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A06B-6041-H115

MANU.#

P500837

FANUC DC SPINDLE SERVO UNIT

FANUC 888-326-8287

MAINTENANCE MANUAL

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I. DC SPINDLE SERVO UNIT

MAINTENANCE MANUAL

for

MODEL 2, 3
HEADSTOCK

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1. GENERAL

This maintenance manual is applicable to Installation and adjustment and maintenance of the spindle servo unit which drives the FANUC DC spindle motor (Models 2 and 3) and the headstock for FANUC TAPE CHUCKER.

A diagram of the structure of the spindle servo unit follows.

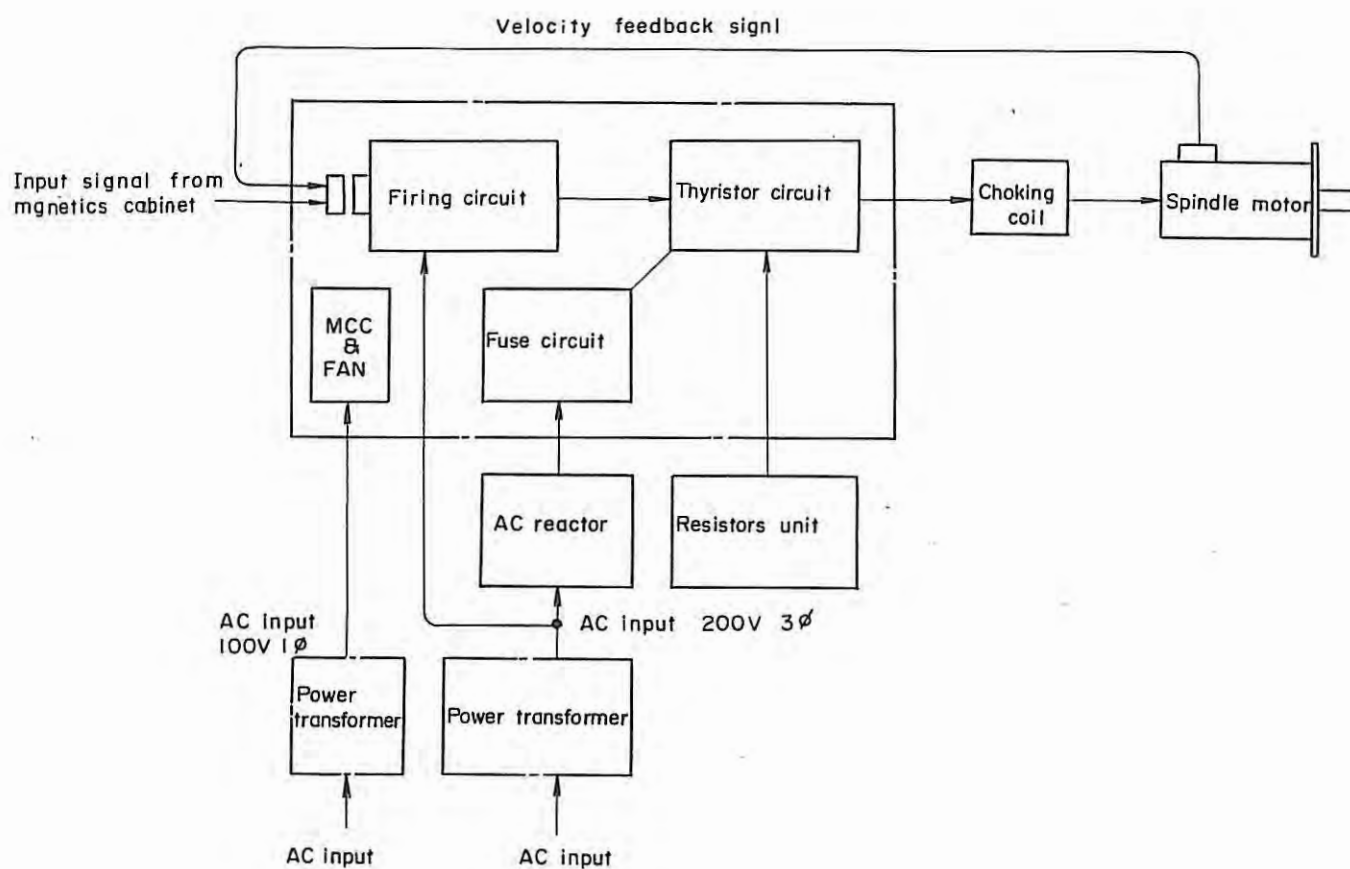


Fig.1 Spindle servo unit block diagram

A table of printed circuit board specifications follows.

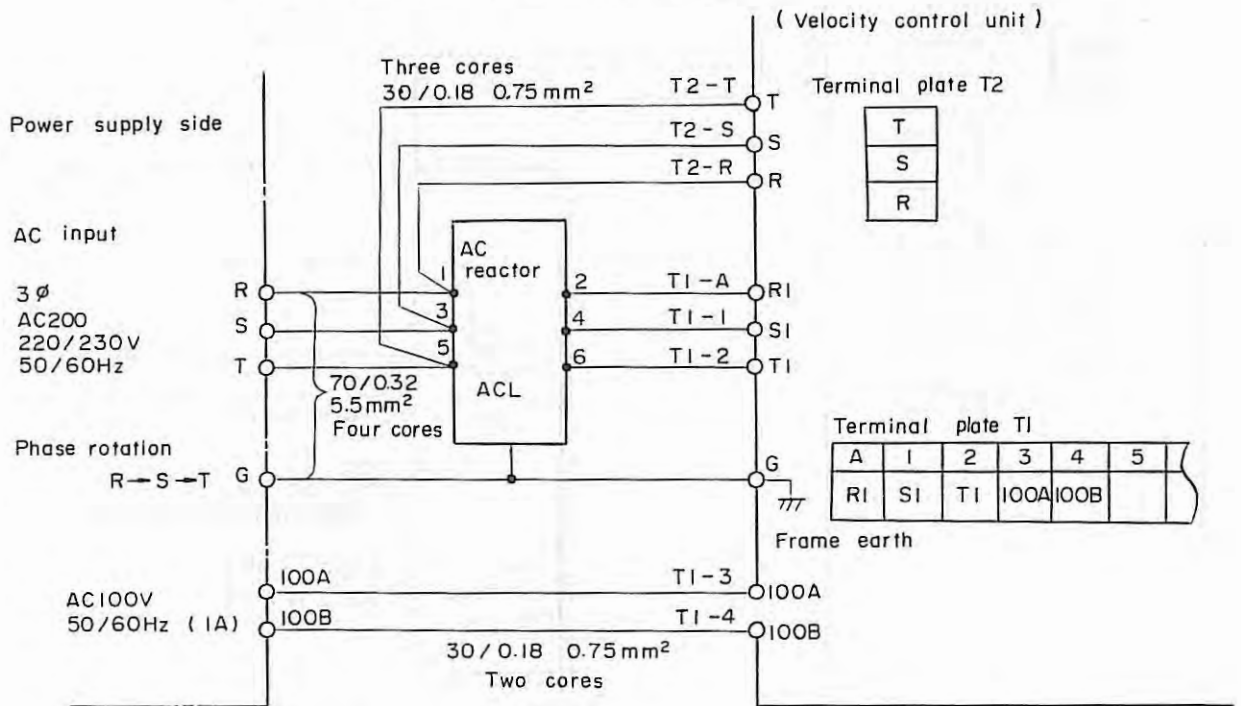
| | P.C.B. No1 | P.C.B. No2 | P.C.B. No3 |
|---------------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Model 2 and 3 | A20B-0004-0780 | A20B-0005-0583/T | A20B-0005-0584/T |
| Headstock | A20B-0004-0780 | A20B-0005-0583/U | A20B-0005-0584/U |
| Remark | Manufactured from Jul. 1976 to Dec. 1977 | Manufactured from Jan. 1978 to Aug. 1978 | Manufactured from Sep. 1978 |

2. INSTALLATION AND ADJUSTMENT

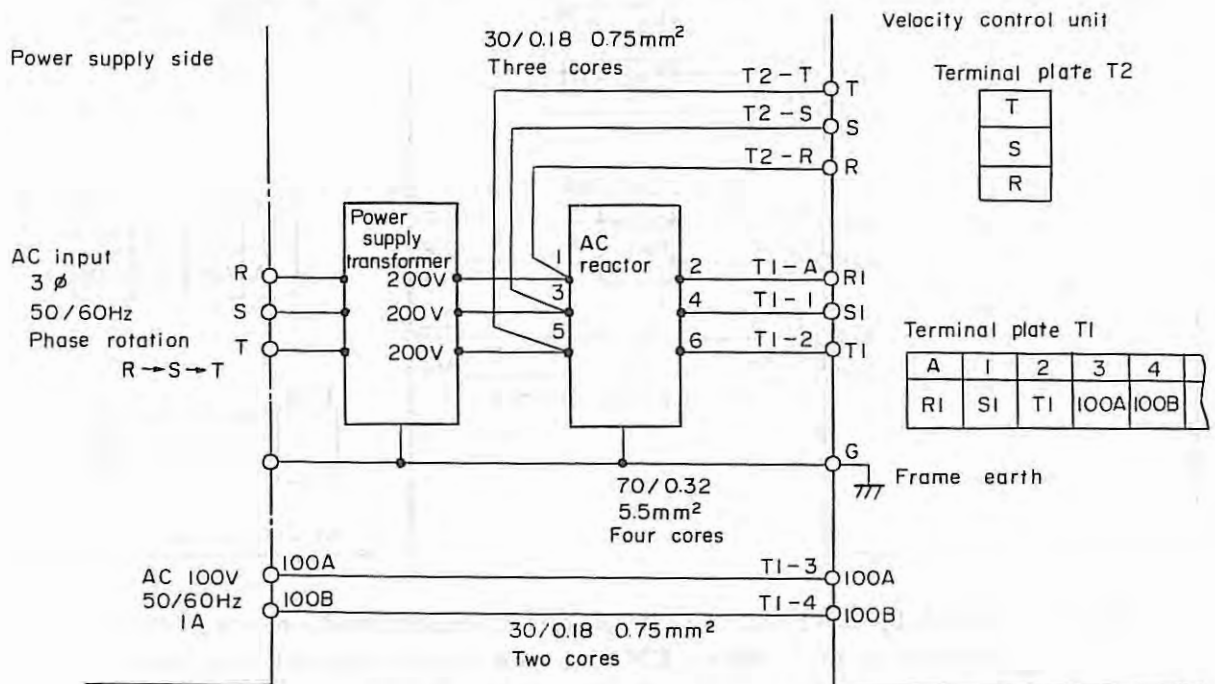
2.1 Connection

(1) Connection of power supply line

200/220/230V AC power supply line

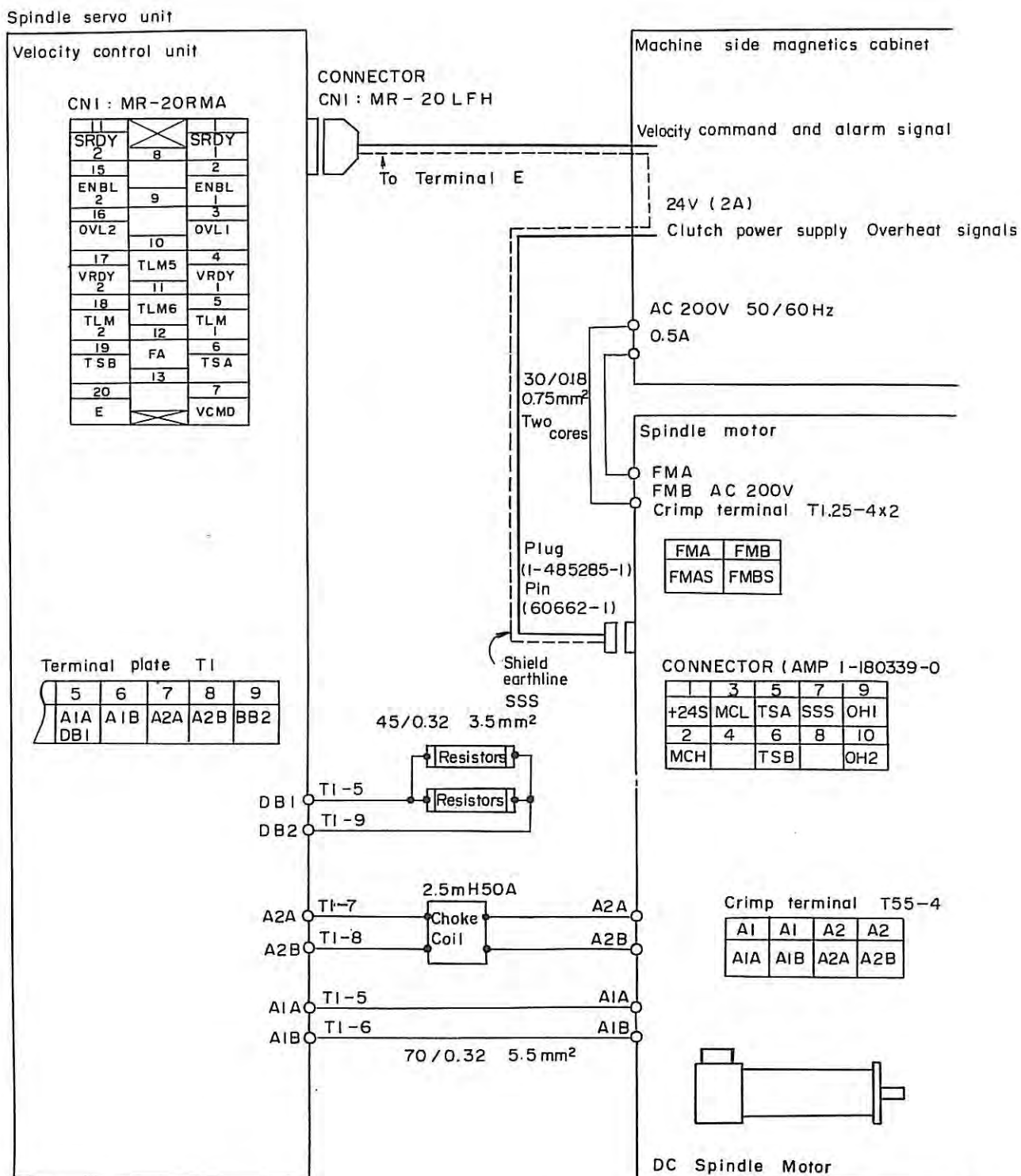


Except 200/220/230V AC power supply line



When the power supply input is other than AC200/220/230V

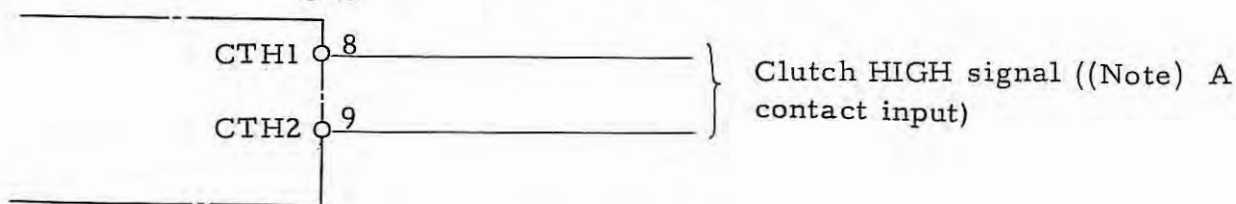
(2) Connection of spindle motor power and signal lines



Note) ENBL1, ENBL2, must be short circuited on magnetics cabinet side. When ENBL1 and 2 are opened, no gate pulse is issued and spindle motor does not rotate.

(3) Connection of special signal lines (Only for PCB No. 2 A20B-0005-0583 and No. 3 A20B-0005-0584).

1) Connection of clutch switching signals
CN1

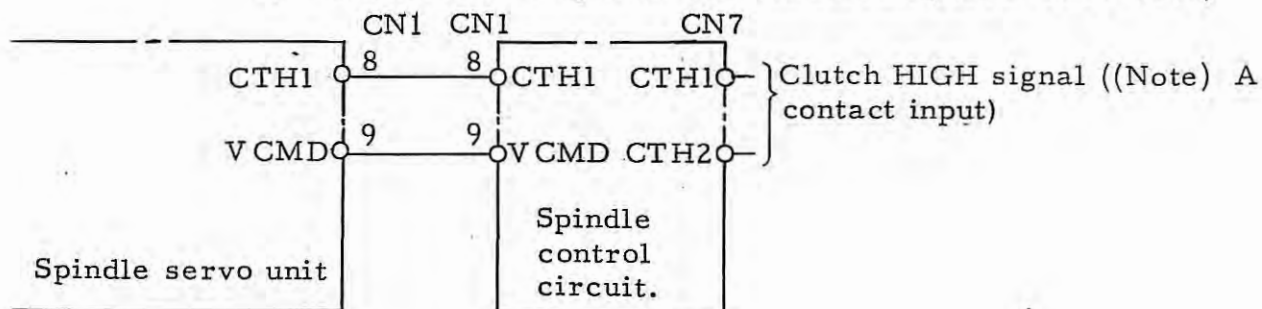


If this connection is performed, switch the setting on the printed circuit board (PCB).

o Setting

- Set the short pin as below.
- Short pin S15 → S16

2) Connection to spindle control circuit (A20B-0004-0990)



