Speed Loop Gain | | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 20000 | 0.1 Hz | 400 | Immediately | Tuning |

(cont'd)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn105** | 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | | | Speed Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 15 to 51200 | 0.01 ms | 2000 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn106** | 2nd Position Loop Gain | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 20000 | 0.1/s | 400 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn412** | 1st Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | | | Speed Position Torque | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 65535 | 0.01 ms | 100 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn148** | 2nd Model Following Control Gain | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 20000 | 0.1/s | 500 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn149** | 2nd Model Following Control Gain Compensation | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 500 to 2000 | 0.1% | 1000 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn122** | 2nd Gain for Friction Compensation | | | Speed Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 10 to 1000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning |

## (5) Parameters for Automatic Gain Switching

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn131** | Gain Switching Time 1 | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 65535 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn132** | Gain Switching Time 2 | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 65535 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn135** | Gain Switching Waiting Time 1 | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 65535 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn136** | Gain Switching Waiting Time 2 | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 65535 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |

## (6) Related Monitor

| Monitor No. (Un) | Name | Value | Remarks |
|---|---|---|---|
| Un014 | Effective gain monitor | 1 | For gain setting 1 |
| | | 2 | For gain setting 2 |

Note: When using the tuning-less function, gain setting 1 is enabled.

| Parameter No. | Analog Monitor | Name | Output Value | Remarks |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn006<br>Pn007 | n.□□0B | Effective gain monitor | 1 V | Gain setting 1 is enabled. |
| | | | 2 V | Gain setting 2 is enabled. |

## 5.8.2 Manual Adjustment of Friction Compensation

Friction compensation rectifies the viscous friction change and regular load change.

The friction compensation function can be automatically adjusted with advanced autotuning (Fn201), advanced autotuning by reference input (Fn202), or one-parameter tuning (Fn203). This section describes the steps to follow if manual adjustment is required.

### (1) Required Parameter Settings

The following parameter settings are required to use friction compensation.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn408** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Does not use friction compensation. | Immediately | Setup |
| | n.1□□□ | Uses friction compensation. | | |

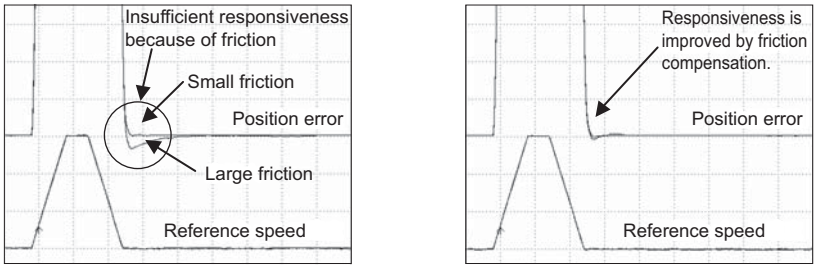
| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn121** | Friction Compensation Gain | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled |
| | 10 to 1000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately |
| | | | | Tuning |
| **Pn123** | Friction Compensation Coefficient | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled |
| | 0 to 100 | 1% | 0 | Immediately |
| | | | | Tuning |
| **Pn124** | Friction Compensation Frequency Correction | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled |
| | -10000 to 10000 | 0.1 Hz | 0 | Immediately |
| | | | | Tuning |
| **Pn125** | Friction Compensation Gain Correction | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled |
| | 1 to 1000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately |
| | | | | Tuning |

## (2) Operating Procedure for Friction Compensation

The following procedure is used for friction compensation.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- Before using friction compensation, set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) as accurately as possible. If the wrong moment of inertia ratio is set, vibration may result.

| Step | Operation |
|---|---|
| 1 | Set the following parameters for friction compensation to the factory setting as follows.<br>Friction compensation gain (Pn121): 100<br>Friction compensation coefficient (Pn123): 0<br>Friction compensation frequency correction (Pn124): 0<br>Friction compensation gain correction (Pn125): 100<br>Note: Always use the factory-set values for friction compensation frequency correction (Pn124) and friction compensation gain correction (Pn125). |
| 2 | To check the effect of friction compensation, gradually increase the friction compensation coefficient (Pn123).<br>Note: Usually, set the friction compensation coefficient value to 95% or less. If the effect is insufficient, increase the friction compensation gain (Pn121) by 10% increments until it stops vibrating.<br><br>Effect of Parameters for Adjustment<br>Pn121: Friction Compensation Gain<br>This parameter sets the responsiveness for external disturbance. The higher the set value is, the better the responsiveness will be. If the equipment has a resonance frequency, however, vibration may result if the set value is excessively high.<br>Pn123: Friction Compensation Coefficient<br>This parameter sets the effect of friction compensation. The higher the set value is, the more effective friction compensation will be. If the set value is excessively high, however, the vibration will occur easily. Usually, set the value to 95% or less. |
| 3 | Effect of Adjustment<br>The following graph shows the responsiveness with and without proper adjustment.<br>  <br><br>Without friction compensation　　With friction compensation |

## 5.8.3 Current Control Mode Selection Function

This function reduces high-frequency noises while the servomotor is being stopped. This function is enabled by default and set to be effective under different application conditions. Set Pn009.1 = 1 to use this function.

This function can be used with the following SERVOPACKs.

| Input Voltage | SERVOPACK Model SGDV- |
|---|---|
| 200 V | 120A, 180A, 200A, 330A, 470A, 550A, 590A, 780A |
| 400 V | 3R5D, 5R4D, 8R4D, 120D, 170D, 210D, 260D, 280D, 370D |

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn009 | n. □□0□ | Selects the current control mode 1. | After restart | Tuning |
| | n. □□1□ [Factory setting] | Selects the current control mode 2 (low noise). | | |

IMPORTANT

- If current control mode 2 is selected, the load ratio may increase while the servomotor is being stopped.

## 5.8.4 Current Gain Level Setting

This function reduces noises by adjusting the parameter value for current control inside the SERVOPACK according to the speed loop gain (Pn100). The noise level can be reduced by reducing the current gain level (Pn13D) from its factory setting of 2000% (disabled). If the set value of Pn13D is decreased, the level of noise will be lowered, but the response characteristics of the SERVOPACK will also be degraded. Adjust the current gain level within the allowable range at which SERVOPACK response characteristics can be secured.

| Pn13D | Current Gain Level | | Speed Position | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 100 to 2000 | 1% | 2000 | Immediately | Tuning |

IMPORTANT

- If this parameter is changed, the response characteristics of the speed loop will also change, and the SERVOPACK may require readjustment.

## 5.8.5 Speed Detection Method Selection

The speed detection method selection can be used to smooth the speed of the servomotor during operation. To smooth the speed of the servomotor during operation, set Pn009 to n.□1□□ to select speed detection 2.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn009 | n. □0□□ [Factory setting] | Selects speed detection 1. | After restart | Tuning |
| | n. □1□□ | Selects speed detection 2. | | |

IMPORTANT

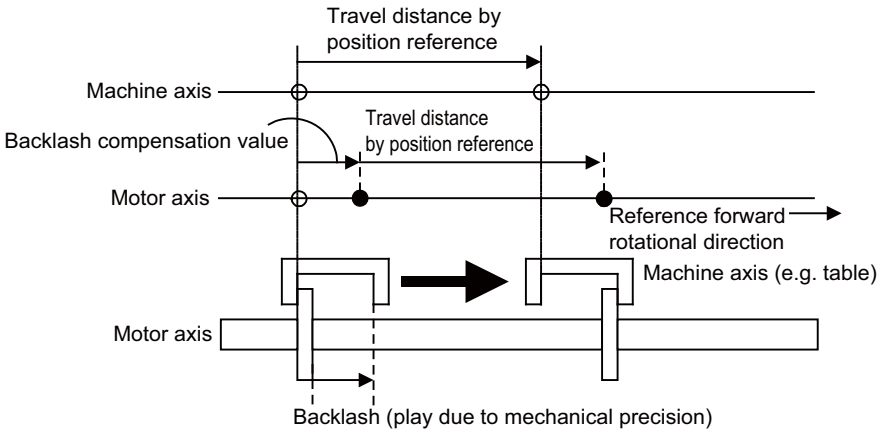
- If the speed detection method is changed, the response characteristics of the speed loop will also change, and the SERVOPACK may require readjustment.

# 5.8.6 Backlash Compensation Function

## (1) Overview

When driving a machine with backlash, there will be a deviation between the travel distance in the position reference that is managed by the host controller and the travel distance of the actual machine. Use backlash compensation function to add the backlash compensation value to the position reference and use the result to drive the servomotor. This means that the travel distance of the actual machine will be the same as the travel distance in the host controller.

Note 1. This function is supported only for position control.
2. Software version 0023 or higher is required to use this function. You can confirm the software version in Fn012. For details, refer to *6.14 Software Version Display (Fn012)*.




## (2) Related Parameter

Set the following parameter to use backlash compensation.

### ■ Backlash Compensation Direction

Set the direction in which to apply backlash compensation.

| Parameter | | Function | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn230** | n. □□□0 [Factory setting] | Compensates with a reference in the forward direction. | After restart | Setup |
| | n. □□□1 | Compensates with a reference in the reverse direction. | | |

### ■ Backlash Compensation Value

Set the amount of backlash compensation to add to the position reference.
The amount is set in increments of 0.1 reference unit. However, when the amount is converted to encoder pulses, it is rounded off at the decimal point.

Example: If Pn231 is set to 6,553.6 [reference unit] and the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) is set to 4/1, then the pulse equivalent is 6,553.6 × 4 = 26,214.4 [pulses].
⇒The backlash compensation value will be 26,214 encoder pulses.

| | Backlash compensation value | | | Position | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn231** | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | -500000 to 500000 | 0.1 reference unit | 0 | Immediately | Setup |

IMPORTANT

- The backlash compensation value is restricted by the following formula. The specified compensation is not performed if this condition is not met.

$$Pn231 \leq \frac{Pn210}{Pn20E} \times \frac{\text{Maximum motor speed [min}^{-1}\text{]}}{60} \times \text{Encoder resolution}^{*} \times 0.00025$$

* For details on encoder resolution, refer to *8.3.5 Electronic Gear*. With fully-closed loop control, substitute the number of external encoder pulses per motor revolution for "encoder resolution" in the formula above.

Example 1:

Assuming Pn20E = 4, Pn210 = 1, maximum motor speed = 6000 [min$^{-1}$],
encoder resolution = 1048576 (20 bits):
$1/4 \times 6000/60 \times 1048576 \times 0.00025 = 6553.6$ [reference units]
⇒The upper limit for the backlash compensation is 6553.6 [reference units].

Example 2:

When using the conditions Pn20E = 4, Pn210 = 1, maximum motor speed = 6000 [min$^{-1}$], external encoder pitch count (Pn20A) = 500, JZDP-D00□-000 (signal resolution: 1/256):
$1/4 \times 6000/60 \times (500 \times 256) \times 0.00025 = 800.0$ [reference units]
⇒ The upper limit for the backlash compensation is 800.0 [reference units].

- Do not exceed the upper limit of the backlash compensation value. The upper limit of the backlash compensation value can be confirmed in Un031.

### ■ Backlash Compensation Time Constant

Set a time constant for a first order lag filter to use when adding the backlash compensation value (Pn231) to the position reference.
If you set Pn233 to 0, the first order lag filter is disabled.

| Pn233 | Backlash compensation time constant | | | Position | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 65535 | 0.01 ms | 0 | Immediately | Setup |

Note: Changes to the set value are applied when there is no position reference input and the servomotor is stopped. The current operation is not affected if the set value is changed during servomotor operation.

## (3) Related Monitor

The following monitoring parameters provide information on backlash compensation.

| Un No. | Displayed Information | Unit |
|---|---|---|
| Un030 | The current backlash compensation value | 0.1 reference unit |
| Un031 | Backlash compensation setting limit value | 0.1 reference unit |

## (4) Compensation Operation

This section describes the operation that is performed for backlash compensation.

Note: The following figures are for when backlash compensation is applied for references in the forward direction (Pn230.0 = 0). The following monitoring information is provided in the figures: TPOS (target position in the reference coordinate system), POS (reference position in the reference coordinate system), and APOS (feedback position in the machine coordinate system). The monitoring information includes the feedback position in machine coordinate system (APOS) and other feedback information. The backlash compensation value is subtracted from the feedback positions in the monitoring information, so it is not necessary for the host controller to consider the backlash compensation value.

## ⚠ CAUTION

- The encoder output pulse will output the number of encoder pulses for which driving was actually performed, including the backlash compensation value. If using the encoder output pulse for position feedback at the host controller, must consider the backlash compensation value.

### ■ When Servo is ON

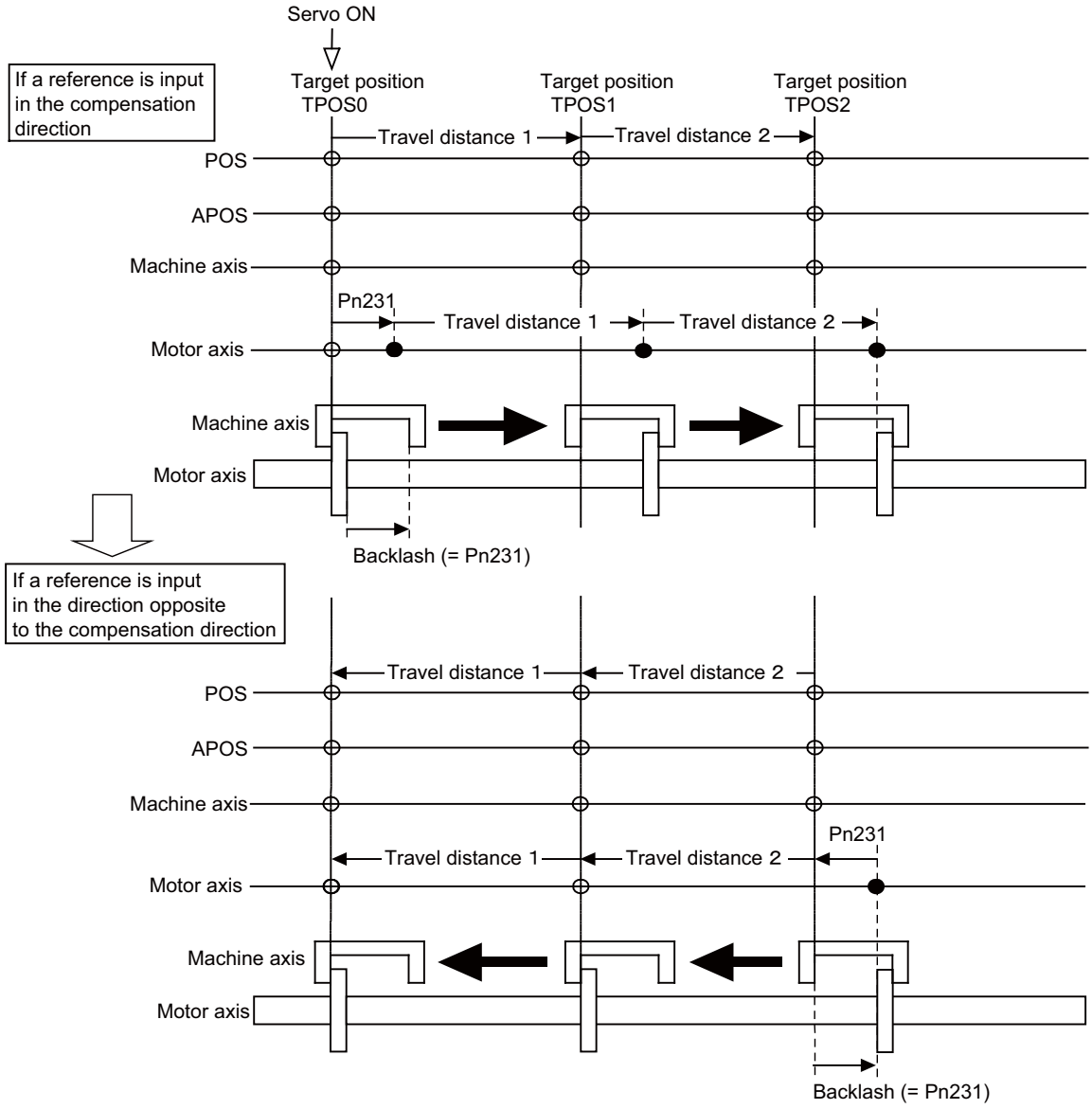
The backlash compensation value (Pn231) is added in the compensation direction when the servo is ON (i.e., the servomotor is powered) and a reference is input in the same direction as the backlash compensation direction (Pn230.0). If there is a reference input in the direction opposite to the backlash compensation direction, the backlash compensation value is not added (i.e., backlash compensation is not performed).

The relationship between APOS and the servomotor shaft position is as follows:

- If a reference is input in the compensation direction: APOS = Motor shaft position - Pn231
- If a reference is input in the direction opposite to the compensation direction: APOS = Motor shaft position

The following figure shows driving the servomotor in the forward direction from target position TPOS0 to TPOS1 and then to TPOS2, and then returning from TPOS2 to TPOS1 and then to TPOS0.

Backlash compensation is applied when moving from TPOS0 to TPOS1, but not when moving from TPOS2 to TPOS1.



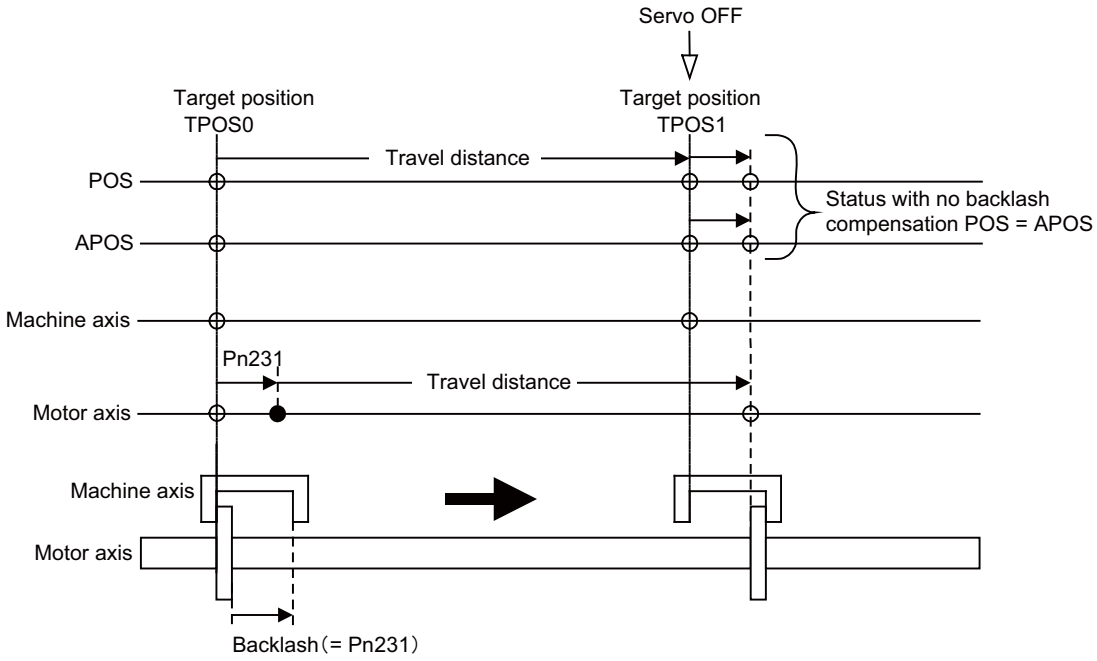
### ■ When Servo is OFF

Backlash compensation is not applied when the servo is OFF (i.e., when the servomotor is not powered). Therefore, the reference position POS moves by only the backlash compensation value.

The relationship between APOS and the servomotor shaft position is as follows:

• When servo is OFF: APOS = Servomotor shaft position

The following figure shows what happens when the servo is turned OFF after driving the servomotor in the forward direction from target position TPOS0 to TPOS1. Backlash compensation is not applied when the servo is OFF (i.e., the SERVOPACK manages the position data so that APOS and POS are the same).




### ■ When There is Overtravel

When there is overtravel (i.e., when driving is prohibited due to an overtravel signal or software limit), the operation is the same as for *5.8.6 (4)* ■ *When Servo is OFF*, i.e., backlash compensation is not applied.

### ■ When Control is Changed

Backlash compensation is performed only for position control.
Backlash compensation is not applied if changing from position control to any other type of control.
Backlash compensation is applied in the same way as *5.8.6 (4)* ■ *When Servo is ON* if changing from any other type of control to position control.

### ■ When Safety Module Active Mode is Used

During an operation in active mode function, the operation is the same as for *5.8.6 (4)* ■ *When Servo is OFF*, i.e., backlash compensation is not applied.

## (5) Monitor Functions (Un Monitoring)

| Un No. | Displayed Information | Unit | Specification |
|---|---|---|---|
| Un007 | Input reference speed | $min^{-1}$ | Indicates the input reference speed before backlash compensation. |
| Un008 | Position error amount | Reference unit | Displays the position error with respect to the position reference after backlash compensation. |
| Un00C | Input reference counter | Reference unit | Displays the input reference counter before backlash compensation. |
| Un00D | Feedback pulse counter | Encoder pulse | Displays the pulse count of the actually driven motor encoder. |
| Un00E | Fully-closed feedback pulse counter | External encoder resolution | Displays the pulse count of the actually driven external encoder. |
| Un013 | Feedback pulse counter | Reference unit | Displays the pulse count of the actually driven encoder in reference units. |

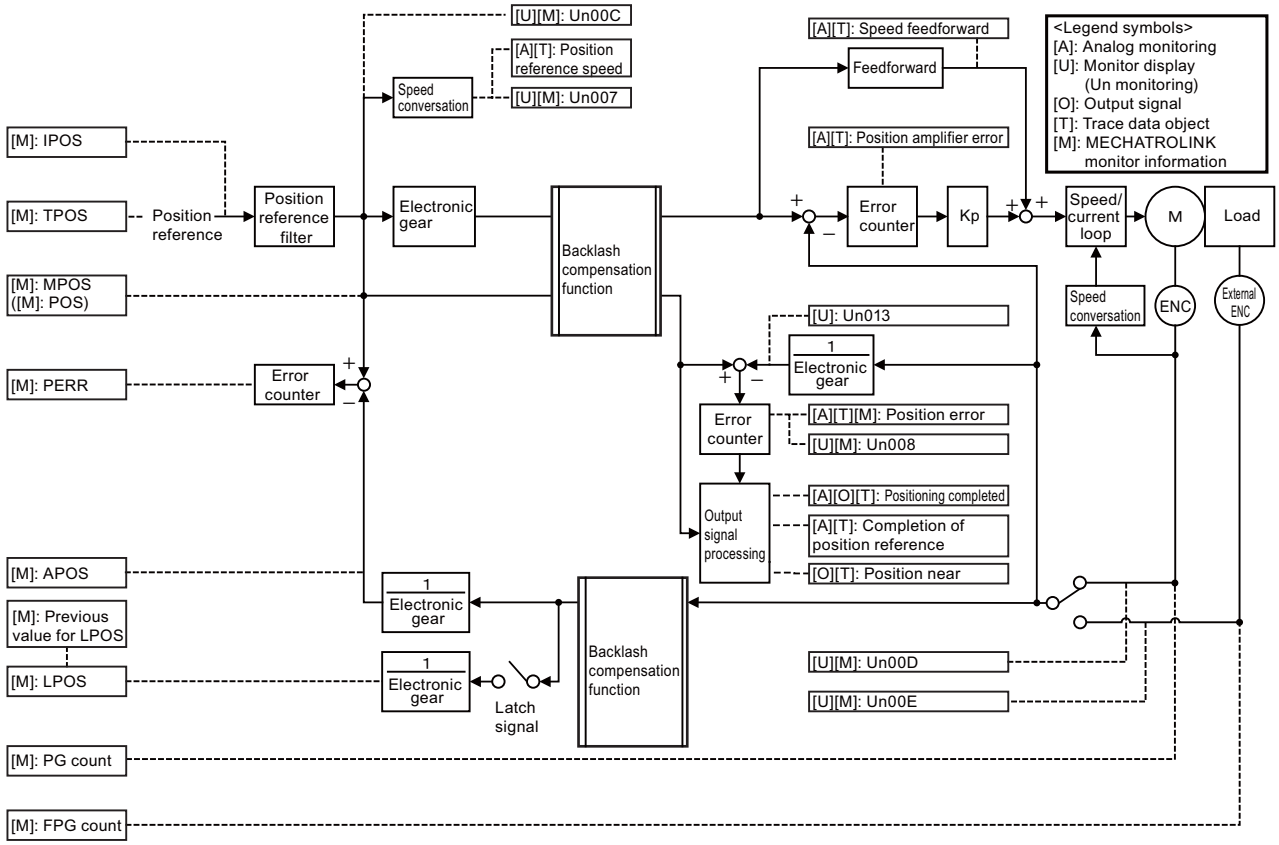
## (6) MECHATROLINK Monitor Information

This section describes the information that is set for the MECHATROLINK monitoring information (Monitor 1, Monitor 2, Monitor 3, and Monitor 4) and the backlash compensation operation.

| Monitor Code | Designation | Meaning | Unit | Remarks |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | POS | Reference position in the reference coordinate system (after the position reference filter) | Reference unit | – |
| 1 | MPOS | Reference position | Reference unit | – |
| 2 | PERR | Position error | Reference unit | – |
| 3 | APOS | Feedback position in the machine coordinate system | Reference unit | Feedback position with the backlash compensation subtracted |
| 4 | LPOS | Feedback latch position in the machine coordinate system | Reference unit | Feedback position with the backlash compensation subtracted |
| 5 | IPOS | Reference position in the reference coordinate system (before the position reference filter) | Reference unit | – |
| 6 | TPOS | Target position in the reference coordinate system | Reference unit | – |
| E | OMN1 | Option monitor 1 (selected with Pn824) | – | – |
| F | OMN2 | Option monitor 2 (selected with Pn825) | – | – |

| Parameters | | Monitor Information | Output Unit | Remarks |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn824<br>Pn825 | 0003H | Position error (lower 32 bits) | Reference unit | – |
| | 0004H | Position error (upper 32 bits) | Reference unit | – |
| | 000AH | Encoder count (lower 32 bits) | Reference unit | Count value of the actually driven motor encoder |
| | 000BH | Encoder count (upper 32 bits) | Reference unit | |
| | 000CH | FPG count (lower 32 bits) | Reference unit | Count value of the actually driven external encoder |
| | 000DH | FPG count (upper 32 bits) | Reference unit | |
| | 0017H | Un007: Input reference speed | $min^{-1}$ | Same as monitor display Un007 |
| | 0018H | Un008: Position error amount | Reference unit | Same as monitor display Un008 |
| | 001CH | Un00C: Input reference counter | Reference unit | Same as monitor display Un00C |
| | 001DH | Un00D: Feedback pulse counter | Encoder pulse | Same as monitor display Un00D |
| | 001EH | Un00E: Fully-closed feedback pulse counter | External encoder resolution | Same as monitor display Un00E |
| | 0080H | Previous value of latched feedback position (LPOS) | Encoder pulse | Feedback position with the backlash compensation subtracted |

■ Related Monitoring Diagrams

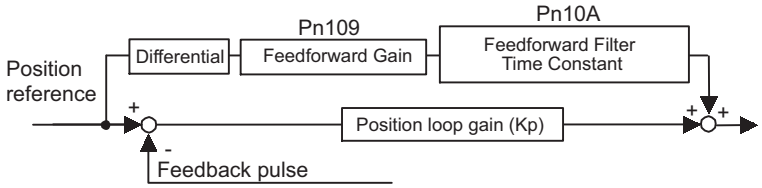


# 5.9 Compatible Adjustment Function

The Σ-V series SERVOPACKs have adjustment functions as explained in sections *5.1* to *5.8* to make machine adjustments.
This section explains compatible functions provided by earlier models, such as the Σ-III Series SERVOPACK.

## 5.9.1 Feedforward Reference

This function applies feedforward compensation to position control and shortens positioning time.




| Pn109 | Feedforward Gain | | | Position | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 100 | 1% | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |

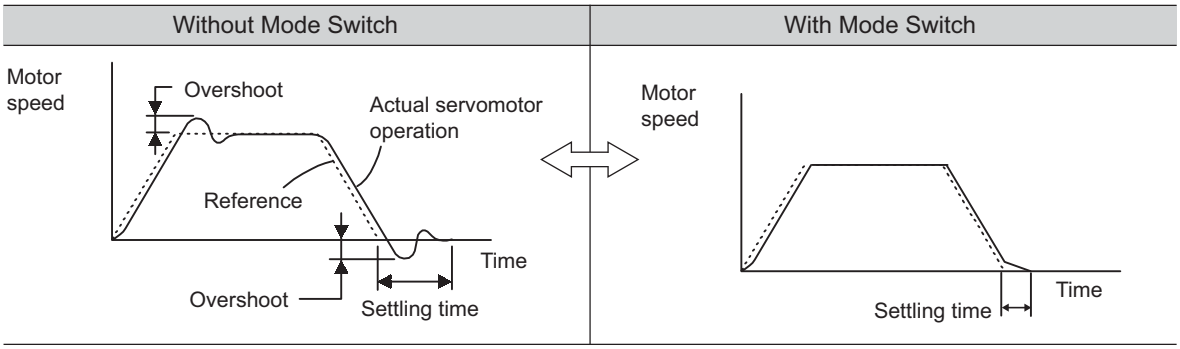
| Pn10A | Feedforward Filter Time Constant | | | Position | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 6400 | 0.01 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |

Note: Too high value may cause the machine to vibrate. For ordinary machines, set 80% or less in this parameter.

## 5.9.2 Mode Switch (P/PI Switching)

The mode switch automatically switches between proportional and PI control. Set the switching condition with Pn10B.0 and set the level of detection points with Pn10C, Pn10D, Pn10E, and Pn10F.

Overshooting caused by acceleration and deceleration can be suppressed and the settling time can be reduced by setting the switching condition and detection points.




### (1) Related Parameters

Select the switching condition of the mode switch with Pn10B.0.

| Parameter | | Mode Switch Selection | Parameter Containing Detection Point Setting | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn10B | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | Uses an internal torque reference level for the switching conditions. | Pn10C | Immediately | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | Uses a speed reference level for the switching conditions. | Pn10D | | |
| | n.□□□2 | Uses an acceleration level for the switching conditions. | Pn10E | | |
| | n.□□□3 | Uses a position error level for the switching conditions. | Pn10F | | |
| | n.□□□4 | Does not use mode switch function. | – | | |

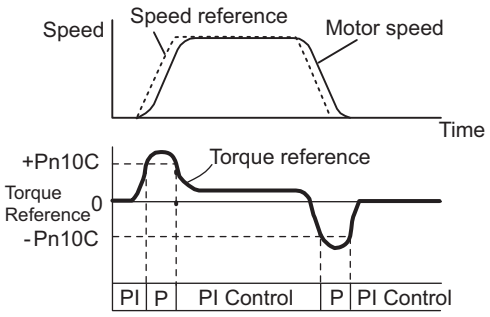
■ Parameters to Set the Level of Detection Points

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn10C | Mode Switch (Torque Reference) | | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 800 | 1% | 200 | Immediately | Tuning |
| Pn10D | Mode Switch (Speed Reference) | | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |
| Pn10E | Mode Switch (Acceleration) | | Speed | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 30000 | 1 $min^{-1}/s$ | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |
| Pn10F | Mode Switch (Position Error) | | | Position | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 10000 | 1 reference unit | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |

## (2) Operating Examples for Different Switching Conditions

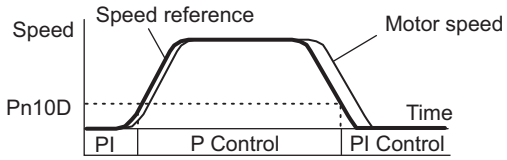
### ■ Using the Torque Reference [Factory Setting]

With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the value of torque reference input exceeds the torque set in Pn10C. The factory setting for the torque reference detection point is 200% of the rated torque.



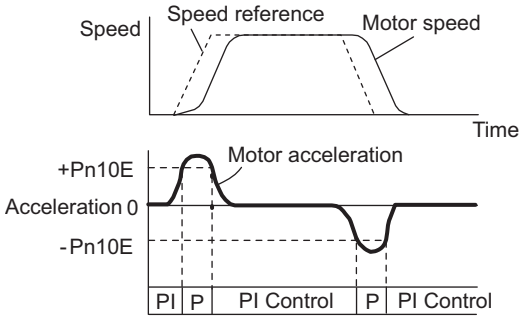

### ■ Using the Speed Reference

With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the value of speed reference input exceeds the speed set in Pn10D.




### ■ Using Acceleration

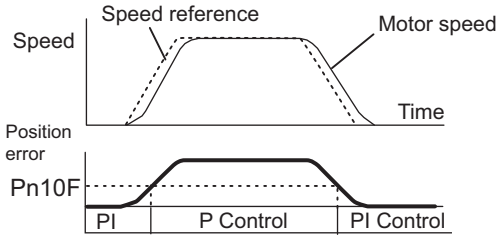
With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the speed reference exceeds the acceleration set in Pn10E.




### ■ Using the Position Error

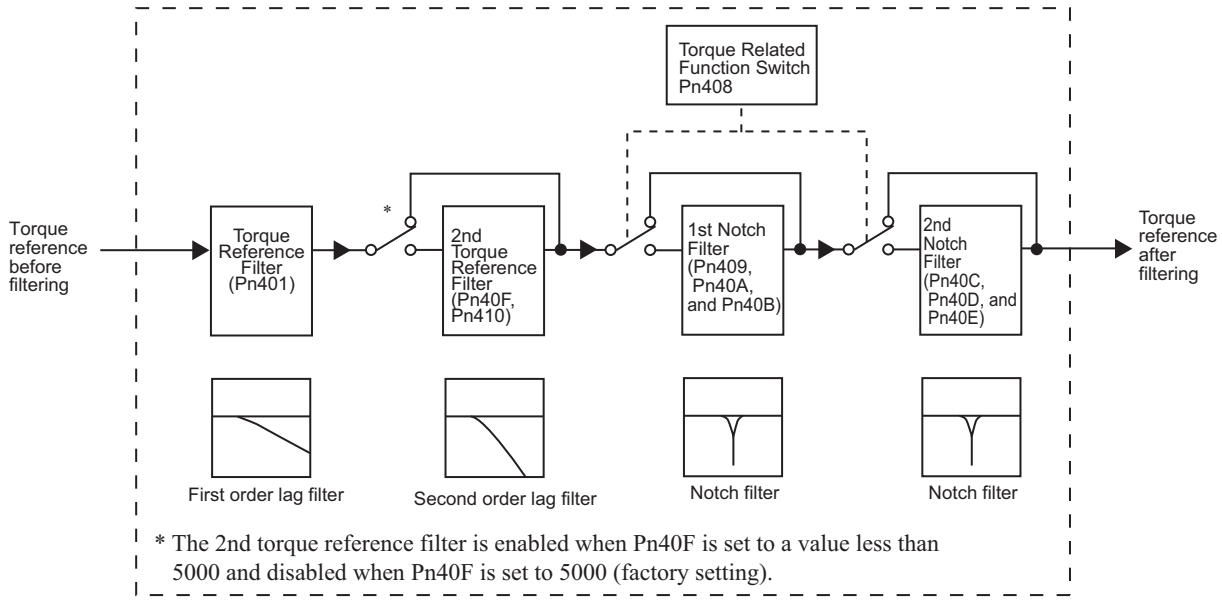
With this setting, the speed loop is switched to P control when the position error exceeds the value set in Pn10F.

This setting is effective with position control only.



## 5.9.3 Torque Reference Filter

As shown in the following diagram, the torque reference filter contains first order lag filter and notch filters arrayed in series, and each filter operates independently. The notch filters can be enabled and disabled with the Pn408.




### (1) Torque Reference Filter

If you suspect that machine vibration is being caused by the servo drive, try adjusting the filter time constants with Pn401. This may stop the vibration. The lower the value, the better the response will be, but there may be a limit that depends on the machine conditions.

| Pn401 | Torque Reference Filter Time Constant [Speed] [Position] [Torque] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 65535 | 0.01 ms | 100 | Immediately | Tuning |

#### ■ Torque Reference Filter Setting Guide

Speed Loop Gain and Torque Reference Filter Time Constant

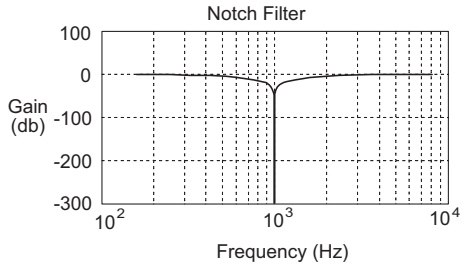
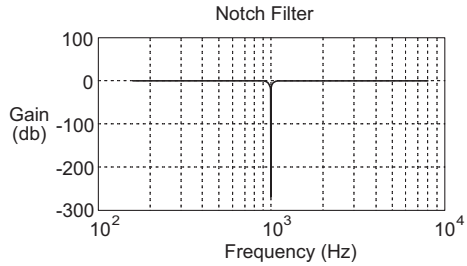
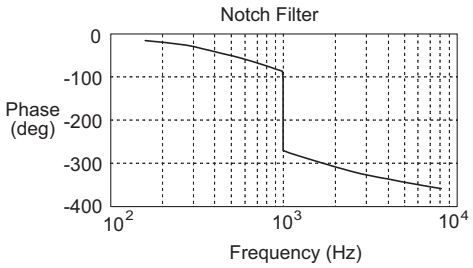
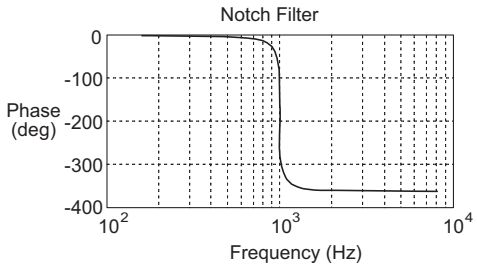
Adjusted value for stable control: Pn401 [ms] ≤ 1000/ (2π × Pn100 [Hz] × 4)
Critical gains: Pn401 [ms] < 1000/ (2π × Pn100 [Hz] × 1)

| Pn40F | 2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Frequency [Speed] [Position] [Torque] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 100 to 5000 | 1 Hz | 5000* | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn410** | 2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Q Value [Speed] [Position] [Torque] | | | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 50 to 100 | 0.01 | 50 | Immediately | Tuning |

* The filter is disabled if 5000 is set.

## (2) Notch Filter

The notch filter can eliminate specific frequency elements generated by the vibration of sources such as resonance of the shaft of a ball screw. The notch filter puts a notch in the gain curve at the specific vibration frequency. The frequency characteristics near the notch can be reduced or removed with this filter. A higher Q value produces a sharper notch and phase delay.

| Q value = 0.7 | Q value = 1.0 |
|---|---|
|  |  |
|  |  |

The notch filter can be enabled or disabled with Pn408.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn408** | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | Disables 1st notch filter. | Immediately | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | Enables 1st notch filter. | | |
| | n.□0□□ [Factory setting] | Disables 2nd notch filter. | | |
| | n.□1□□ | Enables 2nd notch filter. | | |

Set the machine's vibration frequency as a parameter of the notch filter.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn409** | 1st Notch Filter Frequency | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 50 to 5000 | 1 Hz | 5000 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn40A** | 1st Notch Filter Q Value | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 50 to 1000 | 0.01 | 70 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn40B** | 1st Notch Filter Depth | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 1000 | 0.001 | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn40C** | 2nd Notch Filter Frequency | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 50 to 5000 | 1 Hz | 5000 | Immediately | Tuning |

(cont'd)

| Pn40D | 2nd Notch Filter Q Value | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 50 to 1000 | 0.01 | 70 | Immediately | Tuning |
| **Pn40E** | 2nd Notch Filter Depth | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 1000 | 0.001 | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |

IMPORTANT

- Sufficient precautions must be taken when setting the notch filter frequencies. Do not set the notch filter frequencies (Pn409 or Pn40C) that is close to the speed loop's response frequency. Set the frequencies at least four times higher than the speed loop's response frequency. Setting the notch filter frequency too close to the response frequency may cause vibration and damage the machine.
- Change the notch filter frequencies (Pn409 or Pn40C) only when the servomotor is stopped. Vibration may occur if the notch filter frequency is changed when the servomotor is rotating.

## 5.9.4 Position Integral

The position integral is the integral function of the position loop. It is used for the electronic cams and electronic shafts when using the SERVOPACK with YASKAWA MP900/2000 Machine Controllers.

| Pn11F | Position Integral Time Constant | | Position | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 50000 | 0.1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning |

# 6

# Utility Functions (Fn□□□)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# 6.1 List of Utility Functions

Utility functions are used to execute the functions related to servomotor operation and adjustment. Each utility function has a number starting with Fn.

The following table lists the utility functions and reference section.

| Function No. | Function | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| Fn000 | Alarm history display | 6.2 |
| Fn002 | JOG operation | 6.3 |
| Fn003 | Origin search | 6.4 |
| Fn004 | Program JOG operation | 6.5 |
| Fn005 | Initializing parameter settings | 6.6 |
| Fn006 | Clearing alarm history | 6.7 |
| Fn008 | Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset | 4.7.4 |
| Fn00C | Offset adjustment of analog monitor output | 6.8 |
| Fn00D | Gain adjustment of analog monitor output | 6.9 |
| Fn00E | Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal | 6.10 |
| Fn00F | Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal | 6.11 |
| Fn010 | Write prohibited setting | 6.12 |
| Fn011 | Servomotor model display | 6.13 |
| Fn012 | Software version display | 6.14 |
| Fn013 | Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm occurs | 4.7.7 |
| Fn014 | Resetting configuration error in option modules | 6.15 |
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| Fn01E | Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID | 6.17 |
| Fn01F | Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module | 6.18 |
| Fn020 | Origin setting | 6.19 |
| Fn030 | Software reset | 6.20 |
| Fn200 | Tuning-less levels setting | 5.2.2 |
| Fn201 | Advanced autotuning | 5.3.2 |
| Fn202 | Advanced autotuning by reference | 5.4.2 |
| Fn203 | One-parameter tuning | 5.5.2 |
| Fn204 | Anti-resonance control adjustment function | 5.6.2 |
| Fn205 | Vibration suppression function | 5.7.2 |
| Fn206 | EasyFFT | 6.21 |
| Fn207 | Online vibration monitor | 6.22 |

Note: Execute the utility function with either a digital operator or SigmaWin+. If they are used together, "no_oP" or "NO-OP" will be displayed when the utility function is executed.

# 6.2 Alarm History Display (Fn000)

This function displays the last ten alarms that have occurred in the SERVOPACK.

The latest ten alarm numbers and time stamps* can be checked.

* Time Stamps

A function that measures the ON times of the control power supply and main circuit power supply in 100-ms units and displays the total operating time when an alarm occurs. The time stamp operates around the clock for approximately 13 years.

<Example of Time Stamps>

If 36000 is displayed,

3600000 [ms] = 3600 [s] = 60 [min] = 1 [h]

Therefore, the total number of operating hours is 1 hour.

## (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before displaying the alarm history.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn207:V–Monitor<br>Fn000:Alm History<br>Fn002:JOG<br>Fn003:Z–Search | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn000. |
| 2 | A.D00 –ALARM–<br>0:D00 00001207196<br>1:720 00000032651<br>2:511 00000009043<br>3:––– | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn000 execution display. |
| 3 | A.D00 –ALARM–<br>1:720 00000032651<br>2:511 00000009043<br>3:––<br>4:––<br>Time stamp<br>Alarm no.<br>Alarm history no.<br>0: Latest<br>9: Oldest | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to scroll through the alarm history. The alarm history can be viewed. |
| 4 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn207:V–Monitor<br>Fn000:Alm History<br>Fn002:JOG<br>Fn003:Z–Search | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

<NOTE>

- If the same alarm occurs after more than one hour, the alarm will be saved. If it occurs in less than one hour, it will not be saved.
- If no alarm has occurred, "□:---" will be displayed on the digital operator.
- Delete the alarm history using the parameter Fn006. The alarm history is not cleared on alarm reset or when the SERVOPACK main circuit power is turned OFF.

# 6.3 JOG Operation (Fn002)

JOG operation is used to check the operation of the servomotor under speed control without connecting the SERVOPACK to the host controller.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- While the SERVOPACK is in JOG operation, the overtravel function will be disabled. Consider the operating range of the machine when performing JOG operation for the SERVOPACK.

## (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform a jog operation.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The JOG speed must be set considering the operating range of the machine.
  Set the jog speed in Pn304.

| Pn304 | Jog Speed [Speed] [Position] [Torque] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$* | 500 | Immediately | Setup |

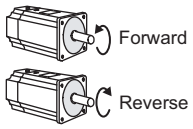
* When using an SGMCS direct drive motor, the setting unit will be automatically changed to 0.1 $min^{-1}$.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure. The following example is for when the rotating direction of the servomotor is set as Pn000.0 = 0 (Sets CCW as forward direction).

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn000:Alm History<br>Fn002:JOG<br>Fn003:Z-Search<br>Fn004:Program JOG | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn002. |
| 2 | BB –JOG–<br>Pn304=00500<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn002 execution display. |
| 3 | BB –JOG–<br>Pn304=00500<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to move the cursor to the setting side of Pn304 (JOG Speed). |
| 4 | BB –JOG–<br>Pn304=01000<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | < > ∧ ∨ | Press the < or > Key and the ∧ or ∨ Key to set the JOG speed (Pn304) to 1000 $min^{-1}$. |
| 5 | BB –JOG–<br>Pn304=01000<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key.<br>The setting value is entered, and the cursor moves to the parameter number side (the left side). |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | RUN –JOG–<br>Pn304=01000<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | JOG SVON | Press the JOG SVON Key.<br>The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON. |
| 7 | RUN –JOG–<br>Pn304=01000<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | ∧ ∨ | The servomotor will rotate at the present speed set in Pn304 while the ∧ Key (for forward rotation) or ∨ Key (for reverse rotation) is pressed.<br>  |
| 8 | BB –JOG–<br>Pn304=01000<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | JOG SVON | After having confirmed the correct motion of servomotor, press the JOG SVON Key.<br>The status display changes from "RUN" to "BB", and the servomotor power turns OFF. |
| 9 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn000:Alm History<br>Fn002:JOG<br>Fn003:Z-Search<br>Fn004:Program JOG | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |
| 10 | To enable the setting, turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. | | |

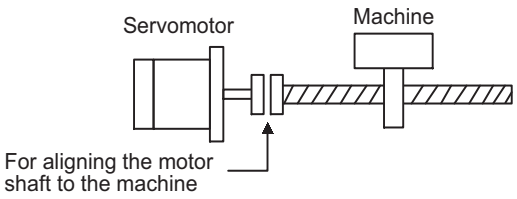
# 6.4 Origin Search (Fn003)

The origin search is designed to position the origin pulse position of the incremental encoder (phase C) and to clamp at the position.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- Perform origin searches without connecting the coupling.
  The forward run prohibited (P-OT) and reverse run prohibited (N-OT) signals are not effective in origin search mode.

This function is used when the motor shaft needs to be aligned to the machine.
Motor speed at the time of execution: 60 $min^{-1}$
(For SGMCS direct drive motors, the speed at the time of execution is 6 $min^{-1}$.)




## (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform the origin search.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn002:JOG<br>Fn003:Z-Search<br>Fn004:Program JOG<br>Fn005:Prm Init | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn003. |
| 2 | BB –Z-Search–<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un003= 0000000774<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn003 execution display. |
| 3 | RUN –Z-Search–<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un003= 0000000774<br>Un00D= 0000000000 | JOG SVON | Press the JOG SVON Key.<br>The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON.<br>Note: If the servomotor is already at the zero position, "-Complete-" is displayed. |
| 4 | RUN –Complete–<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un003= 0000000000<br>Un00D= 0000001D58 | ∧ ∨ | Pressing the ∧ Key will rotate the servomotor in the forward direction. Pressing the ∨ Key will rotate the servomotor in the reverse direction. The rotation direction of the servomotor changes according to the setting of Pn000.0 as shown in the following table.<br>Parameter / ∧ key / ∨ key<br>Pn000 n.□□□0: CCW / CW<br>Pn000 n.□□□1: CW / CCW<br>Note: Direction when viewed from the load of the servomotor.<br>Press the ∧ or ∨ Key until the servomotor stops. If the origin search completed normally, "-Complete-" is displayed on the right top on the screen. |
| 5 | BB –Z-Search–<br>Un000= 00000<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un003= 0000000000<br>Un00D= 0000001D58 | JOG SVON | When the origin search is completed, press the JOG SVON Key.<br>The status display changes from "RUN" to "BB", and the servomotor turns OFF. The display "-Complete-" changes to "-Z-Search-." |
| 6 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn002:JOG<br>Fn003:Z-Search<br>Fn004:Program JOG<br>Fn005:Prm Init | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |
| 7 | To enable the setting, turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. | | |

# 6.5 Program JOG Operation (Fn004)

The program JOG operation is a utility function, that allows continuous operation determined by the preset operation pattern, movement distance, movement speed, acceleration/deceleration time, waiting time, and number of times of movement.
This function can be used to move the servomotor without it having to be connected to a host controller for the machine as a trial operation in JOG operation mode. Program JOG operation can be used to confirm the operation and for simple positioning operations.

## (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform the program JOG operation.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- The travel distance and speed must be set correctly considering the machine operation range and safe operation speed.
- There must be no overtravel.

## (2) Additional Information

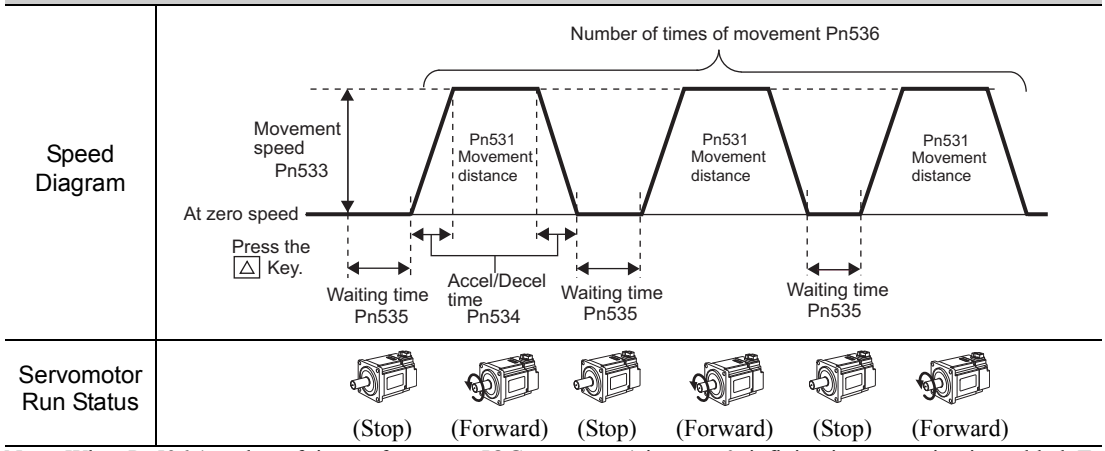
- The functions that are applicable for position control, such as position reference filter, can be used.
- The overtravel function is enabled in this function.

## (3) Program JOG Operation Patterns

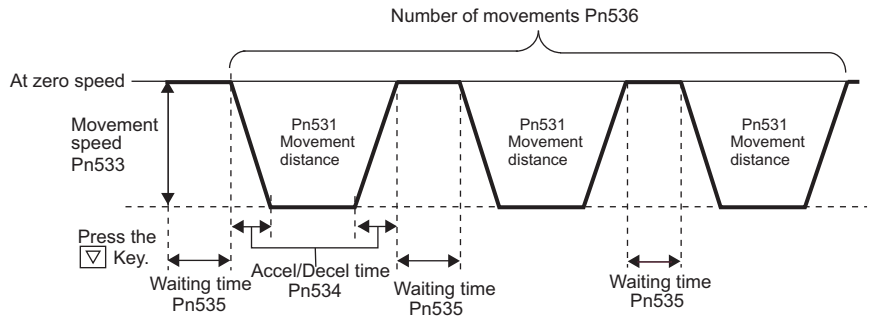
A program JOG operation pattern is shown here. This program JOG operation pattern shows when the rotating direction of the servomotor is set as Pn000.0 = 0 (Sets CCW as forward direction).

Pn530.0 = 0

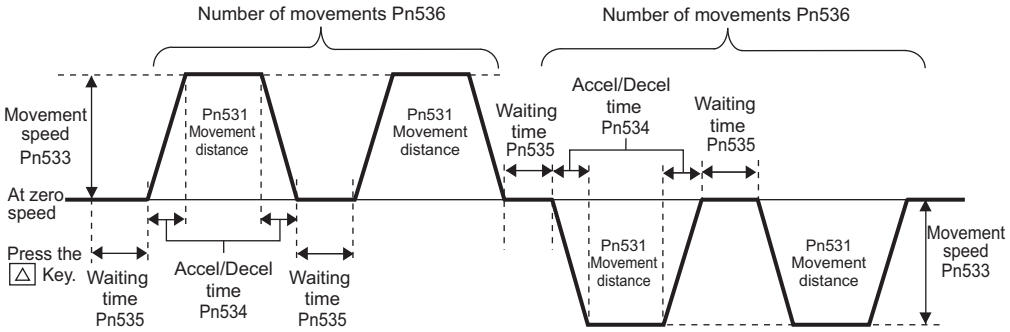
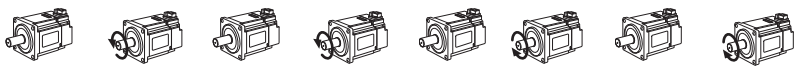
(Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536



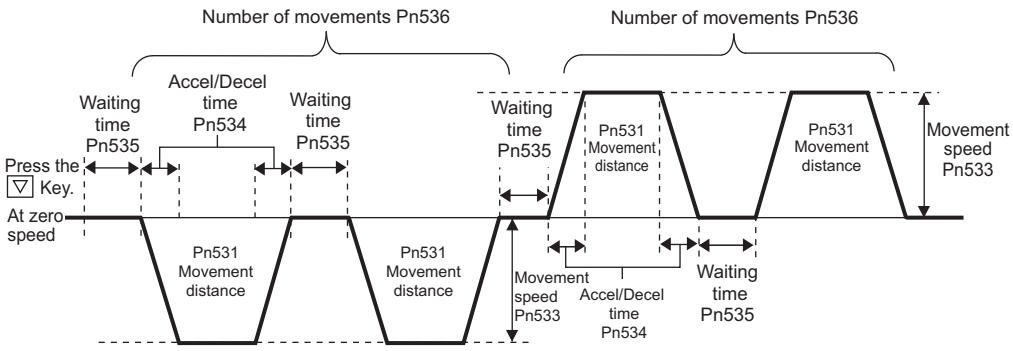
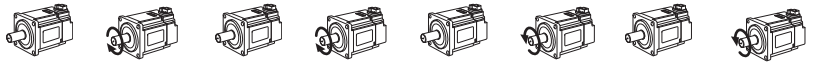

Note: When Pn536 (number of times of program JOG movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn OFF the servomotor power.

| Pn530.0 = 1 | |
|---|---|
| (Waiting time Pn535 → Reverse movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 | |
| Speed Diagram |  |
| Servomotor Run Status | |

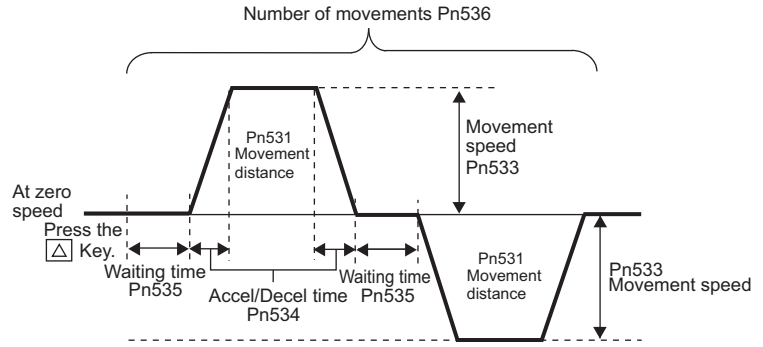
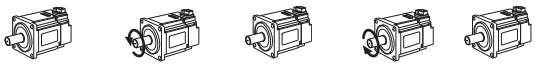
Note: When Pn536 (Number of Times of Program JOG Movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn the servomotor power OFF.

| Pn530.0 = 2 | |
|---|---|
| (Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536<br>(Waiting time Pn535 → Reverse movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 | |
| Speed Diagram |  |
| Servomotor Run Status |  |

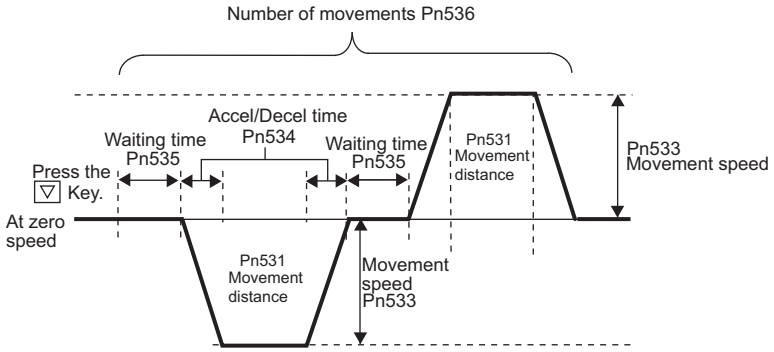
Note: When3 Pn530.0 is set to 2, infinite time operation is disabled.

| Pn530.0 = 3 | |
|---|---|
| (Waiting time Pn535 → Reverse movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536<br>(Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 | |
| Speed Diagram |  |
| Servomotor Run Status |  |

Note: When Pn530.0 is set to 3, infinite time operation is disabled.

| Pn530.0 = 4 | |
|---|---|
| (Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531 → Waiting time Pn535 → Reserve movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 | |
| Speed Diagram |  |
| Servomotor Run Status |  |

Note: When Pn536 (number of times of program JOG movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn OFF the servomotor power.

| Pn530.0 = 5 | |
|---|---|
| (Waiting time Pn535 → Reverse movement Pn531 → Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 | |
| Speed Diagram |  |
| Servomotor Run Status | |

Note: When Pn536 (number of times of program JOG movement) is set to 0, infinite time operation is enabled. To stop infinite time operation, press the JOG/SVON Key to turn the servomotor power OFF.

## (4) Related Parameters

The following parameters set the program JOG operation pattern. Do not change the settings while the program JOG operation is being executed.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn530** | Program JOG Operation Related Switch | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0000 to 0005 | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn531** | Program JOG Movement Distance | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 1073741824 | 1 reference unit | 32768 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn533** | Program JOG Movement Speed | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$* | 500 | Immediately | Setup |

(cont'd)

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn534** | Program JOG Acceleration/Deceleration Time Speed Position Torque | | | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 2 to 10000 | 1 ms | 100 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn535** | Program JOG Waiting Time Speed Position Torque | | | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 10000 | 1 ms | 100 | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn536** | Number of Times of Program JOG Movement Speed Position Torque | | | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 1000 | 1 time | 1 | Immediately | Setup |

∗ When using an SGMCS direct drive motor, the setting unit will be automatically changed to 0.1 $min^{-1}$.

## (5) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform the program JOG operation after setting a program JOG operation pattern.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn003:Z-Search<br>Fn004:Program JOG<br>Fn005:Prm Init<br>Fn006:AlmHist Clr | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn004. |
| 2 | BB –PRG JOG–<br>Pn531=00032768<br>Pn533=00500<br>Pn534=00100<br>Pn536=00010 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn004 execution display. |
| 3∗ | BB –PRG JOG–<br>Pn531=00032768<br>Pn533=00500<br>Pn534=00100<br>Pn536=00010 | ∧ ∨ | Confirm that the parameters have been set.<br>Press the ∨ Key to view Pn530.<br>Press the ∧ Key to view the parameters in the following order: Pn530 → Pn531 → Pn533 → Pn534 → Pn535 → Pn536. |
| 4 | RUN –PRG JOG–<br>Pn531=00032768<br>Pn533=00500<br>Pn534=00100<br>Pn536=00010 | JOG SVON | Press the JOG SVON Key.<br>The status display changes from "BB" to "RUN", and the servomotor power turns ON. |
| 5 | RUN –PRG JOG–<br>Pn531=00032768<br>Pn533=00500<br>Pn534=00100<br>Pn536=00010 | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ (forward movement start) or ∨ (reverse movement start) Key according to the first movement direction of the preset operation pattern. The servomotor starts moving after the preset waiting time in Pn535.<br>Note:<br>Pressing the JOG SVON Key again changes the status to "BB" (baseblocked status) and stops movement even during operation. |
| 6 | RUN –PRG JOG–<br>Pn531=00032768<br>Pn533=00500<br>Pn534=00100<br>Pn536=00010 | MODE/SET | When the set program JOG operation movement is completed, "END" is displayed for one second, and then "RUN" is displayed.<br>Press the MODE/SET Key. The servomotor becomes baseblocked status. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |
| 7 | To enable the setting, turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. | | |

∗ The settings can be changed for a parameter.

# 6.6 Initializing Parameter Settings (Fn005)

This function is used when returning to the factory settings after changing parameter settings.

IMPORTANT

- Be sure to initialize the parameter settings while the servomotor power is OFF.
- After initialization, turn OFF the power supply and then turn ON again to validate the settings.

Note: Any value adjusted with Fn00C, Fn00D, Fn00E, and Fn00F cannot be initialized by Fn005.

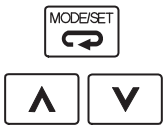
## (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to initialize the parameter values.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn004:Program JOG<br>Fn005:Prm Init<br>Fn006:AlmHist Clr<br>Fn008:Mturn Clr |  | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn005. |
| 2 | BB<br>Parameter Init<br>Start : [DATA]<br>Return: [SET] | | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn005 execution display. |
| 3 | BB<br>Parameter Init<br>Start : [DATA]<br>Return: [SET] | | Press the DATA Key to initialize parameters.<br>During initialization, "Parameter Init" is flashing in the display.<br>After the initialization is completed, "Parameter Init" stops flashing and the status display changes as follows: "BB" to "DONE" to "BB."<br>Note:<br>Press the MODE/SET Key not to initialize parameters. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |
| 4 | To enable the setting, turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. | | |

# 6.7 Clearing Alarm History (Fn006)

The clear alarm history function deletes all of the alarm history recorded in the SERVOPACK.

Note: The alarm history is not deleted when the alarm reset is executed or the main circuit power supply of the SERVOPACK is turned OFF.

## (1) Preparation

The follow conditions must be met to clear the alarm history.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

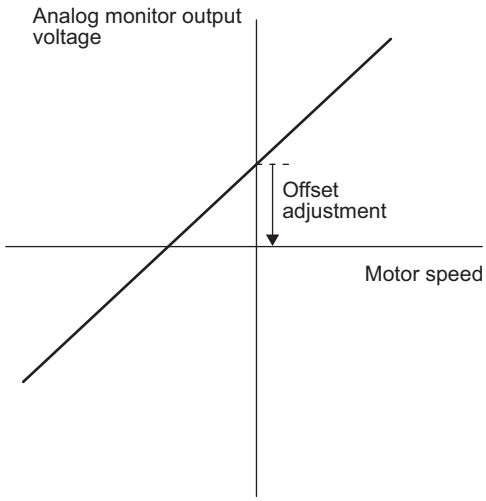
| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn005:Prm Init<br>Fn006:AlmHist Clr<br>Fn008:Mturn Clr<br>Fn009:Ref Adj | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn006. |
| 2 | BB<br>Alarm History<br>Data Clear<br>Start : [DATA]<br>Return: [SET] | DATA | Press the DATA Key to display the Fn006 (clearing alarm history) execution screen. |
| 3 | BB<br>Alarm History<br>Data Clear<br>Start : [DATA]<br>Return: [SET] | DATA MODE/SET | Press the DATA Key to clear the alarm history.<br>While clearing the data, "DONE" is displayed in the status display. After the data has been successfully cleared, "BB" is displayed.<br>Note:<br>Press the MODE/SET Key not to clear the alarm history. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

# 6.8 Offset Adjustment of Analog Monitor Output (Fn00C)

This function is used to manually adjust the offsets for the analog monitor outputs (torque reference monitor output and motor speed monitor output). The offset values are factory-set before shipping. Therefore, the user need not usually use this function.

## (1) Adjustment Example

An example of offset adjustment to the motor speed monitor is shown below.




| Item | Specifications |
|---|---|
| Offset Adjustment Range | -2.4 to + 2.4 V |
| Adjustment Unit | 18.9 mV/LSB |

Note:

- The adjustment value will not be initialized when parameter settings are initialized using Fn005.
- Make offset adjustment with a measuring instrument connected, so that the analog monitor output is zero. An example of settings for a zero analog monitor output is shown below.
  - While the servomotor is not turned ON, set the monitor signal to the torque reference.
  - In speed control, set the monitor signal to the position error.

## (2) Preparation

The following condition must be met to adjust the offsets of the analog monitor output.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

## (3) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform the offset adjustment of analog monitor output.

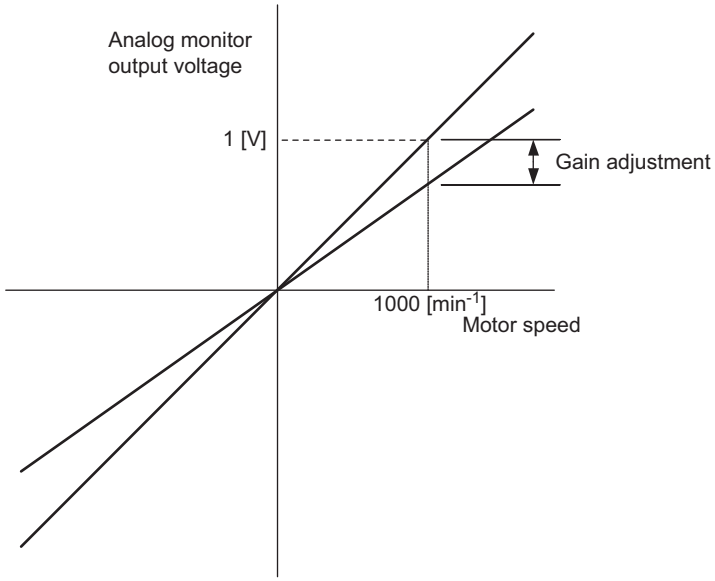
| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn00B:Trq Adj<br>Fn00C:MonZero Adj<br>Fn00D:MonGain Adj<br>Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn00C. |
| 2 | BB –Zero ADJ–<br>CH1=–00002<br>CH2= 00001<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn00C execution display. |
| 3 | BB –Zero ADJ–<br>CH1=–00005<br>CH2= 00001<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to adjust the offset of CH1 (torque reference monitor).<br>Adjust the offset so that the measurement instrument reading is as close to 0 V as possible. |
| 4 | BB –Zero ADJ–<br>CH1=–00005<br>CH2= 00001<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | SCROLL | After the offset adjustment of CH1 has completed, adjust the offset of CH2 (motor rotating speed monitor).<br>Press the SCROLL Key. The cursor moves to CH2 side. |
| 5 | BB –Zero ADJ–<br>CH1=–00005<br>CH2= 00006<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | ∧ ∨ | Adjust the offset of CH2 in the same way as for CH1.<br>Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to adjust the offset of CH2.<br>Adjust the offset so that the measurement instrument reading is as close to 0 V as possible. |
| 6 | BB –Zero ADJ–<br>CH1=–00005<br>CH2= 00006<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | DATA | After having completed the offset adjustment both for CH1 and CH2, press the DATA Key.<br>The adjustment results are saved in the SERVOPACK, and the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "BB" again. |
| 7 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn00B:Trq Adj<br>Fn00C:MonZero Adj<br>Fn00D:MonGain Adj<br>Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

# 6.9 Gain Adjustment of Analog Monitor Output (Fn00D)

This function is used to manually adjust the gains for the analog monitor outputs (torque reference monitor output and motor rotating speed monitor output). The gain values are factory-set before shipping. Therefore, the user need not usually use this function.

## (1) Adjustment Example

An example of gain adjustment to the motor rotating speed monitor is shown below.




| Item | Specifications |
|---|---|
| Gain-adjustment Range | 100±50% |
| Adjustment Unit | 0.4%/LSB |

The gain adjustment range is made with a 100% output set as a center value (adjustment range: 50% to 150%). The following is a setting example.

<Setting the Set Value to −125>
100% + (−125 × 0.4) = 50%
Therefore, the monitor output voltage is 0.5 time as high.

<Setting the Set Value to 125>
100% + (125 × 0.4) =150%
Therefore, the monitor output voltage is 1.5 times as high.

Note: The adjustment value will not be initialized when parameter settings are initialized using Fn005.

## (2) Preparation

The following condition must be met to adjust the gain of the analog monitor output.

• The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

## (3) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure to perform the gain adjustment of analog monitor output.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn00C:MonZero Adj<br>Fn00D:MonGain Adj<br>Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj<br>Fn00F:Cur ManuAdj | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn00D. |
| 2 | BB –Gain ADJ–<br>CH1=–00001<br>CH2=–00001<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn00D execution display. |
| 3 | BB –Gain ADJ–<br>CH1= 00125<br>CH2=–00001<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∨ or ∧ Key to adjust the gain adjustment width of CH1 (torque reference monitor). |
| 4 | BB –Gain ADJ–<br>CH1= 00125<br>CH2=–00001<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | SCROLL | After the gain adjustment of CH1 has completed, adjust the gain adjustment width of CH2 (motor rotating speed monitor).<br>Press the SCROLL Key. The cursor moves to CH2 side. |
| 5 | BB –Gain ADJ–<br>CH1= 00125<br>CH2=–00125<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | ∧ ∨ | Adjust the gain of CH2 in the same way as for CH1.<br>Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to adjust the gain adjustment width of CH2. |
| 6 | BB –Gain ADJ–<br>CH1= 00125<br>CH2=–00125<br>Un002= 00000<br>Un000= 00000 | DATA | After having completed the adjustment both for CH1 and CH2, press the DATA Key.<br>The adjustment results are saved in the SERVOPACK, and the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "BB" again. |
| 7 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn00C:MonZero Adj<br>Fn00D:MonGain Adj<br>Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj<br>Fn00F:Cur ManuAdj | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

# 6.10 Automatic Offset-Signal Adjustment of the Motor Current Detection Signal (Fn00E)

Perform this adjustment only if highly accurate adjustment is required for reducing torque ripple caused by current offset. The user need not usually use this function.

IMPORTANT

- Be sure to perform this function while the servomotor power is OFF.
- Execute the automatic offset adjustment if the torque ripple is too big when compared with those of other SERVOPACKs.

Note: The adjusted value is not initialized by executing the Fn005 function (Initializing Parameter Settings).

## (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to automatically adjust the offset of the motor current detection signal.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The SERVOPACK must be in Servo Ready status (Refer to *4.8.4*).
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn00D:MonGain Adj<br>Fn00E:Cur AutoAdj<br>Fn00F:Cur ManuAdj<br>Fn010:Prm Protect | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn00E. |
| 2 | BB<br>Auto Offset–ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>Start : [DATA]<br>Return: [SET] | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn00E execution display. |
| 3 | BB<br>Auto Offset–ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>Start : [DATA]<br>Return: [SET] | DATA MODE/SET | Press the DATA Key to start the automatic offset-signal adjustment of motor current detection.<br>When the adjustment is completed, the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "BB" again.<br>Note: Press the MODE/SET Key to cancel the automatic adjustment. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

# 6.11 Manual Offset-Signal Adjustment of the Motor Current Detection Signal (Fn00F)

Use this function only if the torque ripple is still high after the automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal (Fn00E).

**IMPORTANT**

If this function is adjusted incorrectly and then executed, characteristics of the servomotor performance could be affected.

Observe the following precautions when performing manual servo tuning.

- Run the servomotor at a speed of approximately 100 $min^{-1}$.
- Adjust the offset while monitoring the torque reference with the analog monitor until the ripple of torque reference monitor's waveform is minimized.
- Adjust the phase-U and phase-V offset amounts alternately several times until these offsets are well balanced.

Note: The adjusted value is not initialized by executing the Fn005 function (Initializing Parameter Settings).

## (1) Preparation

The following condition must be met to manually adjust the offset of the motor current detection signal.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn00F:Cur ManuAdj<br>Fn010:Prm Protect<br>Fn011:Motor Info<br>Fn012:Soft Ver | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn00F. |
| 2 | BB<br>Manual Offset–ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>ZADJIU=-00009<br>ZADJIV=-00006 | DATA | Press the DATA Key.<br>The display changes to the Fn00F execution display. |
| 3 | RUN<br>Manual Offset–ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>ZADJIU=-00009<br>ZADJIV=-00006 | – | Send an SV_ON command from the host controller. |
| 4 | RUN<br>Manual Offset–ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>ZADJIU=-00019<br>ZADJIV=-00006 | ∧ ∨ | First, adjust the phase-U offset.<br>Press the ∨ or ∧ Key to change the offset.<br>Change the set value in increments of 10 in the direction where the torque ripple decreases, and when you find the value where the torque ripple is minimized, set that value.<br>Adjustment range: -512 to +511 |
| 5 | RUN<br>Manual Offset–ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>ZADJIU=-00019<br>ZADJIV=-00006 | SCROLL | Press the SCROLL key to move the cursor to the V-phase offset (ZADJIV). |
| 6 | RUN<br>Manual Offset–ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>ZADJIU=-00019<br>ZADJIV=-00016 | ∧ ∨ | Next, adjust the phase-V offset.<br>Press the ∨ or ∧ Key to change the offset.<br>In the same way you adjusted the phase-U offset, change the set value in increments of 10 in the direction where the torque ripple decreases, and when you find the value where the torque ripple is minimized, set that value.<br>Adjustment range: -512 to +511 |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7 | RUN<br>Manual Offset-ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>ZADJIU=-00019<br>ZADJIV=-00016 | SCROLL | Press the SCROLL key to move the cursor to the U-phase offset (ZADJIU). |
| 8 | RUN<br>Manual Offset-ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>ZADJIU=-00024<br>ZADJIV=-00021 | ∧ ∨<br>SCROLL | Repeat steps 4 through 7 a number of times using a smaller amount of change than was previously used* to make fine adjustments to the offsets. |
| 9 | RUN<br>Manual Offset-ADJ<br>of Motor Current<br>ZADJIU=-00019<br>ZADJIV=-00016 | DATA | Press the DATA Key to save the result of adjustment in the SERVOPACK.<br>When the saving is completed, the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to show "RUN" again. |
| 10 | RUN -FUNCTION-<br>Fn00F:Cur ManuAdj<br>Fn010:Prm Protect<br>Fn011:Motor Info<br>Fn012:Soft Ver | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

* Examples of the amount to adjust the offsets
  - First time: Increments of 10
  - Second time: Increments of 5
  - Third time: Increments of 1

  The above values are a rough guide. Adjust the amount to adjust the offset and the number of times to repeat the changes according to your system.

# 6.12 Write Prohibited Setting (Fn010)

This function prevents changing parameters by mistake and sets restrictions on the execution of the utility function.

Parameter changes and execution of the utility function become restricted in the following manner when Write prohibited (P.0001) is assigned to the write prohibited setting (Fn010).

- Parameters: Cannot be changed. If you attempt to change it, "NO-OP" will flash on the display and the screen will return to the main menu.
- Utility Function: Some functions cannot be executed. (Refer to the following table.) If you attempt to execute these utility functions, "NO-OP" will flash on the display and the screen will return to the main menu.

| Parameter No. | Function | Write Prohibited Setting | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fn000 | Alarm history display | Executable | 6.2 |
| Fn002 | JOG operation | Cannot be executed | 6.3 |
| Fn003 | Origin search | Cannot be executed | 6.4 |
| Fn004 | Program JOG operation | Cannot be executed | 6.5 |
| Fn005 | Initializing parameter settings | Cannot be executed | 6.6 |
| Fn006 | Clearing alarm history | Cannot be executed | 6.7 |
| Fn008 | Absolute encoder multiturn reset and encoder alarm reset | Cannot be executed | 4.7.4 |
| Fn00C | Offset adjustment of analog monitor output | Cannot be executed | 6.8 |
| Fn00D | Gain adjustment of analog monitor output | Cannot be executed | 6.9 |
| Fn00E | Automatic offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal | Cannot be executed | 6.10 |
| Fn00F | Manual offset-signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal | Cannot be executed | 6.11 |
| Fn010 | Write prohibited setting | – | 6.12 |
| Fn011 | Servomotor model display | Executable | 6.13 |
| Fn012 | Software version display | Executable | 6.14 |
| Fn013 | Multiturn limit value setting change when a multiturn limit disagreement alarm occurs | Cannot be executed | 4.7.7 |
| Fn014 | Resetting configuration error in option modules | Cannot be executed | 6.15 |
| Fn01B | Vibration detection level initialization | Cannot be executed | 6.16 |
| Fn01E | Display of SERVOPACK and servomotor ID | Executable | 6.17 |
| Fn01F | Display of servomotor ID in feedback option module | Executable | 6.18 |
| Fn020 | Origin setting | Cannot be executed | 6.19 |
| Fn030 | Software reset | Executable | 6.20 |
| Fn200 | Tuning-less levels setting | Cannot be executed | 5.2.2 |
| Fn201 | Advanced autotuning | Cannot be executed | 5.3.2 |
| Fn202 | Advanced autotuning by reference | Cannot be executed | 5.4.2 |
| Fn203 | One-parameter tuning | Cannot be executed | 5.5.2 |
| Fn204 | Anti-resonance control adjustment function | Cannot be executed | 5.6.2 |
| Fn205 | Vibration suppression function | Cannot be executed | 5.7.2 |
| Fn206 | EasyFFT | Cannot be executed | 6.21 |
| Fn207 | Online vibration monitor | Cannot be executed | 6.22 |

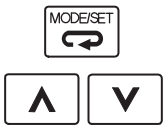
## (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Follow the steps to set enable or disable writing.
Setting values are as follows:

- "P.0000": Write permitted (Releases write prohibited mode.) [Factory setting]
- "P.0001": Write prohibited (Parameters become write prohibited from the next power ON.)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn00F:Cur ManuAdj<br>Fn010:Prm Protect<br>Fn011:Motor Info<br>Fn012:Soft Ver |  | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn010. |
| 2 | BB<br>Parameter<br>Write Protect<br>P. 0000 | | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn010 execution display. |
| 3 | BB<br>Parameter<br>Write Protect<br>P. 0001 | | Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to select one of the following settings.<br>P.0000: Write permitted [Factory setting]<br>P.0001: Write prohibited |
| 4 | BB<br>Parameter<br>Write Protect<br>P. 0001 | | Press the DATA Key. The setting value is written into the SERVOPACK, and the status display changes as follows: "BB" to "DONE" to "BB." |
| 5 | To enable the setting, turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. | | |

Note: To make the setting available, change the setting to P.0000 as shown in step 3.

# 6.13 Servomotor Model Display (Fn011)

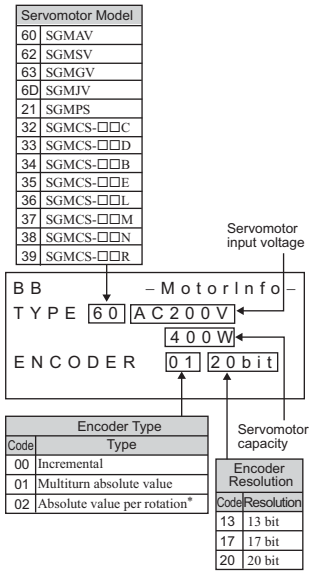
This function is used to check the servomotor model, voltage, capacity, encoder type, and encoder resolution. If the SERVOPACK has been custom-made, you can also check the specification codes of SERVOPACKs.

## (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB −FUNCTION−<br>Fn010 : Prm Protect<br>Fn011 : Motor Info<br>Fn012 : Soft Ver<br>Fn013 : MturnLmSet | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn011. |
| 2 |  <br>*A single-turn absolute encoder can be used only with a direct drive motor. | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn011 execution display and shows the information about the servomotor and encoder being used. |
| 3 | BB −FUNCTION−<br>Fn010 : Prm Protect<br>Fn011 : Motor Info<br>Fn012 : Soft Ver<br>Fn013 : MturnLmSet | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

# 6.14 Software Version Display (Fn012)

Select Fn012 to check the SERVOPACK and encoder software version numbers.

## (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn011:Motor Info<br>Fn012:Soft Ver<br>Fn013:MturnLmSet<br>Fn014:Opt Init | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn012. |
| 2 | BB –Soft Ver–<br>DRIVER<br>Ver.=0001<br>ENCODER<br>Ver.=0003 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn012 execution display.<br>The software versions of the SERVOPACK and the connected encoder will appear.<br>Note:<br>If the servomotor is not connected, "Not connect" is displayed. |
| 3 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn011:Motor Info<br>Fn012:Soft Ver<br>Fn013:MturnLmSet<br>Fn014:Opt Init | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

# 6.15 Resetting Configuration Errors in Option Modules (Fn014)

The SERVOPACK with option module recognizes installation status and types of option modules that are connected to SERVOPACK. If an error is detected, the SERVOPACK issues an alarm. This function clears these alarms.

Note 1. Alarms related to option module can be cleared only by this function. These alarms cannot be cleared by alarm reset or turning OFF the main circuit power supply.
2. Before clearing the alarm, perform corrective action for the alarm.

## (1) Preparation

The following condition must be met to clear detection alarms of the option module.
• The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn013:MturnLmSet<br>Fn014:Opt Init<br>Fn01B:VibIvl Init<br>Fn01E:SvMotOp ID | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn014. |
| 2 | BB –Opt Init–<br>02:Safety Opt<br>03:Feedback Opt | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn014 execution display. |
| 3 | BB –Opt Init–<br>02:Safety Opt<br>03:Feedback Opt | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∨ or ∧ Key to select an option module to be cleared. |
| 4 | BB –Opt Init–<br>Feedback Opt<br>Initialize<br>Start :[DATA]<br>Return:[SET] | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display shown on the left appears. |
| 5 | BB –Opt Init–<br>02:Safety Opt<br>03:Feedback Opt | DATA | Press the DATA Key to clear the configuration error of the option module.<br>The error is cleared and the status display shows "DONE" for one second. The status display then returns to step 3. |
| 6 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn013:MturnLmSet<br>Fn014:Opt Init<br>Fn01B:VibILvl Init<br>Fn01E:SvMotOp ID | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |
| 7 | To enable the setting, turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. | | |

# 6.16 Vibration Detection Level Initialization (Fn01B)

This function detects vibration when servomotor is connected to a machine in operation and automatically adjusts the vibration detection level (Pn312) to output more exactly the vibration alarm (A.520) and the vibration warning (A.911).

The vibration detection function detects vibration elements according to the motor speed.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn310 | n.□□□0 [Factory setting] | Does not detect vibration. | Immediately | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | Outputs the warning (A.911) when vibration is detected. | | |
| | n.□□□2 | Outputs the alarm (A.520) when vibration is detected. | | |

If the vibration exceeds the detection level calculated by the following formula, the alarm or warning will be output according to the setting of vibration detection switch (Pn310).

$$\text{Detection level} = \frac{\text{Vibration detection level (Pn312 [min}^{-1}\text{])} \times \text{Vibration detection sensitivity (Pn311 [\%])}}{100}$$

- Use this function if the vibration alarm (A.520) or the vibration warning (A.911) is not output correctly when a vibration at the factory setting of the vibration detection level (Pn312) is detected. In other cases, it is not necessary to use this function.
- The vibration alarm or warning detection sensibility differs depending on the machine conditions. In this case, fine-tune the setting of the vibration detection sensitivity (Pn311) using the above detection level formula as a guide.

| Pn311 | Vibration Detection Sensitivity | | Speed Position Torque | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 50 to 500 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning |

IMPORTANT

- The vibration may not be detected because of improper servo gains. Also, not all kinds of vibrations can be detected. Use the detection result as a guideline.
- Set a proper moment of inertia ratio (Pn103). Improper setting may result in the vibration alarm, warning misdetection, or non-detection.
- The references that are used to operate your system must be input to execute this function.
- Execute this function under the operating condition for which the vibration detection level should be set.
- Execute this function while the motor speed reaches at least 10% of its maximum.