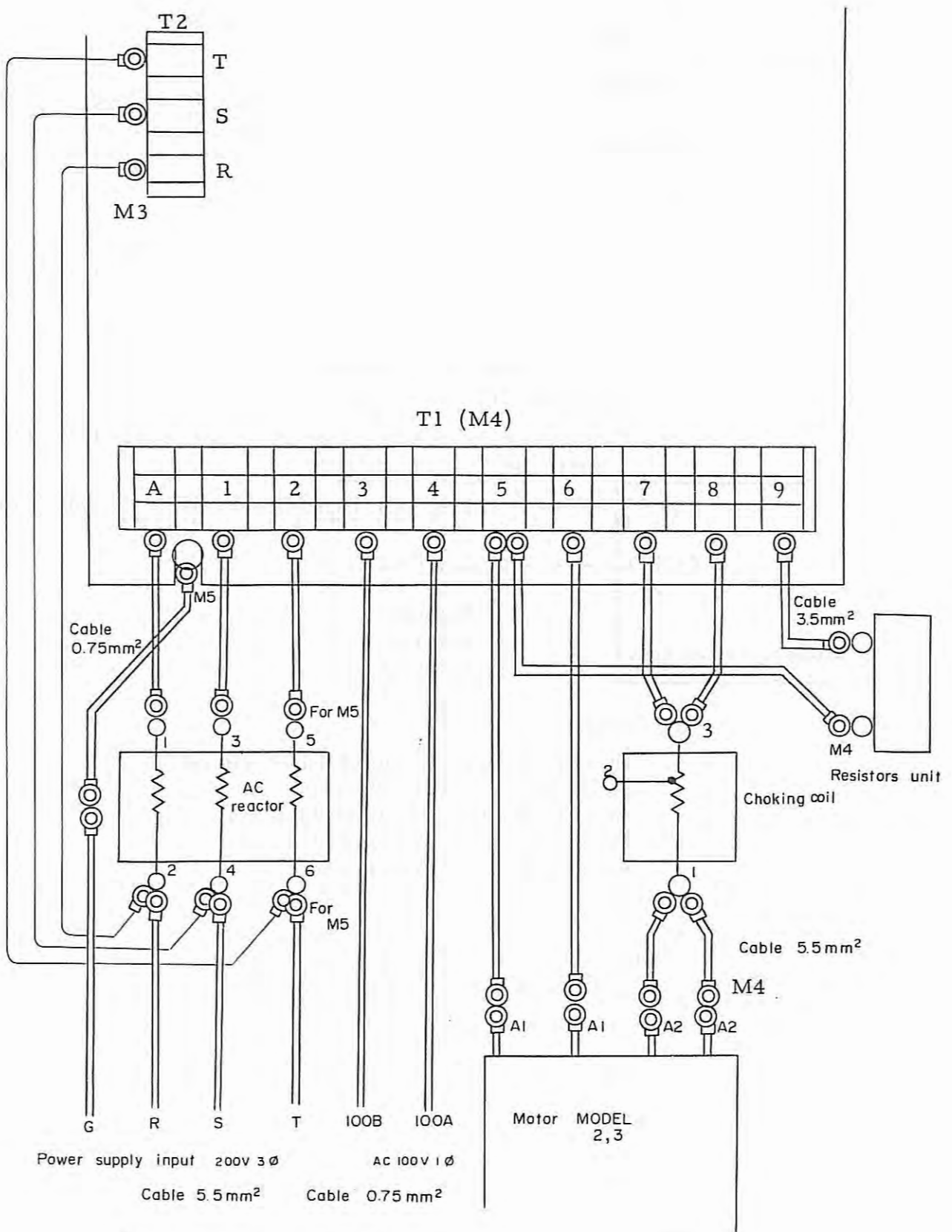
o Setting

- In case no use the clutch HIGH signal.
- Short pin. S12 → S11
- In case use the clutch HIGH signal.
- Short pin S12 → S11
- Short pin S15 → S16

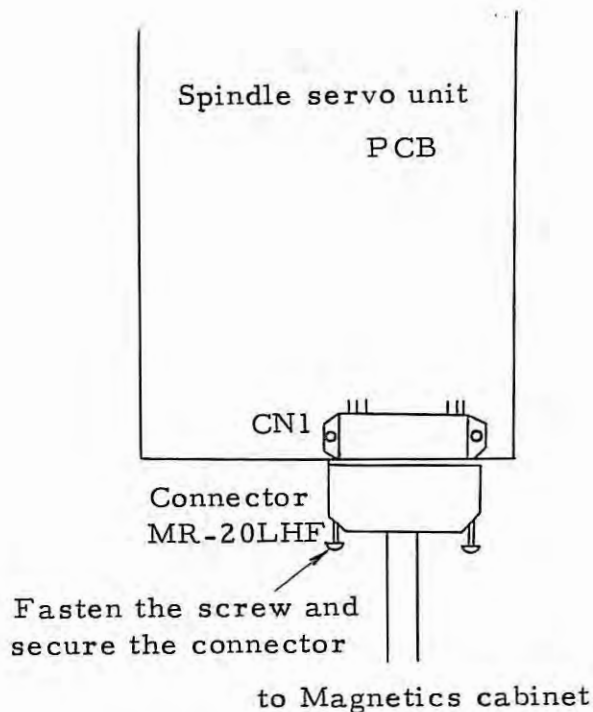
(Note)

A contact ; Normal open contact.

Spindle servo unit

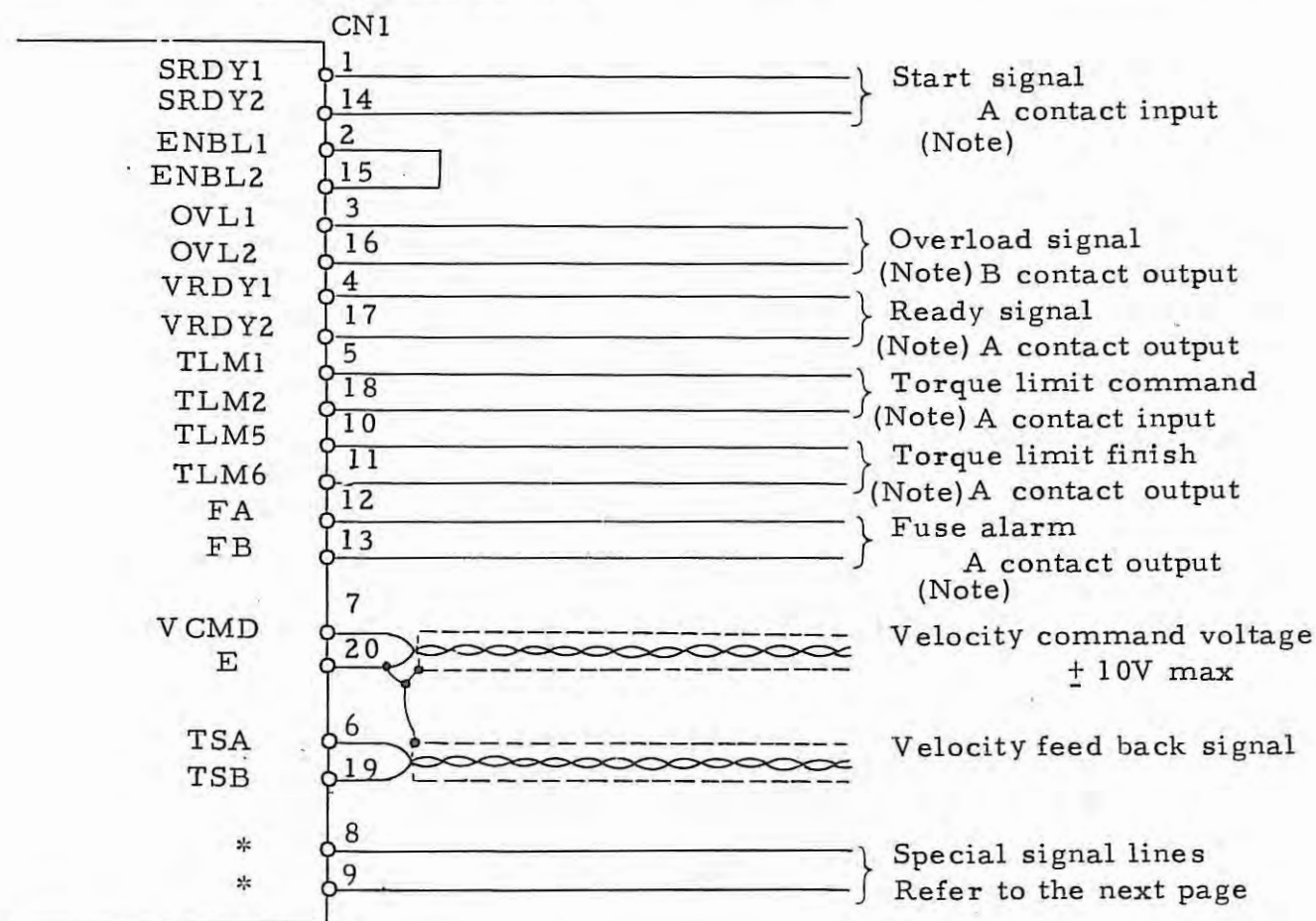


Note) Always connect G terminal of GND to the earth.



CN1

| | | | | | | |
|------|-----|-----|------|-----|------|------|
| 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 |
| E | TSB | TLM | VRDY | OVL | ENBL | SRDY |
| | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| | FB | FA | TLM | TLM | * | * |
| | | | 6 | 5 | | |
| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| VCMD | TSA | TLM | VRDY | OVL | ENBL | SRDY |
| | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |



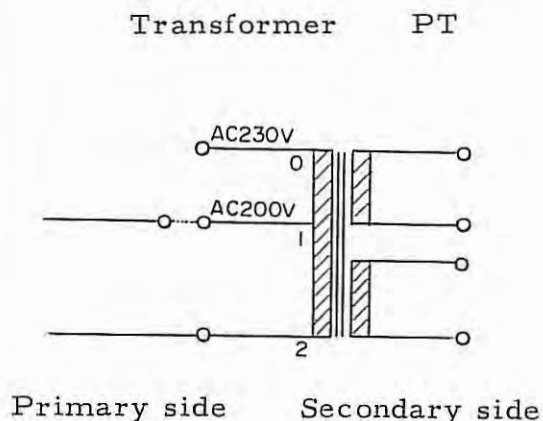
(Note) A contact ; Normal open contact.
B contact ; Normal closed contact.

2.2 Checks the Setting

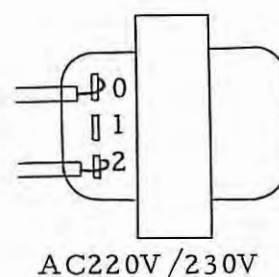
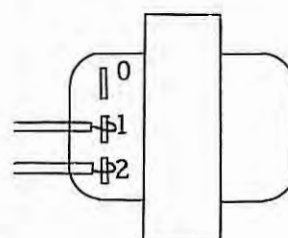
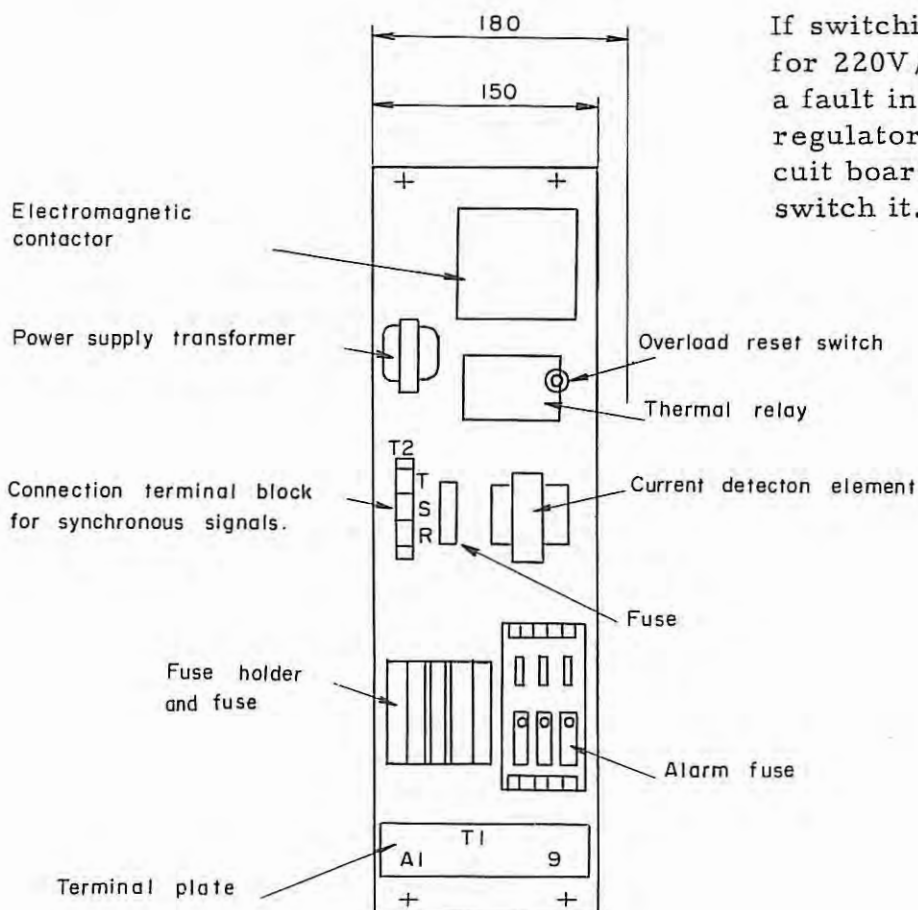
(1) Tap changing according to the AC input voltage

The transformer PT tap in the velocity control unit is set as follows in accordance with the AC input power supply voltage.

| AC input voltage | Transformer PT Tap |
|--|--------------------|
| AC200V +10% -15% | Connect to Tap 1 |
| AC220V +10% -15% or AC230V +10% -15% | Connect to Tap 0 |

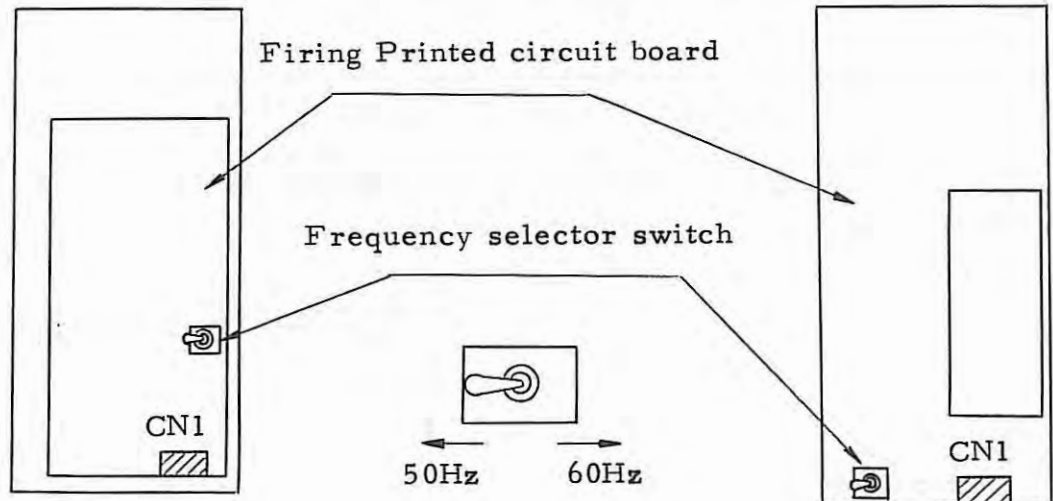


If switching is not performed for 220V/230V AC, it causes a fault in the power supply regulator on the printed circuit board. Make sure to switch it.



(2) Setting the frequency selector switch (50/60Hz)

Check that the frequency selector switch is properly positioned in accordance with the line frequency (50/60 Hz).



P.C.B. No. 2
A20B-0005-0583

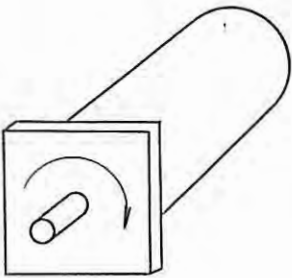
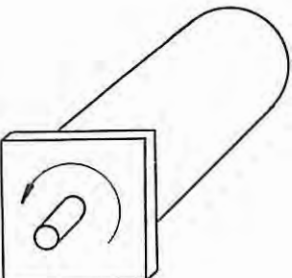
P.C.B. No. 1
A20B-0004-0780

P.C.B. No. 3
A20B-0005-0584

2.3 Checks Before Turning Power ON

(1) Testing the motor cable and T.G feedback signal connections.

Before turning on the power switch, check the polarity of the motor cable and T.G. feedback signal connections. Rotate the motor shaft clockwise by hands and check the voltage between terminals T1-5, 6 and T1-7, 8 and between CH2 to CH3 (GND)

| No. | Motor Rotational Direction | Measuring apparatus | Polarity of motor | Polarity of T.G feedback signal |
|-----|---|------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | Motor shaft to rotate clockwise  | Tester or Oscilloscope | \oplus voltage A1 (T1-5, 6) ↑ A2 GND (T1-7, 8) | CH2 \oplus voltage ↑ CH3 (GND) |
| 2 | Motor shaft to rotate counter-clockwise.  | Tester or Oscilloscope | GND A2 (T1-7, 8) ↓ \ominus voltage A1 (T1-5, 6) | CH3 (GND) ↓ CH2 \ominus voltage |

If polarity is incorrect, the machine runs away by start signal.

Therefore, always check the polarity.

(2) Insulation resistance check

Check that the resistance between GND and terminals 5 thru 8 of T1 is $0.1\text{M}\Omega$ or more.

2.4 Checks Phase Rotation

(1) In case P. C. B. No. 3 A20B-0005-0584

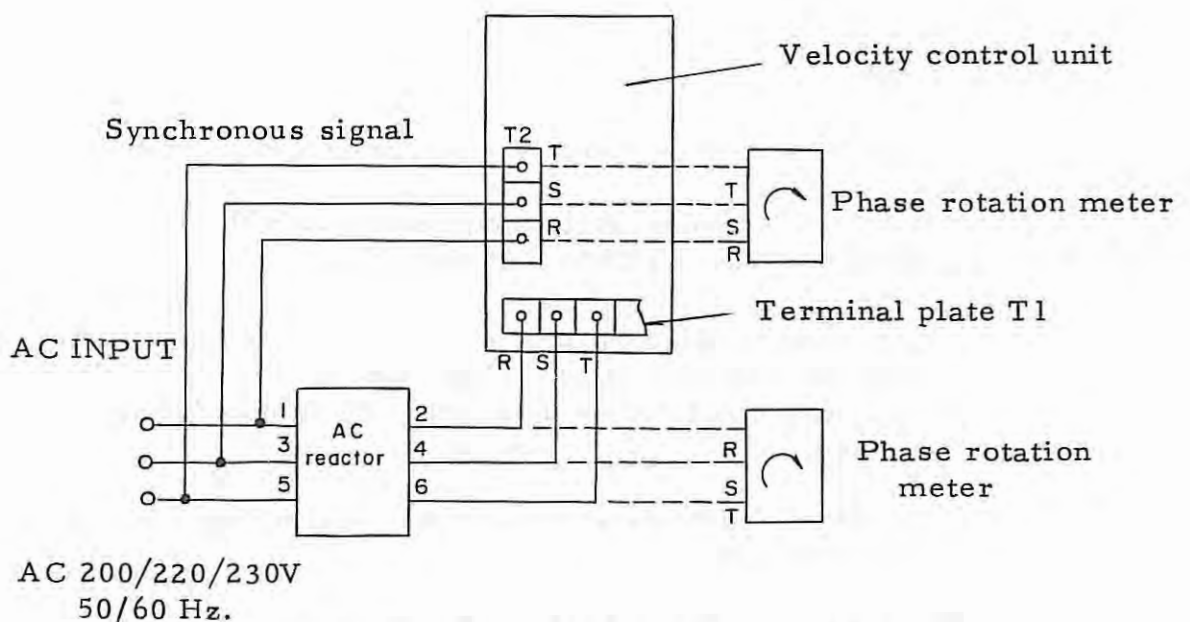
Added the opposite phase alarm circuit on this P. C. B. When the phase rotation is not correct or phase lacks, and then if power is on, opposite phase, lack of phase indicate alarm TGAL light on.

phase rotation is correctTGAL doesnot light on
opposite phase, lack.of phaseTGAL lighs on

- (2) The AC line is always connected to the input terminals so that the phase rotational direction is $R \rightarrow S \rightarrow T$.
If the phase rotation is not correct and power is supplied, the velocity control unit fuse may blow.