## (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to initialize the vibration detection level.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | RUN –FUNCTION–<br>Fn014:Opt Init<br>Fn01B:VibIvl Init<br>Fn01E:SvMotOp ID<br>Fn01F:FBOpMot ID | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn01B. |
| 2 | RUN<br>Vibration Detect<br>Level Init<br>Start : [DATA]<br>Return: [SET] | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn01B execution display. |
| 3 | RUN<br>Vibration Detect<br>Level Init<br><br>Init | DATA | Press the DATA Key.<br>"Init" is displayed flashing, and the vibration level is detected and initialized.<br>Note:<br>Continues initialization until the DATA Key is pressed again. |
| 4 | RUN<br>Vibration Detect<br>Level Init<br><br>DONE | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes from "Init" to "DONE," for one second and the new setting of Pn312 becomes enabled. |
| 5 | RUN –FUNCTION–<br>Fn014:Opt Init<br>Fn01B:VibIvl Init<br>Fn01E:SvMotOp ID<br>Fn01F:FBOpMot ID | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

## (3) Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes: Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
No: Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes: Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
No: Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

| Parameter | Name | Mid-execution changes | Automatic changes |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn311** | Vibration Detection Sensitivity | Yes | No |
| **Pn312** | Vibration Detection Level | No | Yes |

# 6.17 Display of SERVOPACK and Servomotor ID (Fn01E)

This function displays ID information for SERVOPACK, servomotor, encoder, and option module connected to the SERVOPACK. The ID information of some option modules (SGDV-OFA01A) is not stored in the SERVOPACK. "Not available" will be displayed for these option modules.

The digital operator (model: JUSP-OP05A-1-E) or SigmaWin+ engineering tool is required to execute this function.

Refer to *Σ-V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for the operating procedure of the digital operator.

The following items can be displayed.

| ID | Items to be Displayed |
|---|---|
| SERVOPACK ID | • SERVOPACK model<br>• SERVOPACK serial number<br>• SERVOPACK manufacturing date<br>• SERVOPACK input voltage (V)<br>• Maximum applicable motor capacity (W)<br>• Maximum applicable motor rated current (Arms) |
| Servomotor ID | • Servomotor model<br>• Servomotor order number<br>• Servomotor manufacturing date<br>• Servomotor input voltage (V)<br>• Servomotor capacity (W)<br>• Servomotor rated current (Arms) |
| Encoder ID | • Encoder model<br>• Encoder serial number<br>• Encodermanufacturing date<br>• Encoder type/resolution |
| Safety Option Module ID* | • Safety Option Module model<br>• Safety Option Module serial number<br>• Safety Option Module manufacturing date<br>• Safety Option Module ID number |
| Feedback Option Module ID* | • Feedback Option Module model<br>• Feedback Option Module serial number (Reserved area)<br>• Feedback Option Module manufacturing date<br>• Feedback Option Module ID |

* If the option module is not connected, "Not connect" will be displayed after the module name.

## (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | RUN –FUNCTION–<br>Fn01B:VibIvl Init<br>Fn01E:SvMotOp ID<br>Fn01F:FBOpMot ID<br>Fn020:S–Orig Set | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn01E. |
| 2 | Serial number<br>SERVOPACK model<br>BB –SvMotOp ID–<br>Driver<br>SGDV–R70A11A<br>D00241234590001<br>07. 04 200V, 50W<br>Manufacturing date / SERVOPACK input voltage / Motor capacity | DATA<br>< > | Press the DATA Key.<br>The display changes to the Fn01E execution display. The SERVOPACK ID information is displayed. Use the < or > Key to scroll left and right and to view other information. |
| 3 | Motor order number<br>Servomotor model<br>BB –SvMotOp ID–<br>Motor<br>SGMAV–A5A3A21<br>12345678900000 0<br>07. 04 200V, 50W<br>Motor manufacturing date / Motor input voltage / Motor capacity | DATA<br>< > | Press the DATA Key.<br>The servomotor ID information is displayed. Use the < or > Key to scroll left and right and to view other information. |
| 4 | Encoder serial number<br>Encoder model<br>BB –SvMotOp ID–<br>Encoder<br>UTVIH–B20EA<br>K247–0225E00200<br>07. 04 20bit–ABS<br>Encoder manufacturing date / Encoder resolution / Encoder type | DATA<br>< > | Press the DATA Key.<br>The encoder ID information is displayed.<br>Use the < or > Key to scroll left and right and to view other information. |
| 5 | RUN –FUNCTION–<br>Fn01B:VibIvl Init<br>Fn01E:SvMotOp ID<br>Fn01F:FBOpMot ID<br>Fn020:S–Orig Set | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

# 6.18 Display of Servomotor ID in Feedback Option Module (Fn01F)

This function displays ID information for servomotor and encoder in Feedback Option Module connected to the SERVOPACK. If the option module is not connected, "Not connect" will be displayed after the module name.

The digital operator (model: JUSP-OP05A-1-E) or SigmaWin+ engineering tool is required to execute this function.

Refer to *Σ-V Series User's Manual, Operation of Digital Operator* (No.: SIEP S800000 55) for the operating procedure of the digital operator.

The following items can be displayed.

| ID | Items to be Displayed |
|---|---|
| Servomotor ID | • Servomotor model<br>• Servomotor order number<br>• Servomotor input voltage (V)<br>• Servomotor capacity (W)<br>• Servomotor rated current (Arms) |
| Encoder ID | • Encoder model<br>• Encoder serial number<br>• Encoder type/resolution<br>(Two types of resolution display available: Number of bits and number of pulses/rev.) |

## (1) Preparation

There are no tasks that must be performed before the execution.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn01E:SvMotOp ID<br>Fn01F:FBOpMot ID<br>Fn020:S–Orig Set<br>Fn030:Soft Reset | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn01F. |
| 2* | Serial number<br>Servomotor model<br>BB –FBOpMotID–<br>Motor<br>SGM–04A312<br>R10419–511–DK5000<br>200V, 400W<br>Input voltage Capacity | DATA<br>< > | Press the DATA Key.<br>The display changes to the Fn01F execution display.<br>The servomotor ID information is displayed. Use the < or > Key to scroll left and right and to view other information. |
| 3 | Encoder type/resolution<br>Encoder model<br>BB –FBOpMotID–<br>Encoder<br>UTSTH–U13DB<br>Serial No.<br>13bit–INC | DATA<br>< > | Press the DATA Key.<br>The encoder ID information is displayed.<br>Use the < or > Key to scroll left and right and to view other information. |
| 4 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn01E:SvMotOp ID<br>Fn01F:FBOpMot ID<br>Fn020:S–Orig Set<br>Fn030:Soft Reset | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

* When fully-closed loop control is being used, step 2 is not included.

# 6.19 Origin Setting (Fn020)

When using an external absolute encoder for fully-closed loop control, this function is used to set the current position of the external absolute encoder as the origin (zero point position).

This function can be used with the following products.
Mitutoyo Corporation
ABS ST780A series
Model: ABS ST78□A/ST78□AL

IMPORTANT

- After execution of origin setting, the servo ready (/S-RDY) signal will turn OFF (open) because the system position data will have been changed. Always turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again.

## (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to set the origin.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The servomotor power must be OFF.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn01F:FBOpMot ID<br>Fn020:S–Orig Set<br>Fn030:Soft Reset<br>Fn080:Pole Detect | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn020. |
| 2 | BB<br>Scale Origin Set<br>ORGSET1 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn020 execution display. |
| 3 | BB<br>Scale Origin Set<br>ORGSET5 | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to "ORGSET5". |
| 4 | BB<br>Scale Origin Set | DATA | Press the DATA key to start setting the origin. The message, "Scale Origin Set," flashes while the origin is being set. After the origin has been successfully set, the displayed status changes as follows: "BB" to "DONE" to "BB". |
| 5 | To enable the setting, turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. | | |

# 6.20 Software Reset (Fn030)

This function enables resetting the SERVOPACK internally from software. This function is used when resetting alarms and changing the settings of parameters that normally require restarting the SERVOPACK. Parameters settings can also be enabled without turning the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again.

IMPORTANT

- Start software reset operation after the servomotor power is OFF.
- This function resets the SERVOPACK independently of host controller. The SERVOPACK carries out the same processing as when the power supply is turned ON and outputs the ALM signal. The status of other output signals may be forcibly changed.

## (1) Preparation

The following condition must be met to perform a software reset.

- The servomotor power must be OFF.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn020:S–Orig Set<br>Fn030:Soft Reset<br>Fn080:Pole Detect<br>Fn200:TuneLvl Set | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn030. |
| 2 | BB<br>Software Reset<br>RESET1 | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn030 execution display. |
| 3 | BB<br>Software Reset<br>RESET5 | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to select "RESET5". |
| 4 | BB<br>Software Reset | DATA | Press the DATA Key to execute the software reset.<br>After the software reset starts, "RESET5" will no longer be displayed. |
| 5 | File First Loading<br>Please Wait... | – | After the reset has been successfully completed, the screen which appears when the power is turned ON will be displayed. The screen will then show parameters or monitor displays. |
| 6 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn020:S–Orig Set<br>Fn030:Soft Reset<br>Fn080:Pole Detect<br>Fn200:TuneLvl Set | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

# 6.21 EasyFFT (Fn206)

EasyFFT sends a frequency waveform reference from the SERVOPACK to the servomotor and slightly rotates the servomotor several times over a certain period, thus causing machine vibration. The SERVOPACK detects the resonance frequency from the generated vibration and makes notch filter settings according to the resonance frequency detection. The notch filter is effective for the elimination of high-frequency vibration and noise.

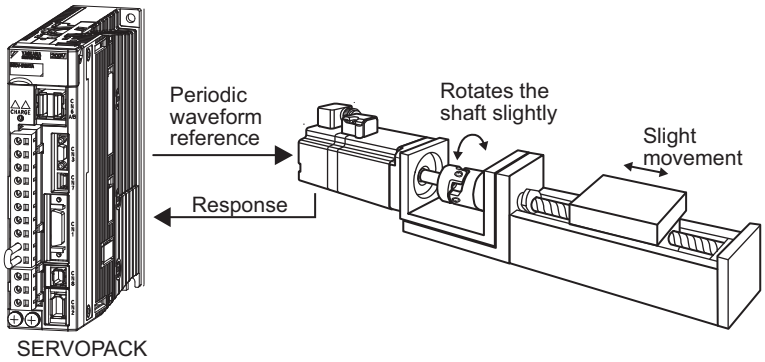
Execute this function after the servomotor power is turned OFF if there is high-frequency vibration or noise during operation.

**⚠ WARNING**

- The servomotor rotates slightly when EasyFFT is executed. Do not touch the servomotor or machine during execution of EasyFFT, otherwise injury may result.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- Use the EasyFFT when the servo gain is low, such as in the initial stage of servo adjustment. If EasyFFT is executed after increasing the gain, the servo system may vibrate depending on the machine characteristics or gain balance.




In addition to this function, online vibration monitor (Fn207) can be used to detect machine vibration and automatically make notch filter settings.

If a Σ-V Series SERVOPACK is used to make adjustments, it is recommended to use advanced autotuning. This built-in EasyFFT function is used to maintain interchangeability with previous models. There is normally no need to use it.

## (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform EasyFFT.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The main circuit power supply must be ON.
- All alarms must be cleared.
- The hardwire baseblock (HWBB) must be disabled.
- The servomotor power must be OFF.
- There must be no overtravel.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).
- An external reference must not be input.

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn205:Vib Sup<br>Fn206:Easy FFT<br>Fn207:V-Monitor<br>Fn000:Alm History | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn206. |
| 2 | BB –Easy FFT–<br>Setting<br>Input = 015% | DATA | Press the DATA Key. The display changes to the Fn206 execution display. |
| 3 | BB –Easy FFT–<br>Setting<br>Input = 015% | ∧ ∨ | The cursor is on the setting of "Input." Press the ∧ or ∨ Key to set the sweep torque reference amplitude (Pn456)<br>Setting range: 1 to 800.<br>Note:<br>When making the initial settings for EasyFFT, do not change the setting for the reference amplitude. Start with the original value of 15. Increasing reference amplitude increases the detection accuracy, but the vibration and noise from the machine will increase. Increase the amplitude value little by little. |
| 4 | RUN –Easy FFT–<br>Ready<br>Input = 015% | JOG SVON | Press the JOG SVON Key to turn the servomotor power ON. The display “BB” and “Setting” changes to “RUN” and “Ready.” |
| 5 | RUN –Easy FFT–<br>Measure<br>Input = 015% | ∧ ∨ | Press the ∧ (forward run start) Key or ∨ (reverse run start) Key to run the servomotor and start the frequency measurement. "Measure" is displayed during the measurement.<br>Within a quarter turn, the servomotor will move forward and then in reverse several times.<br>Notes:<br>• Press the MODE/SET Key to cancel the measurement. The servomotor stops moving and the power turns OFF. The detection of the resonance frequency is not completed.<br>• The actions of the servomotor are very minute in this operation. Also at the same time, the servomotor emits a noise. To ensure safety, do not enter the working envelope of the motor. |

(cont'd)

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | BB –Easy FFT–<br>Result<br>Input = 015%<br>Res = 1250 Hz<br>Filter1 1250 Hz | JOG SVON | When the detection processing is successfully completed, "Measure" stops flashing and the results and the notch filter value to be set are displayed. If the processing was not completed, "No Measure" is displayed. To check the results, go to step 8.<br>< Important ><br>If two seconds or more are required for the operation although detection was successfully completed, the detection accuracy might be insufficient. Increasing reference amplitude more than 15 increases the detection accuracy, but the vibration and noise from the machine will increase. Increase the amplitude value little by little.<br>Notes:<br>• If a notch filter has been set and is being used, "*" is displayed on the second line.<br>• If the first stage notch filter has been set, the second stage notch filter value is displayed. If the first and second stage notch filters have been set, only the result of frequency detection is displayed. |
| 7 | BB –Easy FFT–<br>Ready<br>Input = 015% | MODE/SET, < | To exit the EasyFFT function at this stage, press the MODE/SET Key. The power to the servomotor is turned OFF and the display returns to the main menu of the utility function.<br>To remeasure the resonance frequency, press the < Key to return to step 4 and then execute steps 5 to 7. |
| 8 | DONE –Easy FFT–<br>Result<br>Input = 015%<br>Res = 1250 Hz<br>Filter1 1250 Hz | DATA | Press the DATA Key after the normal completion of frequency detection. The notch filter frequencies are automatically updated to the optimum values.<br>The status display shows "DONE" and the display shown on the left appears.<br>If the first stage notch filter frequency has been set (Pn408.0 = 1), the second stage notch filter frequency (Pn 40C) will automatically be updated.<br>Notes:<br>• If the first stage or the second stage notch filter frequency has already been set (Pn408 = n.□1□1), the notch filter frequency cannot be set.<br>• If the frequency detected by this function is not used, set the notch filter to be invalid (Pn408.0 = 0). |
| 9 | BB –FUNCTION–<br>Fn205:Vib Sup<br>Fn206:Easy FFT<br>Fn207:V-Monitor<br>Fn000:Alm History | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The servomotor enters a baseblocked status. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |
| 10 | To enable the setting, turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. | | |

## (3) Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

| Parameter | Name | Mid-execution changes | Automatic changes |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn408** | Torque Related Function Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn409** | 1st Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40A** | 1st Notch Filter Q Value | No | No |
| **Pn40C** | 2nd Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40D** | 2nd Notch Filter Q Value | No | No |
| **Pn456** | Sweep Torque Reference Amplitude | No | No |

# 6.22 Online Vibration Monitor (Fn207)

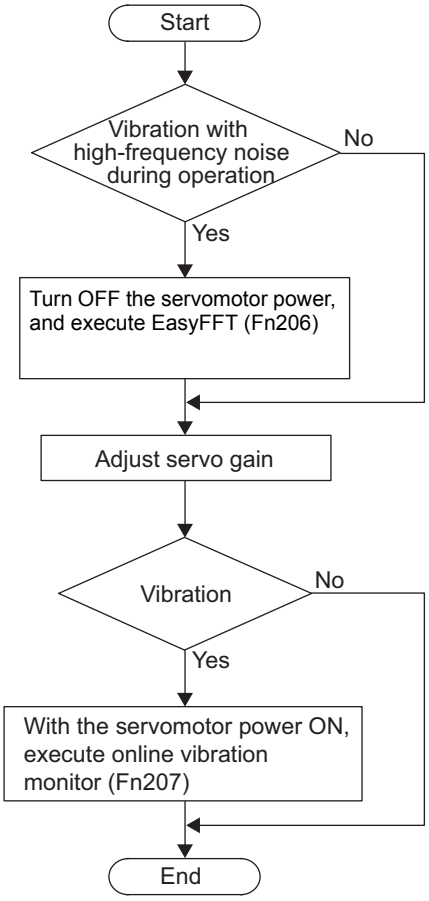
If vibration is generated during operation and this function is executed while the servomotor power is still ON, the machine vibration can sometimes be suppressed by setting a notch filter or torque reference filter for the vibration frequencies.

When online, vibration frequency caused by machine resonance will be detected and the frequency that has the highest peak will be displayed on the panel operator. The effective torque reference filter or notch filter frequency for the vibration frequencies will be automatically selected and the related parameters will be automatically set.

In addition to this function, EasyFFT (Fn206) can be used to detect machine vibration and automatically make notch filter settings. Use the following flowchart to determine how these functions should be used.

If a Σ-V Series SERVOPACK is used to make adjustments, it is recommended that you use advanced autotuning. This built-in function is used to maintain interchangeability with previous models. There is normally no need to use it.

How to use EasyFFT (Fn206) and online vibration monitor (Fn207), when they are mainly used for servo gain adjustment.




## (1) Preparation

The following conditions must be met to perform online vibration monitoring.

- The write prohibited setting (Fn010) must be set to Write permitted (P.0000).
- The servomotor power must be ON.
- There must be no overtravel.
- The correct moment of inertia (Pn103) must be set.
- The test without a motor function must be disabled (Pn00C.0 = 0).

## (2) Operating Procedure

Use the following procedure.

| Step | Display after Operation | Keys | Operation |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | RUN –FUNCTION–<br>Fn206:Easy FFT<br>Fn207:V–Monitor<br>Fn000:Alm History<br>Fn001:JOG | MODE/SET<br>∧ ∨ | Press the MODE/SET Key to view the main menu for the utility function.<br>Use the ∧ or ∨ Key to move through the list and select Fn207. |
| 2 | RUN –V–MONITOR–<br>Measure<br>F1=----<br>F2=----<br>F3=---- | DATA | Press the DATA Key.<br>The display changes to the Fn207 execution display. |
| 3 | RUN –V–MONITOR–<br>Measure<br>F1=----<br>F2=----<br>F3=---- | DATA | Press the DATA Key for at least one second to start vibration detection. The DATA Key must be pressed until "Measure" flashes on the display.<br>Note:<br>After this message appears, the DATA Key does not have to be pressed and the detection continues automatically. |
| 4 | RUN –V–MONITOR–<br>Measure<br>F1= 0850[Hz]<br>F2= 1600[Hz]<br>F3= 0225[Hz] | MODE/SET | When the vibration detection has completed, "Measure" stops flashing and the detection processing ends automatically. When the detection processing has completed normally, the vibrations with three largest peak values in vibration frequency are displayed for F1, F2, and F3.<br>Notes:<br>• Press the MODE/SET Key to quit the online vibration monitor function. The display returns to the main menu of the utility function.<br>• A detected frequency can be displayed. For a vibration with undetectable peak frequency, "----" is displayed. If no frequency was detected, "----" is displayed for F1, F2, and F3.<br>• If the frequency could not be successfully detected, "NO MONITOR" is displayed. |
| 5 | DONE –V–MONITOR–<br>SETTING DONE<br>F1= 0850[Hz]<br>F2= 1600[Hz]<br>F3= 0225[Hz] | DATA | After the detection has normally completed, press the DATA Key. The optimum frequency (time constant) of notch filter or torque reference filter for F1 is set automatically. At the same time, the parameter Pn409 is updated for a notch filter, or the parameter Pn401 is updated for a torque reference filter.<br>After the setting is successfully completed, "DONE" flashes. |
| 6 | RUN –FUNCTION–<br>Fn206:Easy FFT<br>Fn207:V–Monitor<br>Fn000:Alm History<br>Fn001:JOG | MODE/SET | Press the MODE/SET Key.<br>The display returns to the main menu of the utility function. |

## (3) Related Parameters

The following table lists parameters related to this function and their possibility of being changed while executing this function or of being changed automatically after executing this function.

• Parameters related to this function

These are parameters that are used or referenced when executing this function.

• Allowed changes during execution of this function

Yes : Parameters can be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.
No : Parameters cannot be changed using SigmaWin+ while this function is being executed.

• Automatic changes after execution of this function

Yes : Parameter set values are automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.
No : Parameter set values are not automatically set or adjusted after execution of this function.

| Parameter | Name | Mid-execution changes | Automatic changes |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn401** | Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | No | Yes |
| **Pn408** | Torque Related Function Switch | Yes | Yes |
| **Pn409** | 1st Notch Filter Frequency | No | Yes |
| **Pn40A** | 1st Notch Filter Q Value | No | No |
| **Pn40C** | 2nd Notch Filter Frequency | No | No |
| **Pn40D** | 2nd Notch Filter Q Value | No | No |

# 7

# Monitor Displays (Un□□□)


7.1 List of Monitor Displays . . . . . 7-2

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7.3 Monitoring Input Signals . . . . . 7-4

7.3.1 Interpreting Input Signal Display Status . . . . . 7-4

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7.4 Monitoring Output Signals . . . . . 7-6

7.4.1 Interpreting Output Signal Display Status . . . . . 7-6

7.4.2 Output Signal Display Example . . . . . 7-6

7.5 Monitoring Safety Input Signals . . . . . 7-7

7.5.1 Interpreting Safety Input Signal Display Status . . . . . 7-7

7.5.2 Safety Input Signal Display Example . . . . . 7-7

# 7.1 List of Monitor Displays

The monitor displays can be used for monitoring the I/O signal status, and SERVOPACK internal status.

Refer to the following table.

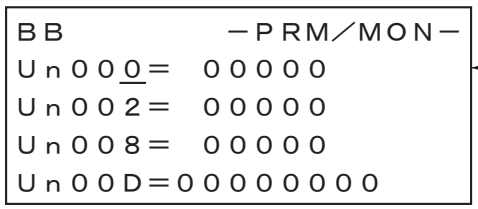
| Parameter No. | Description | Unit |
|---|---|---|
| Un000 | Motor rotating speed | $min^{-1}$ |
| Un001 | Speed reference | $min^{-1}$ |
| Un002 | Internal torque reference (percentage of the rated torque) | % |
| Un003 | Rotational angle 1 (encoder pulses from the phase-C origin: decimal display) | encoder pulse*1 |
| Un004 | Rotational angle 2 (from polarity origin (electric angle)) | deg |
| Un005*2 | Input signal monitor | – |
| Un006*3 | Output signal monitor | – |
| Un007 | Input reference pulse speed (valid only in position control) | $min^{-1}$ |
| Un008 | Position error amount (valid only in position control) | reference unit |
| Un009 | Accumulated load ratio (in percentage to the rated torque: effective torque in cycle of 10 seconds) | % |
| Un00A | Regenerative load ratio (as a percentage of the processable regenerative power: regenerative power consumption in cycle of 10 seconds) | % |
| Un00B | Power consumed by DB resistance (in percentage to the processable power at DB activation: displayed in cycle of 10 seconds) | % |
| Un00C | Input reference pulse counter | reference unit |
| Un00D | Feedback pulse counter | encoder pulse*1 |
| Un00E | Fully-closed feedback pulse counter | external encoder resolution*4 |
| Un012 | Total operation time | 100 ms |
| Un013 | Feedback pulse counter | reference unit |
| Un014 | Effective gain monitor (gain settings 1 = 1, gain settings 2 = 2) | – |
| Un015 | Safety I/O signal monitor | – |
| Un020 | Motor rated speed | $min^{-1}$ |
| Un021 | Motor maximum speed | $min^{-1}$ |
| Un022*5 | Installation environment monitor (Operation conditions in various environments can be monitored.) | % |
| Un030 | The current backlash compensation value | 0.1 reference unit |
| Un031 | Backlash compensation setting limit value | 0.1 reference unit |

∗1. For details, refer to *4.4.3 Electronic Gear*.
∗2. For details, refer to *7.3 Monitoring Input Signals*.
∗3. For details, refer to *7.4 Monitoring Output Signals*.
∗4. For details, refer to *8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO)*.
∗5. This monitor can be used only with SGDV-□□□□□□B SERVOPACKs. For details, refer to *2 Installation in the Σ-V Series User's Manual, Setup, Rotational Motor* (No.: SIEP S800000 43).

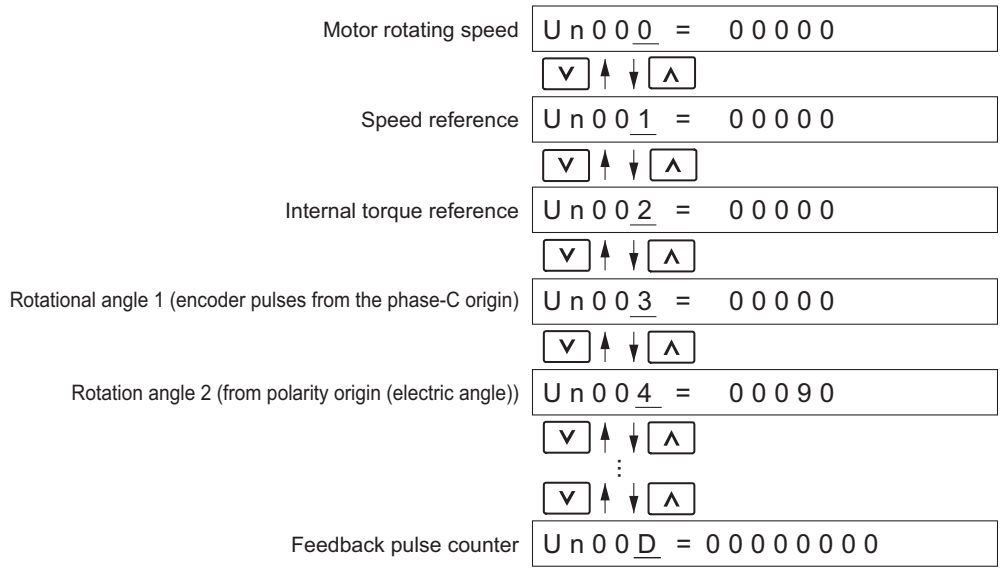
# 7.2 Viewing Monitor Displays

The monitor display can be checked or viewed in the Parameter/Monitor (-PRM/MON-) window of the digital operator.

The following figure shows four factory settings that are first displayed if viewing monitor displays.




To view any items that are not shown, press the [∧] or [∨] Key to scroll through the list.

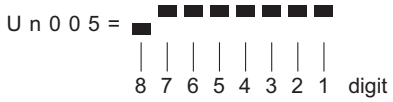


# 7.3 Monitoring Input Signals

The status of input signals can be checked with the input signal monitor (Un005). The procedure for the method of interpreting the display and a display example are shown below.

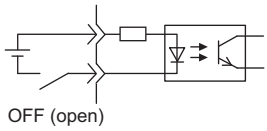
## 7.3.1 Interpreting Input Signal Display Status

The input signal monitor (Un005) can be read in the following way. The upper level indicates OFF, and the lower level indicates ON. All undefined digits are shown in the lower level (ON).




| Display LED Number | Input Terminal Name | Signal Name (Factory Setting) |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | CN1-13 | /SI0 |
| 2 | CN1-7 | P-OT |
| 3 | CN1-8 | N-OT |
| 4 | CN1-9 | /DEC |
| 5 | CN1-10 | /EXT1 |
| 6 | CN1-11 | /EXT2 |
| 7 | CN1-12 | /EXT3 |
| 8 | – | Reserved |

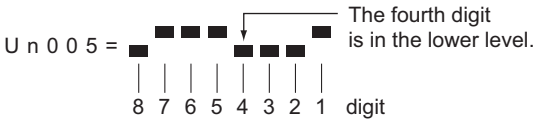
<NOTE>
Input signals use the following circuit configuration.
OFF: Open
ON: Short-circuited
Example



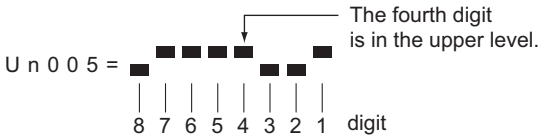
## 7.3.2 Input Signal Display Example

Input signals are displayed as shown below.

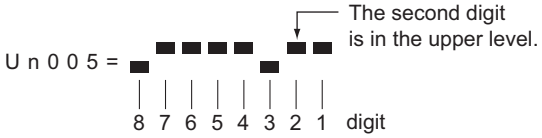
• When the /DEC signal is ON




• When the /DEC signal is OFF




• When the P-OT signal is activated



# 7.4 Monitoring Output Signals

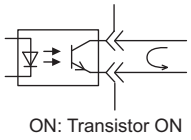
The status of output signals can be checked with the output signal monitor (Un006). The procedure for the method of interpreting the display and a display example are shown below.

## 7.4.1 Interpreting Output Signal Display Status

The output signal monitor (Un006) can be read in the following way. The upper level indicates OFF, and the lower level indicates ON. All undefined digits are shown in the lower level (ON).

| Display LED Number | Output Terminal Name | Signal Name (Factory Setting) |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | CN1-3, -4 | ALM |
| 2 | CN1-1, -2 | /BK |
| 3 | CN1-23, -24 | SO2 |
| 4 | CN1-25, -26 | SO3 |
| 5 | – | Reserved |
| 6 | – | Reserved |
| 7 | – | Reserved |
| 8 | – | Reserved |

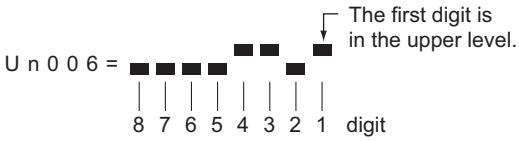
<NOTE>
Output signals use the following circuit configuration.
OFF: Transistor OFF
ON: Transistor ON
Example




## 7.4.2 Output Signal Display Example

Output signals are displayed as shown below.

• When the ALM signal is OFF



# 7.5 Monitoring Safety Input Signals

The status of safety input signals can be checked with the safety I/O signal monitor (Un015). The procedure for the method of interpreting the display and a display example are shown below.

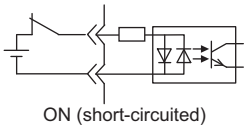
## 7.5.1 Interpreting Safety Input Signal Display Status

The safety I/O signal monitor (Un015) can be read in the following way. The upper level indicates ON, and the lower level indicates OFF. All undefined digits are shown in the lower level (OFF).

| Display LED Number | Input Terminal Name | Signal Name |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | CN8-3, -4 | /HWBB1 |
| 2 | CN8-5, -6 | /HWBB2 |
| 3 | – | Reserved |
| 4 | – | Reserved |
| 5 | – | Reserved |
| 6 | – | Reserved |
| 7 | – | Reserved |
| 8 | – | Reserved |

Note: Input signals use the following circuit configuration.
- OFF: Open
- ON: Short-circuited

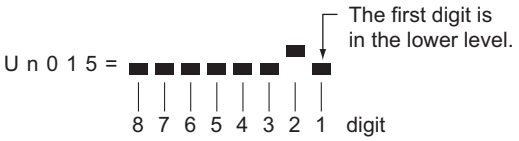
Example




## 7.5.2 Safety Input Signal Display Example

Safety input signals are displayed as shown below.

- When the /HWBB1 signal turns OFF to activate the HWBB function



# 8

# Fully-closed Loop Control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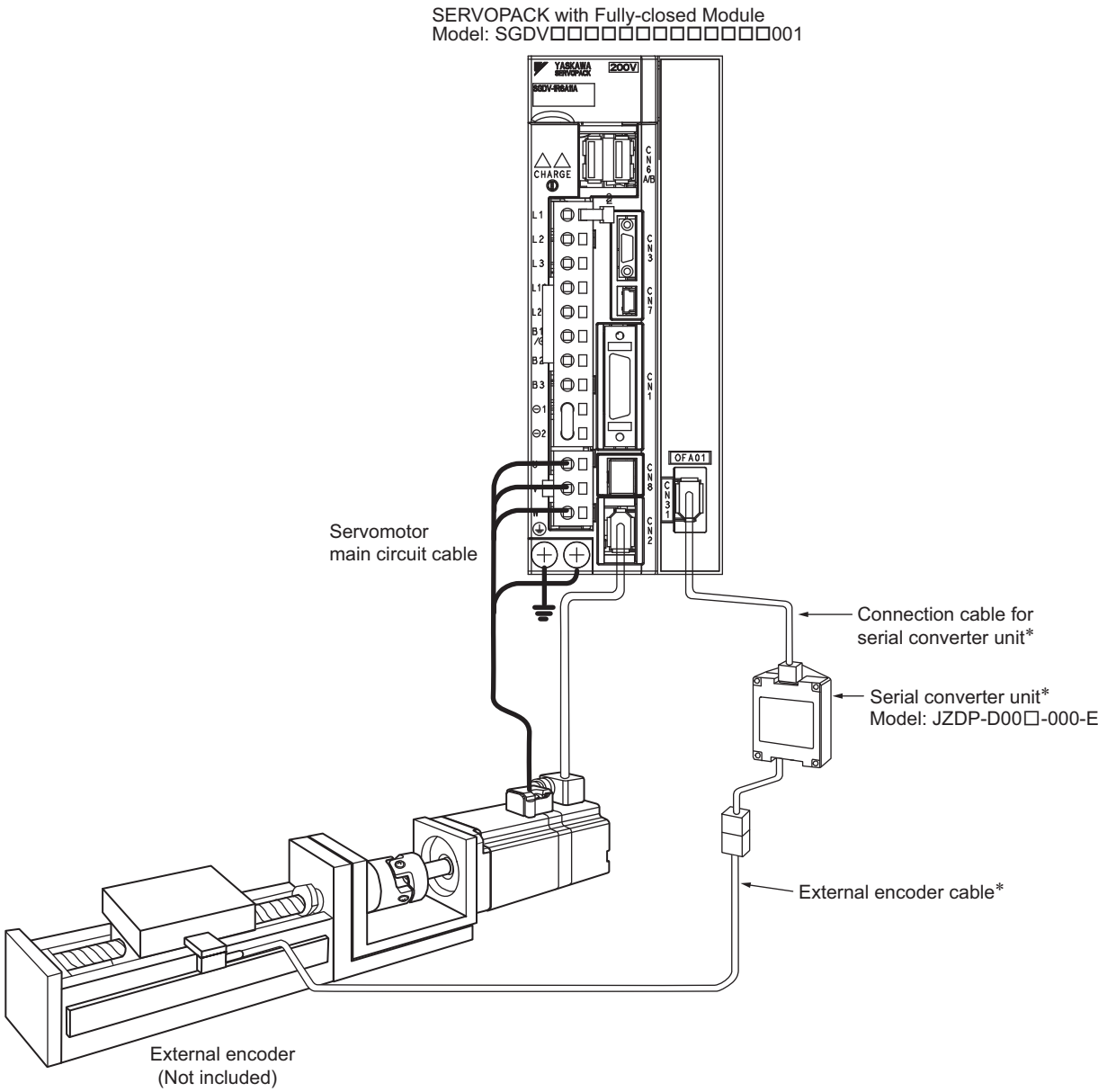
# 8.1 System Configuration and Connection Example for SERVOPACK with Fully-closed Loop Control

This section describes the system configuration and connection example for the SERVOPACK with fully-closed loop control.

## 8.1.1 System Configuration

The following figure shows an example of the system configuration.



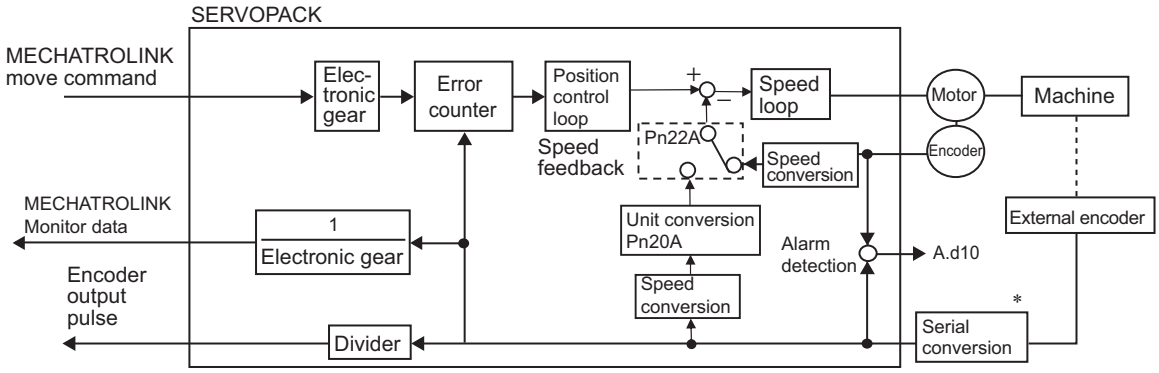

* The connected devices and cables depend on the type of external encoder (linear scale).

Note 1. For details on the power supply and peripheral devices, refer to *1.5 Examples of Servo System Configurations*.
2. In fully-closed loop control, rattling or twisting of mechanical parts may cause vibration, destabilizing the positioning process.

## 8.1.2 Internal Block Diagram of Fully-closed Loop Control

Internal block diagram of fully-closed loop control is shown below.

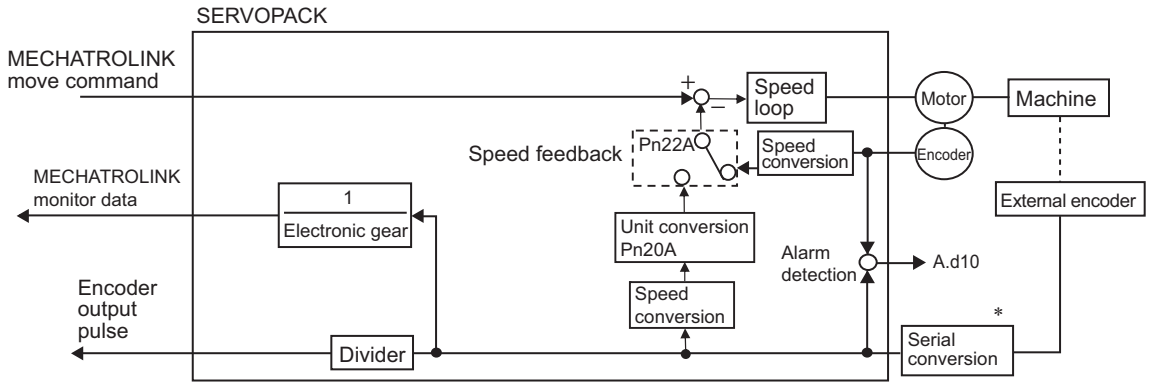
■ With Position Control




* The connected devices depend on the type of external encoder (linear scale).

Note: Either an incremental or an absolute encoder can be used. When the absolute encoder is used, set 1 to Pn002.2 (use the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder).

■ With Speed Control




* The connected devices depend on the type of external encoder (linear scale).

## 8.1.3 Serial Converter Unit

This section provides the specification of the serial converter unit.

### (1) Model: JZDP-D00□-000-E

#### ■ Characteristics and Specifications

| Items | | Specifications |
|---|---|---|
| Electrical Characteristics | Power Supply Voltage | +5.0 V±5%, ripple content 5% max. |
| | Current Consumption | 120 mA Typ. 350 mA max. |
| | Signal Resolution | 1/256 pitch (1 cycle) of input 2-phase sine wave pitch |
| | Max. Response Frequency | 250 kHz |
| | Analog Input Signals * (cos, sin, Ref) | Differential input amplitude: 0.4 V to 1.2 V<br>Input signal level: 1.5 V to 3.5 V |
| | Output Signal | Position data, alarms |
| | Output Method | Serial data communications |
| | Output Circuit | Balanced type transceiver (SN75LBC176 or the equivalent), internal terminating resistor: 120 Ω |
| Mechanical Characteristics | Approx. Mass | 150 g |
| | Vibration Resistance | 98 $m/s^2$ max. (10 to 2500 Hz) in three directions |
| | Shock Resistance | 980 $m/s^2$, (11 ms) two times in three directions |
| Environmental Conditions | Surrounding air Temperature | 0 °C to 55 °C |
| | Storage Temperature | -20°C to +80 °C |
| | Humidity | 20% to 90%RH (without condensation) |
| | Altitude | 1000 m max. |

* Input a value within the specified range. Otherwise, incorrect position information is output, and the device may be damaged.

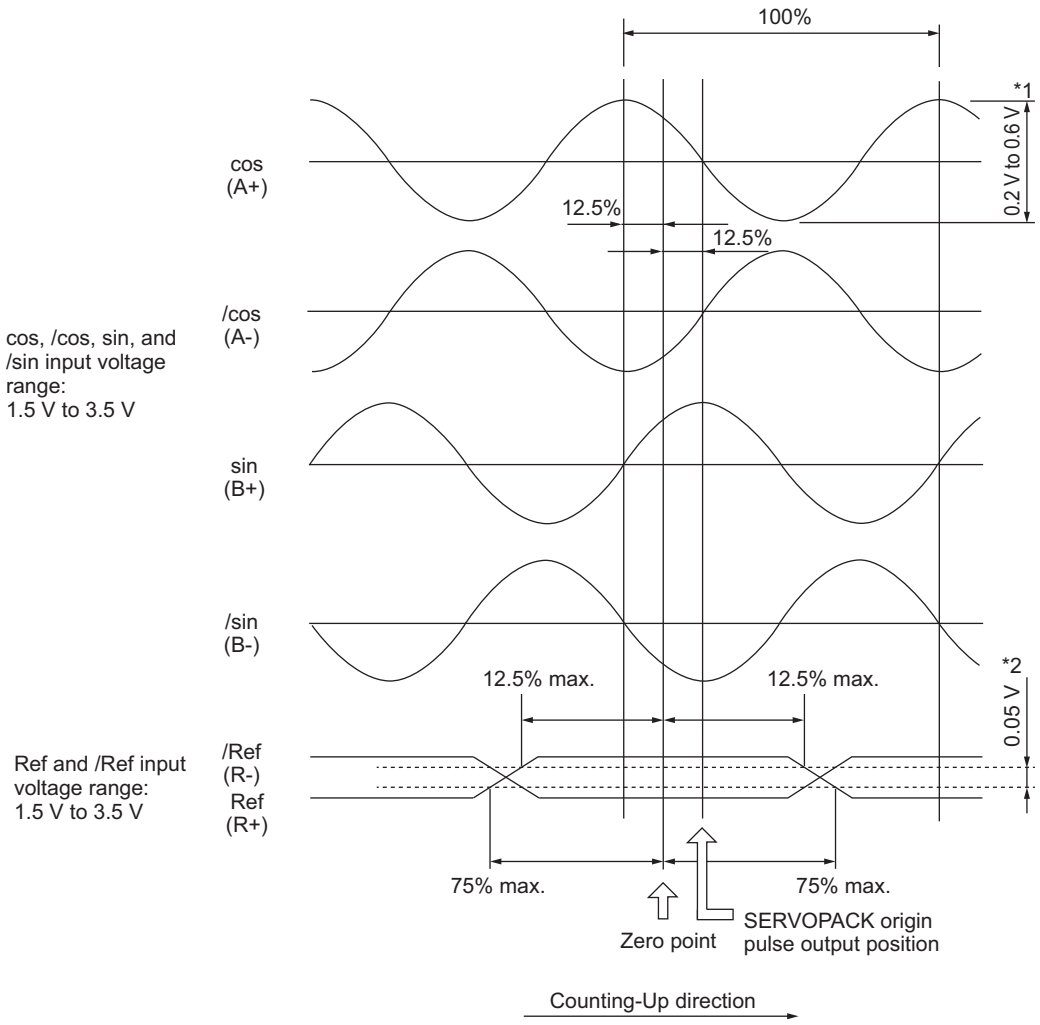
## (2) Analog Signal Input Timing

Input the analog signals with the timing shown in the following figure.

The /cos and /sin signals are the differential signals when the cos and sin signals are shifted 180°. The specifications of the cos, /cos, sin, and /sin signals are identical except for the phases.

The Ref and /Ref signals are input to the comparator. Input a signal that will exceed the hysteresis of the comparator (i.e., the broken lines in the following figure).

When they are crossed, the output data will be counted up.




∗1. If the analog signal amplitude declines to approximately 0.35 V because of the differential amplitude, the serial converter unit will output an alarm.
∗2. This is the hysteresis width.

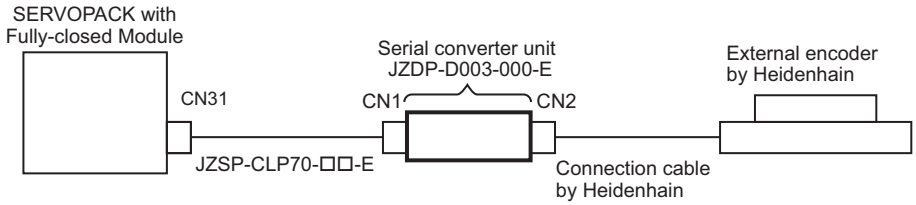
**IMPORTANT**

- Never perform insulation resistance and withstand voltage tests.
- When low-voltage analog signals are input to the serial converter unit, noise influence on the analog signals affects the unit's ability to output correct position information. The analog cable must be as short as possible and shielded.
- Use the serial converter unit in a location without gases such as $H_2S$.
- Do not connect or disconnect the unit while power is being supplied, or the unit may be damaged.
- When using multiple axes, use a shielded cable for each axis. Do not use a shielded cable for multiple axes.
- If you use any external encoder other than a recommended external encoder, evaluate the system in advance before you use it.

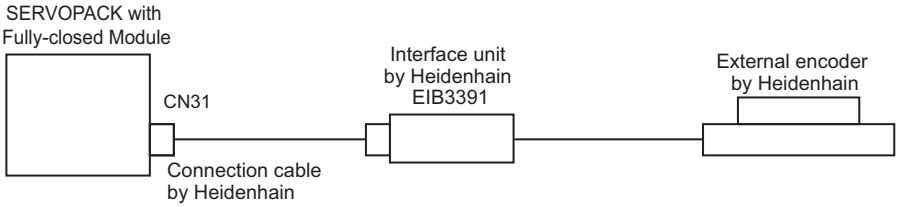
## 8.1.4 Example of Connections to External Encoders

### (1) External Encoder by Heidenhain

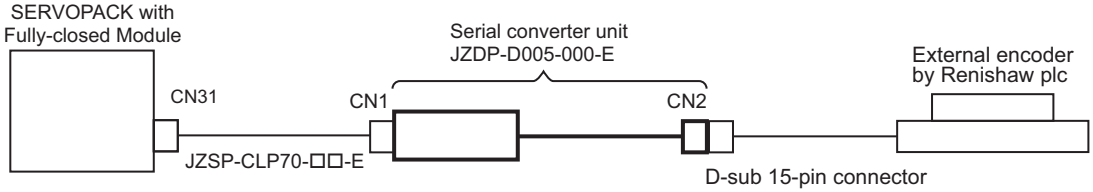
■ Model: LIDA48□ or LIF48□ (1 Vp-p Analog Voltage)



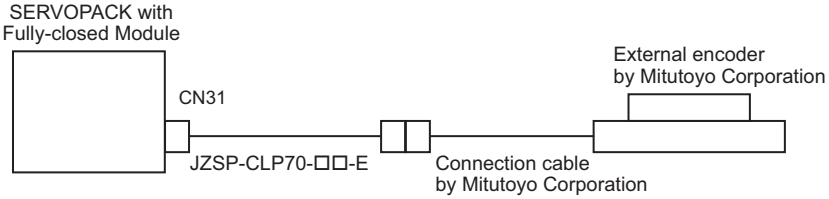

■ Model: LIC4100 Series




### (2) External Encoder by Renishaw plc

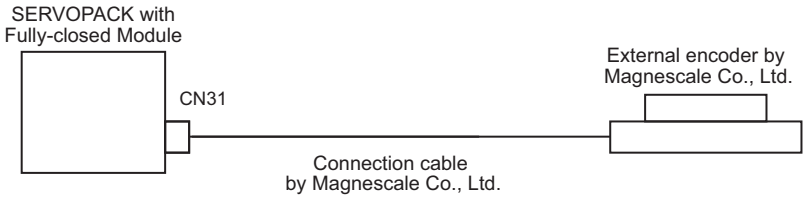



### (3) External Encoder by Mitutoyo Corporation

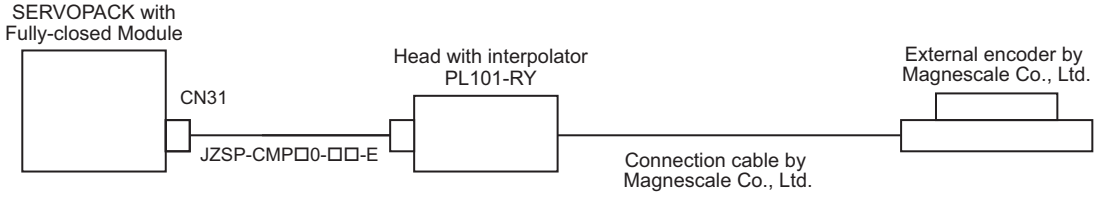



### (4) External Encoder by Magnescale Co., Ltd.

■ Model: SR75, SR85, SR77, SR87, RU77



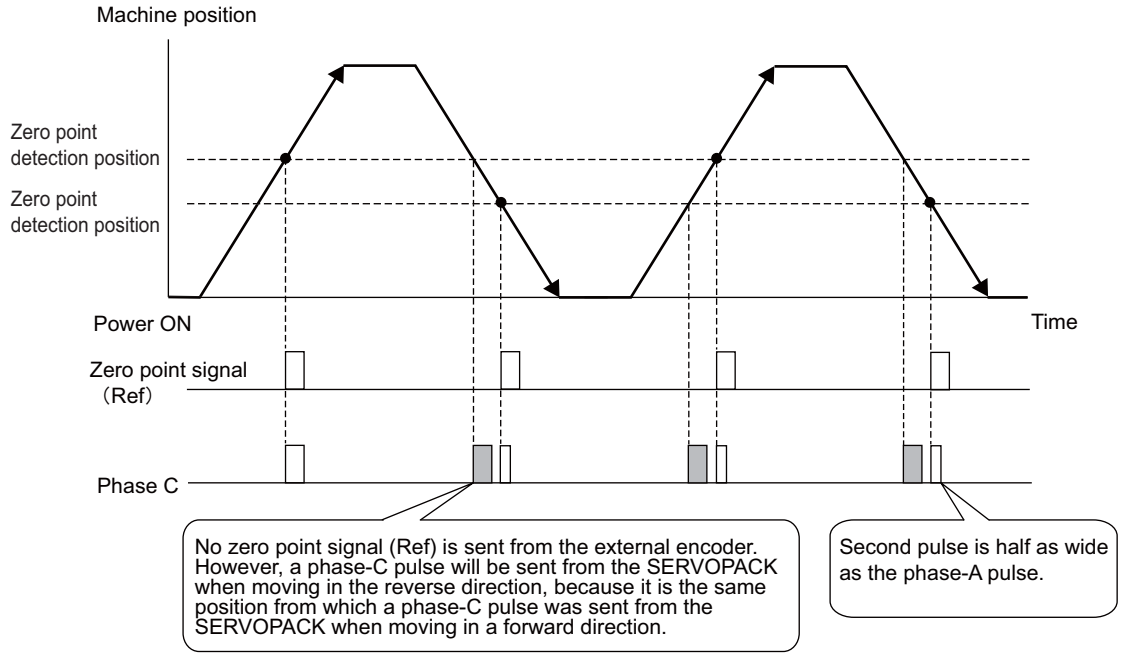

■ Model: SL700, SL710, SL720, SL730



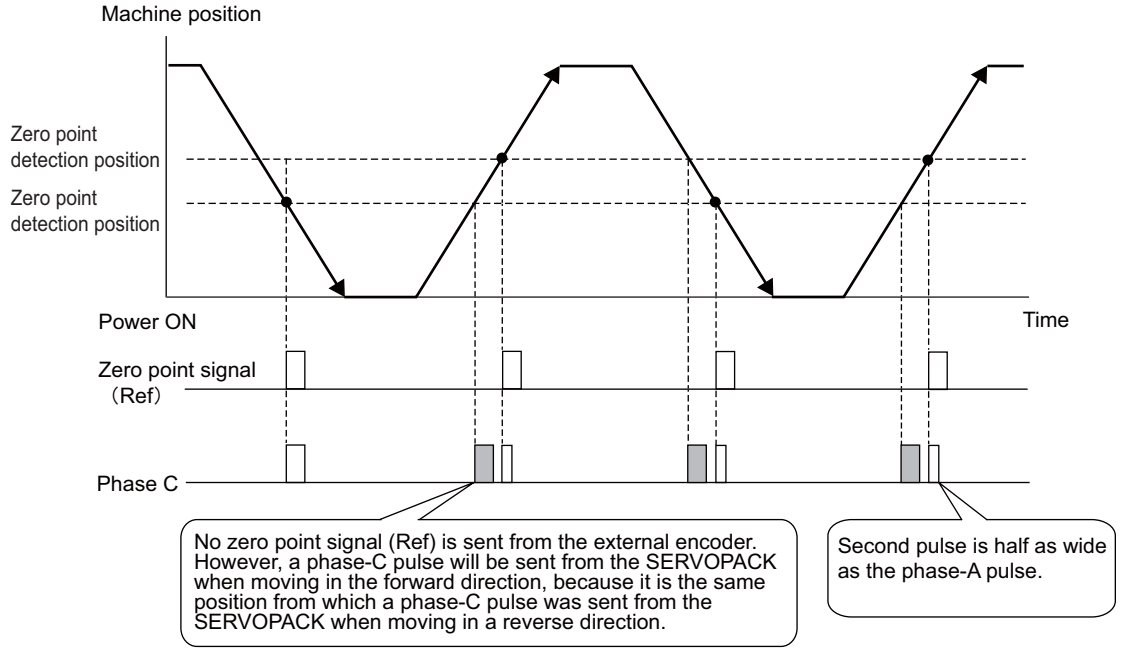
## 8.1.5 Encoder Output Pulse Signals from SERVOPACK with an External Encoder by Renishaw plc

The output position of the zero point signal (Ref) will depend on the direction of movement for some models of external encoders by Renishaw plc.
In such case, the phase-C pulses of the SERVOPACK are output at two positions.
For details on the specifications of the zero-point signals for a external encoder, refer to the manual for the Renishaw external encoder.

### (1) Passing First Zero Point Signal (Ref) in Forward Direction and Returning after Power ON




### (2) Passing First Zero Point Signal (Ref) in Reverse Direction and Returning after Power ON



## 8.1.6 Precautions When Using an External Incremental Encoder by Magnescale

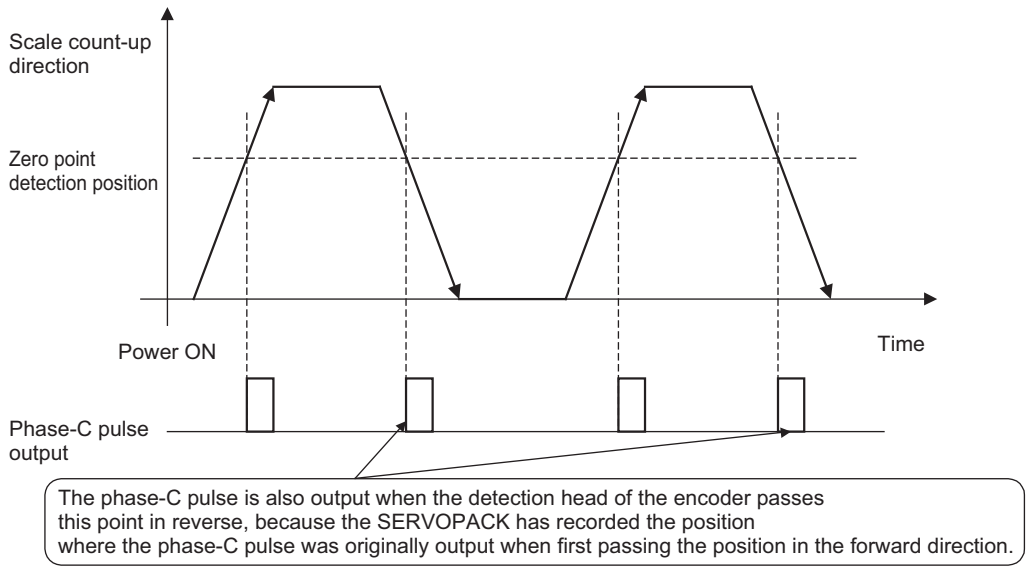
When an external incremental encoder by Magnescale Co., Ltd. is used, the count direction of the encoder determines if an encoder dividing phase-C pulse (CN1-21, CN1-22) is output and counted.

Note: The count direction (counting up or down) of the encoder determines if a phase-C pulse is output. The output of the pulse does not depend on the settings of these parameters: Pn000.0 (motor rotational direction) and Pn002.3 (external encoder usage method).

| Model | Interpolator | Scale pitch (μm) |
|---|---|---|
| SL710 | PL101-RY | 800 |
| SL720 | | 800 |
| SL730 | | 800 |
| SR75 | | 80 |
| SR85 | | 80 |

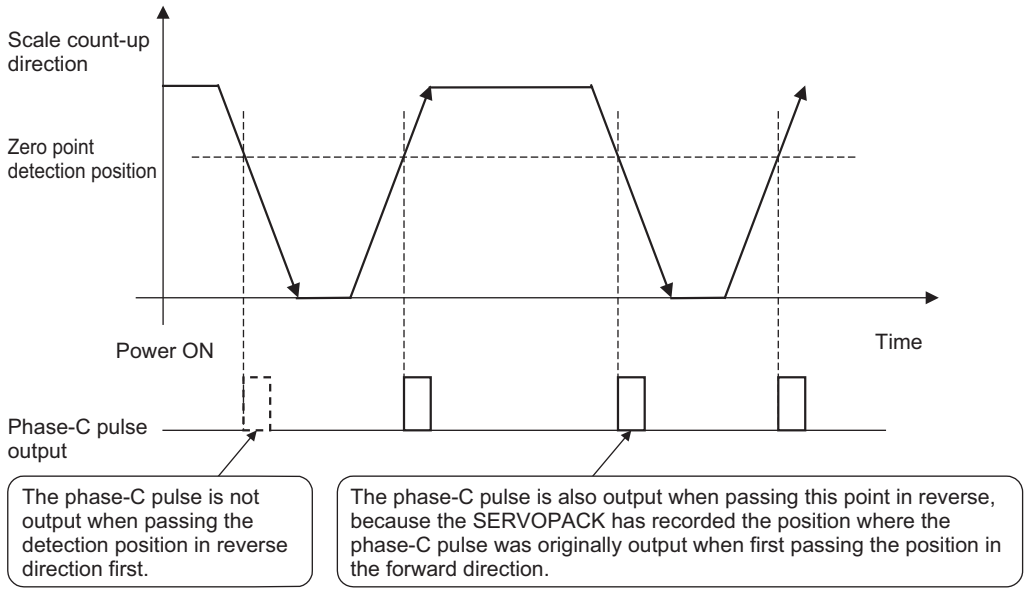
### ■ Passing First Zero Point in Forward Direction and Returning after Power ON

When the zero point detection position is first passed in the forward direction after turning the power supply OFF and ON again, the encoder dividing phase-C pulse (CN1-21, CN1-22) is output. Then the encoder dividing phase-C pulse is output when the zero point detection position is passed in either the forward or reverse direction.



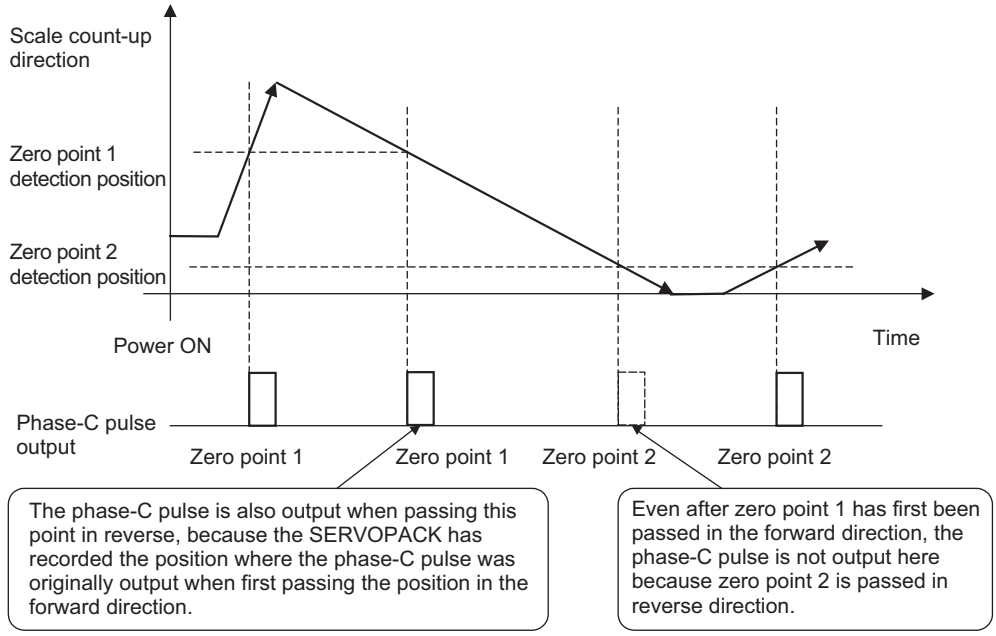
### ■ Passing First Zero Point in Reverse Direction and Returning after Power ON

When the zero point detection position is first passed in the reverse direction after turning the power supply OFF and ON again, the encoder dividing phase-C pulse (CN1-21, CN1-22) is not output.
However, after the zero point detection position is passed in the forward direction and the encoder dividing phase-C pulse is output, the encoder dividing phase-C pulse is output even when the zero point detection position is passed in the reverse direction.



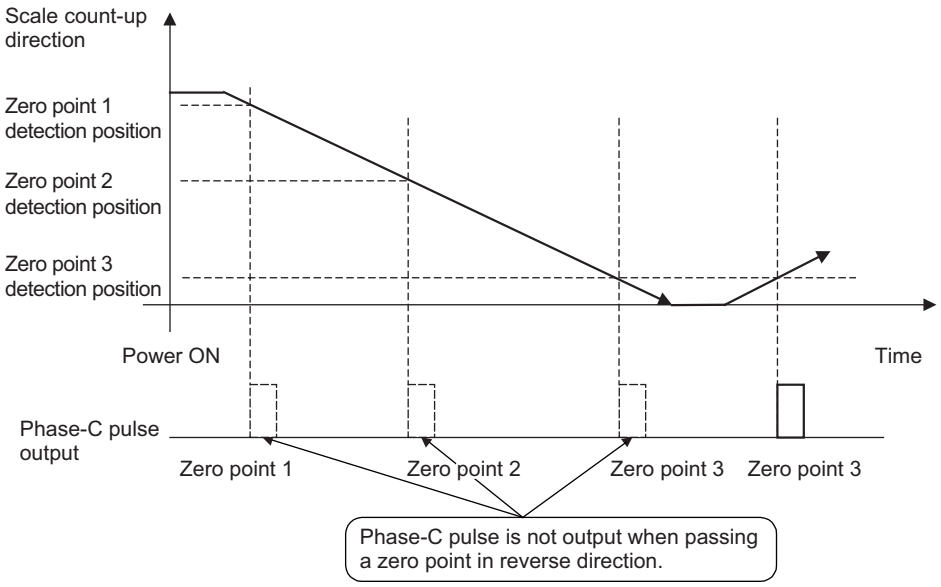

### ■ External Encoder with Multiple Zero Points and Passing First Zero Point in Forward Direction and Returning after Power ON

When you use an external encoder with multiple zero points, each zero point operates in the same manner as described in *9.1.6 ■ Passing First Zero Point in Forward Direction and Returning after Power ON.*



## ■ External Encoder with Multiple Zero Points and Passing First Zero Point in Reverse Direction after Power ON

When you use an external encoder with multiple zero points, each zero point operates in the same manner as described in *9.1.6 ■Passing First Zero Point in Reverse Direction and Returning after Power ON*.




To output the encoder dividing phase-C pulse when moving in the reverse direction, set Pn081 to n.□□□1.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn081** | n.□□□0 [Factory Setting] | Outputs phase-C pulse only in forward direction. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□□□1 | Outputs phase-C pulse in forward and reverse direction. | | |

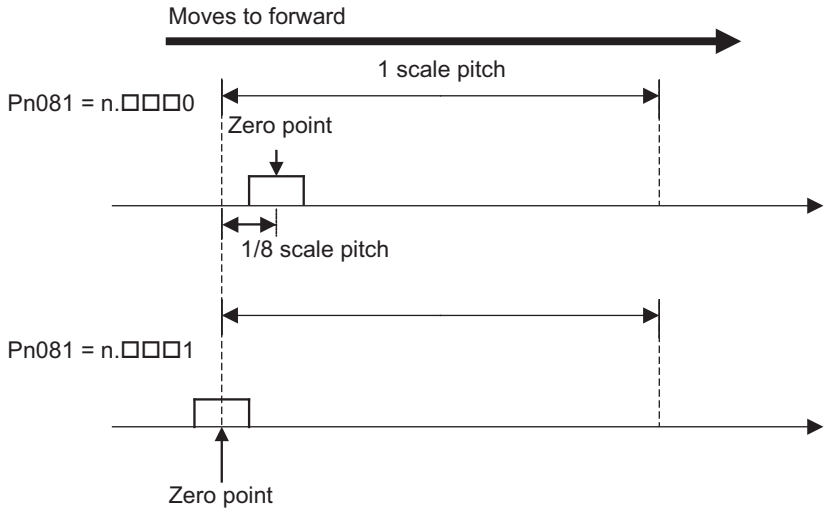
<NOTE>
The encoder output pulse is output in the forward and reverse directions regardless of the setting of Pn081 when a serial converter unit is used.

IMPORTANT

■ Setting of Pn081.0

Do not change the factory setting if the zero point position of the existing equipment must remain as is.

- When Pn081 is set to n.□□□1, the encoder output phase-C pulse output width may be narrower than the width of the phase-A pulse.
- As shown in the following diagram, there is a 1/8th scale pitch difference in the encoder dividing phase-C pulse output position, the zero point return command, and the phase-C detection position with the phase-C latch when Pn081 is set to n.□□□0 and when Pn081 is set to n.□□□1.



## 8.2 SERVOPACK Startup Procedure

First check that the SERVOPACK operates correctly with semi-closed loop control, then check that it operates correctly with fully-closed loop control.
The following describes the startup procedure for the SERVOPACK in fully-closed loop control.

| Procedure | Description | Operation | Parameters Requiring Settings | Controller |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Check operation of the whole sequence in semi-closed loop control and without any load.<br><br>Items to Check<br>• Power supply circuit wiring<br>• Servomotor wiring<br>• Encoder wiring<br>• Wiring of I/O signal lines from the host controller<br>• Servomotor rotation direction, speed, and number of rotations<br>• Operation of safety mechanisms, such as the brakes and the overtravel mechanism | Set the parameters so that the SERVOPACK operates correctly in semi-closed loop control (Pn002.3 = 0) without any load and check the following points.<br>• Is there an error with the SERVOPACK?<br>• Does the JOG operation operate correctly when operating the SERVOPACK in standalone mode?<br>• Do the I/O signals turn ON/OFF correctly?<br>• Does the servomotor turn ON when the SV_ON command is sent from the host controller?<br>• Does the servomotor operate correctly when the position reference is input by the host controller? | • Basic Function Select Switch 0 (Pn000)<br>• Application Function Select Switch 1 (Pn001)<br>• External Encoder Usage (Pn002.3)<br>• Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) (Pn20E)<br>• Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) (Pn210)<br>• Input Signal Selection (Pn50A, Pn50B, Pn511)<br>• Output Signal Selection (Pn50E, Pn50F, Pn510) | SERVOPACK or host controller |
| 2 | Check operation of the system connected with the machine and servomotor in semi-closed loop control mode.<br><br>Items to Check<br>• Initial responsiveness of the system connected with the machine<br>• Movement direction, distance, and speed of the machine specified by the host controller | Connect the servomotor to the machine.<br>Set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) using the advanced autotuning function.<br>Check that the machine operates in the correct direction, distance, and speed as directed by the host controller. | • Moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) | Host controller |
| 3 | Check the external encoder.<br><br>Item to Check<br>• Are signals from the external encoder received correctly? | Set parameters related to the fully-closed loop control and move the machine with your hand without turning ON the power supply to the servomotor. Check the following status with the panel operator, digital operator, or SigmaWin+.<br>• Does the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) count up when the servomotor moves in the forward direction?<br>• Is the distance the machine moved about visually the same as the amount counted by the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E)?<br>Note:<br>The unit for fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) is the external encoder resolution.<br>Refer to *8.3.5 Electronic Gear* for details on the external encoder resolution. | • External Encoder Usage (Pn002.3)<br>• Number of External Scale Pitch (Pn20A)<br>• Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) (Pn20E)<br>• Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) (Pn210)<br>• Encoder Output Resolution (Pn281)<br>• Excessive Error Level Between Servomotor and Load Positions (Pn51B)<br>• Positioning Completed Width (Pn522)<br>• Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation (Pn52A) | – |

(cont'd)

| Procedure | Description | Operation | Parameters Requiring Settings | Controller |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | Perform a program JOG operation.<br><br>Items to Check<br>• Does the fully-closed loop control operate correctly when operating the SERVOPACK in standalone mode? | Perform a program JOG operation and check that the distance that the servomotor moved is the same as the distance that is set in Pn531.<br>Note:<br>Start from a low speed and gradually increase the speed. | • Program JOG related parameters (Pn530 to Pn536) | SERVOPACK |
| 5 | Operate the SERVOPACK.<br><br>Items to Check<br>• Does the fully-closed loop control operate correctly including the host controller? | Input the position reference and check that the SERVOPACK operates correctly.<br>Note:<br>Start from a low speed and gradually increase the speed. | – | Host controller |

# 8.3 Parameter Settings for Fully-closed Loop Control

This section describes the parameter settings for fully-closed loop control.

| Set Parameters | Setting Contents | Position Control | Speed Control | Torque Control | Reference |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn000.0 | Motor rotation direction | ○ | ○ | ○ | 8.3.1 |
| Pn002.3 | External encoder usage method | ○ | ○ | ○ | |
| Pn20A | Number of pitches for the external encoder | ○ | ○ | ○ | 8.3.2 |
| Pn281 | Number of encoder output pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO) from the SERVOPACK | ○ | ○ | ○ | 8.3.3 |
| – | External absolute encoder data reception sequence | ○ | ○ | ○ | 8.3.4 |
| Pn20E, Pn210 | Electronic gear ratio | ○ | – | – | 8.3.5 |
| Pn51B | Excessive error level between servomotor and load positions | ○ | – | – | 8.3.6 |
| Pn52A | Multiplier per one fully-closed rotation | ○ | – | – | |
| Pn006/Pn007 | Analog monitor signal | ○ | ○ | ○ | 8.3.7 |
| Pn22A | Speed feedback method during fully-closed loop control | ○ | – | – | 8.3.8 |

Note: When using an external absolute encoder, this external encoder works as an absolute encoder even if Pn002.2 is set to 1.

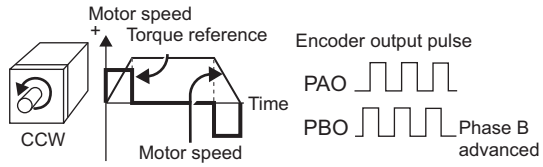
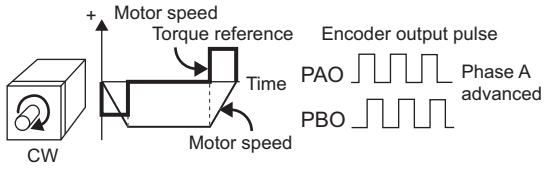
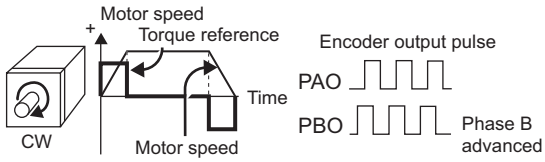
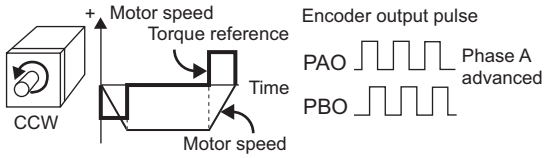
| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn002** | n.□0□□ [Factory setting] | Uses the absolute encoder as an absolute encoder. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.□1□□ | Uses the absolute encoder as an incremental encoder. | | |

## 8.3.1 Motor Rotation Direction

The motor rotation direction can be set. To perform fully-closed loop control, it is necessary to set the motor rotation direction with both Pn000.0 (motor rotation direction) and Pn002.3 (external encoder usage).

### (1) Setting Parameter Pn000.0

The standard setting for forward rotation is counterclockwise (CCW) as viewed from the load end of the servomotor.

| Parameter | | Forward/ Reverse Reference | Direction of Motor Rotation and Encoder Output Pulse | Applicable Overtravel (OT) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn000** | n.□□□0<br>Sets CCW as forward direction.<br>[Factory setting] | Forward Reference |  | P-OT |
| | | Reverse Reference |  | N-OT |
| | n.□□□1<br>Sets CW as forward direction. (Reverse Rotation Mode) | Forward Reference |  | P-OT |
| | | Reverse Reference |  | N-OT |

Note: SigmaWin+ trace waveforms are shown in the above table.

### (2) Setting Parameter Pn002.3

| Parameter | | Name | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn002** | n.0□□□<br>[Factory setting] | External Encoder Usage | Do not use external encoder.*1 | After restart | Setup |
| | n.1□□□ | | Uses the external encoder in motor CCW direction rotation and external encoder forward direction.*2 | | |
| | n.2□□□ | | Reserved (Do not set.) | | |
| | n.3□□□ | | Uses the external encoder in motor CCW direction rotation and external encoder reverse direction.*2 | | |
| | n.4□□□ | | Reserved (Do not set.) | | |

*1. The mode will change to semi-closed loop control if this setting is used.

*2. Determine the set value in Pn002.3 with the following procedure.
- Set Pn000 to n.□□□0 and Pn002 to n.1□□□.
- Move the motor shaft by hand counterclockwise.
- If the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) counts up, leave the setting of Pn002 as it is (Pn002 = n.1□□□).
- If the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) counts down, set Pn002 to n.3□□□.

### (3) Relation between Motor Rotation Direction and External Encoder Pulse Phases

Refer to the table below.

| Parameter | | | Pn002.3 (External Encoder Usage) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 1 | | 3 | |
| **Pn000.0** (Motor rotation direction) | 0 | Reference direction | Forward reference | Reverse reference | Forward reference | Reverse reference |
| | | Motor rotation direction | CCW | CW | CCW | CW |
| | | External encoder output | cos lead | sin lead | sin lead | cos lead |
| | | Encoder output pulse | Phase B lead | Phase A lead | Phase B lead | Phase A lead |
| | 1 | Reference direction | Forward reference | Reverse reference | Forward reference | Reverse reference |
| | | Motor rotation direction | CW | CCW | CW | CCW |
| | | External encoder output | sin lead | cos lead | cos lead | sin lead |
| | | Encoder output pulse | Phase B lead | Phase A lead | Phase B lead | Phase A lead |

• The output pulses are phase-B advanced if the motor is turning forward regardless of the setting in Pn000.0.

## 8.3.2 Sine Wave Pitch (Frequency) for an External Encoder

Set the number of external encoder pitches per motor rotation to Pn20A.

### (1) Setting Example

| Specifications |
|---|
| External encoder sine wave pitch: 20 µm |
| Ball screw lead: 30 mm |

If the external encoder is connected directly to the motor, the set value will be 1500 (30 mm/0.02 mm = 1500).

Note 1. If there is a fraction, round off the digits below the decimal point.
2. If the number of external encoder pitches per motor rotation is not an integer, there will be deviation in the position loop gain (Kp), feedforward, and position reference speed monitor. There is no effect on the positioning accuracy.

### (2) Related Parameter

| Pn20A | Number of External Scale Pitch | | Position | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 4 to 1048576 | 1 pitch/rev | 32768 | After restart | Setup |

## 8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO)

Set the position resolution to Pn281. Set the number of phase A and phase B edges.

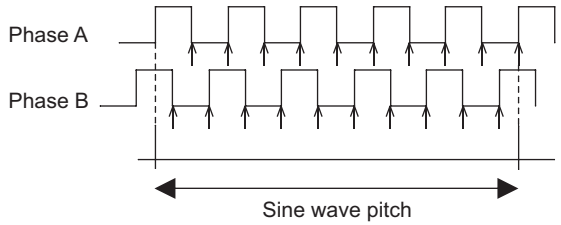
### (1) Setting Example

| Specifications |
|---|
| External encoder sine wave pitch: 20 µm |
| Ball screw lead: 30 mm |
| Speed: 1600 mm/s |

If the output of a single pulse (multiplied by 4) is 1 µm, the set value will be 20.

If the output of a single pulse (multiplied by 4) is 0.5 µm, the set value will be 40.

The encoder output pulse will have the following waveform if the set value is 20.




"↑" shows the edge position. In this example, the set value is 20 therefore the number of ↑ is 20.

Note: The upper limit of the encoder signal output frequency (multiplied by 4) is 6.4 Mpps. Do not set a value that would cause the output to exceed 6.4 Mpps. If the output exceeds the upper limit, the overspeed of encoder output pulse rate alarm (A.511) will be output.

Example:
The frequency is as follows if the set value is 20 and the speed is 1600 mm/s:

$$\frac{1600\ \text{mm/s}}{0.001\ \text{mm}} = 1600000 = 1.6\ \text{Mpps}$$

Because 1.6 Mpps is less than 6.4 Mpps, this value can be used.

### (2) Related Parameter

| Pn281 | Encoder Output Resolution | | Position | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 1 to 4096 | 1 edge/pitch | 20 | After restart | Setup |

Note: The maximum setting for the encoder output resolution is 4096. When the number of divisions on the external encoder is more than 4096, the data shown in *8.3.5 ■External Encoder Sine Wave Pitch and Number of Divisions* is no longer applicable.

### (3) Phase-C Pulse Output Specifications

The pulse width of phase C (origin pulse) varies according to the encoder output resolution (Pn281), and will become the same as the pulse width of phase A.

Output timing for the phase-C pulse is one of the following.

- In synchronization with the phase-A rising edge
- In synchronization with the phase-A falling edge
- In synchronization with the phase-B rising edge
- In synchronization with the phase-B falling edge

IMPORTANT

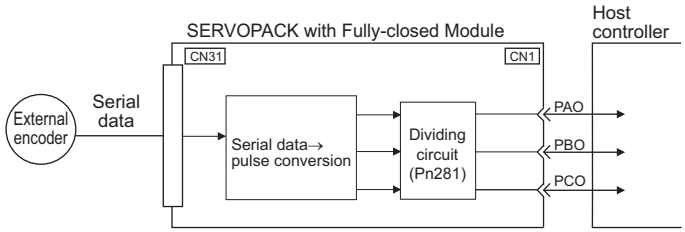
Phase C of the rotational external absolute encoder is output only at the encoder's first point of origin after the power is supplied. Phase C of the external encoder is not output every rotation.

## 8.3.4 External Absolute Encoder Data Reception Sequence

The sequence in which the SERVOPACK receives outputs from the external absolute encoder and transmits them to host controller in fully-closed loop control is shown below.

### (1) Outline of Absolute Signals

The serial data, pulses, etc., of the external absolute encoder that are output from the SERVOPACK are output from the PAO, PBO, and PCO signals as shown below.

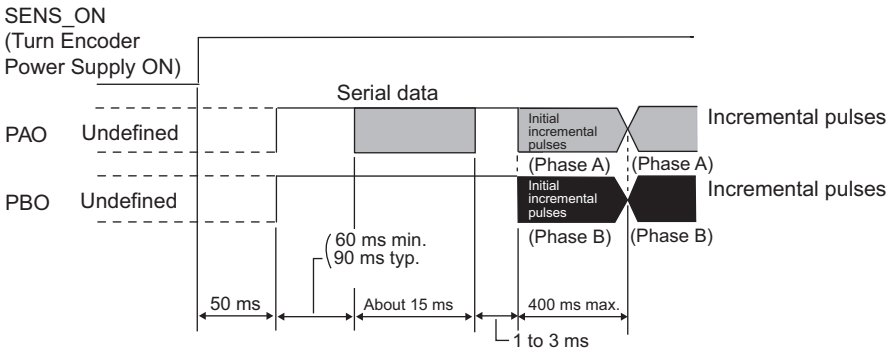



| Signal Name | Status | Contents |
|---|---|---|
| PAO | At initialization | Serial data<br>Initial incremental pulses |
| | Normal Operations | Incremental pulses |
| PBO | At initialization | Initial incremental pulses |
| | Normal Operations | Incremental pulses |
| PCO | Always | Origin pulses |

Note: When host controller receives the data from the external absolute encoder, do not perform counter reset using the output of PCO signal.

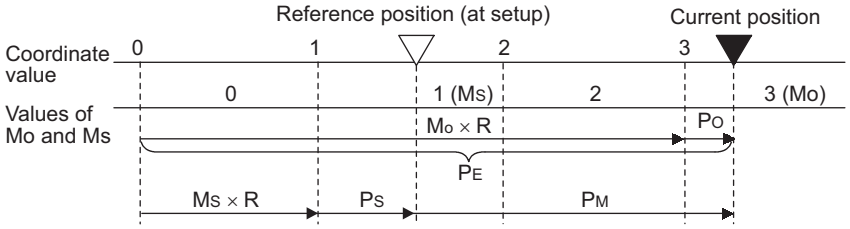
## (2) Absolute Data Transmission Sequence and Contents

1. Send the Turn Encoder Power Supply ON (SENS_ON) command from the host controller.
2. After 100 ms, set the system to serial data reception-waiting-state. Clear the incremental pulse up/down counter to zero.
3. Receive eight characters of serial data.
4. The system enters a normal incremental operation state about 400 ms after the last serial data is received.




Serial data:
The current position pulses divided by Pn281 are output in serial data.
One serial data is a value equivalent to 1048576 pulses.

Initial incremental pulses:
The current position pulses divided by Pn281 are output in pulses. The number of output pulses is between 0 to 1048576, and the output speed is approximately 1.48 µs per pulse.




Final absolute data $P_M$ is calculated by following formula.

$P_E=M_O\times R+P_O$

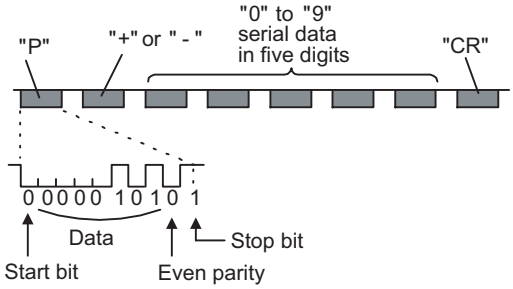
$P_M=P_E-M_S\times R-P_S$

| Signal | Meaning |
|---|---|
| $P_E$ | Current position of external encoder |
| $M_O$ | Serial data of current position |
| $P_O$ | Number of initial incremental pulses of current position |
| $M_S$ | Serial data of reference position |
| $P_S$ | Number of initial incremental pulses of reference position |
| $P_M$ | Current value required for the user's system |
| R | 1048576 |

Note: If host controller receives the data from the external absolute encoder, do not perform counter reset using the output of PCO signal.

## (3) Serial Data Specifications

The serial data is output from the PAO signal.