(Check)

Check that the phase rotation meter turns clockwise when connected in the order of $R \rightarrow S \rightarrow T$ with terminal block T1 and T2. (Change the connection if not correct.)



Connection of Phase Rotation Meter

Precautions

The following methods must be used carefully when a phase rotation meter is not employed.

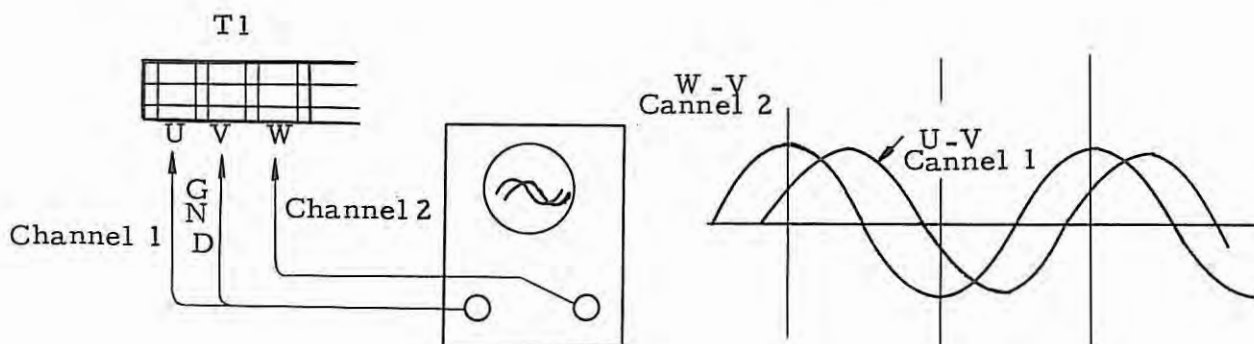
- (1) Always insulate the oscilloscope from ground during measurement.
- (2) Further, since the oscilloscope itself is at equipotential with the input voltage, do not touch its frame or metal parts.

A dual-trace oscilloscope can be used to check phase rotation as follows:

[Measurement procedure]

[Waveform]

The following waveform is obtained if phase rotation is correct.



2.5 Adjustment

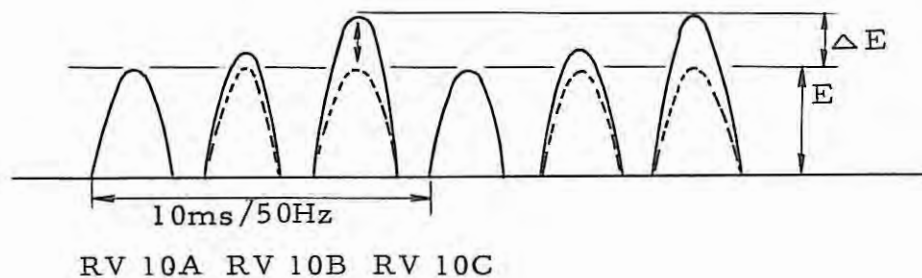
Only the following items are required for on-site adjustment.

- (1) Synchronous pulse adjustment [only for PCB No. 1 A20B-0004-0780 and No. 2 A20B-0005-0583]

If the three-phase waveform is balanced, adjustment is not required, but if it is not balanced or if the inter-voltage varies, a synchronous pulse must be adjusted in the following manner.

Current waveforms are observed while slowly turning the spindle motor.

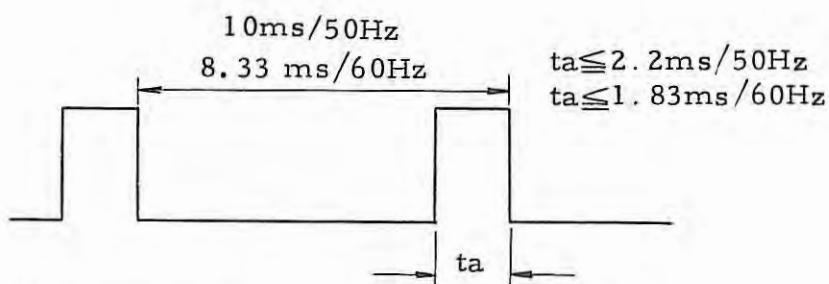
CH 11 waveform



(Adjustment) Any two variable resistors RV 10A, B and C are turned counterclockwise so that the peak value of the current waveforms are within the following range.

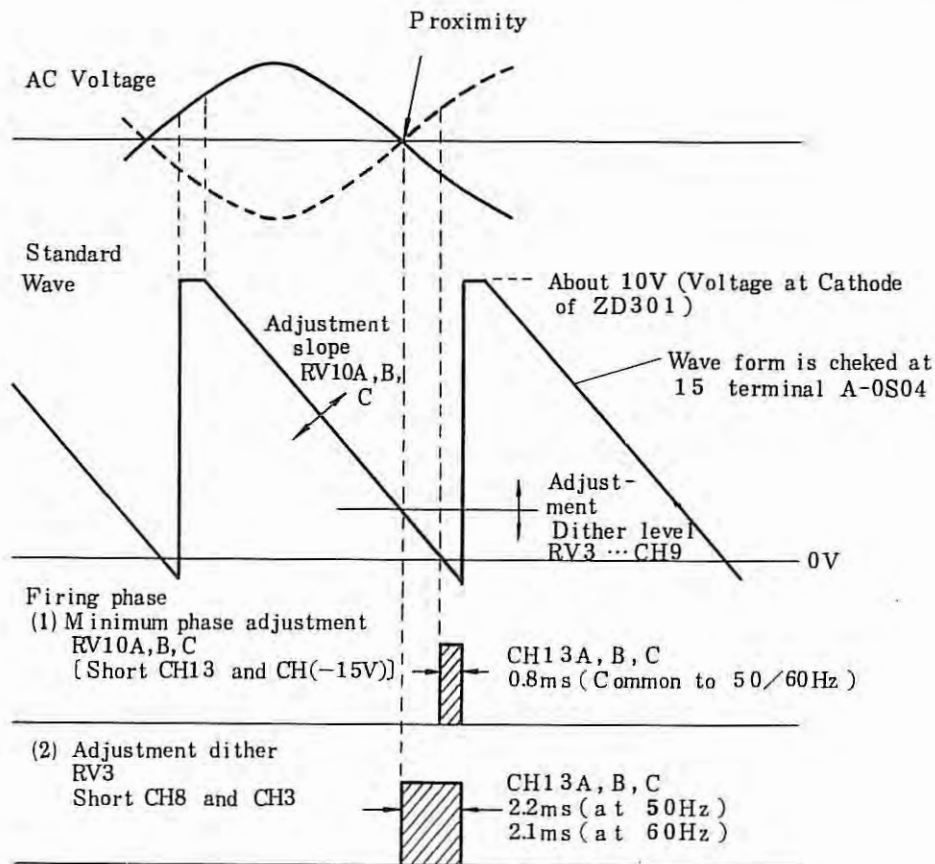
$$\Delta E \leq \pm 0.2E$$

(Check) After adjustment, electromagnetic contactor MCC is turned OFF and the synchronous pulsewidth is checked by CH13 A, B and C. (check it after connects CH8 to the earth.)

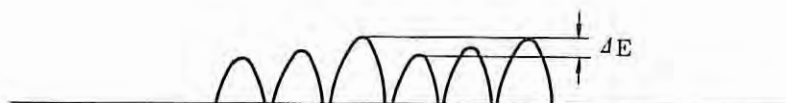


Check again after readjusting for 50Hz $t_a > 2.2\text{ms}$ or 60Hz $t_a > 1.83\text{ms}$.

In case A20B-0005-0584, no adjustment.



Current wave from at low speed.
(Check point CH11)



Check the waveform.

(2) Current detection circuit offset adjustment

Start signals are turned OFF and RV103 is adjusted so that the voltage at current waveform check terminal CH11 is zero.

| Check terminal | Adjustment places | Adjustment method |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| CH11 | RV 103 | $0 \pm 20\text{mV}$ |

(3) Adjustment of rotation speed

When the speed command voltage is fed by 10V (maximum velocity command), the spindle is adjusted by RV4 so that the spindle turns at the maximum speed.

| | P.C.B | Velocity command CH3 | Spindle motor speed | Spindle speed | Adjustment place |
|------------|--|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| MODEL 2, 3 | A20B-0005-0583 /T A20B-0005-0584 /T | $\pm 10V$ | 2000 \pm 8rpm | Maximum speed $\pm 0.4\%$ | RV4 |
| Head stock | A20B-0005-0583 /U A20B-0005-0584/U | $\pm 10V$ | 3400~3500 rpm | 3400~3500 rpm | RV4 |

(4) Torque limit adjustment

The torque limit is set by adjusting the voltage of CH29. Adjustment locations are RV108 for clutch HIGH and RV122 for clutch LOW. Both are adjusted if a constant limit is required irrespective of the clutch setting.

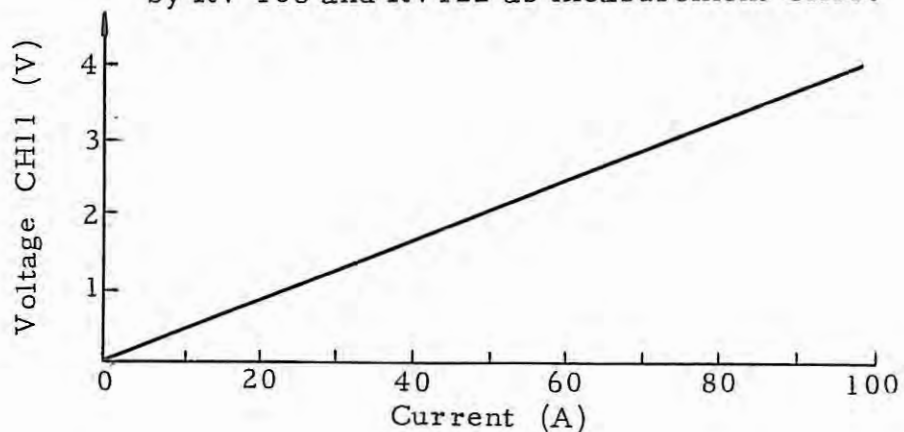
Further, if there is no clutch switching, only RV108 is effective.

| Current value | 0A | 5A | 10A | 15A | 20A | 25A | 30A | 35A |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| Voltage of CH28 | -1.2V | -1.6V | -1.9V | -2.05V | -2.15V | -2.27V | -2.4V | -2.53V |

Standard
Setting

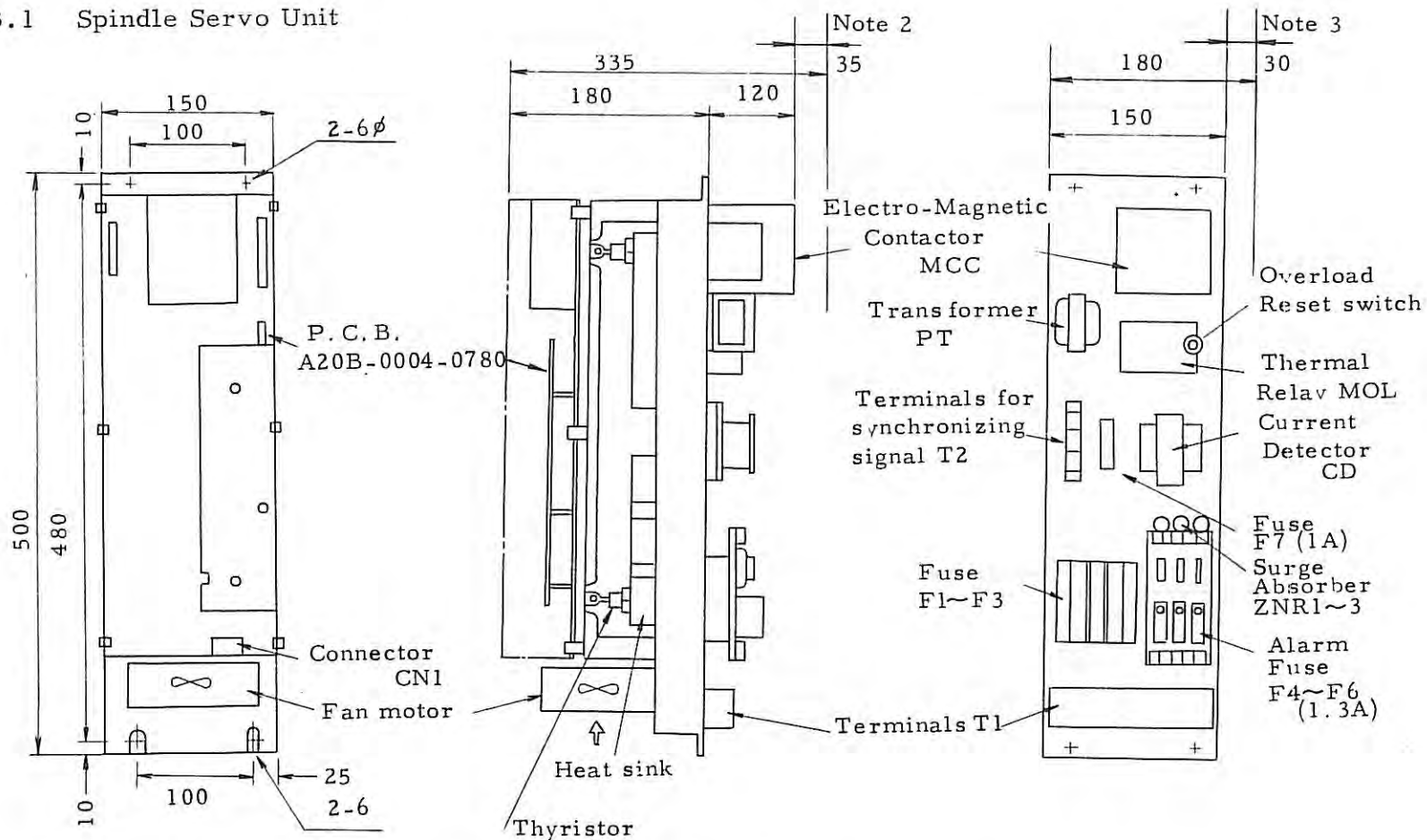
In case A20B-0005-0584

After torque limit is on, adjust the armature current by RV 108 and RV122 as measurement CH11.



3. MOUNTING DIAGRAM

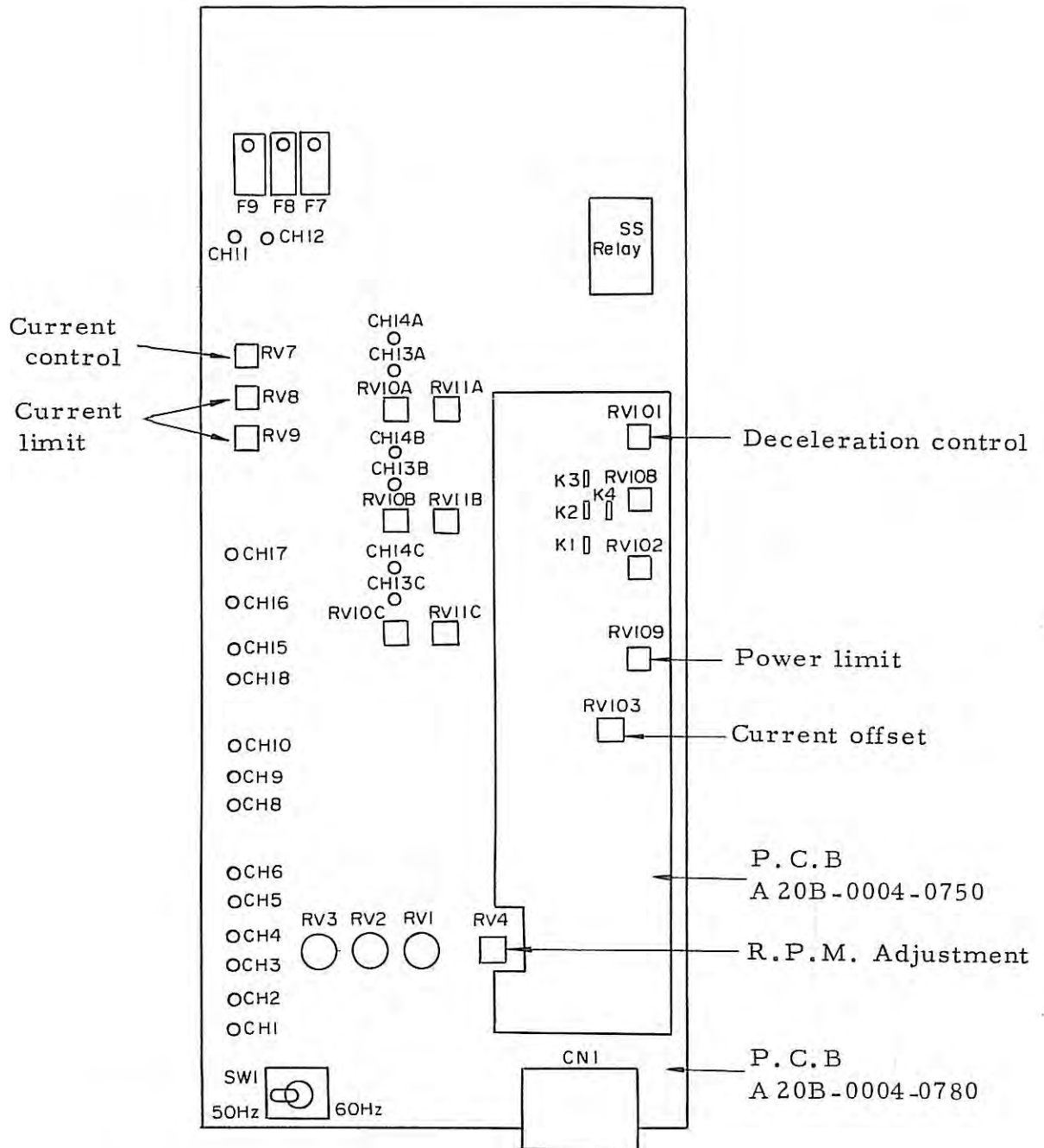
3.1 Spindle Servo Unit



- (Notes)
1. Maintenance surfaces are for both front and rear ones.
 2. A minimum of 35 mm space is required to prevent the top of the electromagnetic contactor from arcing.
 3. A minimum of 30 mm space is required on the side of the thermal relay to press the reset switch.