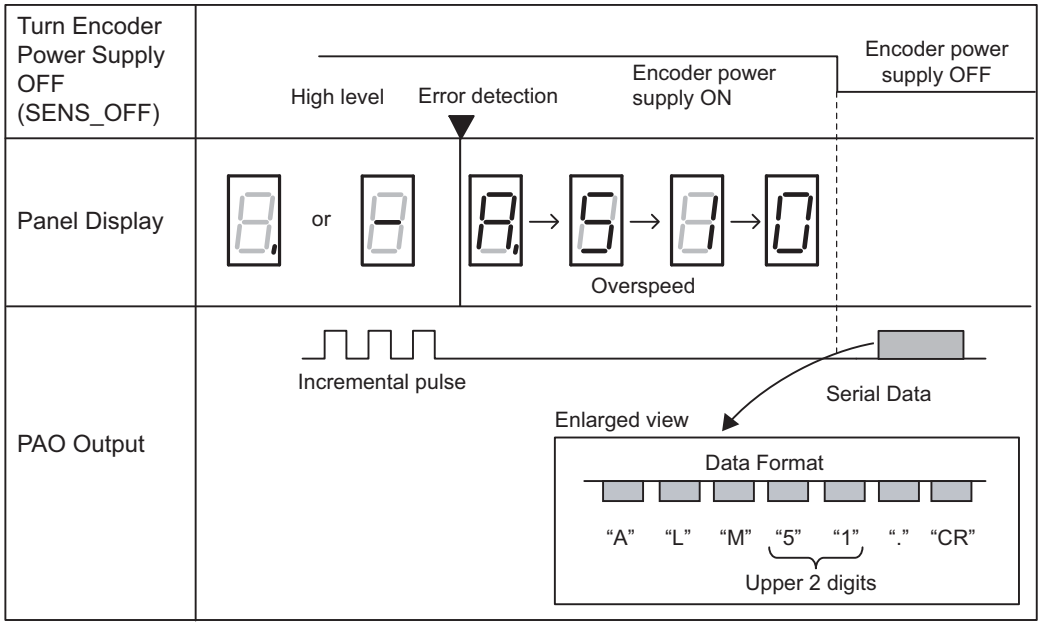
| Data Transfer Method | Start-stop Synchronization (ASYNC) |
|---|---|
| Baud rate | 9600 bps |
| Start bits | 1 bit |
| Stop bits | 1 bit |
| Parity | Even |
| Character code | ASCII 7-bit code |
| Data format | 8 characters, as shown below.   Note: 1. Data is "P+00000" (CR) or "P-00000" (CR) when the position is zero.<br>2. The serial data range is "-32768" to "+32767". When this range is exceeded, the data changes from "+32767" to "-32678" or from "-32768" to "+32767." When changing multiturn limit, the range changes. For details, refer to *4.7.6 Multiturn Limit Setting*. |

## (4) Transferring Alarm Contents

If an external absolute encoder is used, the contents of alarms detected by the SERVOPACK are transmitted in serial data to the host controller from the PAO output when the Turn Encoder Power Supply OFF command (SENS_OFF) is received.

Note: The Turn Encoder Power Supply OFF command (SENS_OFF) cannot be received while the servomotor power is ON.

Output example of alarm contents are as shown below.



## 8.3.5 Electronic Gear

Refer to *4.4.3 Electronic Gear* for the purpose of setting the electronic gear.
The following formula is used to calculate the electronic gear ratio in fully-closed loop control.

$$\text{Electronic gear ratio } \frac{B}{A} = \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210} = \frac{\text{Travel distance per reference unit} \times \text{Number of divisions (value in the following table)}}{\text{External encoder sine wave pitch (value in the following table)}}$$

Note: Set Pn20E (numerator B) and Pn210 (denominator A) to integral values.

The setting range is defined by $0.001 \leq \frac{B}{A} \leq 4000$.

The following table shows the various external encoder sin wave pitches and the number of divisions.

### ■ External Encoder Sine Wave Pitch and Number of Divisions

The sine wave pitches and numbers of divisions for the external encoders are given in the following table.

Calculate the electronic gear ratio with the values in the following table.

| Type of External Encoder | Manufacturer | External Encoder Model | Sine Wave Pitch [μm] | Model of Relay Device between SERVOPACK and External Encoder | Number of Divisions | Resolution |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Incremental | Heidenhain | LIDA48□ | 20 | JZDP-D003-000-E | 256 | 0.078 μm |
| | | LIF48□ | 4 | JZDP-D003-000-E | 256 | 0.016 μm |
| | Renishaw plc | RGH22B | 20 | JZDP-D005-000-E | 256 | 0.078 μm |
| | Magnescale Co., Ltd. | SR75-□□□□□LF*1 | 80 | – | 8192 | 0.0098 μm |
| | | SR75-□□□□□MF | 80 | – | 1024 | 0.078 μm |
| | | SR85-□□□□□LF*1 | 80 | – | 8192 | 0.0098 μm |
| | | SR85-□□□□□MF | 80 | – | 1024 | 0.078 μm |
| | | SL700*1, SL710*1, SL720*1, SL730*1 | 800 | PL101-RY | 8192 | 0.0977 μm |
| Absolute | Heidenhain | LIC4100 | 20.48 | EIB3391Y | 4096 | 0.005 μm |
| | Mitutoyo Corporation | ST781A/ST781AL | 256 | – | 512 | 0.5 μm |
| | | ST782A/ST782AL | 256 | – | 512 | 0.5 μm |
| | | ST783/ST783AL | 51.2 | – | 512 | 0.1 μm |
| | | ST784/ST784AL | 51.2 | – | 512 | 0.1 μm |
| | | ST788A/ST788AL | 51.2 | – | 512 | 0.1 μm |
| | | ST789A/ST789AL*2 | 25.6 | – | 512 | 0.05 μm |
| | Magnescale Co., Ltd. | SR77-□□□□□LF*1 | 80 | – | 8192 | 0.0098 μm |
| | | SR77-□□□□□MF | 80 | – | 1024 | 0.078 μm |
| | | SR87-□□□□□LF*1 | 80 | – | 8192 | 0.0098 μm |
| | | SR87-□□□□□MF | 80 | – | 1024 | 0.078 μm |
| | | RU77-4096ADF*3 | – | – | 256 | 20 bits |
| | | RU77-4096AFFT01*3 | – | – | 1024 | 22 bits |

∗1. If you use the encoder pulse output with these external encoders, the setting range of the encoder output resolution (Pn281) is restricted. For details, refer to *8.3.3 Setting Encoder Output Pulses (PAO, PBO, and PCO)*.
∗2. Ask your Mitutoyo Corporation representative for details on this external encoder.
∗3. This is the model of rotational external encoder.

Refer to the manuals for the external encoder and serial converter unit for details on the sine wave pitch and the number of divisions of the external encoder.

■ Setting Example

A setting example is given below.

If the servomotor moves 0.2 μm for every pulse of position reference, the external encoder sine wave pitch is 20 μm, and the number of divisions is 256, the electronic gear ratio will be as follow.

$$\text{Electronic gear ratio } \frac{B}{A} = \frac{Pn20E}{Pn210} = \frac{0.2 \times 256}{20} = \frac{512}{200}$$

Therefore, set 512 for Pn20E (numerator B) and 200 for Pn210 (denominator A).

## 8.3.6 Alarm Detection

The setting of alarm detection (Pn51B/Pn52A) is shown below.

### (1) Excessive Error Level between Servomotor and Load Positions (Pn51B)

This setting detects the difference between the feedback position of the motor encoder and the feedback load position of the external encoder in fully-closed loop control. If the detected difference is above the set level, the motor-load position error overflow alarm (A.d10) will be output.

| Pn51B | Excessive Error Level between Servomotor and Load Positions [Position] | | | | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 1073741824 | 1 reference unit | 1000 | Immediately | Setup |

Note: When Pn51B is set to 0, the motor-load position error overflow alarm (A.d10) is not detected.

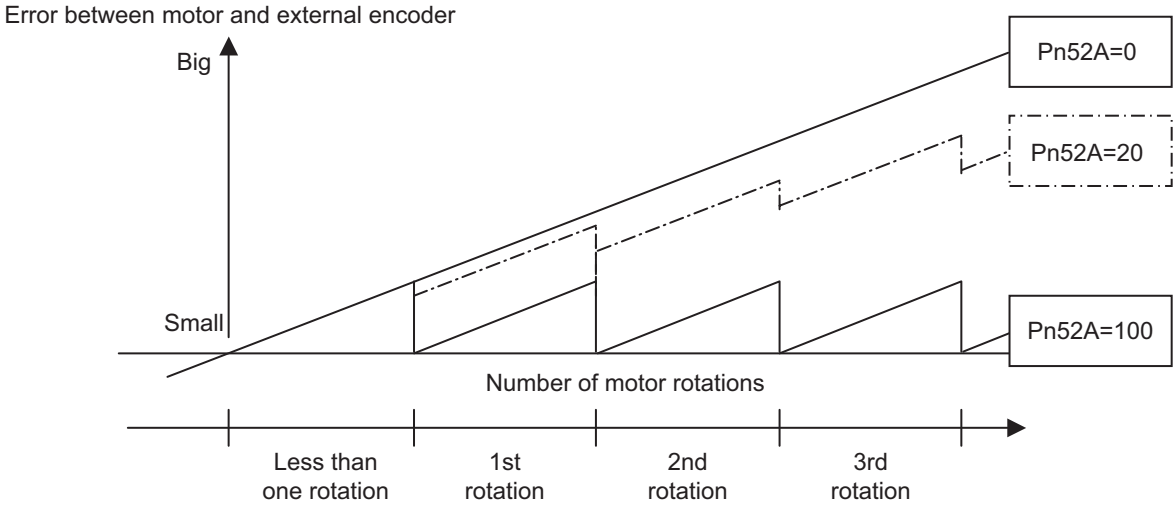
### (2) Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation (Pn52A)

The coefficient of the error between the external encoder and the motor per motor rotation can be set. This function can be used to prevent the motor from running out of control due to damage to the external encoder or to detect slippage of the belt.

■ Setting Example

Increase the value if the belt slips or is twisted excessively.

If the set value is 0, the external encoder value will be read as it is.
If the factory setting of 20 is used, the second rotation will start with the error for the first motor rotation multiplied by 0.8. (Refer to the following figure.)



■ Related Parameter

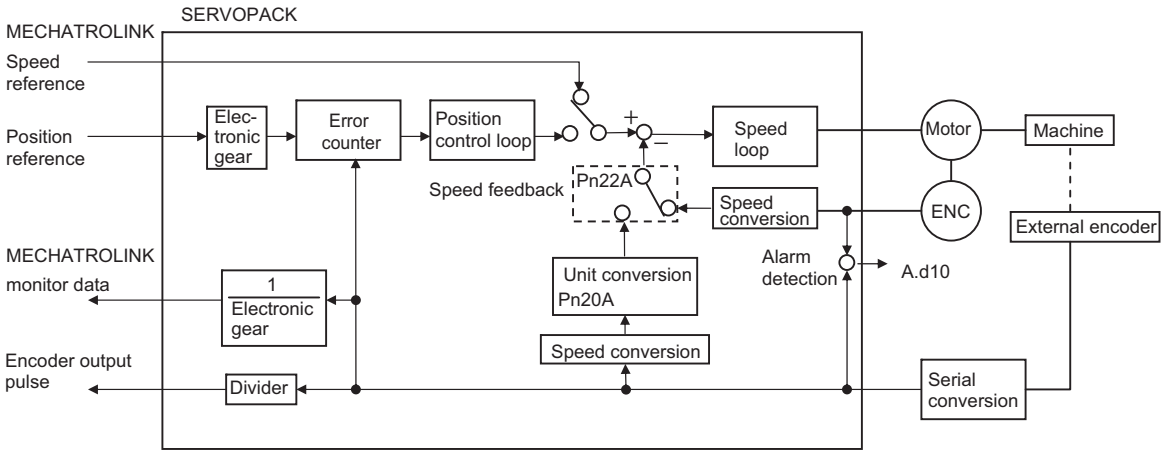
| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn52A** | Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation Position | | | | Classification |
| | Setting Range | Setting Unit | Factory Setting | When Enabled | |
| | 0 to 100 | 1% | 20 | Immediately | Setup |

## 8.3.7 Analog Monitor Signal

The position error between servomotor and load can be monitored with the analog monitor.

| Parameter | | Name | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn006** | n.□□07 | Analog Monitor 1 Signal Selection | Position error between servomotor and load [0.01 V/1 reference unit] (Factory setting: n.□□02) | Immediately | Setup |
| **Pn007** | n.□□07 | Analog Monitor 2 Signal Selection | Position error between servomotor and load [0.01 V/1 reference unit] (Factory setting: n.□□00) | | |

## 8.3.8 Speed Feedback Method during Fully-closed Loop Control




Use Pn22A.3 to select the speed feedback method during fully-closed loop control: Normally, set Pn22A.3 to 0 (Uses motor encoder speed.). Set Pn22A.3 to 1 (Uses external encoder speed.) when connecting a direct drive motor and high-resolution external encoder.

| Parameter | | Meaning | When Enabled | Classification |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn22A** | n.0□□□ [Factory setting] | Uses motor encoder speed. | After restart | Setup |
| | n.1□□□ | Uses external encoder speed. | | |

Note: This parameter cannot be used when Pn002.3 is set to 0.

# 9

# Troubleshooting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# 9.1 Alarm Displays

The following sections describe troubleshooting in response to alarm displays.

The alarm name, alarm meaning, alarm stopping method, and alarm reset capability are listed in order of the alarm numbers in *9.1.1 List of Alarms*.

The causes of alarms and troubleshooting methods are provided in *9.1.2 Troubleshooting of Alarms*.

## 9.1.1 List of Alarms

This section provides list of alarms.

### ■ Servomotor Stopping Method

If an alarm occurs, the servomotor can be stopped by doing either of the following operations.

Gr.1: The servomotor is stopped according to the setting in Pn001.0 if an alarm occurs. Pn001.0 is factory-set to stop the servomotor by applying the DB.

Gr.2: The servomotor is stopped according to the setting in Pn00B.1 if an alarm occurs. Pn00B.1 is factory-set to stop the servomotor by setting the speed reference to "0." The servomotor under torque control will always use the Gr.1 method to stop. By setting Pn00B.1 to 1, the servomotor stops using the same method as Gr.1. When coordinating a number of servomotors, use this stopping method to prevent machine damage that may result due to differences in the stop method.

### ■ Alarm Reset

Available:Removing the cause of alarm and then executing the alarm reset can clear the alarm.
N/A:Executing the alarm reset cannot clear the alarm.

| Alarm Number | Alarm Name | Meaning | Servo-motor Stopping Method | Alarm Reset |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **A.020** | Parameter Checksum Error 1 | The data of the parameter in the SERVOPACK is incorrect. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.021** | Parameter Format Error 1 | The data of the parameter in the SERVOPACK is incorrect. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.022** | System Checksum Error 1 | The data of the parameter in the SERVOPACK is incorrect. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.030** | Main Circuit Detector Error | Detection data for main circuit is incorrect. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.040** | Parameter Setting Error 1 | The parameter setting is outside the setting range. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.041** | Encoder Output Pulse Setting Error | The encoder output pulse (Pn212) is outside the setting range or does not satisfy the setting conditions. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.042** | Parameter Combination Error | Combination of some parameters exceeds the setting range. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.044** | Semi-closed/Fully-closed Loop Control Parameter Setting Error | The setting in the fully-closed option module and the setting in Pn002.3 do not match. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.04A** | Parameter Setting Error 2 | Bank member/bank data setting is incorrect. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.050** | Combination Error | The SERVOPACK and the servomotor capacities do not match each other. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.051** | Unsupported Device Alarm | The device unsupported was connected. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.0b0** | Canceled Servo ON Command Alarm | The servo ON command (SV_ON) was sent from the host controller after executing a utility function that turns ON servomotor. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.100** | Overcurrent or Heat Sink Overheated | An overcurrent flowed through the IGBT or the heat sink of the SERVOPACK was overheated. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.300** | Regeneration Error | Regenerative circuit or regenerative resistor is faulty. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.320** | Regenerative Overload | Regenerative energy exceeds regenerative resistor capacity. | Gr.2 | Available |

(cont'd)

| Alarm Number | Alarm Name | Meaning | Servo-motor Stopping Method | Alarm Reset |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **A.330** | Main Circuit Power Supply Wiring Error | • Setting of AC input/DC input is incorrect.<br>• Power supply wiring is incorrect. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.400** | Overvoltage | Main circuit DC voltage is excessively high. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.410** | Undervoltage | Main circuit DC voltage is excessively low. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.450** | Main-Circuit Capacitor Overvoltage | The capacitor of the main circuit has deteriorated or is faulty. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.510** | Overspeed | The servomotor speed is above the maximum rotational speed. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.511** | Overspeed of Encoder Output Pulse Rate | The pulse output speed upper limit of the set encoder output pulse (Pn212) is exceeded. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.520** | Vibration Alarm | Incorrect vibration at the motor speed was detected. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.521** | Autotuning Alarm | Vibration was detected while performing tuning-less function. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.710** | Overload: High Load | The servomotor was operating for several seconds to several tens of seconds under a torque largely exceeding ratings. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.720** | Overload: Low Load | The servomotor was operating continuously under a torque exceeding ratings. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.730**<br>**A.731** | Dynamic Brake Overload | When the dynamic brake was applied, rotational energy exceeded the capacity of dynamic brake resistor. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.740** | Overload of Surge Current Limit Resistor | The main circuit power was frequently turned ON and OFF. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.7A0** | Heat Sink Overheated | The heat sink of the SERVOPACK exceeded 100°C. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.7Ab** | Built-in Fan in SERVOPACK Stopped | The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.810** | Encoder Backup Error | The power supplies to the encoder all failed and position data was lost. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.820** | Encoder Checksum Error | The checksum results of encoder memory is incorrect. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.830** | Absolute Encoder Battery Error | The battery voltage was lower than the specified value after the control power supply was turned ON. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.840** | Encoder Data Error | Data in the encoder is incorrect. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.850** | Encoder Overspeed | The encoder was rotating at high speed when the power was turned ON. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.860** | Encoder Overheated | The internal temperature of encoder is too high. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.8A0** | External Encoder Error | External encoder is faulty. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.8A1** | External Encoder Error of Module | Serial converter unit is faulty. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.8A2** | External Encoder Error of Sensor | External encoder is faulty. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.8A3** | External Encoder Error of Position | The position data of external encoder is faulty. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.8A5** | External Encoder Overspeed | The overspeed from the external encoder occurred. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.8A6** | External Encoder Overheated | The overheat from the external encoder occurred. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.b31** | Current Detection Error 1 | The current detection circuit for phase U is faulty. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.b32** | Current Detection Error 2 | The current detection circuit for phase V is faulty. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.b33** | Current Detection Error 3 | The detection circuit for the current is faulty. | Gr.1 | N/A |

(cont'd)

| Alarm Number | Alarm Name | Meaning | Servo-motor Stopping Method | Alarm Reset |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **A.b6A** | MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC Error 1 | ASIC error occurred in the MECHATROLINK communications. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.b6b** | MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC Error 2 | ASIC error occurred in the MECHATROLINK communications. | Gr.2 | N/A |
| **A.bE0** | Firmware Error | An internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.bF0** | System Alarm 0 | Internal program error 0 occurred in the SERVOPACK. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.bF1** | System Alarm 1 | Internal program error 1 occurred in the SERVOPACK. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.bF2** | System Alarm 2 | Internal program error 2 occurred in the SERVOPACK. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.bF3** | System Alarm 3 | Internal program error 3 occurred in the SERVOPACK. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.bF4** | System Alarm 4 | Internal program error 4 occurred in the SERVOPACK. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.C10** | Servo Overrun Detected | The servomotor ran out of control. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.C80** | Absolute Encoder Clear Error and Multiturn Limit Setting Error | The absolute encoder multiturn data was cleared or the setting is not correct. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.C90** | Encoder Communications Error | Communications between the SERVOPACK and the encoder is not possible. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.C91** | Encoder Communications Position Data Error | An encoder position data calculation error occurred. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.C92** | Encoder Communications Timer Error | An error occurs in the communications timer between the encoder and the SERVOPACK. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.CA0** | Encoder Parameter Error | Encoder parameters are faulty. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.Cb0** | Encoder Echoback Error | Contents of communications with encoder are incorrect. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.CC0** | Multiturn Limit Disagreement | Different multiturn limits have been set in the encoder and the SERVOPACK. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.CF1** | Feedback Option Module Communications Error (Reception error) | Reception from the Feedback Option Module is faulty. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.CF2** | Feedback Option Module Communications Error (Timer stop) | Timer for communications with the Feedback Option Module is faulty. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.d00** | Position Error Overflow | Position error exceeded the value of excessive position error alarm level (Pn520) when the servomotor power is ON. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.d01** | Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON | This alarm occurs if the servomotor power is turned ON when the position error is greater than the set value of Pn526 while the servomotor power is OFF. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.d02** | Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ON | When the position errors remain in the error counter, Pn529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is turned ON. If Pn529 limits the speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position references are input and the number of position errors exceeds the value set for the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520). | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.d10** | Motor-load Position Error Overflow | During fully-closed loop control, the position error between motor and load is excessive. | Gr.2 | Available |

(cont'd)

| Alarm Number | Alarm Name | Meaning | Servomotor Stopping Method | Alarm Reset |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **A.E02** | MECHATROLINK Internal Synchronization Error 1 | Synchronization error during MECHATROLINK communications with the SERVOPACK. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **A.E40** | MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Setting Error | The setting of the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle is out of the allowable range. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.E50** | MECHATROLINK Synchronization Error | A synchronization error occurs during MECHATROLINK communications. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.E51** | MECHATROLINK Synchronization Failed | A synchronization failure occurs in MECHATROLINK communications. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.E60** | MECHATROLINK Communications Error (Reception error) | A communications error occurs continuously during MECHATROLINK communications. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.E61** | MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Error (Synchronization interval error) | The transmission cycle fluctuates during MECHATROLINK communications. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.E71** | Safety Option Module Detection Failure | Detection of the safety option module failed. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.E72** | Feedback Option Module Detection Failure | Detection of the Feedback Option Module failed. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.E74** | Unsupported Safety Option Module | An unsupported safety option module was connected. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.E75** | Unsupported Feedback Option Module | An unsupported feedback option module was connected. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.E81***1 | SERVOPACK: Safety Module Alarm | – | – | – |
| **A.EA2** | DRV Alarm 2 (SERVOPACK WDC error) | A SERVOPACK DRV alarm 0 occurs. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.Eb1** | Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error | The safety function signal input timing is faulty. | Gr.1 | N/A |
| **A.Eb□***1 | SERVOPACK: Safety Module Alarms | – | – | – |
| **A.EC□***1 | | | | |
| **A.Ed1** | Command Execution Timeout | A timeout error occurred when using a MECHATROLINK command. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.F10** | Main Circuit Cable Open Phase | A low voltage continued for one second or longer in either phase R, S, or T when the main circuit power supply was ON. | Gr.2 | Available |
| **A.F50** | Servomotor Main Circuit Cable Disconnection | The servomotor did not operate or power was not supplied to the servomotor even though the SV_ON (Servo ON) command was input when the servomotor was ready to receive it. | Gr.1 | Available |
| **FL-1***2 | System Alarm | Internal program error occurred in the SERVOPACK | – | N/A |
| **FL-2***2 | | | | |
| **CPF00** | Digital Operator Transmission Error 1 | Communications cannot be performed between the digital operator (model: JUSP-OP05A-1-E) and the SERVOPACK (CPU error or other error). | – | N/A |
| **CPF01** | Digital Operator Transmission Error 2 | | | |

∗1. These alarms occur in SERVOPACKs with safety modules. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series AC Servo Drives User's Manual Safety Module* (Manual No. SIEP C720829 06).

∗2. These alarms are not saved in the alarm history. There are displayed only on the panel display.

## 9.1.2 Troubleshooting of Alarms

If an error occurs in the servo drive, an alarm A.□□□ or CPF□□ is displayed on the panel display.

Refer to the following table to identify the cause of an alarm and the action to be taken.
Contact your Yaskawa representative if the problem cannot be solved by the described corrective action.

| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.020: Parameter Checksum Error 1 (The parameter data in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.) | The power supply voltage suddenly dropped. | Measure the power supply voltage. | Set the power supply voltage within the specified range, and set Fn005 to initialize the parameter. |
| | The power supply went OFF while changing a parameter setting. | Check the circumstances when the power supply went OFF. | Set Fn005 to initialize the parameter and then set the parameter again. |
| | The number of times that parameters were written exceeded the limit. | Check to see if the parameters were frequently changed through the host controller. | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. Reconsider the method of writing parameters. |
| | Malfunction caused by noise from the AC power supply or grounding line, static electricity noise, etc. | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the cause may be noise. | Take countermeasures against noise. |
| | Gas, water drops, or cutting oil entered the SERVOPACK and caused failure of the internal components. | Check the installation conditions. | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.021: Parameter Format Error 1 (The parameter data in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.) | The software version of SERVOPACK that caused the alarm is older than that of the written parameter. | Check Fn012 to see if the set software version agrees with that of the SERVOPACK. If not, an alarm may occur. | Write the parameter of another SERVOPACK of the same model with the same software version. Then turn the power OFF and then ON again. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.022: System Checksum Error 1 (The parameter data in the SERVOPACK is incorrect.) | The power supply voltage suddenly dropped. | Measure the power supply voltage. | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | The power supply went OFF while setting an utility function. | Check the circumstances when the power supply went OFF. | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.030: Main Circuit Detector Error | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.040: Parameter Setting Error 1 (The parameter setting was out of the setting range.) | The SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities do not match each other. | Check the combination of SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities. | Select the proper combination of SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | The parameter setting is out of the setting range. | Check the setting ranges of the parameters that have been changed. | Set the parameter to a value within the setting range. |
| | The electronic gear ratio is out of the setting range. | Check the electronic gear ratio. The ratio must satisfy: 0.001< (Pn20E/Pn210) < 4000. | Set the electronic gear ratio in the range: 0.001< (Pn20E/Pn210) < 4000. |
| A.041: Encoder Output Pulse Setting Error | The encoder output pulse (Pn212) is out of the setting range and does not satisfy the setting conditions. | Check the parameter Pn212. | Set Pn212 to a correct value. |

(cont'd)

| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.042: Parameter Combination Error | The speed of program JOG operation (Fn004) is lower than the setting range after having changed the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) or the servomotor. | Check if the detection conditions are satisfied.*1 | Decrease the setting of the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210). |
| | The speed of program JOG operation (Fn004) is lower than the setting range after having changed the setting of the program JOG movement speed (Pn533). | Check if the detection conditions are satisfied.*1 | Increase the setting of the program JOG movement speed (Pn533). |
| | The moving speed of advanced autotuning is lower than the setting range after having changed the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210) or the servomotor. | Check if the detection conditions are satisfied.*2 | Decrease the setting of the electronic gear ratio (Pn20E/Pn210). |
| A.044: Semi-closed/Fully-closed Loop Control Parameter Setting Error | The setting of the fully-closed module does not match with that of Pn002.3. | Check the settings of Pn002.3. | The setting of fully-closed module must be compatible with the setting of Pn002.3. |
| A.04A: Parameter Setting Error 2 | For a 4-byte parameter bank, no registration in two consecutive bytes for two bank members. | – | Change the number of bytes for bank members to an appropriate value. |
| | The total amount of bank data exceeds 64. (Pn900 × Pn901 > 64) | – | Reduce the total amount of bank data to 64 or less. |
| A.050: Combination Error (The SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities do not correspond.) | The SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities do not match each other. | Check the capacities to see if they satisfy the following condition: $\frac{1}{4} \leq \frac{\text{Servomotor capacity}}{\text{SERVOPACK capacity}} \leq 4$ | Select the proper combination of SERVOPACK and servomotor capacities. |
| | An encoder fault occurred. | Replace the servomotor and see if the alarm occurs again. | Replace the servomotor (encoder). |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.051: Unsupported Device Alarm | An unsupported serial converter unit, encoder, or external encoder is connected to the SERVOPACK. | Check the product specifications, and select the correct model. | Select the correct combination of units. |
| A.0b0: Canceled Servo ON Command Alarm | After executing the utility function to turn ON the power to the motor, the servo ON command (SV_ON) was sent from the host controller. | – | Turn the SERVOPACK power supply OFF and then ON again or execute a software reset. |

∗1. Detection conditions
If one of the following conditions detected, an alarm occurs.

- $\text{Pn533 } [\text{min}^{-1}] \times \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{6 \times 10^5} \leq \frac{\text{Pn20E}}{\text{Pn210}}$
- $\text{Max Motor Speed } [\text{min}^{-1}] \times \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{About } 3.66 \times 10^{12}} \geq \frac{\text{Pn20E}}{\text{Pn210}}$

∗2. Detection conditions
If one of the following conditions detected, an alarm occurs.

- $\text{Rated Motor Speed } [\text{min}^{-1}] \times 1/3 \times \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{6 \times 10^5} \leq \frac{\text{Pn20E}}{\text{Pn210}}$
- $\text{Max Motor Speed } [\text{min}^{-1}] \times \frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{About } 3.66 \times 10^{12}} \geq \frac{\text{Pn20E}}{\text{Pn210}}$

(cont'd)

| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.100: Overcurrent or Heat Sink Overheated (An overcurrent flowed through the IGBT or heat sink of SERVOPACK overheated.) | Incorrect wiring or contact fault of main circuit cables. | Check the wiring. Refer to *3.1 Main Circuit Wiring* for details. | Correct the wiring. |
| | Short-circuit or ground fault of main circuit cables. | Check for short-circuits across the servomotor terminal phases U, V, and W, or between the grounding and servomotor terminal phases U, V, or W. Refer to *3.1 Main Circuit Wiring* for details. | The cable may be short-circuited. Replace the cable. |
| | Short-circuit or ground fault inside the servomotor. | Check for short-circuits across the servomotor terminal phases U, V, and W, or between the grounding and servomotor terminal phases U, V, or W. Refer to *3.1 Main Circuit Wiring* for details. | The servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | Short-circuit or ground fault inside the SERVOPACK. | Check for short-circuits across the servomotor connection terminals U, V, and W on the SERVOPACK, or between the grounding and terminal U, V, or W. Refer to *3.1 Main Circuit Wiring* for details. | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | Incorrect wiring or contact fault of the regenerative resistor. | Check the wiring. Refer to *3.7 Connecting Regenerative Resistors* for details. | Correct the wiring. |
| | The dynamic brake (DB: Emergency stop executed from the SERVOPACK) was frequently activated, or the DB overload alarm occurred. | Check the power consumed by DB resistance (Un00B) to see how many times the DB has been used. Or, check the alarm history display Fn000 to see if the DB overload alarm A.730 or A.731 was reported. | Change the SERVOPACK model, operating conditions, or the mechanism so that the DB does not need to be used so frequently. |
| | The generated regenerative resistor value exceeded the SERVOPACK regenerative energy processing capacity. | Check the regenerative load ratio (Un00A) to see how many times the regenerative resistor has been used. | Check the operating condition including overload, and reconsider the regenerative resistor value. |
| | The SERVOPACK regenerative resistance is too small. | Check the regenerative load ratio (Un00A) to see how many times the regenerative resistor has been used. | Change the regenerative resistance value to a value larger than the SERVOPACK minimum allowable resistance value. |
| | A heavy load was applied while the servomotor was stopped or running at a low speed. | Check to see if the operating conditions are outside servo drive specifications. | Reduce the load applied to the servomotor or increase the operating speed. |
| | Malfunction caused by noise interference. | Improve the wiring or installation environment, such as by reducing noise, and check to see if the alarm recurs. | Take countermeasures for noise, such as correct wiring of the FG. Use an FG wire size equivalent to the SERVOPACK main circuit wire size. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.300: Regeneration Error | The regenerative resistor capacity (Pn600) is set to a value other than 0 for a SGDV-R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, -R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, or -2R8A SERVOPACK, and an external regenerative resistor is not connected. | Check the external regenerative resistor connection and the value of the Pn600. | Connect the external regenerative resistor, or set Pn600 to 0 if no regenerative resistor is required. |
| | An external regenerative resistor is not connected to the SGDV -470A, -550A, -590A, -780A, -210D, -260D, -280D, or -370D SERVOPACK. | Check the connection of the external regenerative resistor or the Yaskawa regenerative resistor unit and the set value in Pn600. | Connect an external regenerative resistor and set Pn600 to the appropriate value, or connect a Yaskawa regenerative resistor unit and set Pn600 to 0. |
| | The jumper between the power supply terminals B2 and B3 has been removed for one of these SERVOPACKs: SGDV-3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, -330A, -1R9D, -3R5D, -5R4D, -8R4D, -120D, and -170D. | Confirm that a jumper is mounted between the power supply terminals B2 and B3. | Correctly mount a jumper. |
| | The external regenerative resistor is incorrectly wired, or is removed or disconnected. | Check the external regenerative resistor connection. | Correctly connect the external regenerative resistor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the SERVOPACK's control power supply OFF and ON again while the main circuit power supply is OFF. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.320: Regenerative Overload | The power supply voltage exceeds the specified limit. | Measure the power supply voltage. | Set the power supply voltage within the specified range. |
| | Insufficient external regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, or SERVOPACK capacity.<br>Or, regenerative power has been continuously flowing back. | Check the operating condition or the capacity using the capacity selection Software SigmaJunmaSize+, etc. | Change the regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, or SERVOPACK capacity. Reconsider the operating conditions using the capacity selection software SigmaJunmaSize+, etc. |
| | Regenerative power continuously flowed back because negative load was continuously applied. | Check the load applied to the servomotor during operation. | Reconsider the system including servo, machine, and operating conditions. |
| | The setting of parameter Pn600 is smaller than the external regenerative resistor's capacity. | Check the external regenerative resistor connection and the value of the Pn600. | Set the Pn600 to a correct value. |
| | The external regenerative resistance is too high. | Check the regenerative resistance. | Change the regenerative resistance to a correct value or use an external regenerative resistor of appropriate capacity. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.330: Main Circuit Power Supply Wiring Error (Detected when the main circuit power supply is turned ON.) | The regenerative resistor disconnected when the SERVOPACK power supply voltage was high. | Measure the resistance of the regenerative resistor using a measuring instrument. | When using a regenerative resistor built in the SERVOPACK: Replace the SERVOPACK. When using an external regenerative resistor: Replace the external regenerative resistor. |
| | In the AC power input mode, DC power was supplied. | Check the power supply to see if it is a DC power supply. | Correct the settings to match the actual power supply specifications. |
| | In the DC power input mode, AC power was supplied. | Check the power supply to see if it is an AC power supply. | Correct the settings to match the actual power supply specifications. |
| | The regenerative resistor capacity (Pn600) is set to a value other than 0 for a SGDV-R70F, -R90F, -2R1F, -R70A, -R90A, -1R6A, or -2R8A SERVOPACK, and an external regenerative resistor is not connected. | Check the external regenerative resistor connection and the value of the Pn600. | Connect the external regenerative resistor, or set Pn600 to 0 if no external regenerative resistor is required. |
| | An external regenerative resistor is not connected to the SGDV -470A, -550A, -590A, -780A, -210D, -260D, -280D, or -370D SERVOPACK. | Check the connection of the external regenerative resistor or the Yaskawa regenerative resistor unit and the set value in Pn600. | Connect an external regenerative resistor and set Pn600 to the appropriate value, or connect a Yaskawa regenerative resistor unit and set Pn600 to 0. |
| | The jumper between the power supply terminals B2 and B3 has been removed for one of these SERVOPACKs: SGDV-3R8A, -5R5A, -7R6A, -120A, -180A, -200A, -330A, -1R9D, -3R5D, -5R4D, -8R4D, -120D, and -170D. | Confirm that a jumper is mounted between the power supply terminals B2 and B3. | Correctly mount a jumper. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

(cont'd)

| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.400: Overvoltage (Detected in the SERVOPACK main circuit power supply section.) | • For 100-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage exceeded 145 V.<br>• For 200-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage exceeded 290 V.<br>• For 400-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage exceeded 580 V.<br>• For 200-VAC SERVOPACKs: with DC power supply input: The DC power supply voltage exceeded 410 V.<br>• For 400-VAC SERVOPACKs: The DC power supply voltage exceeded 820 V. | Measure the power supply voltage. | Set AC/DC power supply voltage within the specified range. |
| | The power supply is unstable, or was influenced by a lightning surge. | Measure the power supply voltage. | Improve the power supply conditions, e.g., by installing a surge absorber. Then, turn the SERVOPACK power supply OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | Voltage for AC power supply was too high during acceleration or deceleration. | Check the power supply voltage and the speed and torque during operation. | Set AC power supply voltage within the specified range. |
| | The external regenerative resistance is too high for the actual operating conditions. | Check the operating conditions and the regenerative resistance. | Select a regenerative resistance value appropriate for the operating conditions and load. |
| | The moment of inertia ratio exceeded the allowable value. | Confirm that the moment of inertia ratio is within the allowable range. | Increase the deceleration time, or reduce the load. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the SERVOPACK's control power supply OFF and ON again while the main circuit power supply is OFF. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.410: Undervoltage (Detected in the SERVOPACK main circuit power supply section.) | • For 100-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 49 V or less.<br>• For 200-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 120 V or less.<br>• For 400-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 240 V or less. | Measure the power supply voltage. | Set the power supply voltage within the specified range. |
| | The power supply voltage dropped during operation. | Measure the power supply voltage. | Increase the power supply capacity. |
| | Occurrence of instantaneous power interruption. | Measure the power supply voltage. | When the instantaneous power cut hold time (Pn509) is set, decrease the setting. |
| | The SERVOPACK fuse is blown out. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK, connect a reactor, and run the SERVOPACK. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.450: Main-Circuit Capacitor Overvoltage | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.510: Overspeed (The servomotor speed exceeds the maximum.) | The order of phases U, V, and W in the servomotor wiring is incorrect. | Check the motor wiring. | Confirm that the servomotor is correctly wired. |
| | A reference value exceeding the overspeed detection level was input. | Check the input value. | Reduce the reference value or adjust the gain. |
| | The motor speed exceeded the maximum. | Check the motor speed waveform. | Reduce the speed reference input gain, adjust the servo gain, or reconsider the operating conditions. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.511: Overspeed of Encoder Output Pulse Rate | The encoder output pulse frequency exceeded the limit. | Check the encoder output pulse setting. | Decrease the setting of the encoder output pulse (Pn212). |
| | The encoder output pulse output frequency exceeded the limit because the motor speed was too high. | Check the encoder output pulse output setting and motor speed. | Decrease the motor speed. |
| A.520: Vibration Alarm | Abnormal vibration was detected at the motor speed. | Check for abnormal noise from the servomotor, and check the speed and torque waveforms during operation. | Reduce the motor speed or reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100). |
| | The moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) value is greater than the actual value or is greatly changed. | Check the moment of inertia ratio. | Set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) to an appropriate value. |
| A.521: Autotuning Alarm (Vibration was detected while executing the one-parameter tuning, EasyFFT, or tuning-less function.) | The servomotor vibrated considerably while performing tuning-less function. | Check the motor speed waveform. | Reduce the load so that the moment of inertia ratio falls within the allowable value, or raise the load level using the tuning-less levels setting (Fn200) or reduce the rigidity level. |
| | The servomotor vibrated considerably during one-parameter tuning or EasyFFT. | Check the motor speed waveform. | Check the operation procedure of corresponding function and take a corrective action. |
| A.710: Overload (High Load) A.720: Overload (Low Load) | Incorrect wiring or contact fault of servomotor and encoder. | Check the wiring. | Confirm that the servomotor and encoder are correctly wired. |
| | Operation beyond the overload protection characteristics. | Check the servomotor overload characteristics and executed run command. | Reconsider the load conditions and operating conditions. Or, increase the motor capacity. |
| | Excessive load was applied during operation because the servomotor was not driven due to mechanical problems. | Check the executed operation reference and motor speed. | Remove the mechanical problems. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.730: A.731: Dynamic Brake Overload (An excessive power consumption of dynamic brake was detected.) | The servomotor rotates because of external force. | Check the operation status. | Take measures to ensure the servomotor will not rotate because of external force. |
| | The rotating energy at a DB stop exceeds the DB resistance capacity. | Check the power consumed by DB resistance (Un00B) to see how many times the DB has been used. | Reconsider the following:<br>• Reduce the motor reference speed.<br>• Reduce the moment of inertia ratio.<br>• Reduce the number of times of the DB stop operation. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.740: Overload of Surge Current Limit Resistor (The main circuit power is turned ON/OFF too frequently.) | The inrush current limit resistor operation frequency at the main circuit power supply ON/OFF operation exceeds the allowable range. | – | Reduce the frequency of turning the main circuit power supply ON/OFF. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.7A0: Heat Sink Overheated (Detected when the heat sink temperature exceeds 100°C.) | The surrounding air temperature is too high. | Check the surrounding air temperature using a thermostat. | Decrease the surrounding air temperature by improving the SERVOPACK installation conditions. |
| | The overload alarm has been reset by turning OFF the power too many times. | Check the alarm history display (Fn000) to see if the overload alarm was reported. | Change the method for resetting the alarm. |
| | Excessive load or operation beyond the regenerative energy processing capacity. | Check the accumulated load ratio (Un009) to see the load during operation, and the regenerative load ratio (Un00A) to see the regenerative energy processing capacity. | Reconsider the load and operating conditions. |
| | Incorrect SERVOPACK installation orientation or/and insufficient space around the SERVOPACK. | Check the SERVOPACK installation conditions. | Install the SERVOPACK correctly as specified. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.7Ab: Built-in Fan in SERVOPACK Stopped | The fan inside the SERVOPACK stopped. | Check for foreign matter or debris inside the SERVOPACK. | Remove foreign matter or debris from the SERVOPACK. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.810: Encoder Backup Error (Only when an absolute encoder is connected.) (Detected on the encoder side.) | Alarm occurred when the power to the absolute encoder was initially turned ON. | Check to see if the power was turned ON initially. | Set up the encoder (Fn008). |
| | The encoder cable disconnected, and connected again. | Check to see if the power was turned ON initially. | Confirm the connection and set up the encoder (Fn008). |
| | The power from both the control power supply (+5 V) from the SERVOPACK and the battery power supply is not being supplied. | Check the encoder connector battery or the connector contact status. | Replace the battery or take similar measures to supply power to the encoder, and set up the encoder (Fn008). |
| | An absolute encoder fault occurred. | – | If the alarm cannot be reset by setting up the encoder again, replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.820: Encoder Checksum Error (Detected on the encoder side.) | An encoder fault occurred. | – | • Absolute encoder<br>Set up the encoder again using Fn008. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor.<br>• Single-turn absolute encoder or incremental encoder<br>The servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.830: Absolute Encoder Battery Error (The absolute encoder battery voltage is lower than the specified value.) | The battery connection is incorrect. | Check the battery connection. | Reconnect the battery. |
| | The battery voltage is lower than the specified value 2.7 V. | Measure the battery voltage. | Replace the battery. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.840: Encoder Data Error (Detected on the encoder side.) | An encoder malfunctioned. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | Malfunction of encoder because of noise interference, etc. | – | Correct the wiring around the encoder by separating the encoder cable from the servomotor main circuit cable or by checking the grounding and other wiring. |
| A.850: Encoder Overspeed (Detected when the control power supply was turned ON.) (Detected on the encoder side.) | The servomotor speed is higher than 200 $min^{-1}$ when the control power supply was turned ON. | Check the motor rotating speed (Un000) to confirm the servomotor speed when the power is turned ON. | Reduce the servomotor speed to a value less than 200 $min^{-1}$, and turn ON the control power supply. |
| | An encoder fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.860: Encoder Overheated (Only when an absolute encoder is connected.) (Detected on the encoder side.) | The ambient operating temperature around the servomotor is too high. | Measure the ambient operating temperature around the servomotor. | Reduce the ambient operating temperature of the servomotor to 40°C or less. |
| | The motor load is greater than the rated load. | Check the accumulated load ratio (Un009) to see the load. | Operate the SERVOPACK so that the motor load remains within the specified range. |
| | An encoder fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.8A0: External Encoder Error | Setting the zero point position of external absolute encoder failed because the servomotor rotated. | Before setting the zero point position, use the fully-closed feedback pulse counter (Un00E) to confirm that the servomotor is not rotating. | The servomotor must be stopped while setting the zero point position. |
| | An external encoder fault occurred. | – | Replace the external encoder. |
| A.8A1: External Encoder Error of Module | An external encoder fault occurred. | – | Replace the external encoder. |
| | A serial converter unit fault occurred. | – | Replace the serial converter unit. |
| A.8A2: External Encoder Error of Sensor (Incremental) | An external encoder fault occurred. | – | Replace the external encoder. |

(cont'd)

| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.8A3: External Encoder Error of Position (Absolute) | An external absolute encoder fault occurred. | – | The external absolute encoder may be faulty. Refer to the encoder manufacturer's instruction manual for corrective actions. |
| A.8A5: External Encoder Overspeed | The overspeed from the external encoder occurred. | Check the maximum speed of the external encoder. | Keep the external encoder below its maximum speed. |
| A.8A6: External Encoder Overheated | The overheat from the external encoder occurred. | – | Replace the external encoder. |
| A.b31: Current Detection Error 1 | The current detection circuit for phase U is faulty. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.b32: Current Detection Error 2 | The current detection circuit for phase V is faulty. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.b33: Current Detection Error 3 | The detection circuit for the current is faulty. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | The servomotor main circuit cable is disconnected. | Check for disconnection of the servomotor main circuit cable. | Correct the servomotor wiring. |
| A.b6A: MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC Error 1 | SERVOPACK MECHATROLINK communication section fault. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.b6b: MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC Error 2 | MECHATROLINK data reception error occurred due to noise interference. | – | Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communications cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable. |
| | SERVOPACK MECHATROLINK communication section fault. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.bE0: Firmware Error | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.bF0: System Alarm 0 | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.bF1: System Alarm 1 | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

(cont'd)

| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.bF2: System Alarm 2 | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.bF3: System Alarm 3 | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.bF4: System Alarm 4 | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.C10: Servo Overrun Detected (Detected when the servomotor power is ON.) | The order of phases U, V, and W in the servomotor wiring is incorrect. | Check the motor wiring. | Confirm that the servomotor is correctly wired. |
| | An encoder fault occurred. | – | If the alarm still occurs after turning the power OFF and then ON again, even though the servomotor is correctly wired, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.C80: Absolute Encoder Clear Error and Multi-turn Limit Setting Error | An encoder fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.C90: Encoder Communications Error | Contact fault of connector or incorrect wiring for encoder cable. | Check the connector contact status for encoder cable. | Re-insert the connector and confirm that the encoder is correctly wired. |
| | Cable disconnection for encoder cable or short-circuit. Or, incorrect cable impedance. | Check the encoder cable. | Use the cable with the specified rating. |
| | Corrosion caused by improper temperature, humidity, or gas, short-circuit caused by intrusion of water drops or cutting oil, or connector contact fault caused by vibration. | Check the operating environment. | Improve the operating environmental conditions, and replace the cable. If the alarm still occurs, replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | Malfunction caused by noise interference. | – | Correct the wiring around the encoder by separating the encoder cable from the servomotor main circuit cable or by checking the grounding and other wiring. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Connect the servomotor to another SERVOPACK, and turn ON the control power. If no alarm occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.C91: Encoder Communications Position Data Error | Noise interference occurred on the I/O signal line because the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged. | Check the encoder cable and connector. | Confirm that there is no problem with the cable layout. |
| | The encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high-current line. | Check the cable layout for encoder cable. | Confirm that there is no surge voltage on the cable. |
| | The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side, such as the welder. | Check the cable layout for encoder cable. | Properly ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG. |
| A.C92: Encoder Communications Timer Error | Noise interference occurred on the I/O signal line from the encoder. | – | Take countermeasures against noise for the encoder wiring. |
| | Excessive vibration and shocks were applied to the encoder. | Check the operating environment. | Reduce the machine vibration or correctly install the servomotor. |
| | An encoder fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.CA0: Encoder Parameter Error | An encoder fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.Cb0: Encoder Echoback Error | The wiring and contact for encoder cable are incorrect. | Check the wiring. | Correct the wiring. |
| | Noise interference occurred due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable. | – | Use tinned annealed copper shielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair cable with a core of at least 0.12 $mm^2$. |
| | Noise interference occurred because the wiring distance for the encoder cable is too long. | – | The wiring distance must be 50 m max. |
| | The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side, such as the welder. | Check the cable layout for encoder cable. | Properly ground the machines to separate from encoder FG. |
| | Excessive vibration and shocks were applied to the encoder. | Check the operating environment. | Reduce the machine vibration or correctly install the servomotor. |
| | An encoder fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the servomotor may be faulty. Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.CC0: Multiturn Limit Disagreement | When using a direct drive (DD) servomotor, the multiturn limit value (Pn205) is different from that of the encoder. | Check the value of the Pn205. | Correct the setting of Pn205 (0 to 65535). |
| | The multiturn limit value of the encoder is different from that of the SERVOPACK. Or, the multiturn limit value of the SERVOPACK has been changed. | Check the value of the Pn205 of the SERVOPACK. | Execute Fn013 at the occurrence of alarm. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.CF1: Feedback Option Module Communications Error (Reception error) | Wiring of cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK is incorrect or contact is faulty. | Check the external encoder wiring. | Correct the cable wiring. |
| | The specified cable is not used between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK. | Confirm the external encoder wiring specifications. | Use the specified cable. |
| | Cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK is too long. | Measure the length of this cable. | Use 20-m cable max. |
| | Sheath of cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK is broken. | Check the cable for damage. | Replace the cable. |
| A.CF2: Feedback Option Module Communications Error (Timer stop) | Noise interferes with the cable between serial converter unit and SERVOPACK. | – | Correct the wiring around serial converter unit, e.g., separating I/O signal line from main circuit cable or grounding. |
| | A serial converter unit fault occurred. | – | Replace the serial converter unit. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.d00: Position Error Overflow (Position error exceeded the value set in the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520).) | The servomotor U, V, and W wirings is faulty. | Check the servomotor main circuit cable connection. | Confirm that there is no contact fault in the motor wiring or encoder wiring. |
| | The position reference speed is too high. | Reduce the reference speed, and operate the SERVOPACK. | Reduce the position reference speed or acceleration of position reference. Or, reconsider the electronic gear ratio. |
| | The acceleration of the position reference is too high. | Reduce the reference acceleration, and operate the SERVOPACK. | Reduce the reference acceleration of the position reference using a MECHATROLINK command, or smooth the acceleration of the position reference by selecting the position reference filter (ACCFIL) using a MECHATROLINK command. |
| | Setting of the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520) is low against the operating condition. | Check the alarm level (Pn520) to see if it is set to an appropriate value. | Set the Pn520 to proper value. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.d01: Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON | This alarm occurs if the servomotor power is turned ON when the position error is greater than the set value of Pn526 while the servomotor power is OFF. | Check the position error amount (Un008) while the servomotor power is OFF. | Correct the excessive position error alarm level at servo ON (Pn526). |
| A.d02: Position Error Overflow Alarm by Speed Limit at Servo ON | When the position errors remain in the error counter, Pn529 limits the speed if the servomotor power is ON. If Pn529 limits the speed in such a state, this alarm occurs when position references are input and the number of position errors exceeds the value set for the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520). | – | Correct the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520).<br>Or, adjust the speed limit level at servo ON (Pn529). |
| A.d10: Motor-load Position Error Overflow | Motor rotation direction and external encoder installation direction are opposite. | Check the servomotor rotation direction and the external encoder installation direction. | Install the external encoder in the opposite direction, or change the setting of the external encoder usage method (Pn002.3) to reverse the direction. |
| | Mounting of the load (e.g., stage) and external encoder joint installation are incorrect. | Check the external encoder mechanical connection. | Check the mechanical joints. |
| A.E02: MECHATROLINK Internal Synchronization Error 1 | MECHATROLINK transmission cycle fluctuated. | – | Remove the cause of transmission cycle fluctuation at host controller. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.E40: MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Setting Error | Setting of MECHATROLINK transmission cycle is out of specifications range. | Check the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle setting. | Set the transmission cycle to the proper value. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.E50: MECHATROLINK Synchronization Error | WDT data of host controller was not updated correctly. | Check the WDT data updating for the host controller. | Update the WDT data at the host controller correctly. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.E51: MECHATROLINK Synchronization Failed | WDT data of host controller was not updated correctly at the synchronization communications start, and synchronization communications could not start. | Check the WDT data updating for the host controller. | Update the WDT data at the host controller correctly. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.E60: MECHATROLINK Communications error (Reception error) | MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect. | Check the MECHATROLINK wirings. | Correct the MECHATROLINK wiring.<br>Connect the terminator correctly. |
| | MECHATROLINK data reception error occurred due to noise interference. | – | Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communications cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.E61: MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Error (Synchronization interval error) | MECHATROLINK transmission cycle fluctuated. | Check the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle setting. | Remove the cause of transmission cycle fluctuation at host controller. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.E71: Safety Option Module Detection Failure | The connection between the SERVOPACK and the safety option module is faulty. | Check the connection between the SERVOPACK and the safety option module. | Correctly connect the safety option module. |
| | The safety option module was disconnected. | – | Execute Fn014 (Resetting configuration error in option module) from the digital operator or SigmaWin+, and then turn the power supply OFF and ON again. |
| | A safety option module fault occurred. | – | Replace the safety option module. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.E72: Feedback Option Module Detection Failure | The connection between the SERVOPACK and the Feedback Option Module is Faulty. | Check the connection between the SERVOPACK and the Feedback Option Module. | Correctly connect the Feedback Option Module. |
| | The Feedback Option Module was disconnected. | – | Execute Fn014 (Resetting configuration error in option module), and then turn the power supply OFF and ON again. |
| | A Feedback Option Module fault occurred. | – | Replace the Feedback Option Module. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.E74: Unsupported Safety Option Module | A safety option module fault occurred. | – | Replace the safety option module. |
| | A unsupported safety option module was connected. | Refer to the catalog of the connected safety option module. | Connect a compatible safety option module. |
| A.E75: Unsupported Feedback Option Module | A feedback option module fault occurred. | – | Replace the feedback option module. |
| | A unsupported feedback option module was connected. | Refer to the catalog of the connected feedback option module or the manual of the SERVOPACK. | Connect a compatible feedback option module. |
| A.EA2: DRV Alarm 2 (SERVOPACK WDT error) | MECHATROLINK transmission cycle fluctuated. | Check the MECHATROLINK transmission cycle setting. | Remove the cause of transmission cycle fluctuation at host controller. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.Eb1: Safety Function Signal Input Timing Error | The lag between activations of the input signals /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 for the HWBB function is ten second or more. | Measure the time lag between the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 signals. | The output signal circuits or devices for /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 or the SERVOPACK input signal circuits may be faulty. Alternatively, the input signal cables may be disconnected. Check if any of these items are faulty or have been disconnected. |
| A.Ed1: Command Execution Timeout | A timeout error occurred when using an MECHATROLINK command. | Check the motor status when the command is executed. | Execute the SV_ON or SENS_ON command only when the motor is not running. |
| | | For fully-closed loop control, check the status of the external encoder after an output is made to execute the command. | Execute the SENS_ON command only when an external encoder is connected. |
| A.F10: Main Circuit Cable Open Phase (A low voltage continued for one second or longer in either phase R, S, or T when the main circuit power supply was ON.) (Detected when the main circuit power supply is turned ON.) | The three-phase power supply wiring is incorrect. | Check the power supply wiring. | Confirm that the power supply is correctly wired. |
| | The three-phase power supply is unbalanced. | Measure the voltage at each phase of the three-phase power supply. | Balance the power supply by changing phases. |
| | A single-phase power is input without setting Pn00B.2 (power supply method for three-phase SERVOPACK) to 1 (single-phase power supply). | Check the power supply and the parameter setting. | Match the parameter setting to the power supply. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.F50: Servomotor Main Circuit Cable Disconnection (The servomotor did not operate or power was not supplied to the servomotor even though the SV_ON (Servo ON) command was input when the servomotor was ready to receive it.) | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | The wiring is not correct or there is a faulty contact in the motor wiring. | Check the wiring. | Make sure that the servomotor is correctly wired. |

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| Alarm Number: Alarm Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| FL-1*3: System Alarm<br>FL-2*3: System Alarm | SERVOPACK failure | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| CPF00: Digital Operator Transmission Error 1 | The contact between the digital operator and the SERVOPACK is faulty. | Check the connector contact. | Insert securely the connector or replace the cable. |
| | Malfunction caused by noise interference. | – | Keep the digital operator or the cable away from noise sources. |
| CPF01: Digital Operator Transmission Error 2 | A digital operator fault occurred. | – | Disconnect the digital operator and then re-connect it. If the alarm still occurs, the digital operator may be faulty. Replace the digital operator. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

∗3. These alarms are not stored in the alarm history and are displayed only in the panel display.

# 9.2 Warning Displays

The following sections describe troubleshooting in response to warning displays.

The warning name and warning meaning output are listed in order of the warning numbers in *9.2.1 List of Warnings*.

The causes of warnings and troubleshooting methods are provided in *9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings*.

## 9.2.1 List of Warnings

This section provides list of warnings.

| Warning Number | Warning Name | Meaning |
|---|---|---|
| **A.900**[*1] | Position Error Overflow | Position error exceeded the parameter setting (Pn520×Pn51E/100). |
| **A.901**[*1] | Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON | When the servomotor power is ON, the position error exceeded the parameter setting (Pn526×Pn528/100). |
| **A.910** | Overload | This warning occurs before the overload alarms (A.710 or A.720) occur. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, an overload alarm may occur. |
| **A.911** | Vibration | Abnormal vibration at the motor speed was detected. The detection level is the same as A.520. Set whether to output an alarm or warning by the vibration detection switch (Pn310). |
| **A.920**[*1] | Regenerative Overload | This warning occurs before the regenerative overload alarm (A.320) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, a regenerative overload alarm may occur. |
| **A.921**[*1] | Dynamic Brake Overload | This warning occurs before dynamic brake overload alarm (A.731) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, a dynamic brake overload alarm may occur. |
| **A.930**[*1] | Absolute Encoder Battery Error | This warning occurs when the voltage of absolute encoder's battery is lowered. |
| **A.94A**[*2] | Data Setting Warning 1 (Parameter Number Error) | Incorrect command parameter number was set. |
| **A.94B**[*2] | Data Setting Warning 2 (Out of Range) | Command input data is out of range. |
| **A.94C**[*2] | Data Setting Warning 3 (Calculation Error) | Calculation error was detected. |
| **A.94D**[*2] | Data Setting Warning 4 (Parameter Size) | Data size does not match. |
| **A.94E**[*2] | Data Setting Warning 5 (Latch Mode Error) | Latch mode error is detected. |
| **A.95A**[*2] | Command Warning 1 (Unsatisfying Command) | Command was sent although the conditions for sending a command were not satisfied. |
| **A.95B**[*2] | Command Warning 2 (Non-supported Command) | Unsupported command was sent. |
| **A.95D**[*2] | Command Warning 4 (Command Interference) | Command, especially latch command, interferes. |
| **A.95E**[*2] | Command Warning 5 (Subcommand Disable) | Subcommand and main command interfere. |
| **A.95F**[*2] | Command Warning 6 (Undefined Command) | Undefined command was sent. |
| **A.960**[*2] | MECHATROLINK Communications Warning | Communications error occurred during MECHATROLINK communications. |
| **A.971**[*3] | Undervoltage | This warning occurs before undervoltage alarm (A.410) occurs. If the warning is ignored and operation continues, an undervoltage alarm may occur. |
| **A.9A0**[*1] | Overtravel | Overtravel is detected while the servomotor power is ON. |

∗1. Use Pn008.2 to activate or not the warning detection.
∗2. Use Pn800.1 to activate or not the warning detection.
∗3. Use Pn008.1 to activate or not the warning detection.

## 9.2.2 Troubleshooting of Warnings

Refer to the following table to identity the cause of a warning and the action to be taken. Contact your Yaskawa representative if the problem cannot be solved by the described corrective action.

| Warning Number: Warning Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.900: Position Error Overflow | The servomotor U, V, and W wirings is faulty. | Check the servomotor main circuit cable connection. | Confirm that there is no contact fault in the motor wiring or encoder wiring. |
| | The SERVOPACK gain is too low. | Check the SERVOPACK gain. | Increase the servo gain by using the function such as advanced autotuning. |
| | The acceleration of the position reference is too high. | Reduce the reference acceleration, and operate the SERVOPACK. | Reduce the reference acceleration of the position reference using a MECHATROLINK command, or smooth the acceleration of the position reference by selecting the position reference filter (ACCFIL) using a MECHATROLINK command. |
| | Setting of the excessive position error alarm level (Pn520) is low against the operating condition. | Check the alarm level (Pn520) to see if it is set to an appropriate value. | Set the Pn520 to proper value. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Turn the power supply to the SERVOPACK OFF and ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.901: Position Error Overflow Alarm at Servo ON | When the servomotor power is ON, the position error exceeded the parameter setting (Pn526×Pn528/100). | – | Set an appropriate value for the excessive position error warning level at servo ON (Pn528). |
| A.910: Overload (Warning before the overload alarm (A.710 or A.720).) | Incorrect wiring or contact fault of servomotor and encoder. | Check the wiring. | Confirm that the servomotor and encoder are correctly wired. |
| | Operation beyond the overload protection characteristics. | Check the motor overload characteristics and executed run command. | Reconsider the load conditions and operating conditions. Or, increase the motor capacity. |
| | Excessive load was applied during operation because the servomotor was not driven due to mechanical problems. | Check the executed operation reference and motor speed. | Remove the mechanical problems. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.911: Vibration | Abnormal vibration was detected at the motor speed. | Check for abnormal noise from the servomotor, and check the speed and torque waveforms during operation. | Reduce the motor speed or reduce the servo gain by using the function such as one-parameter tuning. |
| | The moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) value is greater than the actual value or is greatly changed. | Check the moment of inertia ratio. | Set the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) to an appropriate value. |

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| Warning Number: Warning Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.920: Regenerative Overload (Warning before the alarm A.320 occurs) | The power supply voltage exceeds the specified limit. | Measure the power supply voltage. | Set the power supply voltage within the specified range. |
| | Insufficient external regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, or SERVOPACK capacity. Or, regenerative power has been continuously flowing back. | Check the operating condition or the capacity using the capacity selection Software SigmaJunmaSize+, etc. | Change the regenerative resistance, regenerative resistor capacity, or SERVOPACK capacity. Reconsider the operating conditions using the capacity selection software SigmaJunmaSize+, etc. |
| | Regenerative power continuously flowed back because negative load was continuously applied. | Check the load to the servomotor during operation. | Reconsider the system including servo drives, machine, and operating conditions. |
| A.921: Dynamic Brake Overload (Warning before the alarm A.731 occurs) | The servomotor rotates because of external force. | Check the operation status. | Take measures to ensure the servomotor will not rotate because of external force. |
| | The rotating energy at a DB stop exceeds the DB resistance capacity. | Check the power consumed by DB resistance (Un00B) to see how many times the DB has been used. | Reconsider the following:<br>• Reduce the motor reference speed.<br>• Reduce the moment of inertia ratio.<br>• Reduce the number of times of the DB stop operation. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.930: Absolute Encoder Battery Error (The absolute encoder battery voltage is lower than the specified value.) (Only when an absolute encoder is connected.) | The battery connection is incorrect. | Check the battery connection. | Reconnect the battery. |
| | The battery voltage is lower than the specified value 2.7 V. | Measure the battery voltage. | Replace the battery. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.94A Data Setting Warning 1 (Parameter Number Error) | Disabled parameter number was used. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Use the correct parameter number. |
| A.94B Data Setting Warning 2 (Out of Range) | Attempted to send values outside the range to the command data. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Set the value of the parameter within the allowable range. |
| A.94C Data Setting Warning 3 (Calculation Error) | Calculation result of set value is incorrect. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Set the value of the parameter within the allowable range. |

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| Warning Number: Warning Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.94D Data Setting Warning 4 (Parameter Size) | Parameter size set in command is incorrect. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Use the correct parameter size. |
| A.94E Data Setting Warning 5 (Latch mode error) | Latch mode error is detected. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Change the setting value of Pn850 or the LT_MOD data for the LTMOD_ON command sent by the host controller to the proper value. |
| A.95A Command Warning 1 (Unsatisfying Command) | Command sending condition is not satisfied. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied. |
| A.95B Command Warning 2 (Non-supported Command) | SERVOPACK received unsupported command. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Do not sent an unsupported command. |
| A.95D Command Warning 4 (Command Interference) | Command sending condition for latch-related commands is not satisfied. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied. |
| A.95E Command Warning 5 (Subcommand Disable) | Subcommand sending condition is not satisfied. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied. |
| A.95F Command Warning 6 (Undefined Command) | Undefined command was sent. | Refer to *9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning* to determine which command was the cause of the warning. | Do not use an undefined command. |
| A.960 MECHATROLINK Communications Warning | MECHATROLINK wiring is incorrect. | Confirm the wiring. | Correct the MECHATROLINK wiring.<br>Or, connect a terminal to the terminal station. |
| | MECHATROLINK data reception error occurred due to noise interference. | Confirm the installation conditions. | Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK communications cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK communications cable. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | _ | A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

(cont'd)

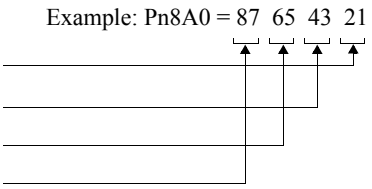
| Warning Number: Warning Name | Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| A.971: Undervoltage | • For 100 VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 60 V or less.<br>• For 200-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 140 V or less.<br>• For 400-VAC SERVOPACKs: The AC power supply voltage is 280 V or less. | Measure the power supply voltage. | Set the power supply voltage within the specified range. |
| | The power supply voltage dropped during operation. | Measure the power supply voltage. | Increase the power supply capacity. |
| | Occurrence of instantaneous power interruption. | Measure the power supply voltage. | When the instantaneous power cut hold time (Pn509) is set, decrease the setting. |
| | The SERVOPACK fuse is blown out. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK and connect a reactor to the SERVOPACK. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | The SERVOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| A.9A0: Overtravel (Overtravel status is detected.) | When the servomotor power is ON, overtravel status is detected. | Check the input signal monitor (Un005) to check the status of the overtravel signals. | Refer to *9.4 Troubleshooting Malfunction Based on Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor*. Even if overtravel signals were not shown by the input signal monitor (Un005), momentary overtravel may have been detected. Take the following precautions.<br>• Do not specify movements that would cause overtravel from the host controller.<br>• Check the wiring of the overtravel signals.<br>• Take countermeasures for noise. |

# 9.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning

The command data received on occurrence of an alarm or warning, such as a data setting warning (A.94□) or a command warning (A.95□) can be monitored using the following parameters. The following is an example of the data when an alarm/warning has occurred in the normal state.

Command Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurrence: Pn890 to Pn89E
Response Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurrence: Pn8A0 to Pn8AE

| Command Byte Order | Command Data Storage at Alarm/Warning Occurrence | |
|---|---|---|
| | CMD | RSP |
| 1 | Pn890.1 to 0 | Pn8A0.1 to 0 |
| 2 | Pn890.3 to 2 | Pn8A0.3 to 2 |
| 3 | Pn890.5 to 4 | Pn8A0.5 to 4 |
| 4 | Pn890.7 to 6 | Pn8A0.7 to 6 |
| 5 to 8 | Pn892 | Pn8A2 |
| 9 to 12 | Pn894 | Pn8A4 |
| 13 to 16 | Pn896 | Pn8A6 |
| 17 to 20 | Pn898 | Pn8A8 |
| 21 to 24 | Pn89A | Pn8AA |
| 25 to 28 | Pn89C | Pn8AC |
| 29 to 32 | Pn89E | Pn8AE |




Note 1. Data is stored in little endian byte order and displayed in the hexadecimal format.
2. For details on commands, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

# 9.4 Troubleshooting Malfunction Based on Operation and Conditions of the Servomotor

Troubleshooting for the malfunctions based on the operation and conditions of the servomotor is provided in this section.

Be sure to turn OFF the servo system before troubleshooting items shown in bold lines in the table.

| Problem | Probable Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| Servomotor Does Not Start | The control power supply is not ON. | Check voltage between control power terminals. | Correct the wiring. |
| | The main circuit power supply is not ON. | Check the voltage between main circuit power terminals. | Correct the wiring so that the main circuit power supply turns ON. |
| | Wiring of I/O signal connector CN1 is faulty or disconnected. | Check if the connector CN1 is properly inserted and connected. | Correct the connector CN1 connection. |
| | Wiring for servomotor main circuit cable or encoder cable is disconnected. | Check the wiring. | Correct the wiring. |
| | Overloaded | Run under no load and check the load status. | Reduce load or replace with larger capacity servomotor. |
| | Encoder type differs from parameter setting (Pn002.2). | Check the settings for parameter Pn002.2. | Set parameter Pn002.2 to the encoder type being used. |
| | Settings for the input signal selections (Pn50A, Pn50B and Pn511) is incorrect. | Check the settings for parameters Pn50A, Pn50B and Pn511. | Correct the settings for parameter Pn50A, Pn50B and Pn511. |
| | SV_ON command is not sent. | Check the command sent from the host controller. | Send the SV_ON command. |
| | SENS_ON command is not sent. | Check the command sent from the host controller. | Send the command in the correct SERVOPACK sequence. |
| | The forward run prohibited (P-OT) and reverse run prohibited (N-OT) input signals are turned OFF. | Check P-OT or N-OT input signal. | Turn P-OT or N-OT input signal ON. |
| | The safety input signal (/HWBB1 or /HWBB2) remains OFF. | Check the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signal. | Set the /HWBB1 and /HWBB2 input signal to ON.<br>When not using the safety function, mount the safety function's jumper connector (provided as an accessory) on the CN8. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| Servomotor Moves Instantaneously, and then Stops | Servomotor wiring is incorrect. | Check the wiring. | Correct the wiring. |
| | Encoder wiring is incorrect. | Check the wiring. | Correct the wiring. |
| Servomotor Speed Unstable | Wiring connection to servomotor is defective. | Check connections of power line (phases U, V, and W) and encoder connectors. | Tighten any loose terminals or connectors and correct the wiring. |
| Servomotor Rotates Without Reference Input | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| Dynamic Brake Does Not Operate | Improper Pn001.0 setting | Check the setting for parameter Pn001.0. | Correct the setting for parameter Pn001.0. |
| | DB resistor disconnected | Check if excessive moment of inertia, motor overspeed, or DB frequently activated occurred. | Replace the SERVOPACK, and reduce the load. |
| | DB drive circuit fault | – | There is a defective component in the DB circuit. Replace the SERVOPACK. |

(cont'd)

| Problem | Probable Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| Abnormal Noise from Servomotor | The servomotor largely vibrated during execution of tuning-less function. | Check the motor speed waveform. | Reduce the load so that the moment of inertia ratio becomes within the allowable value, or increase the load level or lower the tuning level for the tuning-less levels setting (Fn200). |
| | Mounting is not secured. | Check if there are any loose mounting screws. | Tighten the mounting screws. |
| | | Check if there is misalignment of couplings. | Align the couplings. |
| | | Check if there are unbalanced couplings. | Balance the couplings. |
| | Bearings are defective. | Check for noise and vibration around the bearings. | Replace the servomotor. |
| | Vibration source at the driven machine. | Check for any foreign matter, damage, or deformations on the machinery's movable parts. | Contact the machine manufacturer. |
| | Noise interference due to incorrect I/O signal cable specifications. | The I/O signal cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair cable with a core of 0.12 $mm^2$ min. | Use the specified I/O signal cable. |
| | Noise interference due to length of I/O signal cable. | Check the length of the I/O signal cable. | Make the I/O signal cable length less than 3 m. |
| | Noise interference due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable. | The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair cable with a core of 0.12 $mm^2$ min. | Use the specified encoder cable. |
| | Noise interference due to length of encoder cable. | Check the length of the encoder cable. | The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m. |
| | Noise interference due to damaged encoder cable. | Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged. | Replace the encoder cable and correct the cable layout. |
| | Excessive noise to the encoder cable. | Check if the encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high-current line. | Correct the cable layout so that no surge is applied. |
| | The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side, such as the welder. | Check if the machines are correctly grounded. | Properly ground the machines to separate from the encoder FG. |
| | SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interference | Check if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder. | Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring. |
| | Excessive vibration and shock to the encoder | Check if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accuracy, fixing, alignment, etc.). | Reduce vibration from the machine, or secure the servomotor installation. |
| | An encoder fault occurred. | – | Replace the servomotor. |

(cont'd)

| Problem | Probable Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| Servomotor Vibrates at Frequency of Approx. 200 to 400 Hz. | Unbalanced servo gains | Check to see if the servo gains have been correctly adjusted. | Execute the advanced autotuning. |
| | Speed loop gain value (Pn100) too high. | Check the speed loop gain (Pn100). Factory setting: Kv = 40.0 Hz | Reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100). |
| | Position loop gain value (Pn102) too high. | Check the position loop gain (Pn102). Factory setting: Kp = 40.0/s | Reduce the position loop gain (Pn102). |
| | Incorrect speed loop integral time constant (Pn101) | Check the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101). Factory setting: Ti = 20.0 ms | Correct the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101). |
| | Incorrect moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) | Check the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103). | Correct the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103). |
| High Motor Speed Overshoot on Starting and Stopping | Unbalanced servo gains | Check to see if the servo gains have been correctly adjusted. | Execute the advanced autotuning. |
| | Speed loop gain value (Pn100) too high | Check the speed loop gain (Pn100). Factory setting: Kv = 40.0 Hz | Reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100). |
| | Position loop gain value (Pn102) too high | Check the position loop gain (Pn102). Factory setting: Kp = 40.0/s | Reduce the position loop gain (Pn102). |
| | Incorrect speed loop integral time constant (Pn101) | Check the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101). Factory setting: Ti = 20.0 ms | Correct the speed loop integral time constant (Pn101). |
| | Incorrect moment of inertia ratio data (Pn103) | Check the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103). | Correct the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103). |
| | The torque reference is saturated. | Check the torque reference waveform. | Use the mode switch function. |

(cont'd)

| Problem | Probable Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| Absolute Encoder Position Difference Error (The position saved in the host controller when the power was turned OFF is different from the position when the power was next turned ON.) | Noise interference due to incorrect cable specifications of encoder cable. | The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair cable with a core of 0.12 $mm^2$ min. | Use the specified encoder cable. |
| | Noise interference due to length of encoder cable. | Check the length of the encoder cable. | The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m. |
| | Noise interference due to damaged encoder cable. | Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged. | Replace the encoder cable and correct the cable layout. |
| | Excessive noise to the encoder cable. | Check if the encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high-current line. | Correct the cable layout so that no surge is applied. |
| | FG potential varies because of influence of machines such as welders at the servomotor. | Check if the machines are correctly grounded. | Ground machines correctly, and prevent diversion to the FG on the encoder side. |
| | SERVOPACK pulse counting error due to noise interference | Check if there is noise interference on the I/O signal line from the encoder. | Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring. |
| | Excessive vibration and shock to the encoder | Check to see if the machine is vibrating.<br>Also, check the installation conditions of the servomotor (flange face accuracy, anchoring condition, and centering). | Reduce vibration from the machine, or secure the servomotor installation. |
| | An encoder fault occurred. | – | Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| | Host controller rotational serial data reading error | Check the error detection section of the host controller. | Correct the error detection section of the host controller. |
| | | Check if the host controller is executing data parity checks. | Perform a parity check on the rotational serial data. |
| | | Check noise in the cable between the SERVOPACK and the host controller. | Implement measures against noise and perform a parity check on the rotational serial data again. |

(cont'd)

| Problem | Probable Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| Overtravel (OT) | Forward or reverse run prohibited signal is input. | Check the external power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signal. | Correct the external power supply (+24 V) voltage. |
| | | Check if the overtravel limit switch operates properly. | Correct the overtravel limit switch. |
| | | Check if the overtravel limit switch is wired correctly. | Correct the overtravel limit switch wiring. |
| | | Check the settings for parameters Pn50A and Pn50B. | Correct the settings for parameters Pn50A and Pn50B. |
| | Forward or reverse run prohibited signal malfunctioning. | Check the fluctuation of the external power supply (+24 V) voltage for the input signal. | Stabilize the external power supply (+24 V) voltage. |
| | | Check if the overtravel limit switch operates correctly. | Correct the overtravel limit switch. |
| | | Check if the overtravel limit switch wiring is correct. (check for damaged cables or loose screws.) | Correct the overtravel limit switch wiring. |
| | Incorrect forward or reverse run prohibited signal (P-OT/N-OT) allocation (parameters Pn50A.3, Pn50B.0) | Check if the P-OT signal is allocated in Pn50A.3. | If another signal is allocated in Pn50A.3, allocate P-OT. |
| | | Check if the N-OT signal is allocated in Pn50B.0. | If another signal is allocated in Pn50B.0, allocate N-OT. |
| | Incorrect servomotor stop method selection | Check the settings for parameters Pn001.0 and Pn001.1 when the servomotor power is OFF. | Select a servomotor stop method other than "coast to stop." |
| | | Check the settings for parameters Pn001.0 and Pn001.1 when in torque control. | Select a servomotor stop method other than "coast to stop." |
| Improper Stop Position by Overtravel (OT) Signal | Improper limit switch position and dog length | – | Install the limit switch at the appropriate position. |
| | The overtravel limit switch position is too short for the coasting distance. | – | Install the overtravel limit switch at the appropriate position. |

(cont'd)

| Problem | Probable Cause | Investigative Actions | Corrective Actions |
|---|---|---|---|
| Position Error (Without Alarm) | Noise interference due to incorrect encoder cable specifications | The encoder cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair cable with a core of 0.12 $mm^2$ min. | Use the specified encoder cable. |
| | Noise interference due to length of encoder cable. | Check the length of the encoder cable. | The encoder cable must be no more than 50 m. |
| | Noise influence due to damaged encoder cable. | Check if the encoder cable is bent and the sheath is damaged. | Replace the encoder cable and modify the cable layout. |
| | Excessive noise to encoder cable. | Check if the encoder cable is bundled with a high-current line or near a high-current line. | Change the cable layout so that no surge is applied. |
| | The FG potential varies because of influence from machines on the servomotor side such as the welder. | Check if the machines are correctly grounded. | Properly ground the machines encoder FG. |
| | SERVOPACK pulse count error due to noise | Check if the I/O signal line from the encoder is influenced by noise. | Take measures against noise in the encoder wiring. |
| | Excessive vibration and shock to the encoder | Check if vibration from the machine occurred or servomotor installation is incorrect (mounting surface accuracy, fixing, alignment, etc.). | Reduce the machine vibration or mount the servomotor securely. |
| | Unsecured coupling between machine and servomotor | Check if a position error occurs at the coupling between machine and servomotor. | Secure the coupling between the machine and servomotor. |
| | Noise interference due to improper I/O signal cable specifications | The I/O signal cable must be tinned annealed copper shielded twisted-pair or screened unshielded twisted-pair cable with a core of 0.12 $mm^2$ min. | Use input signal cable with the specified specifications. |
| | Noise interference due to length of I/O signal cable | Check the I/O signal cable length. | Make the I/O signal cable length less than 3 m. |
| | An encoder fault occurred. (The pulse count does not change.) | – | Replace the servomotor. |
| | A SERVOPACK fault occurred. | – | Replace the SERVOPACK. |
| Servomotor Overheated | Ambient operating temperature too high | Measure the servomotor ambient operating temperature. | Reduce the ambient operating temperature to 40°C or less. |
| | Servomotor surface dirty | Visually check the surface. | Clean dust and oil from the surface. |
| | Servomotor overloaded | Check the load status with monitor. | If overloaded, reduce load or replace with larger capacity SERVOPACK and servomotor. |

# 10

# Appendix

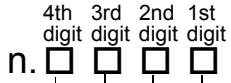
10.1 List of Parameters . . . . . 10-2
10.2 Parameter Recording Table . . . . . 10-33

# 10.1 List of Parameters

This section contains a tables of parameters.

Note: Do not change the following parameters from the factory settings.
- Reserved parameters
- Parameters not described in this manual

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn000** | 2 | Basic Function Select Switch 0 | 0000 to 00B3 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | – |



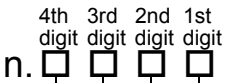

| Direction Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Sets CCW as forward direction. | 4.3.1 |
| 1 | Sets CW as forward direction. (Reverse Rotation Mode) | |
| 2 or 3 | Reserved (Do not set.) | |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn001** | 2 | Application Function Select Switch 1 | 0000 to 1122 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | – |




| Servomotor power OFF or Alarm Gr.1 Stop Mode | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Stops the servomotor by applying DB (dynamic brake). | 4.3.5 |
| 1 | Stops the servomotor by applying DB and then releases DB. | |
| 2 | Makes the servomotor coast to a stop state without using the DB. | |

| Overtravel (OT) Stop Mode | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Stops in accordance with the setting of Pn001.0. | 4.3.2 |
| 1 | Sets the torque of Pn406 to the maximum value, decelerates the servomotor to a stop, and then sets it to servolock state. | |
| 2 | Sets the torque of Pn406 to the maximum value, decelerates the servomotor to a stop, and then sets it to coasting state. | |

| AC/DC Power Input Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Applicable to AC power input: Input AC power supply through L1, L2, and L3 terminals. | 3.1.4 |
| 1 | Applicable to DC power input: Input DC power supply between B1/ + and –2, or input DC power supply between B1/ + and –. | |

Reserved (Do not change.)

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn002** | 2 | Application Function Select Switch 2 | 0000 to 4113 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | – |

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

| MECHATROLINK Command Position and Speed Control Option | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | The set value of P_TLIM, NTLIM, and TFF are ignored. | *1 |
| 1 | P_TLIM and NTLIM operate as the torque limit values. | |
| 2 | TFF operates as the torque feed forward. | |
| 3 | When P-CL and N-CL in the OPTION field are available, P_TLIM and NTLIM operate as the torque limit value. | |

| Torque Control Option | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | VLIM is not available. | *1 |
| 1 | VLIM operates as the speed limit value. | |

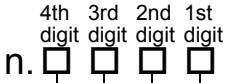
| Absolute Encoder Usage | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Uses absolute encoder as an absolute encoder. | 4.7 |
| 1 | Uses absolute encoder as an incremental encoder. | |

| External Encoder Usage | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Do not use external encoder. | 8.3.1 |
| 1 | Uses the external encoder in motor CCW direction rotation and external encoder forward direction. | |
| 2 | Reserved (Do not set.) | |
| 3 | Uses the external encoder in motor CCW direction rotation and external encoder reverse direction. | |
| 4 | Reserved (Do not set.) | |

∗1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn006** | 2 | Application Function Select Switch 6 | 0000 to 005F | – | 0002 | Immediately | Setup | 5.1.3 |



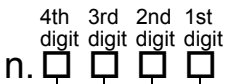

**Analog Monitor 1 Signal Selection**

| | |
|---|---|
| 00 | Motor rotating speed (1 V / 1000 $min^{-1}$) |
| 01 | Speed reference (1 V / 1000 $min^{-1}$) |
| 02 | Torque reference (1 V/100% rated torque) |
| 03 | Position error (0.05 V/1 reference unit) |
| 04 | Position amplifier error (after electronic gears) (0.05 V/ 1 encoder pulse unit) |
| 05 | Position reference speed (1 V / 1000 $min^{-1}$) |
| 06 | Reserved (Do not set.) |
| 07 | Motor-load position error (0.01 V/1 reference unit) |
| 08 | Positioning completion (positioning completed: 5 V, positioning not completed: 0 V) |
| 09 | Speed feedforward (1 V / 1000 $min^{-1}$) |
| 0A | Torque feedforward (1 V/100% rated torque) |
| 0B | Active gain (1st gain: 1 V, 2nd gain: 2 V) |
| 0C | Completion of position reference (completed: 5 V, not completed: 0 V) |
| 0D | External encoder speed (1 V / 1000 $min^{-1}$: Values at motor shaft) |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn007** | 2 | Application Function Select Switch 7 | 0000 to 005F | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | 5.1.3 |




**Analog Monitor 2 Signal Selection**

| | |
|---|---|
| 00 | Motor rotating speed (1 V / 1000 $min^{-1}$) |
| 01 | Speed reference (1 V / 1000 $min^{-1}$) |
| 02 | Torque reference (1 V/100% rated torque) |
| 03 | Position error (0.05 V/1 reference unit) |
| 04 | Position amplifier error (after electronic gears) (0.05 V/ 1 encoder pulse unit) |
| 05 | Position reference speed (1 V / 1000 $min^{-1}$) |
| 06 | Reserved (Do not set.) |
| 07 | Motor-load position error (0.01 V/1 reference unit) |
| 08 | Positioning completion (positioning completed: 5 V, positioning not completed: 0 V) |
| 09 | Speed feedforward (1 V / 1000 $min^{-1}$) |
| 0A | Torque feedforward (1 V/100% rated torque) |
| 0B | Active gain (1st gain: 1 V, 2nd gain: 2 V) |
| 0C | Completion of position reference (completed: 5 V not completed: 0 V) |
| 0D | External encoder speed (1 V/1000 $min^{-1}$: Value at motor shaft) |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn008** | 2 | Application Function Select Switch 8 | 0000 to 7121 | – | 4000 | After restart | Setup | – |

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

| Lowered Battery Voltage Alarm/Warning Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Outputs alarm (A.830) for lowered battery voltage. | 4.7.3 |
| 1 | Outputs warning (A.930) for lowered battery voltage. | |

| Function Selection for Undervoltage | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Does not detect undervoltage. | 4.3.7 |
| 1 | Detects warning and limits torque by host controller. | |
| 2 | Detects warning and limits torque by Pn424 and Pn425. (Only in the SERVOPACK) | |

| Warning Detection Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Detects warning. | 9.2.1 |
| 1 | Does not detect warning (except for A.971). | |

Reserved (Do not change.)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn009** | 2 | Application Function Select Switch 9 | 0000 to 0111 | – | 0010 | After restart | Tuning | – |

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| Current Control Method Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Current control method 1 | 5.8.3 |
| 1 | Current control method 2 | |

| Speed Detection Method Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Speed detection 1 | 5.8.5 |
| 1 | Speed detection 2 | |

Reserved (Do not change.)