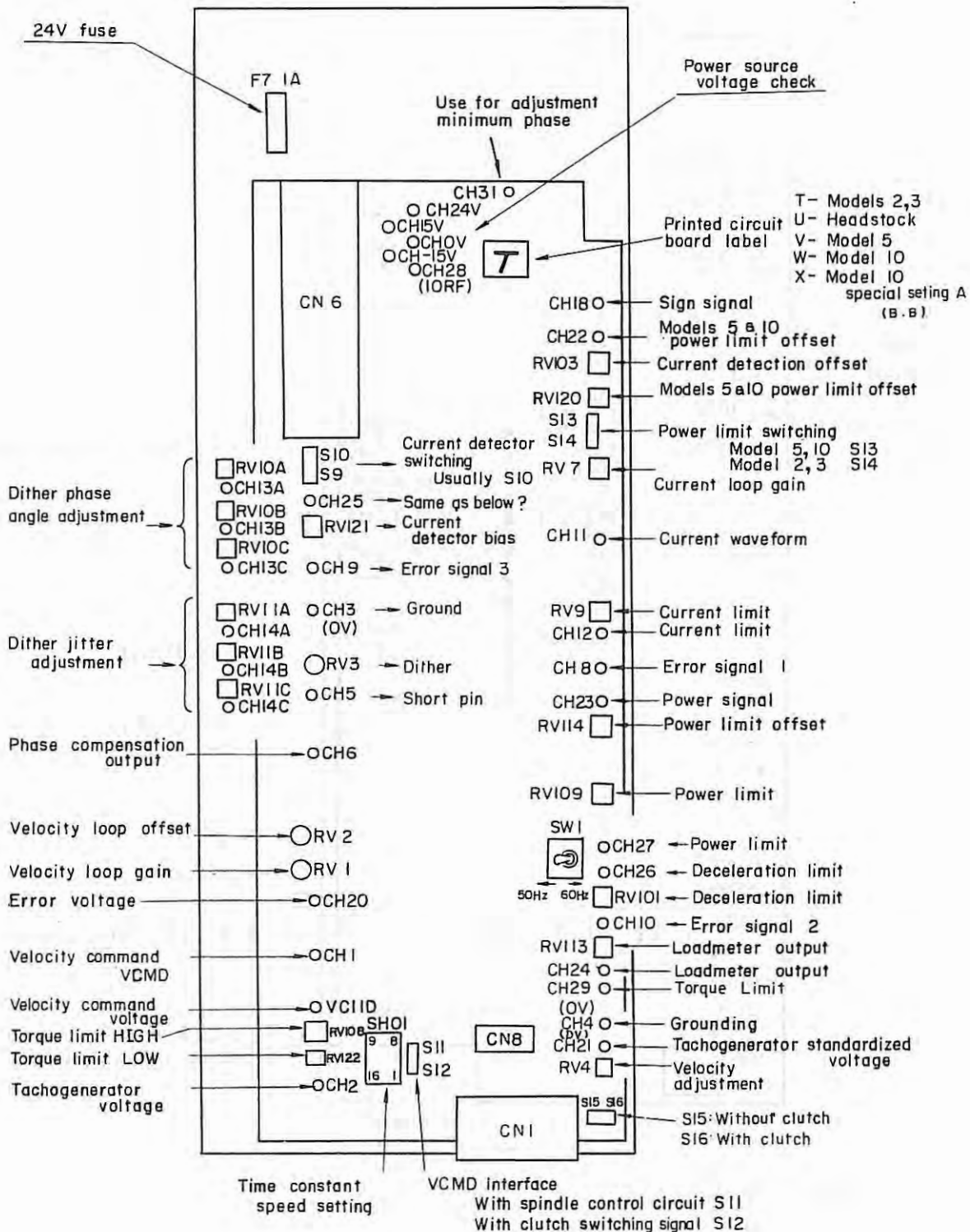
3.2 Firing Circuit

Printed Circuit Board No.1 A20B-0004-0780



Note) CH3, 4 : 0V
CH15 : +24V
CH16 : +15V
CH17 : -15V

Printed circuit board No. 2 A20B-0005-0583
No. 3 A20B-0005-0584



4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

Generally, the following items can be considered as faults and their causes.

If a fault has occurred, first roughly determine where the cause lies (servo unit, spindle motor, etc.), and then trace out the cause. (Refer to Appendices I and II.)

| No. | FAULT | CAUSE | | |
|-----|---|---|--|---|
| | | Spindle servo unit | Spindle motor | Machine or Power unit |
| 1 | The velocity control unit fuse is blown. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Cabling mistake . Circuit gault . Current limiting circuit defect, circuit adjustment defect, etc. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . T.G. WIRE contact defect or breaking . Driving cable shortcircuit . Excessive ripple of Tach Generator $V_{ripple} \leq 1V$ | |
| 2 | The spindle r.p.m. is not normal. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Circuit gault . Defect of error amplifier circuit. . D/A Converter | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . T.G defect . Lowing of counter electromotive force of the motor. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Faulty operation of the velocity command circuit. |
| 3 | Vibration and noise during spindle operation is abnormally large. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . 50/60Hz setting error. . Circuit adjustment defect . Dither . Gain . Current feedback control circuit adjustment defect | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Motor fault . Bearing, clutch, etc. . Excessive ripple of Tach Generator | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . The input power waveform is too distorted. . The load fluctuation is too large. . Gear engagement is not proper. |
| 4. | The spindle operation during acceleration and deceleration is not normal. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Deceleration limiting circuit adjustment defect. . Current feedback control circuit adjustment defect. | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Relation between the load inertia and the acceleration/ deceleration time constant setting is not proper. (Refer to Appendix II) . The belt tension is not proper. |

| No. | FAULT | CAUSE | | |
|-----|------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| | | Spindle servo unit | Spindle motor | Machine or Power unit |
| 5 | The spindle does not rotate. | . Circuit fault The gate pulses are not generated, etc. | . Wire breaking | . The machine load is too large. . No SFR/SRV Signals |

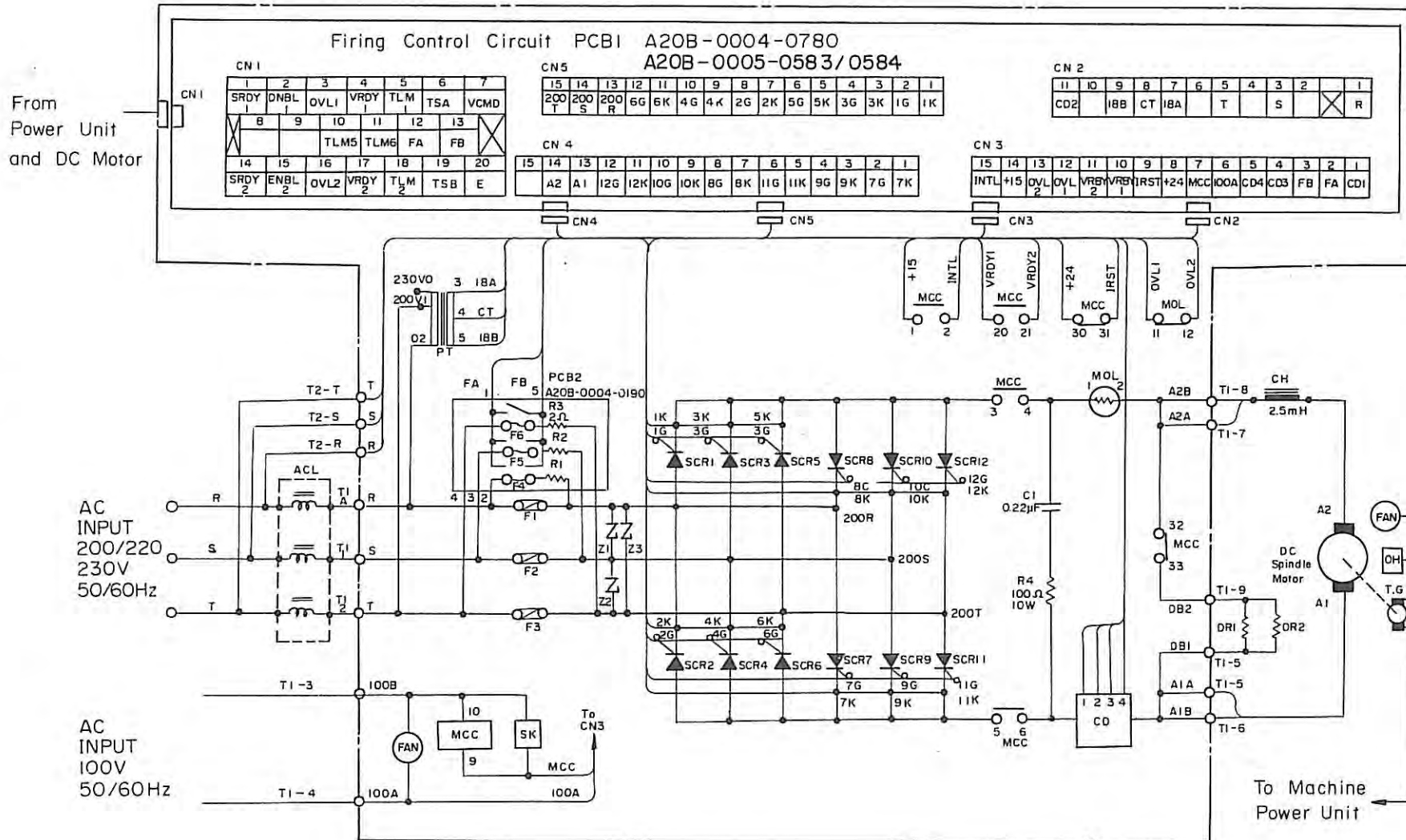
5. SPARE PARTS LIST

Arrange spare parts for maintenance in the following lists if necessary.

| Items | Articles | Parts No. | Specification | Quantity |
|-------|-------------------------|-----------|---|----------|
| 1 | Fuse 75A | F1~3 | A60L-0001-0061#GSA75 | 3 |
| 2 | Alarm fuse 1.3A | F4~F6 | S. Fab250/402A P413 | 3 |
| 3 | Fuse 1A | F7 | A60L-0001-0039#A1 | 1 |
| 4 | Alarm fuse on P.C.B. | | A60L-0001-0046#1.0 | 1 |
| 5 | Surge absorber | ZNR1~3 | A50L-2001-0062#441-12 | 3 |
| 6 | Firing Circuit | PCB1 | MODEL 2, 3 A06P-6035-H321#B Headstock A06P-6041-H001#B | 1 |
| 7 | Fuse circuit | PCB2 | A20B-0004-0190 | 1 |
| 8 | Thyristor | SCR1-12 | A50L-5000-0011#A | 12 |
| 9 | Current detector | CD | A44L-0001-0048 | 1 |
| 10 | Magnetic contactor | MCC | A58L-0001-0029 | 1 |
| 11 | Fan motor | FM | A90L-0001-0001 | 1 |

6. CIRCUIT STRUCTURE

Spindle servo unit



7. APPENDIXES

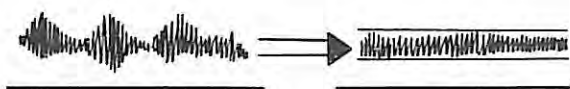
Appendix I Adjustment and check of firing circuit (P.C.B No.4 A20B-0004-0780)

The firing circuit has already been adjusted prior to the shipment. Therefore, there is no need to adjust the circuit, except for (1) below.

Further, the standard setting method is shown in (2). If a fault should occur, refer to (2) for checking the circuit.


When changing a setting value from its standard value, be sure to record it on the data sheet.

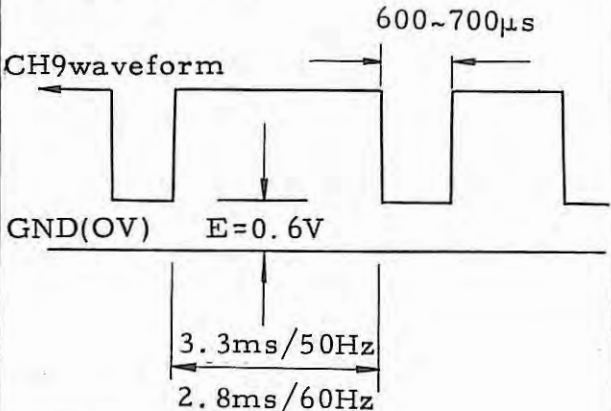
(1) Adjustment related to the spindle motor and machine system

| No. | Item | Variable resistor | Method | Standard Setting |
|-----|--|-------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | r.p.m adjustment | RV4 | Adjust variable resistor RV4 so that the motor r.p.m. may be maximum when the velocity command voltage is $\pm 10V$. Model 2, 3 : 2000 rpm Head stack : 3500 rpm | R63: $82K\Omega$ R63: $39K\Omega$ |
| 2 | Gain of current feedback control circuit | RV7 | Adjust the current feedback gain so as to minimize the motor vibration due to the fluctuation of spindle load. That is, while observing the current waveform at check terminal CH11, adjust variable resistor RV7 so as to minimize the deflection of the current waveform.  (RV7 Dial: 3-4) (Dial: 5-7) Current waveform at CH11 | Dial: 5-7 |

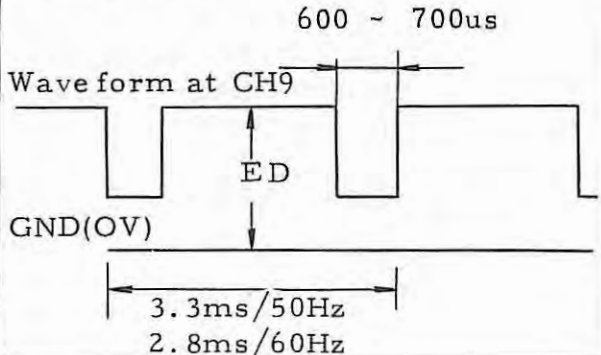
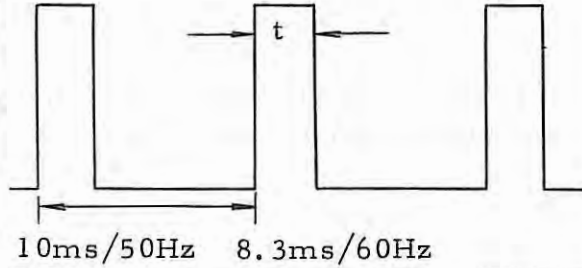
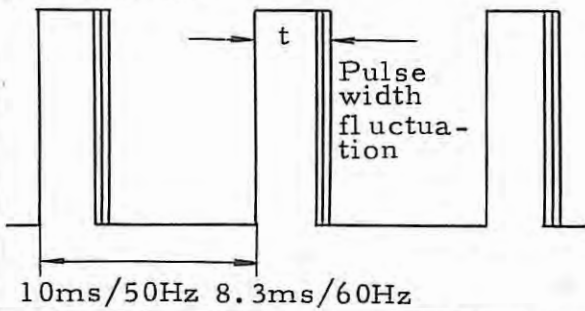
| No. | Item | Variable Resistor | Method | Standard Setting |
|-----|----------------------------|-------------------|---|--|
| 3 | Torque limit value setting | RV108 | <p>This adjustment is required for reducing the torque which is generated at the time of spindle orientation. The setting value differs depending on the machine spindle load torque. Adjust variable resistor RV108 so that the shock of the machine at the time of spindle orientation may take a proper value.</p> <p>Adjustable range: 20kg.cm - 120kg.cm</p> | The torque limit value increases as the variable resistor is turned clockwise. |

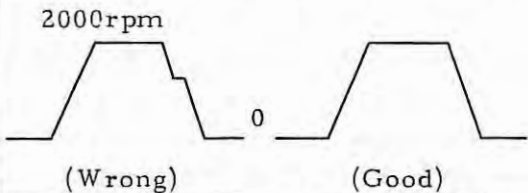
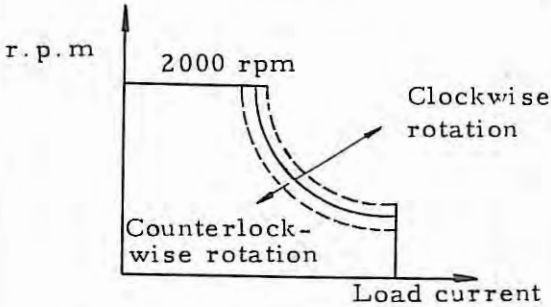
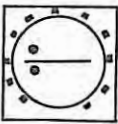
(2) Standard adjustment and check

| No. | Item | Switch or variable resistor | Method | Standard setting |
|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|------------------|
| 1 | Power frequency setting (50/60Hz) | SW1 | <p>Set switch SW1 to the input power frequency.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p>50Hz 60Hz</p> | |
| 2 | Control power voltage check | | <p>Measure the voltage between check terminal CH3 (ground) and each of following check terminals using a oscilloscope or tester.</p> <p>+24V CH15: +22 - 27V +15V CH16: +14.5 - 15.5V -15V CH17: -15.5 - -14.5V</p> | |
| 3 | Velocity loop gain | RV1 | The velocity loop gain determines the servo system response and rigidity. | Dial: 4 |
| 4 | Velocity loop offset | RV2 | Short-circuit check terminals CH5 and CH6, and adjust variable resistor RV2 so that the voltage at check terminal CH8 becomes 0 volt. | |

| No. | Item | Switch or variable resistor | Method | Standard setting |
|-----|-------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------|
| 5 | Dither No.1 | RV102 | <p>By this adjustment, the servo rigidity when the machine is stopped is determined. If the dither is too large, the motor vibrates, and if the dither is too small, the dead band enlarges.</p> <p>Short-circuit check terminals CH8 and CH3 (ground), and set level E of the voltage waveform at check terminal CH9 to 0.6V.</p> <p>CH9 waveform</p>  | E = 0.6V |

Note) It is necessary to remove the motor cable A1, A2 to adjust and check of the item 1, 2, 4 - 9.