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn00B | 2 | Application Function Select Switch B | 0000 to 1111 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | – |

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

| Parameter Display Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Setup parameters | 2.4.1 |
| 1 | All parameters | |

| Alarm Gr.2 Stop Method Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Stops the motor by setting the speed reference to "0". | 4.3.5 |
| 1 | Same setting as Pn001.0 (Stops the motor by applying DB or by coasting). | |

| Power Supply Method for Three-phase SERVOPACK | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Three-phase power supply | 3.1.3 |
| 1 | Single-phase power supply | |

Reserved (Do not change.)

| Pn00C | 2 | Application Function Select Switch C | 0000 to 0111 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | 4.5, 4.5.1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

| Selection of Test without a Motor | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Disables test without a motor. |
| 1 | Enables test without a motor. |

| Encoder Resolution for Test without a Motor | |
|---|---|
| 0 | 13 bits |
| 1 | 20 bits |

| Encoder Type for Test without a Motor | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Incremental encoder |
| 1 | Absolute encoder |

Reserved (Do not change.)

| Pn00D | 2 | Application Function Select Switch D | 0000 to 1001 | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | – |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| Overtravel Warning Detection Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Does not detect overtravel warning. | 4.3.2 |
| 1 | Detects overtravel warning. | |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn081** | 2 | Application Function Select Switch 81 | 0000 to 1111 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | 8.1.5 |

n. □ (4th digit) □ (3rd digit) □ (2nd digit) □ (1st digit)

Phase-C Pulse Output Selection

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Outputs phase-C pulse only in forward direction. |
| 1 | Outputs phase-C pulse in forward and reverse direction. |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn100** | 2 | Speed Loop Gain | 10 to 20000 | 0.1 Hz | 400 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.8.1 |
| **Pn101** | 2 | Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | 15 to 51200 | 0.01 ms | 2000 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn102** | 2 | Position Loop Gain | 10 to 20000 | 0.1/s | 400 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn103** | 2 | Moment of Inertia Ratio | 0 to 20000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn104** | 2 | 2nd Speed Loop Gain | 10 to 20000 | 0.1 Hz | 400 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn105** | 2 | 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | 15 to 51200 | 0.01 ms | 2000 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn106** | 2 | 2nd Position Loop Gain | 10 to 20000 | 0.1/s | 400 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn109** | 2 | Feedforward Gain | 0 to 100 | 1% | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.9.1 |
| **Pn10A** | 2 | Feedforward Filter Time Constant | 0 to 6400 | 0.01 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn10B** | 2 | Application Function for Gain Select Switch | 0000 to 5334 | – | 0000 | – | – | – |

n. □ (4th digit) □ (3rd digit) □ (2nd digit) □ (1st digit)

Mode Switch Selection

| | | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | Uses internal torque reference as the condition (Level setting: Pn10C). | Immediately | Setup | 5.9.2 |
| 1 | Uses speed reference as the condition (Level setting: Pn10D). | | | |
| 2 | Uses acceleration as the condition (Level setting: Pn10E). | | | |
| 3 | Uses position error as the condition (Level setting: Pn10F). | | | |
| 4 | No mode switch function available. | | | |

Speed Loop Control Method

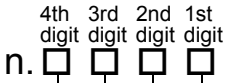
| | | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | PI control | After restart | Setup | – |
| 1 | I-P control | | | |
| 2 or 3 | Reserved (Do not set.) | | | |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn10C** | 2 | Mode Switch (torque reference) | 0 to 800 | 1% | 200 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.9.2 |
| **Pn10D** | 2 | Mode Switch (speed reference) | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn10E** | 2 | Mode Switch (acceleration) | 0 to 30000 | 1 $min^{-1}$/ s | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn10F** | 2 | Mode Switch (position error) | 0 to 10000 | 1 reference unit | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn11F** | 2 | Position Integral Time Constant | 0 to 50000 | 0.1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.9.4 |
| **Pn121** | 2 | Friction Compensation Gain | 10 to 1000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.8.2 |
| **Pn122** | 2 | 2nd Gain for Friction Compensation | 10 to 1000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn123** | 2 | Friction Compensation Coefficient | 0 to 100 | 1% | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn124** | 2 | Friction Compensation Frequency Correction | -10000 to 10000 | 0.1 Hz | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn125** | 2 | Friction Compensation Gain Correction | 1 to 1000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn131** | 2 | Gain Switching Time 1 | 0 to 65535 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.8.1 |
| **Pn132** | 2 | Gain Switching Time 2 | 0 to 65535 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn135** | 2 | Gain Switching Waiting Time 1 | 0 to 65535 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn136** | 2 | Gain Switching Waiting Time 2 | 0 to 65535 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn139** | 2 | Automatic Gain Changeover Related Switch 1 | 0000 to 0052 | – | 0000 | Immediately | Tuning | |




**Gain Switching Selection Switch**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Manual gain switching<br>Changes gain manually using G-SEL of OPTION field. |
| 1 | Reserved (Do not set.) |
| 2 | Automatic gain switching pattern 1<br>Changes automatically 1st gain to 2nd gain when the switching condition A is satisfied.<br>Changes automatically 2nd gain to 1st gain when the switching condition A is not satisfied. |

**Gain Switching Condition A**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Positioning completion signal (/COIN) ON |
| 1 | Positioning completion signal (/COIN) OFF |
| 2 | Positioning near signal (/NEAR) ON |
| 3 | Positioning near signal (/NEAR) OFF |
| 4 | Position reference filter output = 0 and position reference input OFF |
| 5 | Position reference input ON |

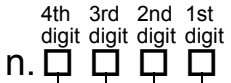
Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn13D** | 2 | Current Gain Level | 100 to 2000 | 1% | 2000 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.8.4 |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn140** | 2 | Model Following Control Related Switch | 0000 to 1121 | – | 0100 | Immediately | Tuning | – |




**Model Following Control Selection**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Does not use model following control. |
| 1 | Uses model following control. |

**Vibration Suppression Selection**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Does not perform vibration suppression. |
| 1 | Performs vibration suppression over the specified frequency. |
| 2 | Performs vibration suppression over two different kinds of frequencies. |

| Vibration Suppression Adjustment Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Does not adjust vibration suppression automatically using utility function. | 5.3.1, 5.4.1, 5.5.1, 5.7.1 |
| 1 | Adjusts vibration suppression automatically using utility function. | |

| Selection of Speed Feedforward (VFF) / Torque Feedforward (TFF) | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Does not use model following control and speed/torque feedforward together. | 5.3.1, 5.4.1 |
| 1 | Uses model following control and speed/torque feedforward together. | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn141** | 2 | Model Following Control Gain | 10 to 20000 | 0.1/s | 500 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn142** | 2 | Model Following Control Gain Compensation | 500 to 2000 | 0.1% | 1000 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn143** | 2 | Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction) | 0 to 10000 | 0.1% | 1000 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn144** | 2 | Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction) | 0 to 10000 | 0.1% | 1000 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn145** | 2 | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A | 10 to 2500 | 0.1 Hz | 500 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn146** | 2 | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B | 10 to 2500 | 0.1 Hz | 700 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn147** | 2 | Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation | 0 to 10000 | 0.1% | 1000 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn148** | 2 | 2nd Model Following Control Gain | 10 to 20000 | 0.1/s | 500 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn149** | 2 | 2nd Model Following Control Gain Compensation | 500 to 2000 | 0.1% | 1000 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn14A** | 2 | Vibration Suppression 2 Frequency | 10 to 2000 | 0.1 Hz | 800 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn14B** | 2 | Vibration Suppression 2 Compensation | 10 to 1000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning | – |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn14F** | 2 | Control Related Switch | 0000 to 0011 | – | 0011 | After restart | Tuning | – |

n.□□□□ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

| Model Following Control Type Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Model Following Control 1 | 5.3.1, 5.4.1, 5.5.1 |
| 1 | Model Following Control 2 | |

| Tuning-less Type Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Tuning-less type 1 | 5.2.2 |
| 1 | Tuning-less type 2 | |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn160** | 2 | Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch | 0000 to 0011 | – | 0010 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.3.1, 5.4.1, 5.5.1, 5.7.1 |

n.□□□□ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

| Anti-Resonance Control Selection | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Does not use anti-resonance control. |
| 1 | Uses anti-resonance control. |

| Anti-Resonance Control Adjustment Selection | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Does not adjust anti-resonance control automatically using utility function. |
| 1 | Adjusts anti-resonance control automatically using utility function. |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn161** | 2 | Anti-Resonance Frequency | 10 to 20000 | 0.1 Hz | 1000 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn162** | 2 | Anti-Resonance Gain Compensation | 1 to 1000 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn163** | 2 | Anti-Resonance Damping Gain | 0 to 300 | 1% | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn164** | 2 | Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 1 Compensation | -1000 to 1000 | 0.01 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | – |
| **Pn165** | 2 | Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 2 Compensation | -1000 to 1000 | 0.01 ms | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | – |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn170** | 2 | Tuning-less Function Related Switch | 0000 to 2411 | – | 1401 | – | – | – |

n.□□□□ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

| Tuning-less Function Selection | | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | Disables tuning-less function. | After restart | Setup | 5.2 |
| 1 | Enables tuning-less function. | | | |

| Control Method during Speed Control | | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | Uses as speed control. | After restart | Setup | 5.2 |
| 1 | Uses as speed control and uses the host controller for position control. | | | |

| Rigidity Level | | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 to 4 | Sets the rigidity level. | Immediately | Setup | 5.2 |

| Load Level | | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 to 2 | Sets the load level. | Immediately | Setup | 5.2 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn205** | 2 | Multiturn Limit Setting | 0 to 65535 | 1 rev | 65535 | After restart | Setup | 4.7.6 |
| **Pn207** | 2 | Position Control Function Switch | 0000 to 2210 | – | 0010 | After restart | Setup | – |

n.□□□□ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

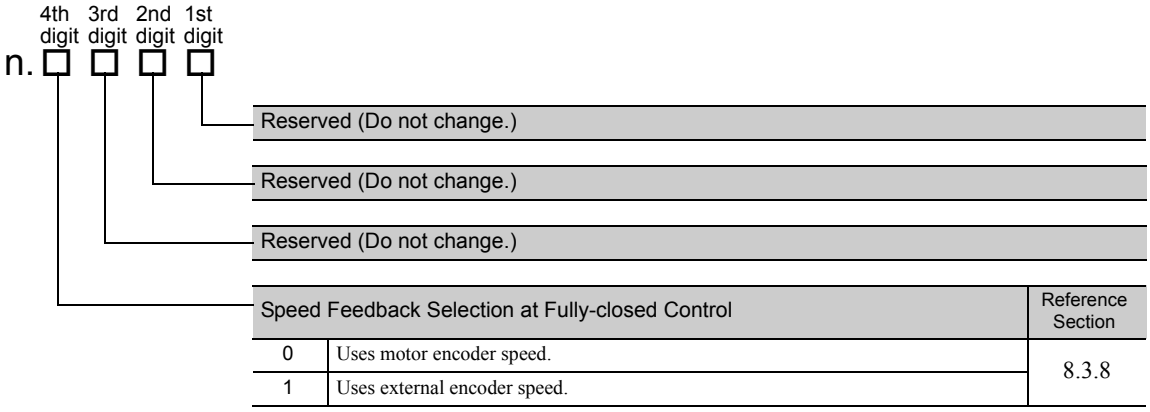
Reserved (Do not change.)

| /COIN Output Timing | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Outputs when the position error absolute value is the same or less than the positioning completed width (Pn522). | 4.8.6 |
| 1 | Outputs when the position error absolute value is the same or less than the positioning completed width (Pn522), and the reference after position reference filtering is 0. | |
| 2 | Outputs when the position error absolute value is the same or less than the positioning completed width (Pn522), and the position reference input is 0. | |

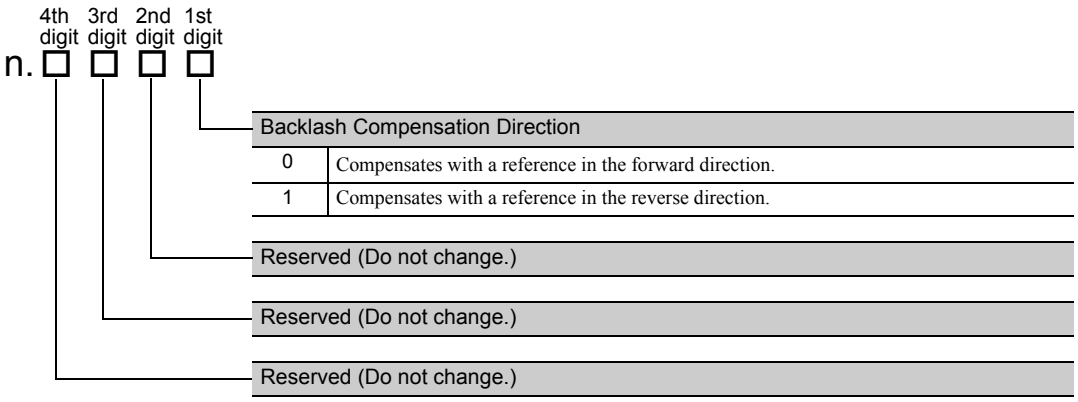
| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn20A** | 4 | Number of External Scale Pitch | 4 to 1048576 | 1 pitch/rev | 32768 | After restart | Setup | 8.3 |
| **Pn20E** | 4 | Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) | 1 to 1073741824 | 1 | 4 | After restart | Setup | 4.4.3 |
| **Pn210** | 4 | Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) | 1 to 1073741824 | 1 | 1 | After restart | Setup | |
| **Pn212** | 4 | Encoder Output Pulses | 16 to 1073741824 | 1 P/rev | 2048 | After restart | Setup | 4.4.5 |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn22A** | 2 | Fully-closed Control Selection Switch | 0000 to 1003 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | – |




| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn230** | 2 | Position Control Expanded Function Switch | 0000 to 0001 | – | 0000 | After reset | Setup | 5.8.6 |

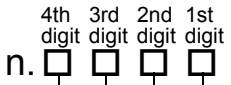



| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn231** | 4 | Backlash Compensation Value | -500000 to 500000 | 0.1 reference unit | 0 | Immediately | Setup | 5.8.6 |
| **Pn233** | 2 | Backlash Compensation Time Constant | 0 to 65535 | 0.01 ms | 0 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn281** | 2 | Encoder Output Resolution | 1 to 4096 | 1 edge/ pitch | 20 | After restart | Setup | 8.3.3 |
| **Pn304** | 2 | JOG Speed | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 500 | Immediately | Setup | 6.3 |
| **Pn305** | 2 | Soft Start Acceleration Time | 0 to 10000 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn306** | 2 | Soft Start Deceleration Time | 0 to 10000 | 1 ms | 0 | Immediately | Setup | |

*1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn310** | 2 | Vibration Detection Switch | 0000 to 0002 | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | – |




| Vibration Detection Selection | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Does not detect vibration. | 6.16 |
| 1 | Outputs warning (A.911) when vibration is detected. | |
| 2 | Outputs alarm (A.520) when vibration is detected. | |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn311** | 2 | Vibration Detection Sensibility | 50 to 500 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Tuning | 6.16 |
| **Pn312** | 2 | Vibration Detection Level | 0 to 5000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 50 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn324** | 2 | Moment of Inertia Calculating Start Level | 0 to 20000 | 1% | 300 | Immediately | Setup | 5.3.2 |
| **Pn401** | 2 | Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | 0 to 65535 | 0.01 ms | 100 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.9.3 |
| **Pn402** | 2 | Forward Torque Limit | 0 to 800 | 1%*2 | 800 | Immediately | Setup | 4.6.1 |
| **Pn403** | 2 | Reverse Torque Limit | 0 to 800 | 1%*2 | 800 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn404** | 2 | Forward External Torque Limit | 0 to 800 | 1%*2 | 100 | Immediately | Setup | 4.6.2 |
| **Pn405** | 2 | Reverse External Torque Limit | 0 to 800 | 1%*2 | 100 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn406** | 2 | Emergency Stop Torque | 0 to 800 | 1%*2 | 800 | Immediately | Setup | 4.3.2 |
| **Pn407** | 2 | Speed Limit during Torque Control | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 10000 | Immediately | Setup | 4.8.8 |

*2. Percentage (%) of rated motor torque.

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn408** | 2 | Torque Related Function Switch | 0000 to 1111 | – | 0000 | – | – | – |

4th digit 3rd digit 2nd digit 1st digit

n. □ □ □ □

**1st Step Notch Filter Selection**

| When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| Immediately | Setup | 5.9.3 |

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | N/A |
| 1 | Uses 1st step notch filter for torque reference. |

**Speed Limit Selection**

| When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| After restart | Setup | 4.8.8 |

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Uses the smaller of the maximum motor speed and the value of Pn407 as the speed limit value. |
| 1 | Uses the smaller of the overspeed detection speed and the value of Pn407 as the speed limit value. |

**2nd Step Notch Filter Selection**

| When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| Immediately | Setup | 5.9.3 |

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | N/A |
| 1 | Uses 2nd step notch filter for torque reference. |

**Friction Compensation Function Selection**

| When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| Immediately | Setup | 5.8.2 |

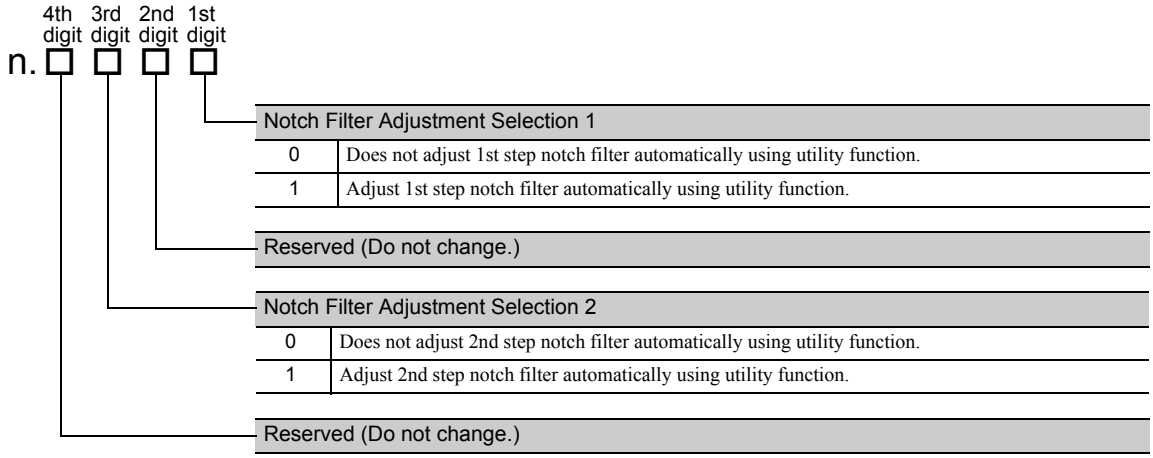
| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Disables friction compensation function. |
| 1 | Enables friction compensation function. |

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn409** | 2 | 1st Notch Filter Frequency | 50 to 5000 | 1 Hz | 5000 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.9.3 |
| **Pn40A** | 2 | 1st Notch Filter Q Value | 50 to 1000 | 0.01 | 70 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn40B** | 2 | 1st Notch Filter Depth | 0 to 1000 | 0.001 | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn40C** | 2 | 2nd Notch Filter Frequency | 50 to 5000 | 1 Hz | 5000 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn40D** | 2 | 2nd Notch Filter Q Value | 50 to 1000 | 0.01 | 70 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn40E** | 2 | 2nd Notch Filter Depth | 0 to 1000 | 0.001 | 0 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn40F** | 2 | 2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Frequency | 100 to 5000 | 1 Hz | 5000 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn410** | 2 | 2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Q Value | 50 to 100 | 0.01 | 50 | Immediately | Tuning | |
| **Pn412** | 2 | 1st Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | 0 to 65535 | 0.01 ms | 100 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.8.1 |
| **Pn415** | 2 | Reserved (Do not change.) | – | – | 0 | – | – | – |
| **Pn423** | 2 | Reserved (Do not change.) | – | – | 0000 | – | – | – |
| **Pn424** | 2 | Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop | 0 to 100 | 1%*2 | 50 | Immediately | Setup | 4.3.7 |
| **Pn425** | 2 | Release Time for Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop | 0 to 1000 | 1 ms | 100 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn456** | 2 | Sweep Torque Reference Amplitude | 1 to 800 | 1% | 15 | Immediately | Tuning | 6.21 |

*2. Percentage (%) of rated motor torque.

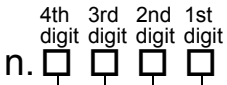
(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn460** | 2 | Notch Filter Adjustment Switch | 0000 to 0101 | – | 0101 | Immediately | Tuning | 5.2.1<br>5.3.1<br>5.5.1 |
| **Pn501** | 2 | Zero Clamp Level | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 10 | Immediately | Setup | – |
| **Pn502** | 2 | Rotation Detection Level | 1 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 20 | Immediately | Setup | 4.8.3 |
| **Pn503** | 2 | Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width | 0 to 100 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 10 | Immediately | Setup | 4.8.5 |
| **Pn506** | 2 | Brake Reference - Servo OFF Delay Time | 0 to 50 | 10 ms | 0 | Immediately | Setup | 4.3.4 |
| **Pn507** | 2 | Brake Reference Output Speed Level | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 100 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn508** | 2 | Waiting Time for Brake Signal When Motor Running | 10 to 100 | 10 ms | 50 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn509** | 2 | Instantaneous Power Cut Hold time | 20 to 1000 | 1 ms | 20 | Immediately | Setup | 4.3.6 |



(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn50A** | 2 | Input Signal Selection 1 | 0000 to FFF1 | – | 1881 | After restart | Setup | – |




Reserved (Do not change.)

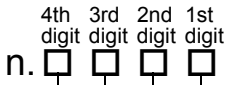
Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| P-OT Signal Mapping | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Forward run allowed when CN1-13 input signal is ON (closed). | 4.3.2 |
| 1 | Forward run allowed when CN1-7 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 2 | Forward run allowed when CN1-8 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 3 | Forward run allowed when CN1-9 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 4 | Forward run allowed when CN1-10 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 5 | Forward run allowed when CN1-11 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 6 | Forward run allowed when CN1-12 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 7 | Forward run prohibited. | |
| 8 | Forward run allowed. | |
| 9 | Forward run allowed when CN1-13 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| A | Forward run allowed when CN1-7 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| B | Forward run allowed when CN1-8 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| C | Forward run allowed when CN1-9 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| D | Forward run allowed when CN1-10 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| E | Forward run allowed when CN1-11 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| F | Forward run allowed when CN1-12 input signal is OFF (open). | |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn50B | 2 | Input Signal Selection 2 | 0000 to FFFF | – | 8882 | After restart | Setup | – |




| N-OT Signal Mapping | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Reverse run allowed when CN1-13 input signal is ON (closed). | 4.3.2 |
| 1 | Reverse run allowed when CN1-7 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 2 | Reverse run allowed when CN1-8 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 3 | Reverse run allowed when CN1-9 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 4 | Reverse run allowed when CN1-10 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 5 | Reverse run allowed when CN1-11 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 6 | Reverse run allowed when CN1-12 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 7 | Reverse run prohibited. | |
| 8 | Reverse run allowed. | |
| 9 | Reverse run allowed when CN1-13 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| A | Reverse run allowed when CN1-7 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| B | Reverse run allowed when CN1-8 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| C | Reverse run allowed when CN1-9 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| D | Reverse run allowed when CN1-10 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| E | Reverse run allowed when CN1-11 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| F | Reverse run allowed when CN1-12 input signal is OFF (open). | |

| Reserved (Do not change.) |
|---|

| /P-CL Signal Mapping | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Active when CN1-13 input signal is ON (closed). | 4.6.2 |
| 1 | Active when CN1-7 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 2 | Active when CN1-8 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 3 | Active when CN1-9 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 4 | Active when CN1-10 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 5 | Active when CN1-11 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 6 | Active when CN1-12 input signal is ON (closed). | |
| 7 | Always active (fixed). | |
| 8 | Not active (fixed). | |
| 9 | Active when CN1-13 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| A | Active when CN1-7 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| B | Active when CN1-8 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| C | Active when CN1-9 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| D | Active when CN1-10 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| E | Active when CN1-11 input signal is OFF (open). | |
| F | Active when CN1-12 input signal is OFF (open). | |

| /N-CL Signal Mapping | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 to F | Same as /P-CL signal mapping | 4.6.2 |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn50E | 2 | Output Signal Selection 1 | 0000 to 3333 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | – |

n.□□□□ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

**1st digit: Positioning Completion Signal Mapping (/COIN)** — Reference Section: 4.8.6

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Disabled (the above signal is not used.) |
| 1 | Outputs the signal from CN1-1, 2 output terminal. |
| 2 | Outputs the signal from CN1-23, 24 output terminal. |
| 3 | Outputs the signal from CN1-25, 26 output terminal. |

**2nd digit: Speed Coincidence Detection Signal Mapping (/V-CMP)** — Reference Section: 4.8.5

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as /COIN Signal Mapping. |

**3rd digit: Servomotor Rotation Detection Signal Mapping (/TGON)** — Reference Section: 4.8.3

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as /COIN Signal Mapping. |

**4th digit: Servo Ready Signal Mapping (/S-RDY)** — Reference Section: 4.8.4

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as /COIN Signal Mapping. |

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pn50F | 2 | Output Signal Selection 2 | 0000 to 3333 | – | 0100 | After restart | Setup | – |

n.□□□□ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

**1st digit: Torque Limit Detection Signal Mapping (/CLT)** — Reference Section: 4.6.3

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Disabled (the above signal is not used.) |
| 1 | Outputs the signal from CN1-1, 2 output terminal. |
| 2 | Outputs the signal from CN1-23, 24 output terminal. |
| 3 | Outputs the signal from CN1-25, 26 output terminal. |

**2nd digit: Speed Limit Detection Signal Mapping (/VLT)** — Reference Section: 4.8.8

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as /CLT Signal Mapping. |

**3rd digit: Brake Signal Mapping (/BK)** — Reference Section: 4.3.4

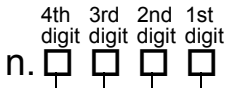
| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as /CLT Signal Mapping. |

**4th digit: Warning Signal Mapping (/WARN)** — Reference Section: 4.8.2

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as /CLT Signal Mapping. |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn510** | 2 | Output Signal Selection 3 | 0000 to 0333 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | – |




| Near Signal Mapping (/NEAR) | | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | Disabled (the above signal is not used.) | 4.8.7 |
| 1 | Outputs the signal from CN1-1, 2 terminal. | |
| 2 | Outputs the signal from CN1-23, 24 terminal. | |
| 3 | Outputs the signal from CN1-25, 26 terminal. | |

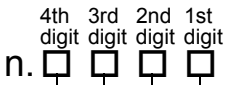
Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn511** | 2 | Input Signal Selection 5 | 0000 to FFFF | – | 6543 | After restart | Setup | 3.3.1 |




| Homing Deceleration Switch Signal Mapping (/DEC) | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Active when CN1-13 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 1 | Active when CN1-7 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 2 | Active when CN1-8 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 3 | Active when CN1-9 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 4 | Active when CN1-10 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 5 | Active when CN1-11 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 6 | Active when CN1-12 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 7 | Always active. |
| 8 | Always not active. |
| 9 | Active when CN1-13 input signal is OFF (open). |
| A | Active when CN1-7 input signal is OFF (open). |
| B | Active when CN1-8 input signal is OFF (open). |
| C | Active when CN1-9 input signal is OFF (open). |
| D | Active when CN1-10 input signal is OFF (open). |
| E | Active when CN1-11 input signal is OFF (open). |
| F | Active when CN1-12 input signal is OFF (open). |

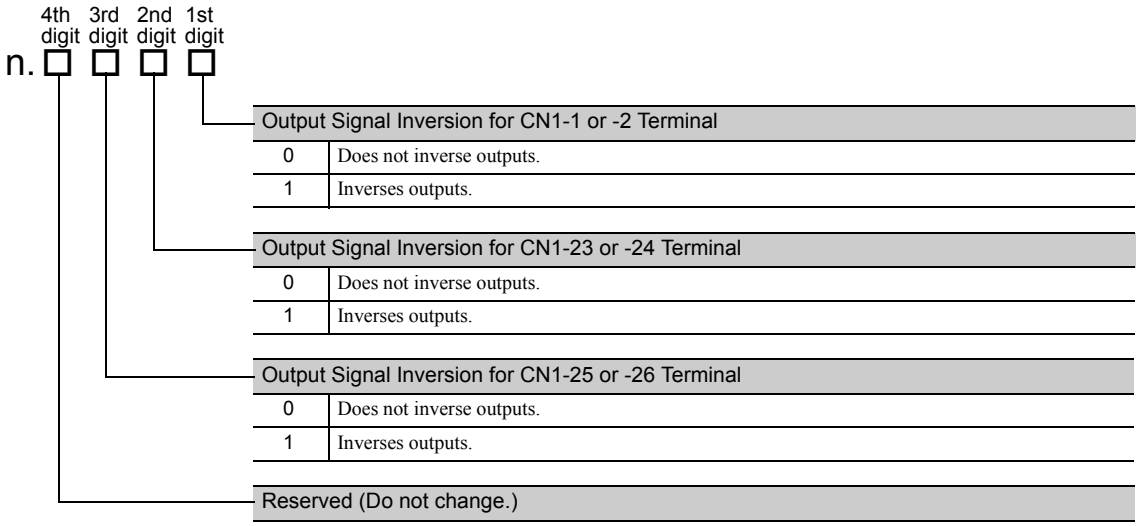
| External Latch Signal Mapping (/EXT1) | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Always not active. |
| 4 | Active when CN1-10 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 5 | Active when CN1-11 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 6 | Active when CN1-12 input signal is ON (closed). |
| 7 to C | Always not active. |
| D | Active when CN1-10 input signal is OFF (open). |
| E | Active when CN1-11 input signal is OFF (open). |
| F | Active when CN1-12 input signal is OFF (open). |

| External Latch 2 Signal Mapping (/EXT2) | |
|---|---|
| 0 to F | Same as /EXT1 signal mapping. |

| External Latch 3 Signal Mapping (/EXT3) | |
|---|---|
| 0 to F | Same as /EXT1 signal mapping. |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn512** | 2 | Output Signal Inverse Setting | 0000 to 0111 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | 3.3.2 |




| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn517** | 2 | Reserved (Do not change.) | – | – | 0000 | – | – | – |
| **Pn51B** | 4 | Excessive Error Level between Servomotor and Load Positions | 0 to 1073741824 | 1 reference unit | 1000 | Immediately | Setup | 8.3.6 |
| **Pn51E** | 2 | Excessive Position Error Warning Level | 10 to 100 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Setup | 9.2.1 |
| **Pn520** | 4 | Excessive Position Error Alarm Level | 1 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | 5242880 | Immediately | Setup | 5.1.4<br>9.1.1 |
| **Pn522** | 4 | Positioning Completed Width | 0 to 1073741824 | 1 reference unit | 7 | Immediately | Setup | 4.8.6 |
| **Pn524** | 4 | NEAR Signal Width | 1 to 1073741824 | 1 reference unit | 1073741824 | Immediately | Setup | 4.8.7 |
| **Pn526** | 4 | Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON | 1 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | 5242880 | Immediately | Setup | 5.1.4 |
| **Pn528** | 2 | Excessive Position Error Warning Level at Servo ON | 10 to 100 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn529** | 2 | Speed Limit Level at Servo ON | 0 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 10000 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn52A** | 2 | Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation | 0 to 100 | 1% | 20 | Immediately | Tuning | 8.3.6 |
| **Pn52B** | 2 | Overload Warning Level | 1 to 100 | 1% | 20 | Immediately | Setup | 4.3.8 |
| **Pn52C** | 2 | Derating of Base Current at Detecting Overload of Motor | 10 to 100 | 1% | 100 | After restart | Setup | |
| **Pn52D** | 2 | Reserved (Do not change.) | – | – | 50 | – | – | – |
| **Pn52F** | 2 | Reserved (Do not change.) | – | – | 0FFF | – | – | – |

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn530** | 2 | Program JOG Operation Related Switch | 0000 to 0005 | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | 6.5 |

n.□□□□ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

Program JOG Operation Switch

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | (Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 |
| 1 | (Waiting time Pn535 → Reverse movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 |
| 2 | (Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536<br>(Waiting time Pn535 → Reverse movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 |
| 3 | (Waiting time Pn535 → Reverse movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536<br>(Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 |
| 4 | (Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531 → Waiting time Pn535 → Reverse movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 |
| 5 | (Waiting time Pn535 → Reverse movement Pn531 → Waiting time Pn535 → Forward movement Pn531) × Number of movements Pn536 |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn531** | 4 | Program JOG Movement Distance | 1 to 1073741824 | 1 reference unit | 32768 | Immediately | Setup | 6.5 |
| **Pn533** | 2 | Program JOG Movement Speed | 1 to 10000 | 1 $min^{-1}$ | 500 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn534** | 2 | Program JOG Acceleration/ Deceleration Time | 2 to 10000 | 1 ms | 100 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn535** | 2 | Program JOG Waiting Time | 0 to 10000 | 1 ms | 100 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn536** | 2 | Number of Times of Program JOG Movement | 0 to 1000 | 1 time | 1 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn550** | 2 | Analog Monitor 1 Offset Voltage | -10000 to 10000 | 0.1 V | 0 | Immediately | Setup | 5.1.3 |
| **Pn551** | 2 | Analog Monitor 2 Offset Voltage | -10000 to 10000 | 0.1 V | 0 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn552** | 2 | Analog Monitor Magnification (×1) | -10000 to 10000 | ×0.01 | 100 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn553** | 2 | Analog Monitor Magnification (×2) | -10000 to 10000 | ×0.01 | 100 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn560** | 2 | Remained Vibration Detection Width | 1 to 3000 | 0.1% | 400 | Immediately | Setup | 5.7.1 |
| **Pn561** | 2 | Overshoot Detection Level | 0 to 100 | 1% | 100 | Immediately | Setup | 5.3.1<br>5.4.1 |
| **Pn600** | 2 | Regenerative Resistor Capacity *3 | Depends on SERVOPACK Capacity *4 | 10 W | 0 | Immediately | Setup | 3.7.2 |
| **Pn601** | 2 | Reserved (Do not change.) | – | – | 0 | – | – | – |
| **Pn621 to Pn628**[*5] | – | Parameters related to the safety module | – | – | – | – | – | – |

∗3. Normally set to 0. If you use an external regenerative resistor, set the capacity (W) of the regenerative resistor.
∗4. The upper limit is the maximum output capacity (W) of the SERVOPACK.
∗5. These parameters are used in SERVOPACKs with safety modules. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series AC Servo Drives User's Manual Safety Module* (Manual No. SIEP C720829 06).

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn800** | 2 | Communications Control | – | – | 0040 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

n.□□□□ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

**MECHATROLINK-II Communications Check Mask (for debug)**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | No mask |
| 1 | Ignores MECHATROLINK communications error (A.E6□). |
| 2 | Ignores WDT error (A.E5□). |
| 3 | Ignores both MECHATROLINK communications error (A.E6□) and WDT error (A.E5□). |

**Warning Check Mask**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | No mask |
| 1 | Ignores data setting warning (A.94□). |
| 2 | Ignores command warning (A.95□). |
| 3 | Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and command warning (A.95□). |
| 4 | Ignores communications warning (A.96□). |
| 5 | Ignores both data setting warning (A.94□) and communications warning (A.96□). |
| 6 | Ignores both command warning (A.95□) and communications warning (A.96□). |
| 7 | Ignores data setting warning (A.94□), command warning (A.95□) and communications warning (A.96□). |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn801** | 2 | Application Function Select 6 (Software LS) | – | – | 0003 | Immediately | Setup | 4.3.3 |

n.□□□□ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

**Software Limit Function**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Enables forward and reverse software limit. |
| 1 | Disables forward software limit. |
| 2 | Disables reverse software limit. |
| 3 | Disables software limit in both directions. |

Reserved (Do not change.)

**Software Limit for Reference**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Disables software limit for reference. |
| 1 | Enables software limit for reference. |

Reserved (Do not change.)

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn803** | 2 | Origin Range | 0 to 250 | 1 reference unit | 10 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

*1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

(cont'd)

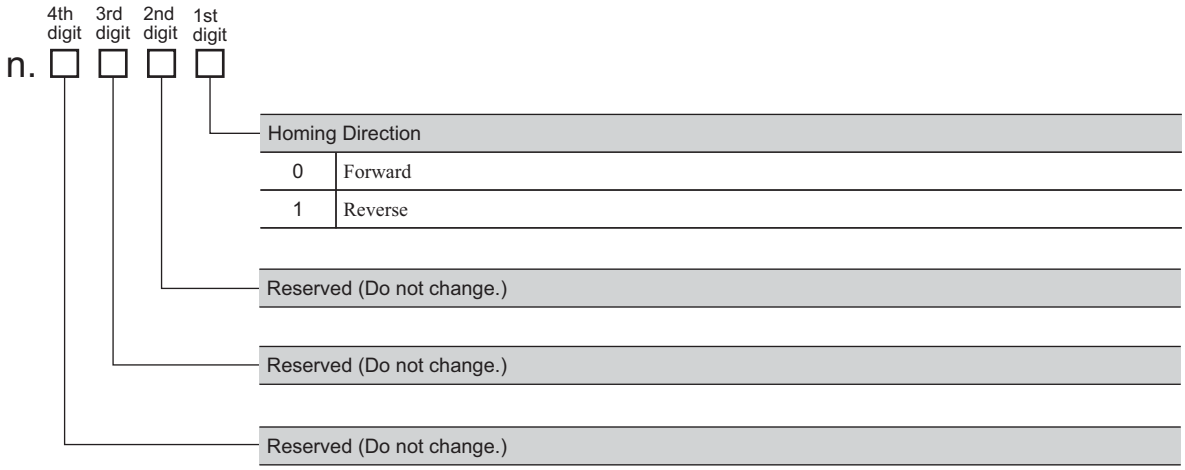
| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn804** | 4 | Forward Software Limit | -1073741823 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | 1073741823 | Immediately | Setup | 4.3.3 |
| **Pn806** | 4 | Reverse Software Limit | -1073741823 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | -1073741823 | Immediately | Setup | |
| **Pn808** | 4 | Absolute Encoder Origin Offset | -1073741823 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | 0 | Immediately*6 | Setup | 4.7.8 |
| **Pn80A** | 2 | 1st Linear Acceleration Constant | 1 to 65535 | 10000 reference unit/s$^2$ | 100 | Immediately*7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn80B** | 2 | 2nd Linear Acceleration Constant | 1 to 65535 | 10000 reference unit/s$^2$ | 100 | Immediately*7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn80C** | 2 | Acceleration Constant Switching Speed | 0 to 65535 | 100 reference unit/s | 0 | Immediately*7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn80D** | 2 | 1st Linear Deceleration Constant | 1 to 65535 | 10000 reference unit/s$^2$ | 100 | Immediately*7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn80E** | 2 | 2nd Linear Deceleration Constant | 1 to 65535 | 10000 reference unit/s$^2$ | 100 | Immediately*7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn80F** | 2 | Deceleration Constant Switching Speed | 0 to 65535 | 100 reference unit/s | 0 | Immediately*7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn810** | 2 | Exponential Function Acceleration/Deceleration Bias | 0 to 65535 | 100 reference unit/s | 0 | Immediately*8 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn811** | 2 | Exponential Function Acceleration/Deceleration Time Constant | 0 to 5100 | 0.1 ms | 0 | Immediately*8 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn812** | 2 | Movement Average Time | 0 to 5100 | 0.1 ms | 0 | Immediately*8 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn814** | 4 | Final Travel Distance for External Positioning | -1073741823 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | 100 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

∗1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).
∗6. Enabled after the SENS_ON command is input.
∗7. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.
∗8. The value is updated only when the reference is stopped (DEN = 1).

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn816** | 2 | Homing Mode Setting | – | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn817**[*9] | 2 | Homing Approach Speed 1 | 0 to 65535 | 100 reference unit/s | 50 | Immediately[*7] | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn818**[*10] | 2 | Homing Approach Speed 2 | 0 to 65535 | 100 reference unit/s | 5 | Immediately[*7] | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn819** | 4 | Final Travel Distance for Homing | -1073741823 to 1073741823 | 1 reference unit | 100 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

**Pn816**




∗1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

∗7. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

∗9. The set value of Pn842 is valid when the set value of Pn817 is 0. Software version 0023 or higher is required to use Pn842.

∗10. The set value of Pn844 is valid when the set value of Pn818 is 0. Software version 0023 or higher is required to use Pn844.

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn81E** | 2 | Input Signal Monitor Selection | – | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

**IO12 Signal Mapping**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | No mapping |
| 1 | Monitors CN1-13 input terminal. |
| 2 | Monitors CN1-7 input terminal. |
| 3 | Monitors CN1-8 input terminal. |
| 4 | Monitors CN1-9 input terminal. |
| 5 | Monitors CN1-10 input terminal. |
| 6 | Monitors CN1-11 input terminal. |
| 7 | Monitors CN1-12 input terminal. |

**IO13 Signal Mapping**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 7 | Same as IO12 signal mapping. |

**IO14 Signal Mapping**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 7 | Same as IO12 signal mapping. |

**IO15 Signal Mapping**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 7 | Same as IO12 signal mapping. |

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn81F** | 2 | Command Data Allocation | – | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | *1 |

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

**Option Field Allocation**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Disables OPTION bit allocation. |
| 1 | Enables OPTION bit allocation. |

**Position Control Command TFF/TLIM Function Allocation**

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Disables allocation. |
| 1 | Enables allocation. |

Reserved (Do not change.)