| No. | Item | Switch or variable resistor | Method | Standard setting |
|-----|--------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| 6 | Dither No. 2 | RV3 | <p>Short-circuit check terminals CH8 and CH3 (ground), and set level E_D of the boltage waveform at check terminal CH9 to the value shown in the right column.</p>  | <p>$E_D: 1.5V \pm 0.2V$ (50Hz)</p> <p>$2.8V \pm 0.2V$ (60Hz)</p> |
| 7 | Dither No. 3 | RV10A RV10B RV10C | <p>Adjust the dither pulse width by setting the widths of the "I" level pulses at check terminals CH13A, and C to the value shown in the right column.</p> <p>Waveform at CH13A, B, C</p>  | <p>t: 2.1ms (50Hz)</p> <p>1.8ms (60Hz)</p> |
| 8 | | RV11A RV11B RV11C | <p>Adjust respective variable resistors so as to minimize the fluctuation of the dither pulse width.</p> <p>C H13A, B, C</p>  | <p>t: 2.1ms (50Hz)</p> <p>1.8ms (60Hz)</p> |


| No. | Item | Switch or variable resistor | Method | Standard setting |
|-----|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 9 | Offset of current feedback circuit | RV103 | Adjust variable resistor RV103 so that the voltage between check terminals CH11 and CH3 may be 0V when no current is flowing through the motor (electromagnetic switch is OFF). | Dial: 5 |
| 10 | Gain of current limiter | RV8 | This variable resistor changes the current limiting effect. Refer to Table 1. | Dial: 6 Headstock Dial: 7 |
| 11 | Current limit value | RV9 | This variable resistor changes the current limit value. Refer to Table 1. | Dial: 2 |
| 12 | Deceleration control setting | RV101 | <p>Adjust variable resistor RV101 so that the velocity (observed at check terminal CH2) is smoothly reduced when the motor is decelerated from 2000 rpm. The velocity waveform becomes smoother when the variable resistor is turned counter clockwise.</p>  | Dial: 2 Model 2, 3 Dial: 2 Headstock Dial: 5 |
| 13 | Power limit setting | RV109 | <p>This adjustment is required for protecting the motor by reducing the motor r.p.m. when the spindle load exceeds the rating output of the motor due to heavy loading, etc.</p>  <p>The power limit value becomes larger when the variable resistor is turned clockwise.</p> | Model 2, 3 Dial: 7.5 Head stock, Dial: 5  Dial setting (e.g. dial:2) |

Appendix Table 1 Relation between the current limit value and the dial setting of RV8 and RV9

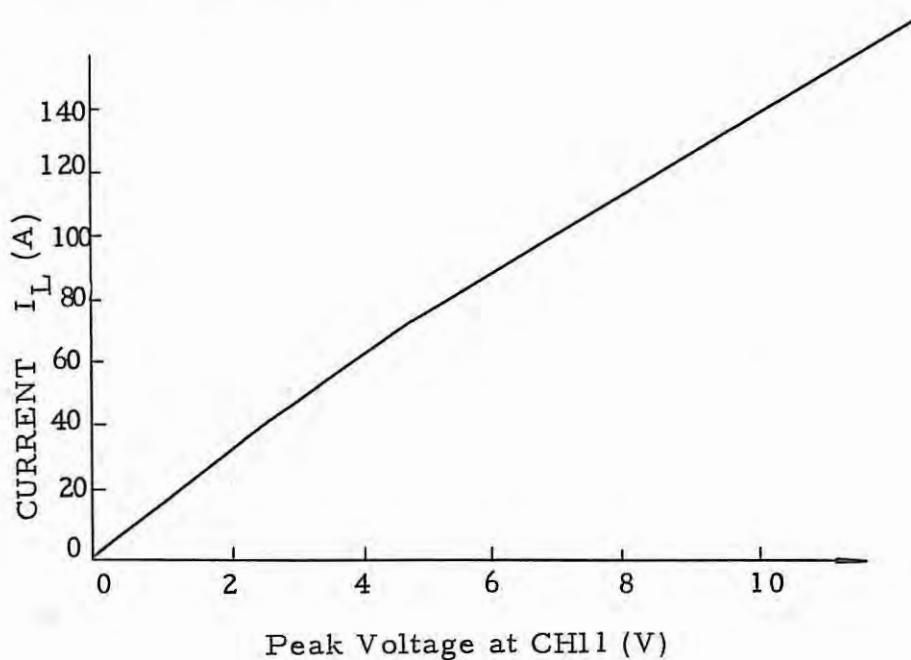
The current limit value is determined by the dial setting of variable resistors RV8 and RV9, as shown in the following table.

| RV9 dial setting \ RV8 dial setting | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 0 | 82A | 70A | 54A | 44A |
| 1 | 85A | 73A | 61A | 49A |
| 2 | 97A | 87A | 73A | 58A |
| 3 | 110A | 100A | 86A | 71A |
| 4 | | 111A | 99A | 84A |
| 5 | | | 112A | 97A |
| 6 | | | | 111A |

optimal setting



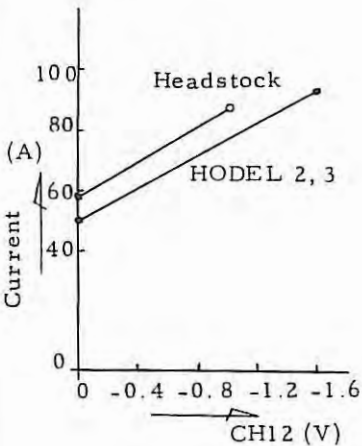
The relation between the above current and the peak voltage at check terminal CH11 is as follows.



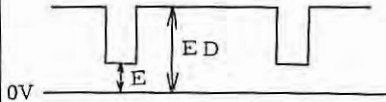
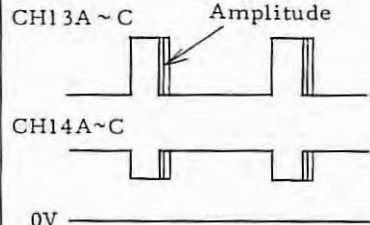
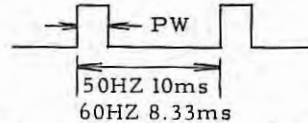

Appendix II Adjusting and checking the firing circuit
(For PCB A20B-0005-0583)

Since the following adjustment is usually performed at the factory, adjustment and confirmation are not necessary.
Refer to the following for routine checking.

| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------------|--------------------|---|------|------------------------------|-------|------|---------|-------|------|------------------------|------------------------|-----|---------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Headstock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Time constant setting | SH01 | <table><tr><td></td><td>Clutch LOW</td><td>Clutch HIGH</td></tr><tr><td>5-12</td><td>0.6 sec</td><td>1 sec</td></tr><tr><td>6-11</td><td>1.2 sec</td><td>2 sec</td></tr><tr><td>7-10</td><td>1.8 sec</td><td>3 sec</td></tr><tr><td>8-9</td><td>2.4 sec</td><td>4 sec</td></tr></table> | | Clutch LOW | Clutch HIGH | 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | 7-10 | 7-10 |
| | Clutch LOW | Clutch HIGH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Tachogenerator voltage setting | SH01 | <table><tr><td>Setting</td><td>TG maximum voltage</td></tr><tr><td>1-16</td><td>10V</td></tr><tr><td>2-15</td><td>12V</td></tr><tr><td>3-14</td><td>19V</td></tr><tr><td>4-13</td><td>21V</td></tr></table> | Setting | TG maximum voltage | 1-16 | 10V | 2-15 | 12V | 3-14 | 19V | 4-13 | 21V | 2-15 (12V/2000 rpm) | 1-16 (10V/3500 rpm) | | | | | |
| Setting | TG maximum voltage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-16 | 10V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2-15 | 12V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3-14 | 19V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4-13 | 21V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Current detector bias | S9 S10 | <table><tr><td>Detector specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>A44L-0001-0048</td><td>S10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>S9</td></tr></table> | Detector specification | Setting | A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | S9 | S10 | S10 | | | | | | | | | |
| Detector specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | S9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | VCMD inter-face setting | S11 S12 | <table><tr><td>Specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>Normally, a spindle control circuit is used</td><td>S11</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch switching is provided</td><td>S12</td></tr></table> | Specification | Setting | Normally, a spindle control circuit is used | S11 | Clutch switching is provided | S12 | S12 | S11 | | | | | | | | | |
| Specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Normally, a spindle control circuit is used | S11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch switching is provided | S12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Power limit setting | S13 S14 | <table><tr><td>Motor specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>MODEL 5, 10</td><td>S13</td></tr><tr><td>MODEL 2, 3, Headstock</td><td>S14</td></tr></table> | Motor specification | Setting | MODEL 5, 10 | S13 | MODEL 2, 3, Headstock | S14 | S14 | S14 | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MODEL 5, 10 | S13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MODEL 2, 3, Headstock | S14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Clutch switching is provided | S15 S16 | <table><tr><td>Clutch switching</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>Provided</td><td>S16</td></tr><tr><td>Not provided</td><td>S15</td></tr></table> | Clutch switching | Setting | Provided | S16 | Not provided | S15 | S15 | S15 | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch switching | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provided | S16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not provided | S15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Tachogenerator voltage regulation | RV4 | The maximum rotation speed is adjusted when 10V is the velocity command voltage. Maximum rotation speed: $\pm 0.4\%$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

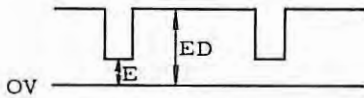
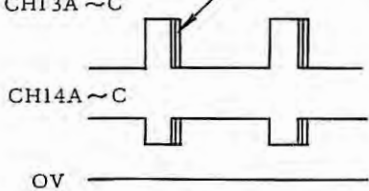
| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | |
|-----|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------|-----------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Headstock |
| 8 | Velocity loop gain adjustment | RV1 | Determines the rigidity of the spindle motor. No special adjustment is required. If hunting and vibration are excessive, decrease them by about 5% to 10%. | 45% | 45% |
| 9 | Velocity loop offset | RV2 | Adjust the motors to halt when the velocity command voltage is OV. | | |
| 10 | Current loop gain | RV7 | Loop gain to current commands Reduce the gain 20% 30% when some swell is observed in the current. | 100% | 100% |
| 11 | Current detection offset | RV103 | Adjust the CH11 voltage OV when current is not applied. If this adjustment varies excessively, the velocity is not uniform at low speeds. | | |
| 12 | Power limit offset | RV114 | Adjust the CH23 voltage to OV when current is not applied. If this adjustment varies excessively, the power limit at high speeds is inaccurate and motors can be damaged. | | |
| 13 | Current limit setting | RV9 | Set the CH12 voltage to the proper value when current is not applied. The relation of CH12 and the current limit is as shown in the following figure.  | -1.1V | -0.7V |

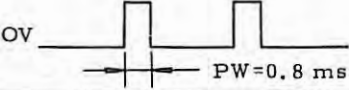
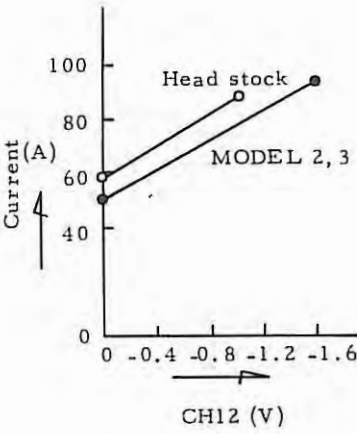
| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------|------------|-------|--|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|--------|-------|---------------------------|-----|--------|-----|-------|-----|--------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Headstock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Power limit setting | RV109 | <p>Set the CH27 voltage to the proper value when current is no supplied.</p> <p>The relation between CH27 and the power is as shown in the following figure.</p> <table border="1"><caption>Data points from the Power limit graph</caption><thead><tr><th>CH27 (V)</th><th>Power limit (KW) - Model 3</th><th>Power limit (KW) - Headstock</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0</td><td>2.0</td><td>2.5</td></tr><tr><td>-2</td><td>3.0</td><td>3.5</td></tr><tr><td>-4</td><td>4.0</td><td>4.5</td></tr><tr><td>-6</td><td>6.0</td><td>5.5</td></tr></tbody></table> | CH27 (V) | Power limit (KW) - Model 3 | Power limit (KW) - Headstock | 0 | 2.0 | 2.5 | -2 | 3.0 | 3.5 | -4 | 4.0 | 4.5 | -6 | 6.0 | 5.5 | -6.2V | -2.5V | | | | | | | |
| CH27 (V) | Power limit (KW) - Model 3 | Power limit (KW) - Headstock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 2.0 | 2.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -2 | 3.0 | 3.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -4 | 4.0 | 4.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -6 | 6.0 | 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Torque limit setting | RV108 RV122 | <p>Orientation is performed by applying the torque limit and adjusting the halt current.</p> <p>Adjustment range is 0 to 35A.</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th></th><th>Adjusting locations</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Clutch HIGH</td><td>RV108</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch LOW</td><td>RV122</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Adjust both irrespective of clutch switching when a constant adjustment is required.</p> | | Adjusting locations | Clutch HIGH | RV108 | Clutch LOW | RV122 | <p>Relationship between CH28 voltage and current.</p> <table border="1"><tbody><tr><td>0A</td><td>-1.2V</td></tr><tr><td>5A</td><td>-1.6V</td></tr><tr><td>10A</td><td>-1.9V</td></tr><tr><td>15A</td><td>-2.05V</td></tr><tr><td>20A</td><td>-2.15V ← Standard setting</td></tr><tr><td>25A</td><td>-2.27V</td></tr><tr><td>30A</td><td>-2.4V</td></tr><tr><td>35A</td><td>-2.53V</td></tr></tbody></table> | | 0A | -1.2V | 5A | -1.6V | 10A | -1.9V | 15A | -2.05V | 20A | -2.15V ← Standard setting | 25A | -2.27V | 30A | -2.4V | 35A | -2.53V |
| | Adjusting locations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch HIGH | RV108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch LOW | RV122 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0A | -1.2V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5A | -1.6V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10A | -1.9V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15A | -2.05V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20A | -2.15V ← Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25A | -2.27V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30A | -2.4V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35A | -2.53V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Load meter output setting | RV113 | <p>The power limit offset RV114 is shifted and the voltage of CH23 is changed to 1V so that the CH24 voltage goes to 1V.</p> <p>After this adjustment, the power limit offset must be adjusted.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

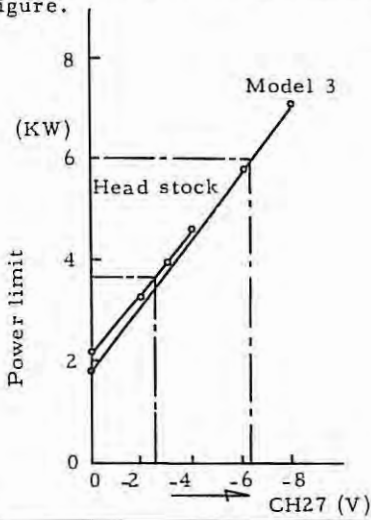
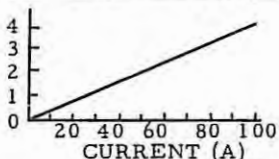
| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | |
|-----|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Headstock |
| 17 | Dither No.1 | RV3 | <p>CH8 and CH3 are shorted. The CH9 voltage is set to the proper level.</p>  | <p>ED 50Hz 1.5V 60Hz 2.8V</p> <p>E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V</p> | <p>ED 50Hz 1.5V 60Hz 2.8V</p> <p>E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V</p> |
| 18 | Dither No. 2 | RV11A RV11B RV11C | <p>The pulse amplitude of CH13A to C or CH14 A to C is adjusted to the minimum to balance the firing phase of the synchronous pulse. Amplitude</p> <p>CH13A ~ C</p>  <p>CH14A ~ C</p> <p>0V</p> | | |
| 19 | Dither No. 3 | RV10A RV10B RV10C | <p>Adjusts the dither pulsewidth.</p>  <p>50HZ 10ms 60HZ 8.33ms</p> <p>Next, adjust the two volumes in RV10A to C so that the peak value of the current waveform at low speed can be arranged. It may be arranged into the smaller waveform. Refer to Item 2.5.1, 'Synchronous pulse adjustment' for details.</p>  <p>ΔE</p> | <p>50Hz 1.8ms 60Hz 1.6ms</p> | <p>50Hz 1.8ms 60Hz 1.6ms</p> |
| 20 | Setting deceleration limit | RV10I | <p>After checking that CH21 is +10 or -10V when each motor is revolved at the maximum speed (refer to Item 7, 'Tachogenerator voltage adjustment'), the voltage of CH26 is set to the proper value.</p> | <p>9.0V +0V -0.2V</p> | <p>9.1V +0V -0.2V</p> |

Appendix III Adjusting and checking the firing circuit (For PCB A20B-0005-0584)

Since the following adjustment is usually performed at the factory, adjustment and confirmation are not necessary. Refer to the following for routine checking.

| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|------|------------------------------|-------|------|---------|-------|------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----|---------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Head stock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Time constant setting | SH01 | <table><tr><td></td><td>Clutch low</td><td>Clutch HIGH</td></tr><tr><td>5-12</td><td>0.6 sec</td><td>1 sec</td></tr><tr><td>6-11</td><td>1.2 sec</td><td>2 sec</td></tr><tr><td>7-10</td><td>1.8 sec</td><td>3 sec</td></tr><tr><td>8-9</td><td>2.4 sec</td><td>4 sec</td></tr></table> | | Clutch low | Clutch HIGH | 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | 7-10 | 7-10 |
| | Clutch low | Clutch HIGH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Tachogenerator voltage setting | SH01 | <table><tr><td>Setting</td><td>TG maximum voltage</td></tr><tr><td>1-16</td><td>10V</td></tr><tr><td>2-15</td><td>12V</td></tr><tr><td>3-14</td><td>19V</td></tr><tr><td>4-13</td><td>21V</td></tr></table> | Setting | TG maximum voltage | 1-16 | 10V | 2-15 | 12V | 3-14 | 19V | 4-13 | 21V | 2-15 (12V/ 2000 rpm) | 1-16 (10V/ 3500 rpm) | | | | | |
| Setting | TG maximum voltage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-16 | 10V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2-15 | 12V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3-14 | 19V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4-13 | 21V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Current detector bias | S9 S10 | <table><tr><td>Detector specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>A44L-0001-0048</td><td>S10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>S9</td></tr></table> | Detector specification | Setting | A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | S9 | S10 | S10 | | | | | | | | | |
| Detector specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | S9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | VCMD inter-face setting | S11 S12 | <table><tr><td>Specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>Normally, a spindle control circuit is used</td><td>S11</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch switching is provided</td><td>S12</td></tr></table> | Specification | Setting | Normally, a spindle control circuit is used | S11 | Clutch switching is provided | S12 | S12 | S11 | | | | | | | | | |
| Specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Normally, a spindle control circuit is used | S11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch switching is provided | S12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Power limit setting | S13 S14 | <table><tr><td>Motor specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>MODEL 5, 10</td><td>S13</td></tr><tr><td>MODEL 2, 3, headstock</td><td>S14</td></tr></table> | Motor specification | Setting | MODEL 5, 10 | S13 | MODEL 2, 3, headstock | S14 | S14 | S14 | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MODEL 5, 10 | S13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MODEL 2, 3, headstock | S14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Clutch switching is provided | S15 S16 | <table><tr><td>Clutch switching</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>Provided</td><td>S16</td></tr><tr><td>Not provided</td><td>S15</td></tr></table> | Clutch switching | Setting | Provided | S16 | Not provided | S15 | S15 | S15 | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch switching | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provided | S16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not provided | S15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Dither No. 1 | RV3 | CH8 and CH3 are shorted. The CH9 voltage is set to the proper level.  | ED 50Hz 1.85V 60Hz 3.15V E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V | ED 50Hz 1.85V 60Hz 3.15V E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Dither No. 2 | RV11A RV11B RV11C | The pulse amplitude of CH13A to C or CH14 A to C is adjusted to the minimum to balance the firing phase of the synchronous pulse. Amplitude CH13A ~C  CH14A ~C OV | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | |
|-----|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------|------------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Head stock |
| 9 | Minimum phase shift adjustment | RV 10A RV 10B RV 10C | CH31 and CH17 (-15V) are shorted. Adjust the pulse width of CH13 A ~ C. CH13 A ~ C  | 0.8ms (50/60Hz) | 0.8ms |
| 10 | Current loop gain | RV7 | Loop gain to current commands Reduce the gain 20% ~ 30% when some swell is observed in the current. | 100% | 100% |
| 11 | Current detection offset | RV103 | Adjust the CH11 voltage OV when current is not applied. If this adjustment varies excessively, the velocity is not uniform at low speeds. | | |
| 12 | Power limit offset | RV114 | Adjust the CH23 voltage to OV when current is not applied. If this adjustment varies excessively, the power limit at high speeds is inaccurate and motors can be damaged. | | |
| 13 | Current limit setting | RV9 | Set the CH12 voltage to the proper value when current is not applied. The relation of CH12 and the current limit is as shown in the following figure.  | -1.1V | -0.7V |

| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------------|-------|--|-----|---------|------|--------|-----|------|-------|------|------|-------|------|------|--------|------|------|--------|------|------|--------|------|------|-------|------|------|--------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Head stock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Power limit | RV109 | Set the CH27 voltage to the proper value when current is no supplied. The relation between CH27 and the power is as shown in the following figure.  | -6.2V | -2.5V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Velocity loop gain adjustment | RV1 | Adjust as below by load inertia. <table border="1" data-bbox="685 1010 1227 1101"><tr><th>Max inertia</th><th>Setting</th><th>Max inertia</th><th>Setting</th></tr><tr><td>0~2kg cm S²</td><td>45%</td><td>0~0.5kg cm S²</td><td>60%</td></tr><tr><td>2~"</td><td>70%</td><td>0.5~1"</td><td>80%</td></tr></table> | Max inertia | Setting | Max inertia | Setting | 0~2kg cm S ² | 45% | 0~0.5kg cm S ² | 60% | 2~" | 70% | 0.5~1" | 80% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Max inertia | Setting | Max inertia | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0~2kg cm S ² | 45% | 0~0.5kg cm S ² | 60% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2~" | 70% | 0.5~1" | 80% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Veloticy loop offset | RV2 | Adjust the motors to halt when the velocity command voltage is OV. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | rpm adjustment | RV4 | The maximum rotation speed is adjusted when 10V is the velocity command voltage. Maximum rotation speed: $\pm 0.4\%$ | 2000 rpm | 3400 } 3500 rpm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Setting deceleration limit | RV101 | After checking that CH21 is +10 or -10V when each motor is revolved at the maximum speed (refer to Item 7, 'Tachogenerator voltage adjustment'), the voltage of CH26 is set to the proper value. | 9.0V ^{+0V} -0.2V | 9.1V ^{+0V} -0.2V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Torque limit setting | RV108 RV122 | Orientation is performed by applying the torque limit and adjusting the halt current. Adjust the torque limit by RV 108 and RV 122 during measurement current value on CH 11. <table border="1" data-bbox="691 1701 1101 1785"><tr><th></th><th>Adjusting locations</th></tr><tr><td>Clutch HIGH</td><td>RV108</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch LOW</td><td>RV122</td></tr></table>  | | Adjusting locations | Clutch HIGH | RV108 | Clutch LOW | RV122 | Voltage of CH29 can be used for adjustment torque limit. <table border="1" data-bbox="1136 1619 1442 1840"><tr><th>Current</th><th>CH11</th><th>CH29</th></tr><tr><td>5A</td><td>0.2V</td><td>-1.6V</td></tr><tr><td>10 "</td><td>0.4"</td><td>-1.9V</td></tr><tr><td>15 "</td><td>0.6"</td><td>-2.05V</td></tr><tr><td>20 "</td><td>0.8"</td><td>-2.15V</td></tr><tr><td>25 "</td><td>1.0"</td><td>-2.27V</td></tr><tr><td>30 "</td><td>1.2"</td><td>-2.4V</td></tr><tr><td>35 "</td><td>1.4"</td><td>-2.53V</td></tr></table> | | Current | CH11 | CH29 | 5A | 0.2V | -1.6V | 10 " | 0.4" | -1.9V | 15 " | 0.6" | -2.05V | 20 " | 0.8" | -2.15V | 25 " | 1.0" | -2.27V | 30 " | 1.2" | -2.4V | 35 " | 1.4" | -2.53V |
| | Adjusting locations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch HIGH | RV108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch LOW | RV122 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | CH11 | CH29 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5A | 0.2V | -1.6V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 " | 0.4" | -1.9V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 " | 0.6" | -2.05V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 " | 0.8" | -2.15V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 " | 1.0" | -2.27V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 " | 1.2" | -2.4V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35 " | 1.4" | -2.53V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Load meter output setting | RV 113 | | 50% | 50% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. DC SPINDLE SERVO UNIT

MAINTENANCE MANUAL

for

MODEL 2, 3
HEAD STOCK WITH SPINDLE CONTROL UNIT

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1. GENERAL

This maintenance manual is applicable to Installation and adjustment and maintenance of the spindle servo unit (with spindle control) which drives the FANUC DC spindle motor (Models 2 and 3) and the headstock for FANUC TAPE CENTER MODEL C D, H.

A diagram of the structure of the spindle servo unit (with spindle control) follows.

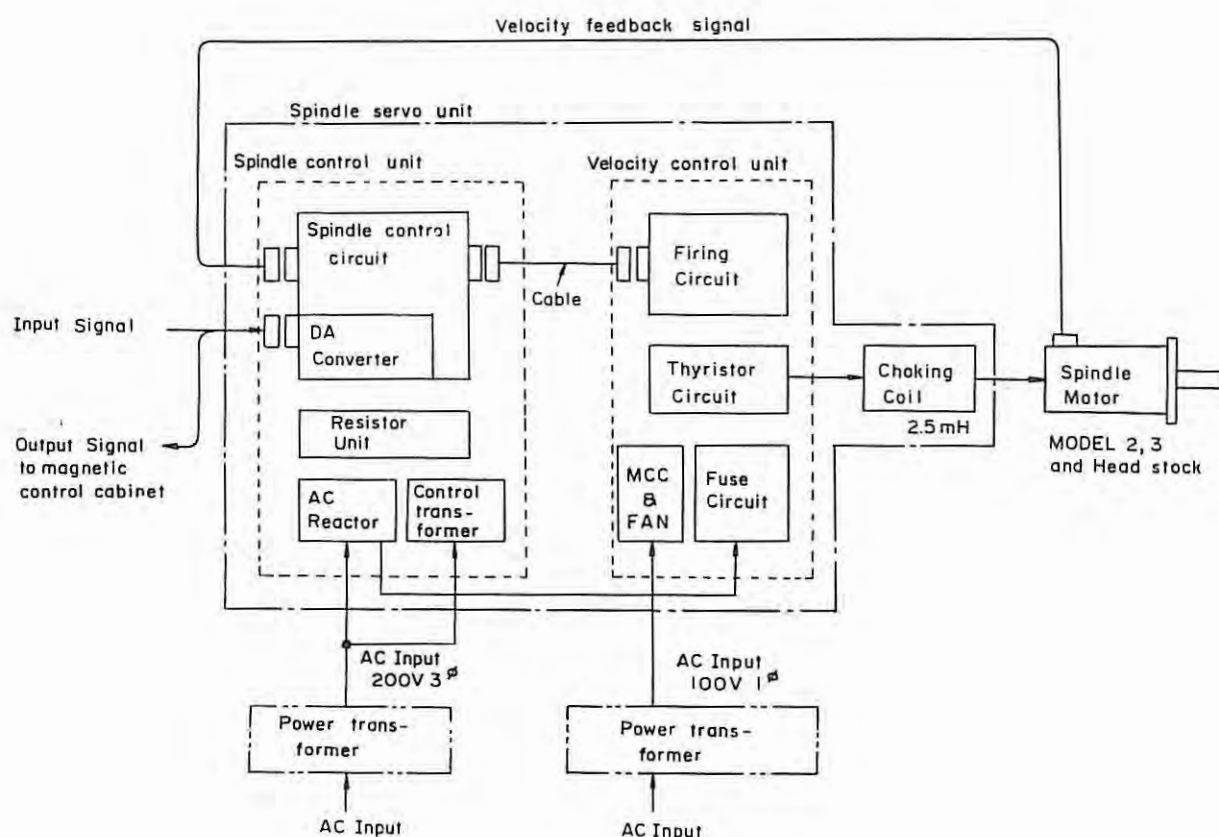


Fig. 1 Spindle servo unit block diagram

A table of printed circuit board specifications follows.

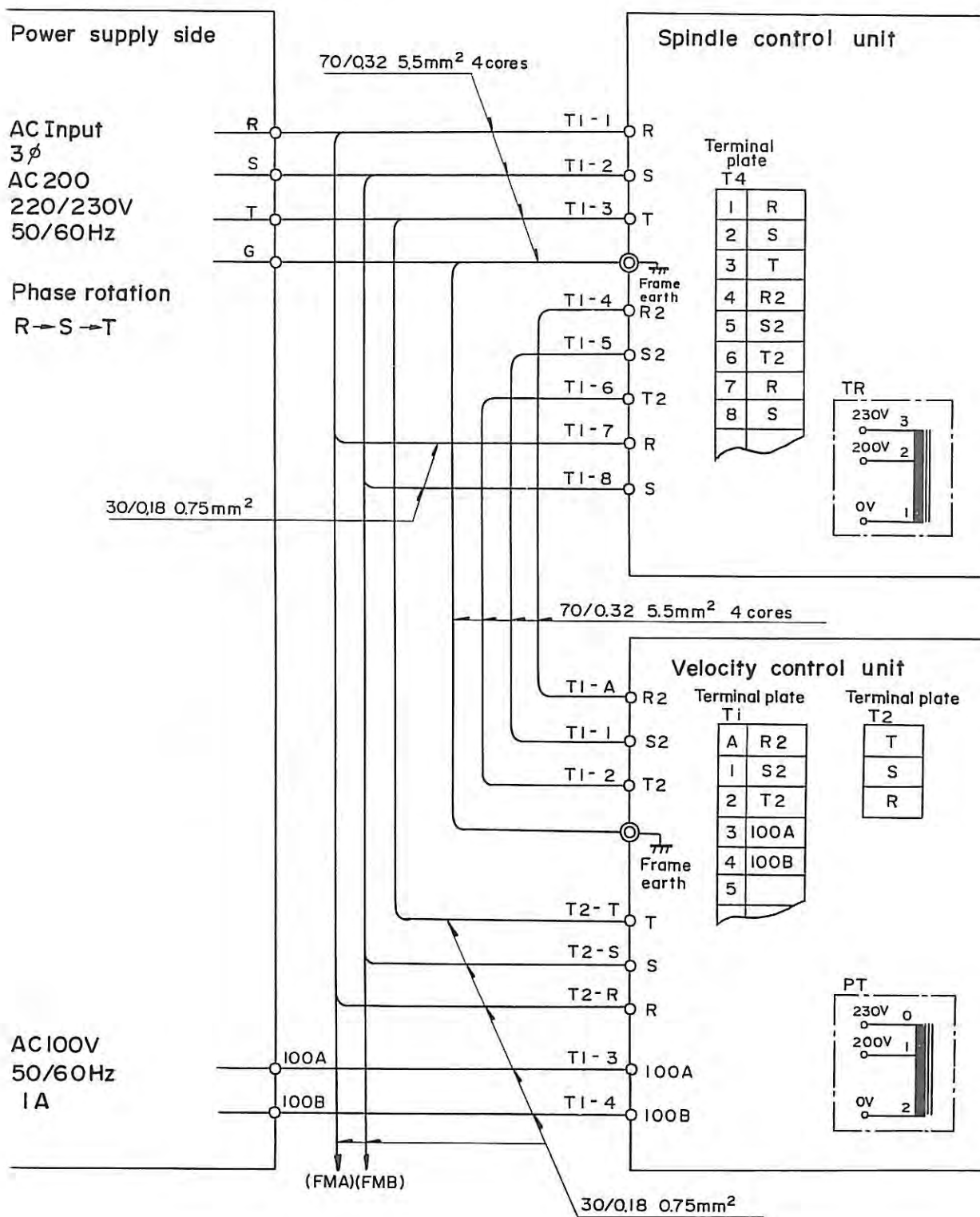
| | P. C. B. No. 1 | P. C. B. No. 2 | P. C. B. No. 3 |
|-------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Model 2 and 3 | A20B-0004-0780 | A20B-0005-0583/T | A20B-0005-0584/T |
| Headstock | A20B-0004-0780 | A20B-0005-0583/U | A20B-0005-0584/U |
| Spindle control circuit | A20B-0004-0990 | A20B-0004-0990 (03A) | A20B-0004-0990 (08C) |
| Remark | Manufactured from Jul. 1976 to Dec. 1977 | Manufactured from Jan. 1978 to Aug. 1978 | Manufactured from Sep. 1978 |

2. FIELD ADJUSTMENT

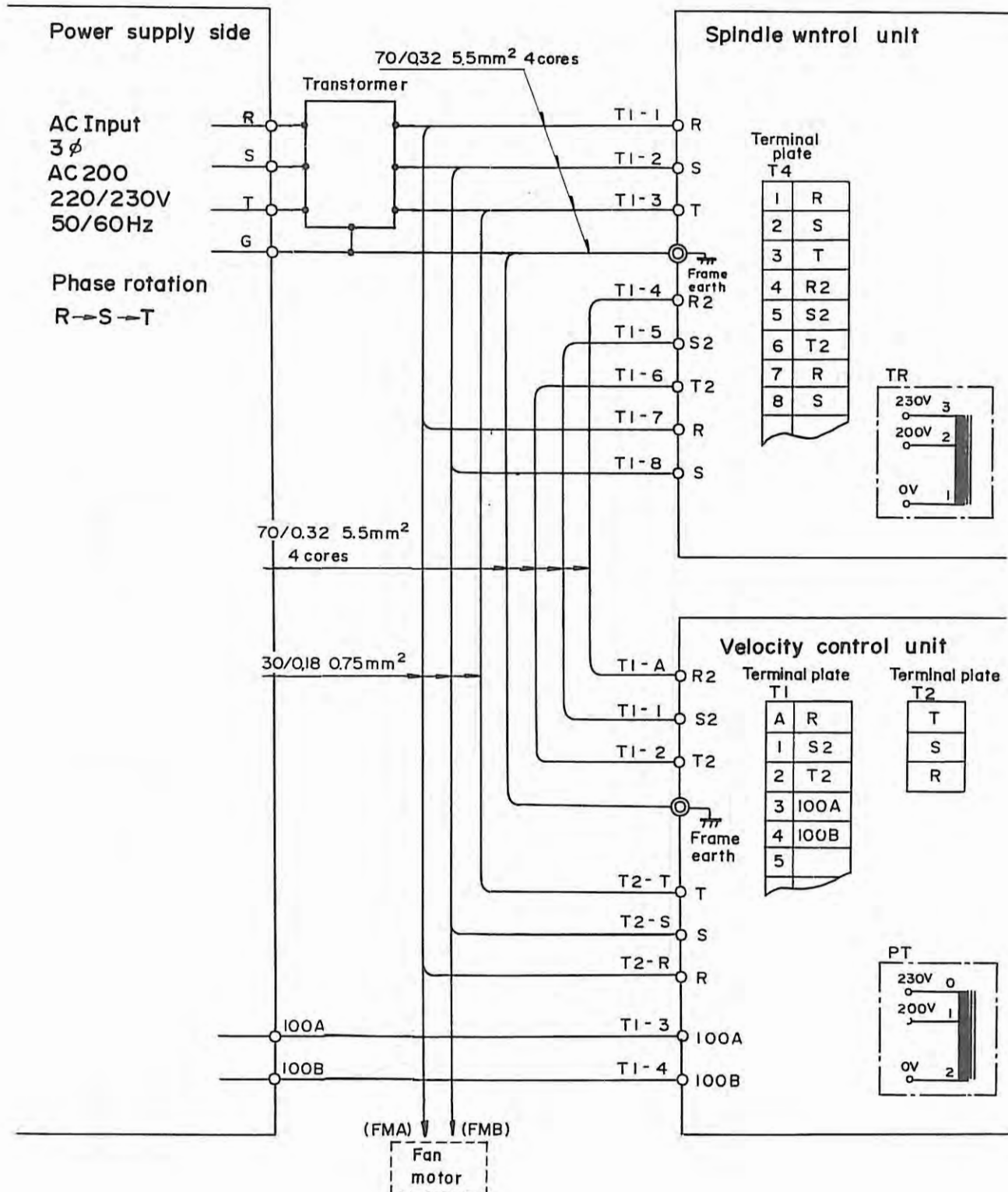
2.1 Connection

(1) Connection of power line.