Reserved (Do not change.)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn820** | 4 | Forward Latching Allowable Area | -2147483648 to 2147483647 | 1 reference unit | 0 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn822** | 4 | Reverse Latching Allowable Area | -2147483648 to 2147483647 | 1 reference unit | 0 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

*1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

(cont'd)

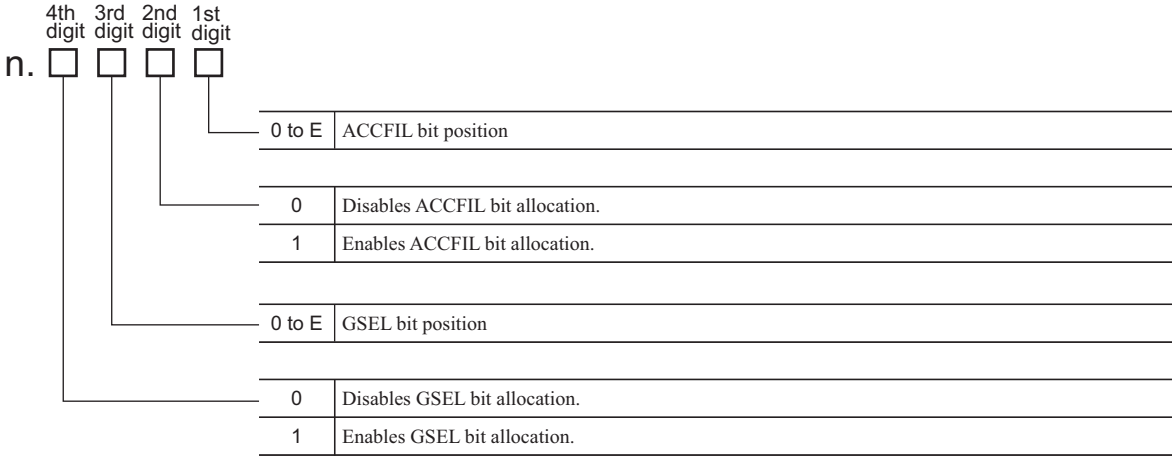
| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn824** | 2 | Option Monitor 1 Selection | – | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |
| | | 0000H: Motor rotating speed [1000000H/overspeed detection position] | | | | | | |
| | | 0001H: Speed reference [1000000H/overspeed detection position] | | | | | | |
| | | 0002H: Torque [1000000H/max. torque] | | | | | | |
| | | 0003H: Position error (lower 32 bits) [reference unit] | | | | | | |
| | | 0004H: Position error (upper 32 bits) [reference unit] | | | | | | |
| | | 000AH: Encoder count (lower 32 bits) [reference unit] | | | | | | |
| | | 000BH: Encoder count (upper 32 bits) [reference unit] | | | | | | |
| | | 000CH: FPG count (lower 32 bits) [reference unit] | | | | | | |
| | | 000DH: FPG count (upper 32 bits) [reference unit] | | | | | | |
| | | 0010H: Un000: Motor rotating speed [$min^{-1}$] | | | | | | |
| | | 0011H: Un001: Speed reference [$min^{-1}$] | | | | | | |
| | | 0012H: Un002: Torque reference [%] | | | | | | |
| | | 0013H: Un003: Rotational angle 1 (encoder pulses from the phase-C origin: decimal display) | | | | | | |
| | | 0014H: Un004: Rotational angle 2 [deg] | | | | | | |
| | | 0015H: Un005: Input signal monitor | | | | | | |
| | | 0016H: Un006: Output signal monitor | | | | | | |
| | | 0017H: Un007: Input position reference speed [$min^{-1}$] | | | | | | |
| | | 0018H: Un008: Position error [reference unit] | | | | | | |
| | | 0019H: Un009: Accumulated load ratio [%] | | | | | | |
| | | 001AH: Un00A: Regenerative load ratio [%] | | | | | | |
| | | 001BH: Un00B: DB resistance consumption power [%] | | | | | | |
| | | 001CH: Un00C: Input reference counter [reference unit] | | | | | | |
| | | 001DH: Un00D: Feedback pulse counter [encoder pulse] | | | | | | |
| | | 001EH: Un00E: Fully-closed loop feedback pulse counter [external encoder resolution] | | | | | | |
| | | 0023H: Primary multi-turn data [Rev] | | | | | | |
| | | 0024H: Primary incremental data [pulse] | | | | | | |
| | | 0027H: Un022: Installation environment monitor [%] | | | | | | |
| | | 0080H: Previous value of latched feedback position (LPOS) [encoder pulse] | | | | | | |
| **Pn825** | 2 | Option Monitor 2 Selection | – | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |
| | | 0000H to 0080H: Same as Option Monitor 1 Selection. | | | | | | |
| **Pn827** | 2 | Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for Stopping | 1 to 65535 | 10000 reference unit/$s^2$ | 100 | Immediately*7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn829** | 2 | SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop) | 0 to 65535 | 10 ms | 0 | Immediately*7 | Setup | *1 |

*1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

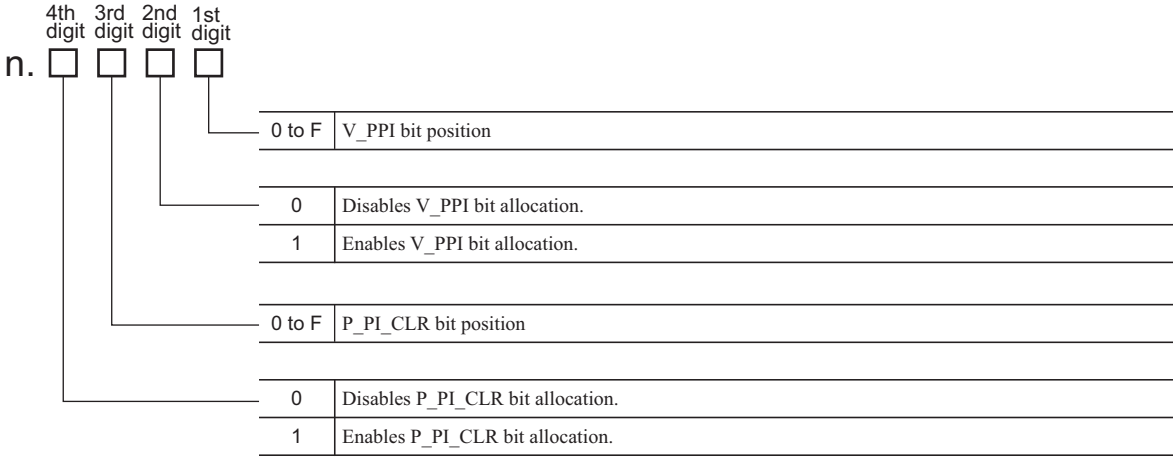
*7. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

(cont'd)

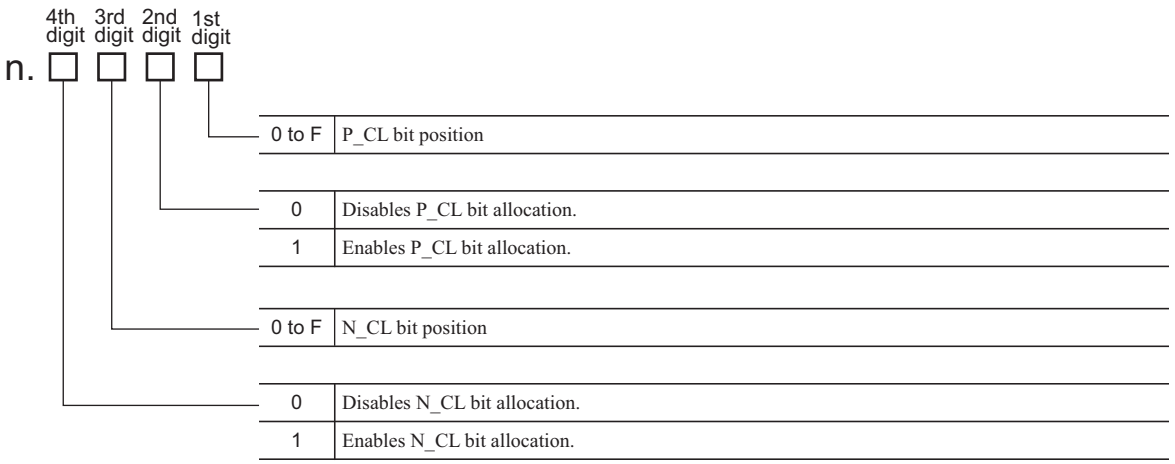
| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn82A** | 2 | Option Field Allocation 1 | 0000 to 1E1E | – | 1813 | After restart | Setup | *1 |




| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn82B** | 2 | Option Field Allocation 2 | 0000 to 1F1F | – | 1D1C | After restart | Setup | *1 |



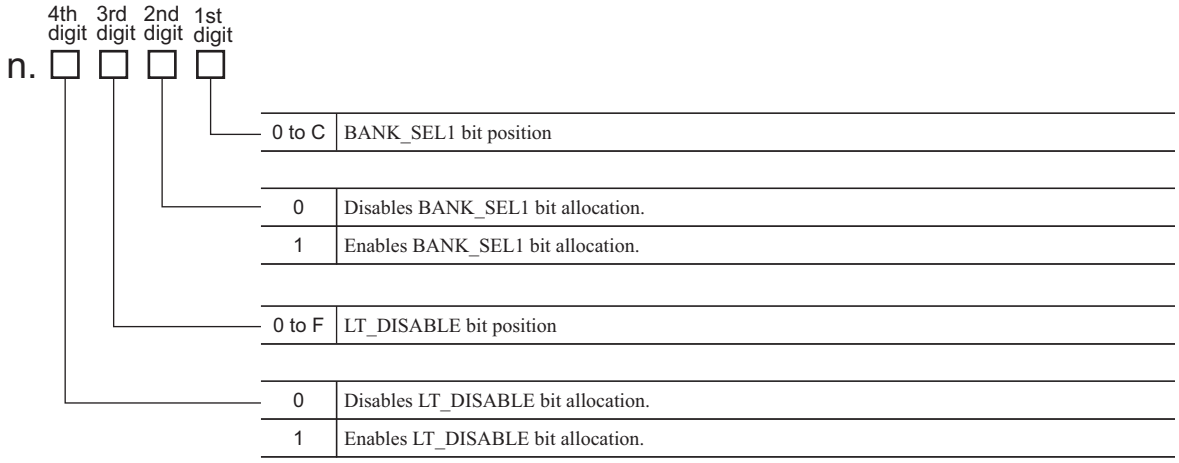

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn82C** | 2 | Option Field Allocation 3 | 0000 to 1F1F | – | 1F1E | After restart | Setup | *1 |



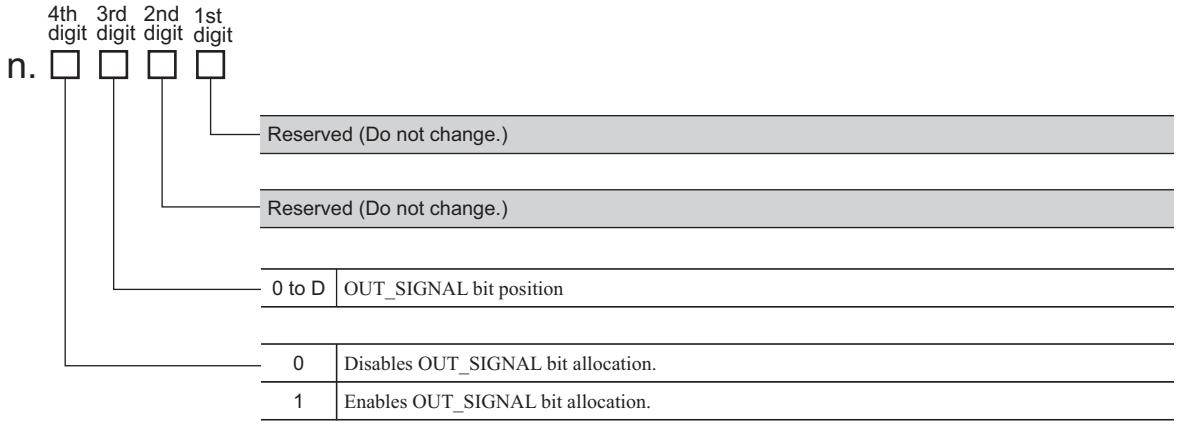

∗1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

(cont'd)

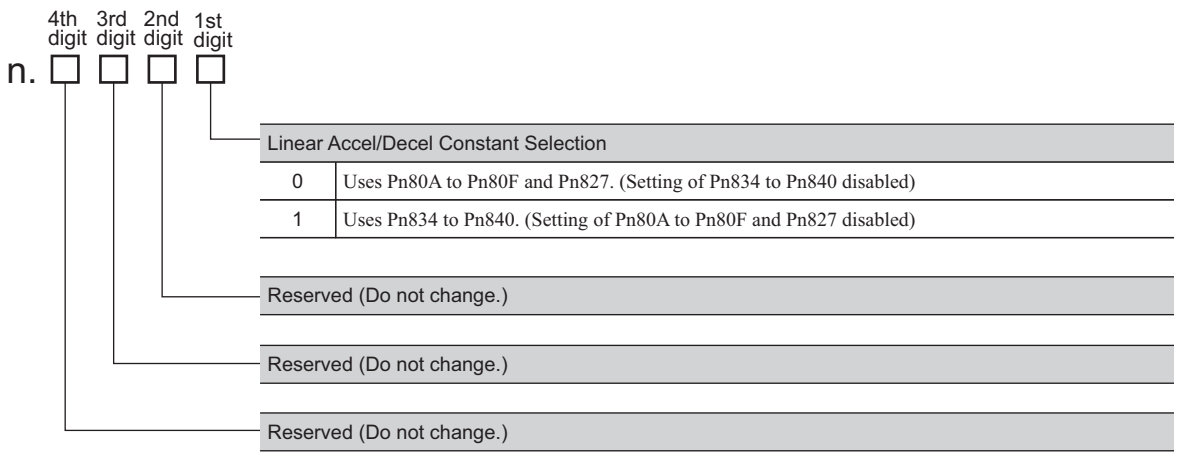
| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn82D** | 2 | Option Field Allocation 4 | 0000 to 1F1C | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | *1 |




| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn82E** | 2 | Option Field Allocation 5 | 0000 to 1D1F | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | *1 |




| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn833** | 2 | Motion Setting | 0000 to 0001 | – | 0000 | After restart | Setup | *1 |




| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn834** | 4 | 1st Linear Acceleration Constant 2 | 1 to 20971520 | 10000 reference unit/s$^2$ | 100 | Immediately *7 | Setup | *1 |

*1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

*7. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn836** | 4 | 2nd Linear Acceleration Constant 2 | 1 to 20971520 | 10000 reference unit/s | 100 | Immediately *7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn838** | 4 | Acceleration Constant Switching Speed 2 | 0 to 2097152000 | 1 reference unit/s | 0 | Immediately *7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn83A** | 4 | 1st Linear Deceleration Constant 2 | 1 to 20971520 | 10000 reference unit/s$^2$ | 100 | Immediately *7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn83C** | 4 | 2nd Linear Deceleration Constant 2 | 1 to 20971520 | 10000 reference unit/s$^2$ | 100 | Immediately *7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn83E** | 4 | Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 2 | 0 to 2097152000 | 1 reference unit/s | 0 | Immediately *7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn840** | 4 | Linear Deceleration Constant 2 for Stopping | 1 to 20971520 | 10000 reference unit/s$^2$ | 100 | Immediately *7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn842**[*9] | 4 | Homing Approach Speed 12 | 0 to 20971520 | 100 reference unit/s | 0 | Immediately *7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn844**[*10] | 4 | Homing Approach Speed 22 | 0 to 20971520 | 100 reference unit/s | 0 | Immediately *7 | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn850** | 2 | Latch Sequence Number | 0 to 8 | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn851** | 2 | Continuous Latch Count | 0 to 255 | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

∗1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

∗7. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

∗9. The set value of Pn842 is valid when the set value of Pn817 is 0. Software version 0023 or higher is required to use Pn842.

∗10. The set value of Pn844 is valid when the set value of Pn818 is 0. Software version 0023 or higher is required to use Pn844.

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn852** | 2 | Latch Sequence Signal 1 to 4 Setting | 0000 to 3333 | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

Latch sequence 1 signal selection.

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Phase C |
| 1 | EXT1 signal |
| 2 | EXT2 signal |
| 3 | EXT3 signal |

Latch sequence 2 signal selection.

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as latch sequence 1 signal selection. |

Latch sequence 3 signal selection.

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as latch sequence 1 signal selection. |

Latch sequence 4 signal selection.

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as latch sequence 1 signal selection. |

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn853** | 2 | Latch Sequence Signal 5 to 8 Setting | 0000 to 3333 | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

n. □ □ □ □ (4th digit, 3rd digit, 2nd digit, 1st digit)

Latch sequence 5 signal selection

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 | Phase C |
| 1 | EXT1 signal |
| 2 | EXT2 signal |
| 3 | EXT3 signal |

Latch sequence 6 signal selection.

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as latch sequence 5 signal selection. |

Latch sequence 7 signal selection.

| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as latch sequence 5 signal selection. |

Latch sequence 8 signal selection.

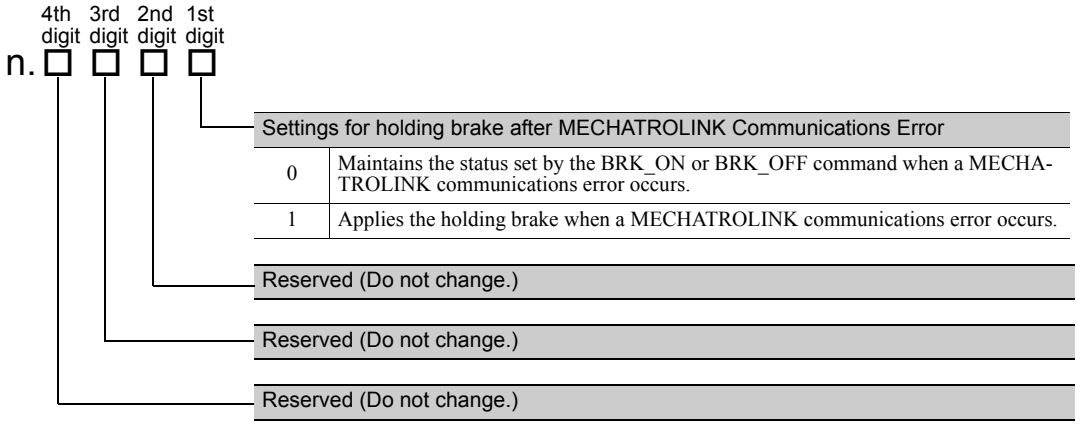
| | |
|---|---|
| 0 to 3 | Same as latch sequence 5 signal selection. |

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn880** | 2 | Station Address Monitor (for maintenance, read only) | 40 to 5FH | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | – |
| **Pn881** | 2 | Setting Transmission Byte Monitor [byte] (for maintenance, read only) | 17, 32 | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | – |

*1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

(cont'd)

| Parameter No. | Size | Name | Setting Range | Units | Factory Setting | When Enabled | Classification | Reference Section |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn882** | 2 | Transmission Cycle Setting Monitor [0.25 µs] (for maintenance, read only) | 0 to FFFFH | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | – |
| **Pn883** | 2 | Communications Cycle Setting Monitor [x transmission cycle] (for maintenance, read only) | 0 to 32 | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | – |
| **Pn884** | 2 | Communications Controls 2 | 0000 or 0001 | – | 0000 | Immediately | Setup | – |




| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn88A** | 2 | MECHATROLINK Receive Error Counter Monitor (for maintenance, read only) | 0 to 65535 | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | – |
| **Pn890 to Pn89E** | 4 | Command Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only) | 0 to FFFFFFFFH | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn8A0 to Pn8AE** | 4 | Response Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only) | 0 to FFFFFFFFH | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn900** | 2 | Parameter Bank Number | 0 to 16 | – | 0 | After restart | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn901** | 2 | Parameter Bank Member Number | 0 to 15 | – | 0 | After restart | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn902 to Pn910** | 2 | Parameter Bank Member Definition | 0000H to 08FFH | – | 0 | After restart | Setup | *1 |
| **Pn920 to Pn95F** | 2 | Parameter Bank Data (nonvolatile memory save disabled) | 0000H to FFFFH | – | 0 | Immediately | Setup | *1 |

*1. For details, refer to the *Σ-V Series/DC Power Input Σ-V Series/Σ-V Series for Large-Capacity Models User's Manual MECHATROLINK-II Commands* (Manual No.: SIEP S800000 54).

# 10.2 Parameter Recording Table

Use the following table for recording parameters.

| Parameter | Factory Setting | | | | | | Name | When Enabled |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn000** | 0000 | | | | | | Basic Function Select Switch 0 | After restart |
| **Pn001** | 0000 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch 1 | After restart |
| **Pn002** | 0000 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch 2 | After restart |
| **Pn006** | 0002 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch 6 | Immediately |
| **Pn007** | 0000 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch 7 | Immediately |
| **Pn008** | 4000 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch 8 | After restart |
| **Pn009** | 0010 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch 9 | After restart |
| **Pn00B** | 0000 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch B | After restart |
| **Pn00C** | 0000 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch C | After restart |
| **Pn00D** | 0000 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch D | Immediately |
| **Pn081** | 0000 | | | | | | Application Function Select Switch 81 | After restart |
| **Pn100** | 400 | | | | | | Speed Loop Gain | Immediately |
| **Pn101** | 2000 | | | | | | Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | Immediately |
| **Pn102** | 400 | | | | | | Position Loop Gain | Immediately |
| **Pn103** | 100 | | | | | | Moment of Inertia Ratio | Immediately |
| **Pn104** | 400 | | | | | | 2nd Speed Loop Gain | Immediately |
| **Pn105** | 2000 | | | | | | 2nd Speed Loop Integral Time Constant | Immediately |
| **Pn106** | 400 | | | | | | 2nd Position Loop Gain | Immediately |
| **Pn109** | 0 | | | | | | Feedforward Gain | Immediately |
| **Pn10A** | 0 | | | | | | Feedforward Filter Time Constant | Immediately |
| **Pn10B** | 0000 | | | | | | Application Function for Gain Select Switch | *1 |
| **Pn10C** | 200 | | | | | | Mode Switch (torque reference) | Immediately |
| **Pn10D** | 0 | | | | | | Mode Switch (speed reference) | Immediately |
| **Pn10E** | 0 | | | | | | Mode Switch (acceleration) | Immediately |
| **Pn10F** | 0 | | | | | | Mode Switch (position error) | Immediately |
| **Pn11F** | 0 | | | | | | Position Integral Time Constant | Immediately |
| **Pn121** | 100 | | | | | | Friction Compensation Gain | Immediately |
| **Pn122** | 100 | | | | | | 2nd Gain for Friction Compensation | Immediately |
| **Pn123** | 0 | | | | | | Friction Compensation Coefficient | Immediately |
| **Pn124** | 0 | | | | | | Friction Compensation Frequency Correction | Immediately |
| **Pn125** | 100 | | | | | | Friction Compensation Gain Correction | Immediately |
| **Pn131** | 0 | | | | | | Gain Switching Time 1 | Immediately |
| **Pn132** | 0 | | | | | | Gain Switching Time 2 | Immediately |
| **Pn135** | 0 | | | | | | Gain Switching Waiting Time 1 | Immediately |
| **Pn136** | 0 | | | | | | Gain Switching Waiting Time 2 | Immediately |
| **Pn139** | 0000 | | | | | | Automatic Gain Changeover Related Switch 1 | Immediately |
| **Pn13D** | 2000 | | | | | | Current Gain Level | Immediately |

*1. Changes are enabled at different times depending on the digit. For details, refer to *10.1 List of Parameters*.

(cont'd)

| Parameter | Factory Setting | | | | | | Name | When Enabled |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn140** | 0100 | | | | | | Model Following Control Related Switch | Immediately |
| **Pn141** | 500 | | | | | | Model Following Control Gain | Immediately |
| **Pn142** | 1000 | | | | | | Model Following Control Gain Compensation | Immediately |
| **Pn143** | 1000 | | | | | | Model Following Control Bias (Forward Direction) | Immediately |
| **Pn144** | 1000 | | | | | | Model Following Control Bias (Reverse Direction) | Immediately |
| **Pn145** | 500 | | | | | | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency A | Immediately |
| **Pn146** | 700 | | | | | | Vibration Suppression 1 Frequency B | Immediately |
| **Pn147** | 1000 | | | | | | Model Following Control Speed Feedforward Compensation | Immediately |
| **Pn148** | 500 | | | | | | 2nd Model Following Control Gain | Immediately |
| **Pn149** | 1000 | | | | | | 2nd Model Following Control Gain Compensation | Immediately |
| **Pn14A** | 800 | | | | | | Vibration Suppression 2 Frequency | Immediately |
| **Pn14B** | 100 | | | | | | Vibration Suppression 2 Compensation | Immediately |
| **Pn14F** | 0011 | | | | | | Control Related Switch | After restart |
| **Pn160** | 0010 | | | | | | Anti-Resonance Control Related Switch | Immediately |
| **Pn161** | 1000 | | | | | | Anti-Resonance Frequency | Immediately |
| **Pn162** | 100 | | | | | | Anti-Resonance Gain Compensation | Immediately |
| **Pn163** | 0 | | | | | | Anti-Resonance Damping Gain | Immediately |
| **Pn164** | 0 | | | | | | Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 1 Compensation | Immediately |
| **Pn165** | 0 | | | | | | Anti-Resonance Filter Time Constant 2 Compensation | Immediately |
| **Pn170** | 1401 | | | | | | Tuning-less Function Related Switch | *1 |
| **Pn205** | 65535 | | | | | | Multiturn Limit Setting | After restart |
| **Pn207** | 0010 | | | | | | Position Control Function Switch | After restart |
| **Pn20A** | 32768 | | | | | | Number of External Scale Pitch | After restart |
| **Pn20E** | 4 | | | | | | Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator) | After restart |
| **Pn210** | 1 | | | | | | Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator) | After restart |
| **Pn212** | 2048 | | | | | | Encoder Output Pulses | After restart |
| **Pn22A** | 0000 | | | | | | Fully-closed Control Selection Switch | After restart |
| **Pn230** | 0000 | | | | | | Position Control Expanded Function Switch | After reset |
| **Pn231** | 0 | | | | | | Backlash Compensation Value | Immediately |
| **Pn233** | 0 | | | | | | Backlash Compensation Time Constant | Immediately |
| **Pn281** | 20 | | | | | | Encoder Output Resolution | After restart |
| **Pn304** | 500 | | | | | | JOG Speed | Immediately |
| **Pn305** | 0 | | | | | | Soft Start Acceleration Time | Immediately |
| **Pn306** | 0 | | | | | | Soft Start Deceleration Time | Immediately |
| **Pn310** | 0000 | | | | | | Vibration Detection Switch | Immediately |

*1. Changes are enabled at different times depending on the digit. For details, refer to *10.1 List of Parameters*.

(cont'd)

| Parameter | Factory Setting | | | | | | Name | When Enabled |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn311** | 100 | | | | | | Vibration Detection Sensibility | Immediately |
| **Pn312** | 50 | | | | | | Vibration Detection Level | Immediately |
| **Pn324** | 300 | | | | | | Moment of Inertia Calculating Start Level | Immediately |
| **Pn401** | 100 | | | | | | Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | Immediately |
| **Pn402** | 800 | | | | | | Forward Torque Limit | Immediately |
| **Pn403** | 800 | | | | | | Reverse Torque Limit | Immediately |
| **Pn404** | 100 | | | | | | Forward External Torque Limit | Immediately |
| **Pn405** | 100 | | | | | | Reverse External Torque Limit | Immediately |
| **Pn406** | 800 | | | | | | Emergency Stop Torque | Immediately |
| **Pn407** | 10000 | | | | | | Speed Limit during Torque Control | Immediately |
| **Pn408** | 0000 | | | | | | Torque Related Function Switch | *1 |
| **Pn409** | 5000 | | | | | | 1st Notch Filter Frequency | Immediately |
| **Pn40A** | 70 | | | | | | 1st Notch Filter Q Value | Immediately |
| **Pn40B** | 0 | | | | | | 1st Notch Filter Depth | Immediately |
| **Pn40C** | 5000 | | | | | | 2nd Notch Filter Frequency | Immediately |
| **Pn40D** | 70 | | | | | | 2nd Notch Filter Q Value | Immediately |
| **Pn40E** | 0 | | | | | | 2nd Notch Filter Depth | Immediately |
| **Pn40F** | 5000 | | | | | | 2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Frequency | Immediately |
| **Pn410** | 50 | | | | | | 2nd Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Q Value | Immediately |
| **Pn412** | 100 | | | | | | 1st Step 2nd Torque Reference Filter Time Constant | Immediately |
| **Pn415** | 0 | | | | | | Reserved | – |
| **Pn423** | 0 | | | | | | Reserved | – |
| **Pn424** | 50 | | | | | | Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop | Immediately |
| **Pn425** | 100 | | | | | | Release Time for Torque Limit at Main Circuit Voltage Drop | Immediately |
| **Pn456** | 15 | | | | | | Sweep Torque Reference Amplitude | Immediately |
| **Pn460** | 0101 | | | | | | Notch Filter Adjustment Switch | Immediately |
| **Pn501** | 10 | | | | | | Zero Clamp Level | Immediately |
| **Pn502** | 20 | | | | | | Rotation Detection Level | Immediately |
| **Pn503** | 10 | | | | | | Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width | Immediately |

*1. Changes are enabled at different times depending on the digit. For details, refer to *10.1 List of Parameters*.

(cont'd)

| Parameter | Factory Setting | | | | | | Name | When Enabled |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn506** | 0 | | | | | | Brake Reference - Servo OFF Delay Time | Immediately |
| **Pn507** | 100 | | | | | | Brake Reference Output Speed Level | Immediately |
| **Pn508** | 50 | | | | | | Waiting Time for Brake Signal When Motor Running | Immediately |
| **Pn509** | 20 | | | | | | Instantaneous Power Cut Hold Time | Immediately |
| **Pn50A** | 1881 | | | | | | Input Signal Selection 1 | After restart |
| **Pn50B** | 8882 | | | | | | Input Signal Selection 2 | After restart |
| **Pn50E** | 0000 | | | | | | Output Signal Selection 1 | After restart |
| **Pn50F** | 0100 | | | | | | Output Signal Selection 2 | After restart |
| **Pn510** | 0000 | | | | | | Output Signal Selection 3 | After restart |
| **Pn511** | 6543 | | | | | | Input Signal Selection 5 | After restart |
| **Pn512** | 0000 | | | | | | Output Signal Inverse Setting | After restart |
| **Pn517** | 0000 | | | | | | Reserved | – |
| **Pn51B** | 1000 | | | | | | Excessive Error Level Between Servomotor and Load Positions | Immediately |
| **Pn51E** | 100 | | | | | | Excessive Position Error Warning Level | Immediately |
| **Pn520** | 5242880 | | | | | | Excessive Position Error Alarm Level | Immediately |
| **Pn522** | 7 | | | | | | Positioning Completed Width | Immediately |
| **Pn524** | 1073741824 | | | | | | NEAR Signal Width | Immediately |
| **Pn526** | 5242880 | | | | | | Excessive Position Error Alarm Level at Servo ON | Immediately |
| **Pn528** | 100 | | | | | | Excessive Position Error Warning Level at Servo ON | Immediately |
| **Pn529** | 10000 | | | | | | Speed Limit Level at Servo ON | Immediately |
| **Pn52A** | 20 | | | | | | Multiplier per One Fully-closed Rotation | Immediately |
| **Pn52B** | 20 | | | | | | Overload Warning Level | Immediately |
| **Pn52C** | 100 | | | | | | Derating of Base Current at Detecting Overload of Motor | After restart |
| **Pn52D** | 50 | | | | | | Reserved | – |
| **Pn52F** | 0FFF | | | | | | Reserved | – |
| **Pn530** | 0000 | | | | | | Program JOG Operation Related Switch | Immediately |
| **Pn531** | 32768 | | | | | | Program JOG Movement Distance | Immediately |
| **Pn533** | 500 | | | | | | Program JOG Movement Speed | Immediately |
| **Pn534** | 100 | | | | | | Program JOG Acceleration/Deceleration Time | Immediately |
| **Pn535** | 100 | | | | | | Program JOG Waiting Time | Immediately |
| **Pn536** | 1 | | | | | | Number of Times of Program JOG Movement | Immediately |
| **Pn550** | 0 | | | | | | Analog Monitor 1 Offset Voltage | Immediately |
| **Pn551** | 0 | | | | | | Analog Monitor 2 Offset Voltage | Immediately |
| **Pn552** | 100 | | | | | | Analog Monitor Magnification (×1) | Immediately |
| **Pn553** | 100 | | | | | | Analog Monitor Magnification (×2) | Immediately |
| **Pn560** | 400 | | | | | | Remained Vibration Detection Width | Immediately |
| **Pn561** | 100 | | | | | | Overshoot Detection Level | Immediately |

(cont'd)

| Parameter | Factory Setting | | | | | | Name | When Enabled |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn600** | 0 | | | | | | Regenerative Resistor Capacity | Immediately |
| **Pn601** | 0 | | | | | | Reserved | – |
| **Pn800** | 0040 | | | | | | Communications Control | Immediately |
| **Pn801** | 0003 | | | | | | Application Function Select 6 (Software LS) | Immediately |
| **Pn803** | 10 | | | | | | Origin Range | Immediately |
| **Pn804** | 1073741823 | | | | | | Forward Software Limit | Immediately |
| **Pn806** | -1073741823 | | | | | | Reverse Software Limit | Immediately |
| **Pn808** | 0 | | | | | | Absolute Encoder Origin Offset | Immediately *2 |
| **Pn80A** | 100 | | | | | | 1st Linear Acceleration Constant | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn80B** | 100 | | | | | | 2nd Linear Acceleration Constant | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn80C** | 0 | | | | | | Acceleration Constant Switching Speed | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn80D** | 100 | | | | | | 1st Linear Deceleration Constant | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn80E** | 100 | | | | | | 2nd Linear Deceleration Constant | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn80F** | 0 | | | | | | Deceleration Constant Switching Speed | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn810** | 0 | | | | | | Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Bias | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn811** | 0 | | | | | | Exponential Function Acceleration/ Deceleration Time Constant | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn812** | 0 | | | | | | Movement Average Time | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn814** | 100 | | | | | | Final Travel Distance for External Positioning | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn816** | 0000 | | | | | | Homing Mode Setting | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn817** | 50 | | | | | | Homing Approach Speed 1 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn818** | 5 | | | | | | Homing Approach Speed 2 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn819** | 100 | | | | | | Final Travel Distance for Homing | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn81E** | 0000 | | | | | | Input Signal Monitor Selection | Immediately |
| **Pn81F** | 0000 | | | | | | Command Data Allocation | After restart |
| **Pn820** | 0 | | | | | | Forward Latching Allowable Area | Immediately |
| **Pn822** | 0 | | | | | | Reverse Latching Allowable Area | Immediately |
| **Pn824** | 0000 | | | | | | Option Monitor 1 Selection | Immediately |
| **Pn825** | 0000 | | | | | | Option Monitor 2 Selection | Immediately |
| **Pn827** | 100 | | | | | | Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for Stopping | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn829** | 0 | | | | | | SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at deceleration to stop) | Immediately |

*2. Enabled after the SENS_ON is entered.
*3. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

(cont'd)

| Parameter | Factory Setting | | | | | | Name | When Enabled |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn82A** | 1813 | | | | | | Option Field Allocation 1 | After restart |
| **Pn82B** | 1D1C | | | | | | Option Field Allocation 2 | After restart |
| **Pn82C** | 1F1E | | | | | | Option Field Allocation 3 | After restart |
| **Pn82D** | 0000 | | | | | | Option Field Allocation 4 | After restart |
| **Pn82E** | 0000 | | | | | | Option Field Allocation 5 | After restart |
| **Pn833** | 0000 | | | | | | Motion Setting | After restart |
| **Pn834** | 100 | | | | | | 1st Linear Acceleration Constant 2 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn836** | 100 | | | | | | 2nd Linear Acceleration Constant 2 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn838** | 0 | | | | | | Acceleration Constant Switching Speed 2 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn83A** | 100 | | | | | | 1st Linear Deceleration Constant 2 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn83C** | 100 | | | | | | 2nd Linear Deceleration Constant 2 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn83E** | 0 | | | | | | Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 2 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn840** | 100 | | | | | | Linear Deceleration Constant 2 for Stopping | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn842** | 0 | | | | | | Homing Approach Speed 12 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn844** | 0 | | | | | | Homing ApproachCreep Speed 22 | Immediately *3 |
| **Pn850** | 0 | | | | | | Latch Sequence Number | Immediately |
| **Pn851** | 0 | | | | | | Continuous Latch Count | Immediately |
| **Pn852** | 0000 | | | | | | Latch Sequence Signal 1 to 4 Setting | Immediately |
| **Pn853** | 0000 | | | | | | Latch Sequence Signal 5 to 8 Setting | Immediately |
| **Pn880** | 0 | | | | | | Station Address Monitor (for maintenance, read only) | Immediately |
| **Pn881** | 0 | | | | | | Setting Transmission Byte Monitor [byte] (for maintenance, read only) | Immediately |
| **Pn882** | 0 | | | | | | Transmission Cycle Setting Monitor [0.25 μs] (for maintenance, read only) | Immediately |
| **Pn883** | 0 | | | | | | Communications Cycle Setting Monitor [x transmission cycle] (for maintenance, read only) | Immediately |
| **Pn884** | 0000 | | | | | | Communications Control 2 | Immediately |
| **Pn88A** | 0 | | | | | | MECHATROLINK Receive Error Counter Monitor (for maintenance, read only) | Immediately |
| **Pn890 to Pn89E** | 0 | | | | | | Command Data Monitor at Alarm/ Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only) | Immediately |
| **Pn8A0 to Pn8AE** | 0 | | | | | | Response Data Monitor at Alarm/ Warning Occurs (for maintenance, read only) | Immediately |
| **Pn900** | 0 | | | | | | Parameter Bank Number | After restart |
| **Pn901** | 0 | | | | | | Parameter Bank Member Number | After restart |

*3. Change the setting when the reference is stopped (DEN is set to 1), because the change will affect the output during operation.

(cont'd)

| Parameter | Factory Setting | | | | | | Name | When Enabled |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Pn902 to Pn910** | 0 | | | | | | Parameter Bank Member Definition | After restart |
| **Pn920 to Pn95F** | 0 | | | | | | Parameter Bank Data (nonvolatile memory save disabled) | Immediately |

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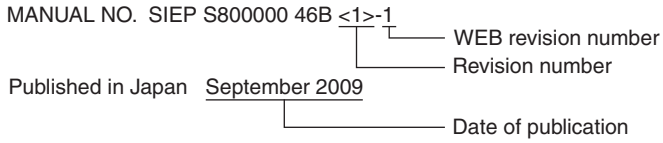
## Revision History

The revision dates and numbers of the revised manuals are given on the bottom of the back cover.




| Date of Publication | Rev. No. | WEB Rev. No. | Section | Revised Content |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May 2016 | <15> | 0 | – | Based on Japanese user's manual, SIJP S800000 46M <21> printed in December 2015. |
| | | | All chapters | Completely revised |
| December 2015 | <14> | 0 | Back cover | Revision: Address |
| July 2015 | <13> | 0 | Front cover, back cover | Revision: Format |
| December 2014 | <12> | 0 | Back cover | Revision: Address |
| September 2014 | <11> | 0 | 8.1.3 (2) | Revision: Description of analog signal input timing |
| July 2014 | <10> | 0 | 4.9.5 | Addition: Information on types of safety function's jumper connectors |
| | | | 5.1.3 | Revision: Output unit when using an SGMCS direct drive servomotor |
| | | | 8.1.4, 8.3.5 | Addition: External encoder by Heidenhain (models: LIC4100-series models) |
| | | | 9.1.1, 9.1.2 | Addition: A.F50 |
| | | | 10.1.2, 10.3 | Addition: Pn884 |
| July 2013 | <9> | 0 | Preface, 1.3.2 | Revision: Description of Harmonized Standards<br>EN 55011 /A2 changed to EN 55011 |
| | | | Back cover | Revision: Address |
| May 2013 | <8> | 0 | Back cover | Revision: Address |
| November 2012 | <7> | 0 | Back cover | Revision: Address |
| February 2012 | <6> | 0 | – | Based on Japanese user's manual, SIJP S800000 46I <14> printed in August 2011. |
| | | | All chapters | Completely revised |
| | | | Back cover | Revision: Address |
| September 2011 | <5> | 0 | – | Based on Japanese user's manual, SIJP S800000 46H <13> printed in March 2011. |
| | | | All chapters | Completely revised |
| April 2011 | <4> | 0 | 1.4.4, 1.4.5, 1.5.2, 7.1, 10.1.2, 10.2 | Addition: Description of SGDV-□□□□□□B SERVOPACKs |
| | | | 8.3.5 | Addition: External encoder made by Mitutoyo<br>ST788A/ST788AL<br>ST789A/ST789AL |
| November 2010 | <3> | 0 | – | Based on Japanese user's manual, SIJP S800000 46F<10> printed in July 2010. |
| | | | Front cover | Revision: Format |
| | | | All chapters | Completely revised |
| | | | Preface, 4.9.1 4.9.2 | Revision: Description of harmonized standards |
| | | | 8.3.3 (2), 8.3.5 | Addition: Note when using external encoders |
| | | | Back cover | Revision: Address and format |
| June 2010 | <2> | 0 | – | SIEP S800000 46B<1>-2, available on the Web. |

| Date of Publication | Rev. No. | WEB Rev. No. | Section | Revised Content |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| April 2010 | <1> | 2 | 3.4.1 (1) | Addition: Source circuit |
| | | | 4.3.2 (2) | Revision: Setting number of parameters Pn50A and Pn50B |
| | | | 4.7.5 (2) | Revision: Description of the initial incremental pulses |
| | | | 5.3.2, 5.4.2, 5.5.2, 5.7.1 | Addition: Description of CAUTION |
| | | | 5.4.1 (2) | Revision: Description of "When Advanced Autotuning by reference Cannot be Adjusted" |
| | | | 5.8.1 (4), (5) | Revision: Applicable control method |
| | | | 6.15 (1) | Revision: Operating Procedure |
| | | | 7.1, 10.2 | Revision: Content of Display at Un003 and Un004 |
| | | | 8.2.1 | Addition: Description of Note |
| | | | 9.1.1, 9.1.2 | Addition: A.E72 |
| September 2009 | | 1 | Preface | Addition: Warranty |
| | | | Back cover | Revision: Address |
| October 2008 | | 0 | – | Based on Japanese user's manual, SIJP S800000 46E<4> printed in September 2008. |
| | | | All chapters | Completely revised |
| | | | Back cover | Revision: Address |
| August 2007 | – | – | – | First edition |

AC Servo Drives

# Σ-V Series

# USER'S MANUAL
# Design and Maintenance

## Rotational Motor
## MECHATROLINK-II Communications Reference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MANUAL NO. SIEP S800000 46J <15>-0

Published in Japan May 2016
15-8-11
Original instructions