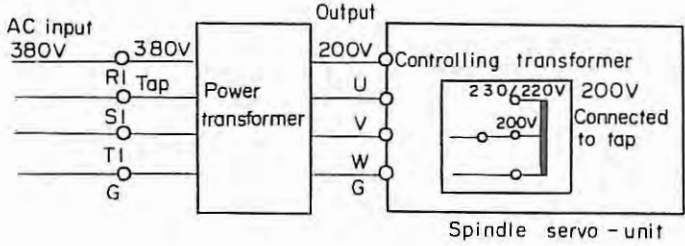
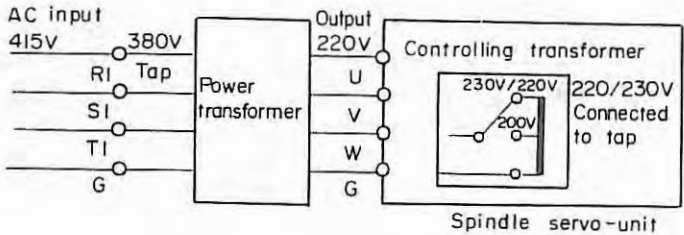
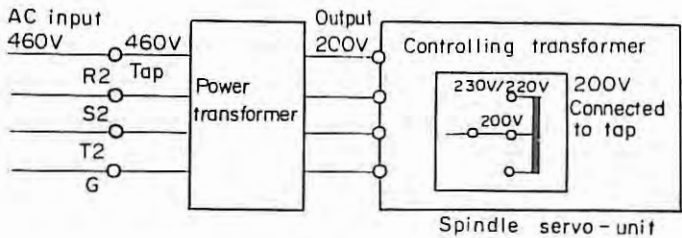
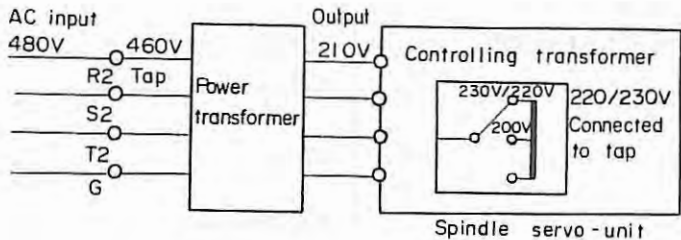
AC200/220/230V power supply line



AC200/220/230V power line (ex. 380V/460V)

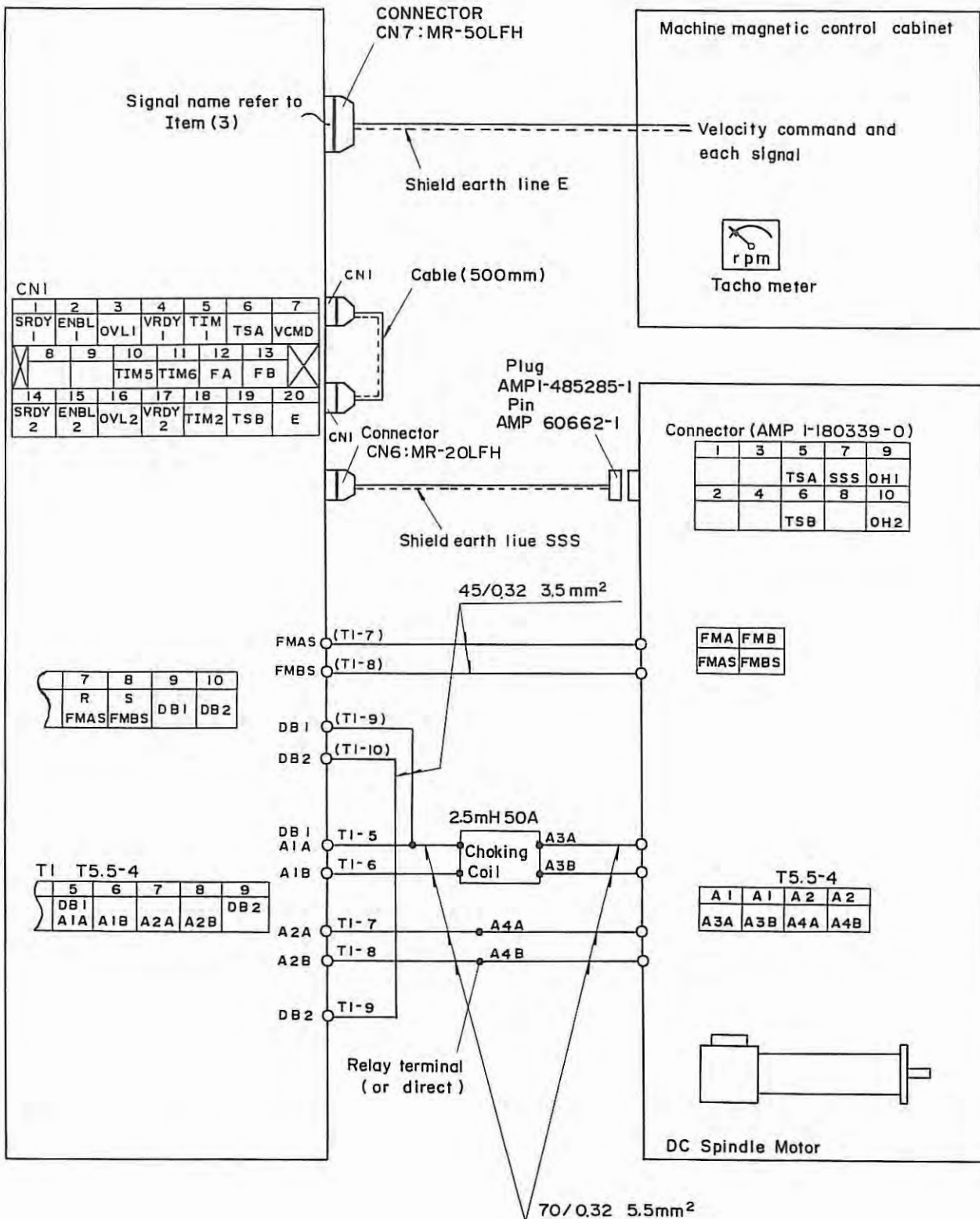


If the FUJITSU FANUC power transformer is used, the following connections must be made with input voltage of 380-480V.

| No. | AC input voltage | Connection |
|-----|---|--|
| 1 | 380V $+10\%$ -15% |  <p>Spindle servo-unit</p> |
| 2 | 400/415V $+10\%$ -15% |  <p>Spindle servo-unit</p> |
| 3 | 460V $+10\%$ -15% (440V $\pm 10\%$) |  <p>Spindle servo-unit</p> |
| 4 | 480V $+10\%$ -15% |  <p>Spindle servo-unit</p> |

Refer to 2.2(1) for the settings of the controlling power transformer.

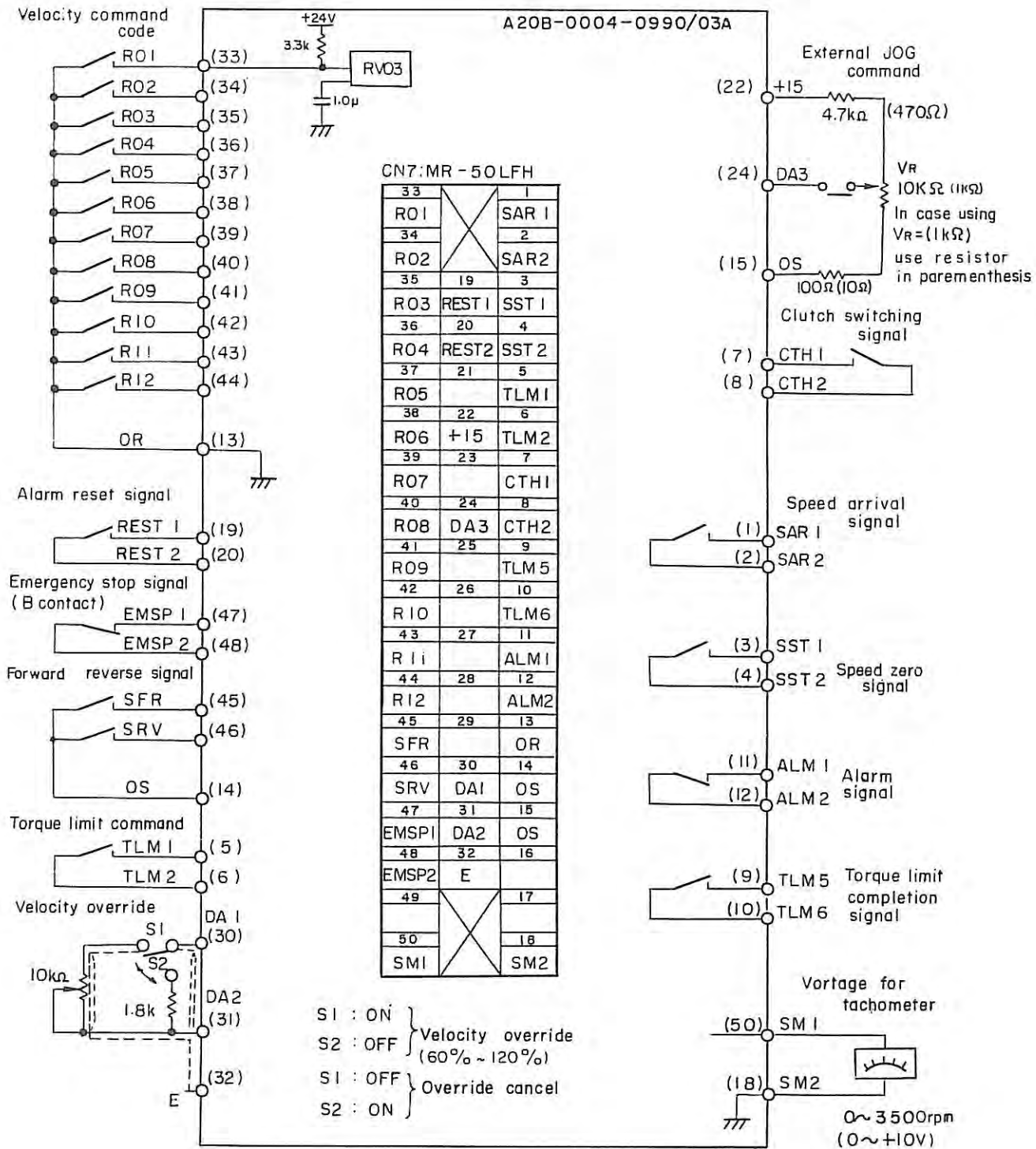
(2) Connection of spindle motor power line and signal line.



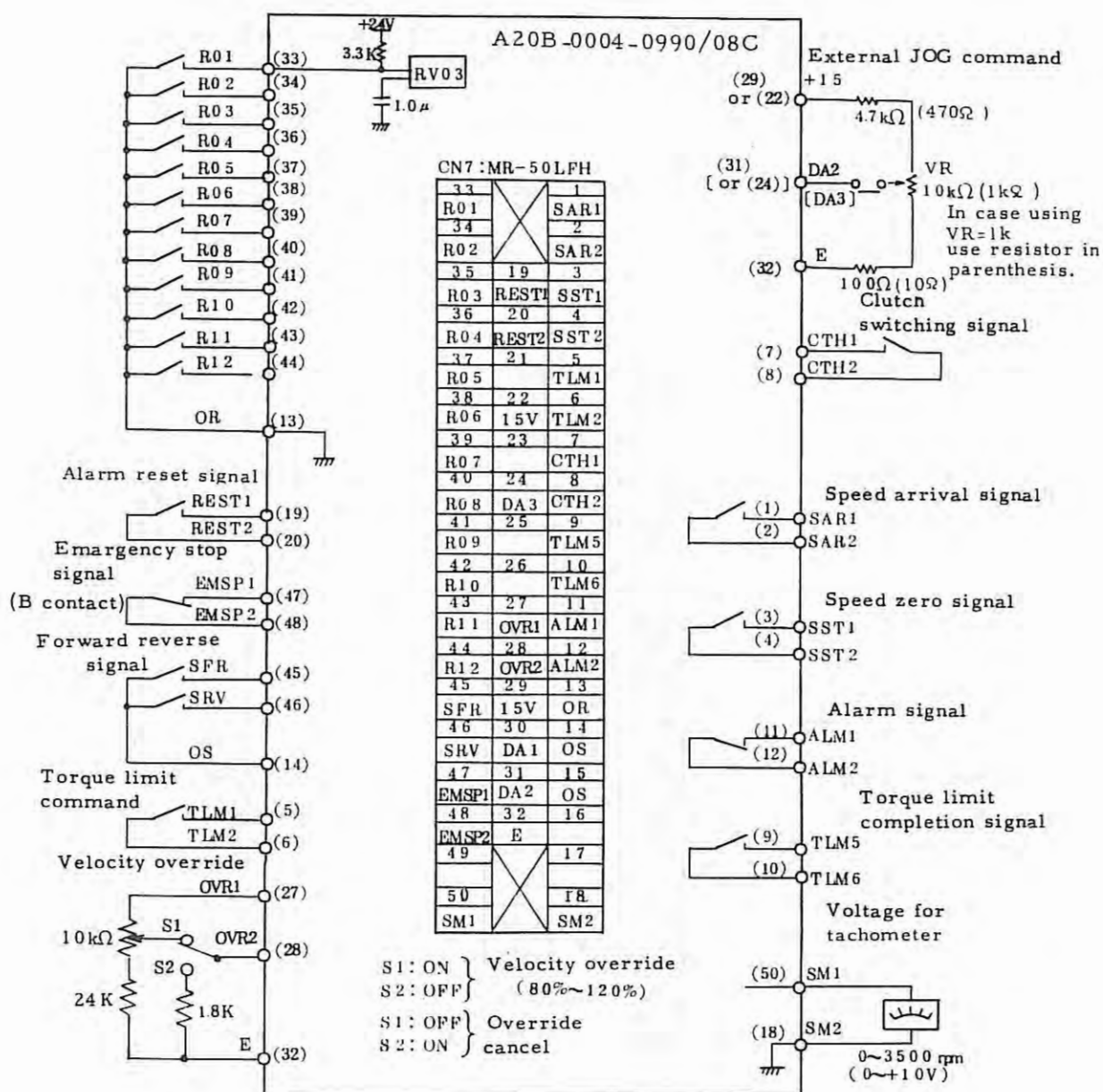
(3) Signal line check

The connection between the magnetics cabinet and the spindle servo-unit is as follows. Attention must be paid to the fact that the emergency stop signal input and the alarm signal output are both B contact.

In case before edition 03A of spindle control circuit A20B-0004-0990.



In case of edition 08C of spindle control circuit A20B-0004-0990



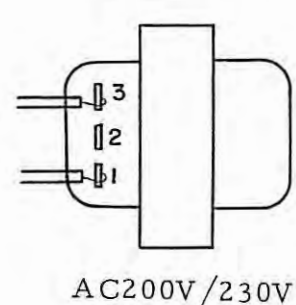
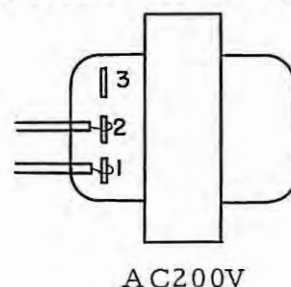
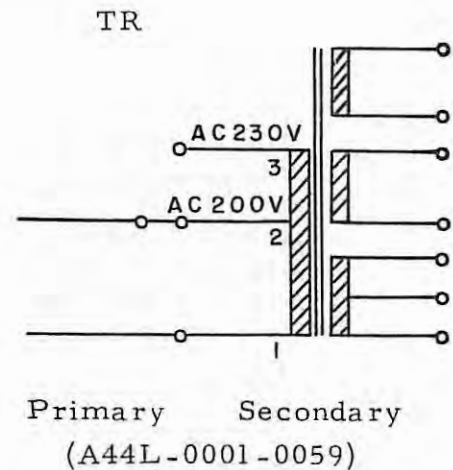
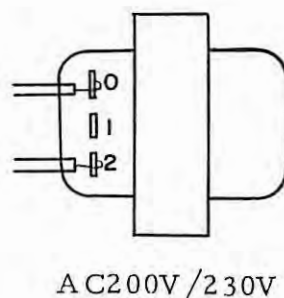
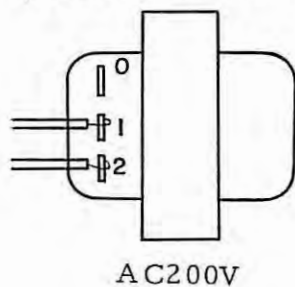
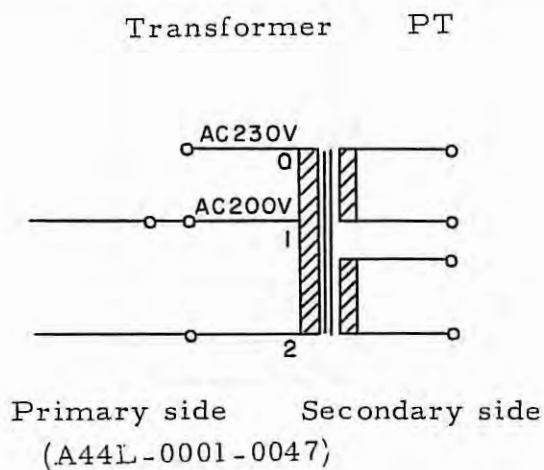
2.2 Check the Setting

(1) Tap changing according to the AC input voltage

The transformer PT tap in the velocity control unit is set as follows in accordance with the AC input power supply voltage.

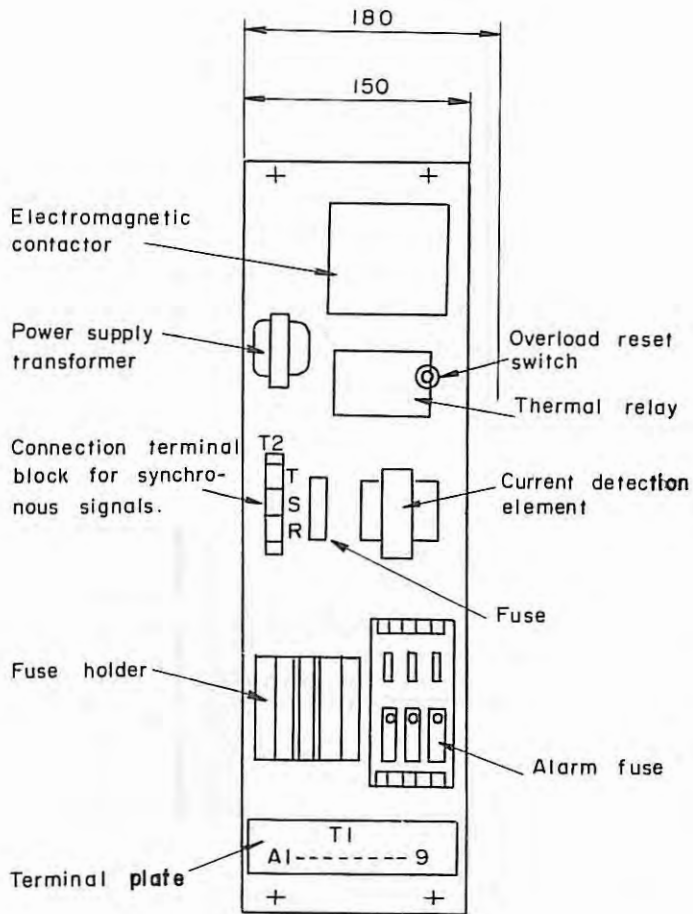
| AC input voltage | Transformer PT Tap | Transformer TR Tap |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| AC200V +10% -15% | Connect to Tap 1 | Connect to Tap 2 |
| AC220V +10% -15% or AC230V +10% -15% | Connect to Tap 0 | Connect to Tap 3 |

If switching is not performed for 220V/230V AC, it causes a fault in the power supply regulator on the printed circuit board. Make sure to switch it.

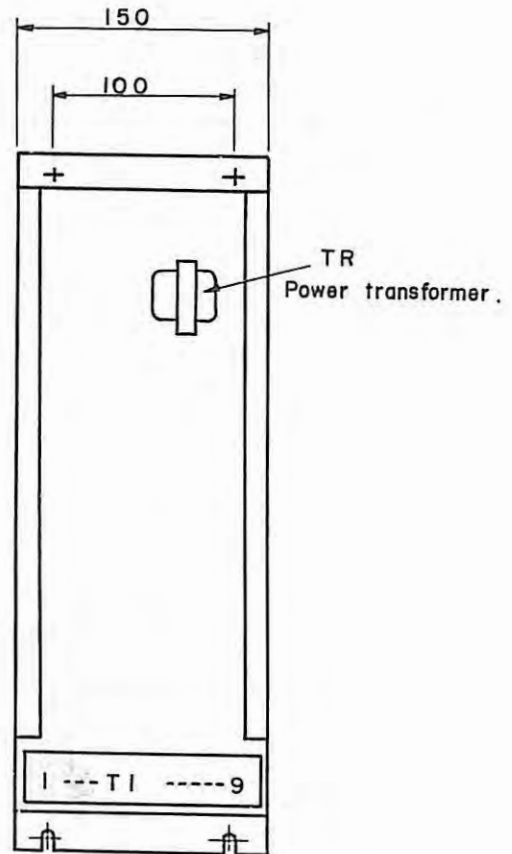


Power supply mounting location.

Velocity control unit

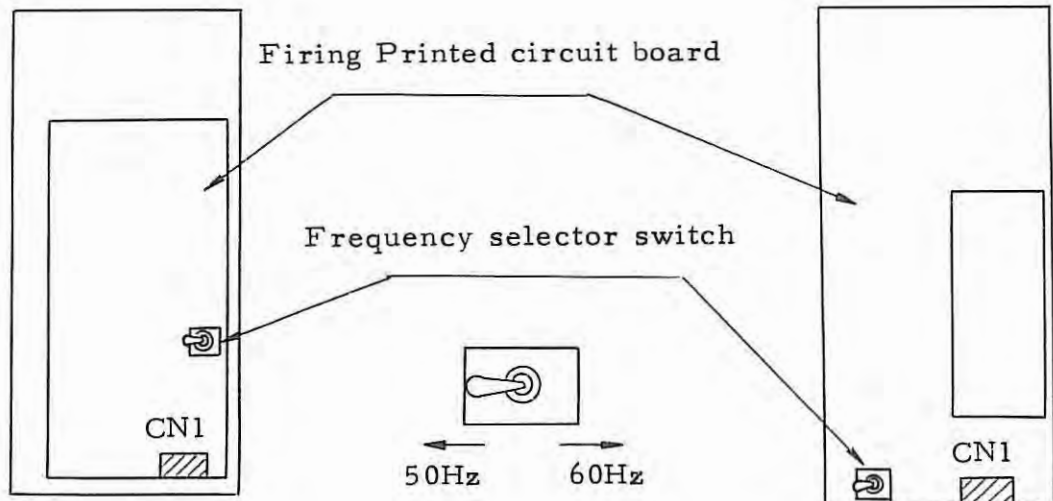


Spindle control unit



(2) Setting the frequency selector switch (50/60Hz)

Check that the frequency selector switch is properly positioned in accordance with the line frequency (50/60 Hz).



P.C.B. No.2
A20B-0005-0583

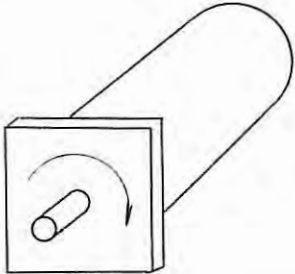


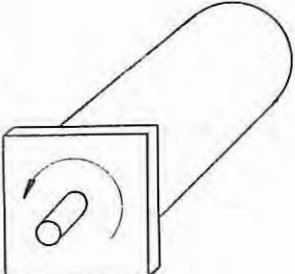


P.C.B. No.1
A20B-0004-0780

P.C.B. No.3
A20B-0005-0584

2.3 Checks Before Turning Power ON

(1) Testing the motor cable and T.G feedback signal connections.

Before turning on the power switch, check the polarity of the motor cable and T.G. feedback signal connections. Rotate the motor shaft clockwise by hands and check the voltage between terminals T1-5, 6 and T1-7, 8 and between CH2 to CH3 (GND)

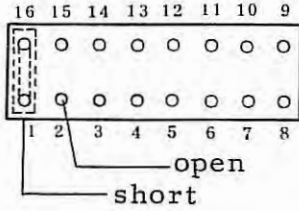
| No. | Motor Rotational Direction | Measuring apparatus | Polarity of motor | Polarity of T.G feedback signal |
|-----|--|------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | Motor shaft to rotate clockwise  | Tester or Oscilloscope | \oplus voltage A1 (T1-5, 6)  A2 GND (T1-7, 8) | CH2 \oplus voltage  CH3 (GND) |
| 2 | Motor shaft to rotate counterclockwise.  | Tester or Oscilloscope | GND A2 (T1-7, 8)  \ominus voltage A1 (T1-5, 6) | CH3 (GND)  CH2 \ominus voltage |

If polarity is incorrect, the machine runs away by start signal. Therefore, always check the polarity.

In case of PCB. No.3 A20B-0005-0584, motor rotates at first, but alarm occur at once and FA/FB alarm signal send out.

- (2) Checking of isolated resistor check the resistor between GND and 5~8 terminal of terminal plate T1 and whether it's value is more 0.1 M Ω .

(3) Setting of spindle control circuit PCB (A20B-0004-0990)

| Unit | Pin No. | Setting | | Contents | Remarks |
|------|---------|---------|-----|--|---------------------------------|
| | | CCD | CBI | | |
| SH01 | 01-16 | ○ | | Set the left data by DA converter, BCD S2 digits, Binary 12 bit.  | |
| | 02-15 | ○ | | | |
| | 03-14 | ○ | | | |
| | 04-13 | ○ | | | |
| | 05-12 | | ○ | | |
| | 06-11 | | ○ | | |
| | 07-10 | | ○ | | |
| | 08-09 | | ○ | | |
| SH02 | 01-16 | ○ | | SH01~ SH05 | |
| | 02-15 | ○ | | | |
| | 03-14 | ○ | | | |
| | 04-13 | ○ | | | |
| | 05-12 | | ○ | | |
| | 06-11 | | ○ | | |
| | 07-10 | | ○ | | |
| | 08-09 | | ○ | | |
| SH03 | 01-16 | ○ | | | |
| | 02-15 | ○ | | | |
| | 03-14 | ○ | | | |
| | 04-13 | ○ | | | |
| | 05-12 | | ○ | | |
| | 06-11 | | ○ | | |
| | 07-10 | | ○ | | |
| | 08-09 | | ○ | | |
| SH04 | 01-16 | ○ | | In case setting of external analog voltage input in PCB making before edition 03A. | Refer to circuit 1. |
| | 02-15 | | ○ | | |
| | 03-14 | | ○ | | |
| | 04-13 | ○ | | | |
| | 1 | 05-12 | | | Refer to circuit 1, 3, 4. |
| | | 06-11 | ○ | | |
| | | 07-10 | | | |
| | | 08-09 | ○ | | |
| | 2 | 05-12 | ○ | | Refer to circuit 2. |
| | | 06-11 | ○ | | |
| | | 07-10 | | | |
| | | 08-09 | | | |
| | 3 | 05-12 | | | Refer to circuit 2. |
| | | 06-11 | ○ | | |
| | | 07-10 | | | |
| | | 08-09 | ○ | | |

| Unit | | Pin No. | Setting | | Contents | Remarks | | | | | |
|------------|-------|----------------|--|---|--|------------------------|----------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| | | | CCD | CBI | | | | | | | |
| SH04 | 4 | 05-12 | | | In case using spindle override function (range 60 120%) in PCB making before edition 03A. (08-09 is spare short bar) | Refer to circuit 3, 4. | | | | | |
| | | 06-11 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 07-10 | O | | | | | | | | |
| | | 08-09 | O | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | In case edition 08C of spindle control circuit. | Refer to circuit 5. | | | | | | |
| | 05-12 | | Open in giving external analog input. | | | | | | | | |
| | 06-11 | | Open in using override function. | | | | | | | | |
| | 07-10 | | Open in using override function as uper limit is 100%. | | | | | | | | |
| | 08-09 | | Spare short bar. | | | | | | | | |
| | SH05 | 01-16 | | | Setting by TG output voltage. (MODEL 2, 3 headstock) common to all edition. <table border="1"><tr><td>Motor</td><td>Output voltage</td></tr><tr><td>Model 2, 3</td><td>12V/2000 rpm</td></tr><tr><td>Head stock</td><td>10 V/3500 rpm</td></tr></table> | Motor | Output voltage | Model 2, 3 | 12V/2000 rpm | Head stock | 10 V/3500 rpm |
| Motor | | Output voltage | | | | | | | | | |
| Model 2, 3 | | 12V/2000 rpm | | | | | | | | | |
| Head stock | | 10 V/3500 rpm | | | | | | | | | |
| 02-15 | | O | | | | | | | | | |
| 03-14 | | O | | | | | | | | | |
| 04-13 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 05-12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 06-11 | O | | | | | | | | | | |
| 07-10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 08-09 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SH06 | 01-02 | | Short in giving external analog command from CN7-(24). | | | | | | | | |
| SH07 | 01-02 | | Setting of speed error excessive alarm detecting level. Short: 20% Open: 50% | | | Note 1. | | | | | |

O mark: Short No mark: Open

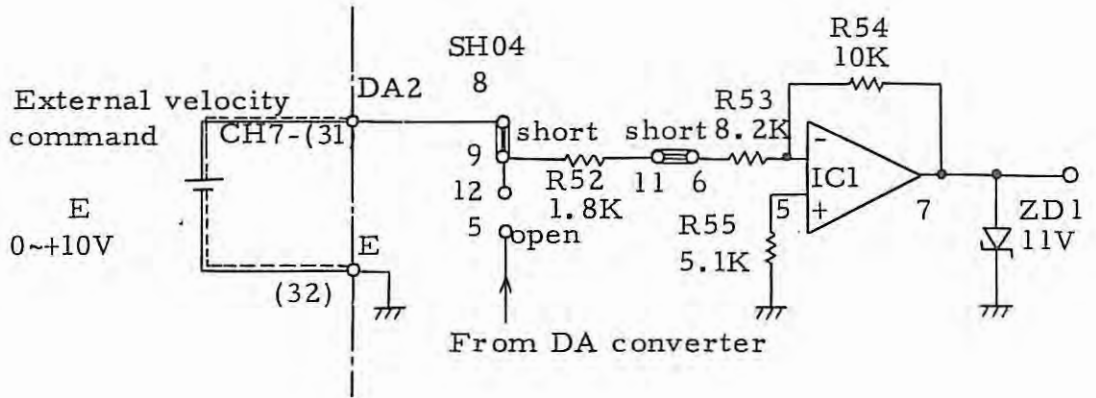
Note 1) SH07 is short bar of pitch 2.54 mm.
SH07 is open (level 50%) at shipping time if no required.

generaly for lathe set 50% SH07 01-02 open
(standard)

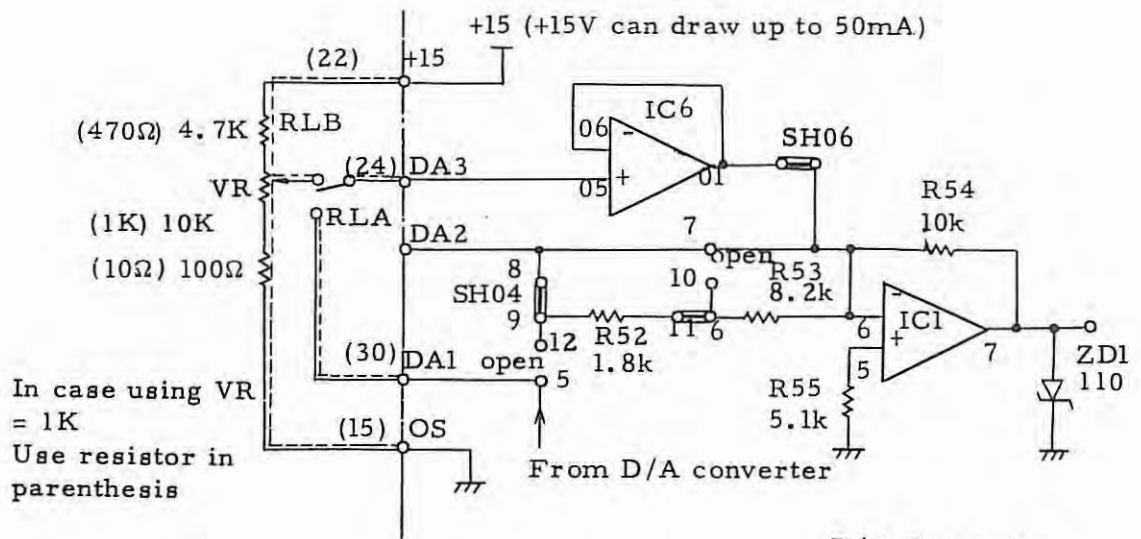
for machining-center set 20% SH07 01-02 short

External connection and internal setting.

In case before edition 03A of spindle control circuit A20B-0004-0990.
Setting for external analogue voltage input



Setting when using both D/A converter input and external JOG command.

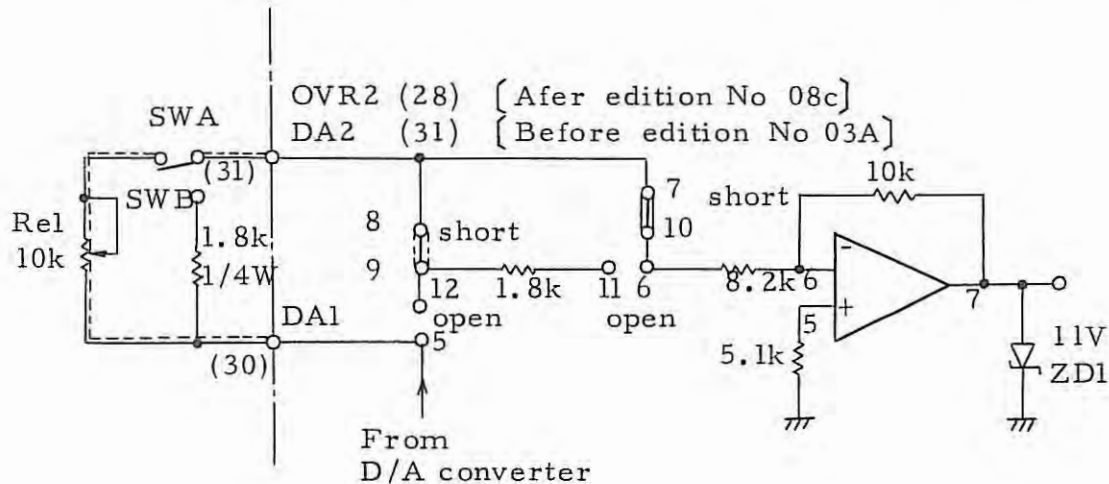


In case using VR
= 1K
Use resistor in
parenthesis

D/A Converter
RLA "ON"
RLB "OFF"
External JOG command
RLA "OFF"
RLB "ON"

(4) Setting for spindle override function

- (a) This is used to change the spindle motor speed by 60 - 120% of the command value in order to improve cutting conditions.



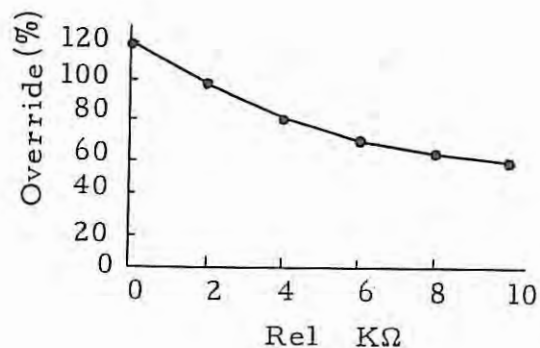
Override can be cancelled with external switches SWA and SWB.

| | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| SWA "ON" (closed) | SWB "OFF" (open) | With override |
| SWA "OFF" | SWB "ON" | Without override |

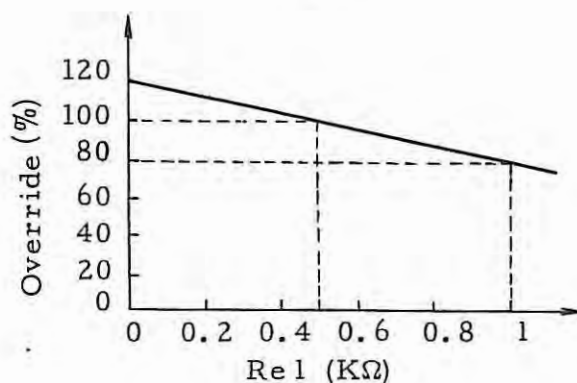
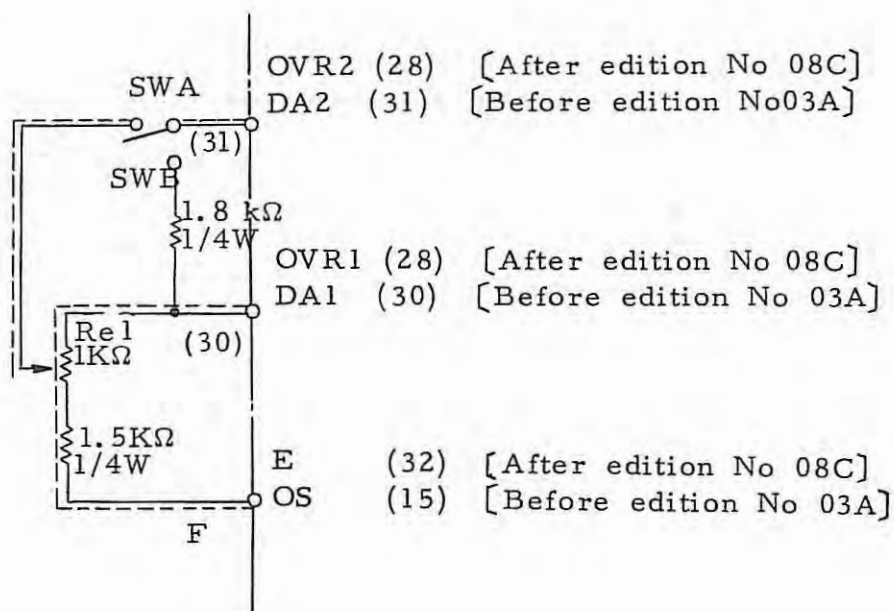
Override region

| | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Rel = 0Ω | Approximately 120% |
| Rel = 10 KΩ | Approximately 55% (nominal 60%) |

With above connections, the relationship of the variable resistor and the override are as in the graph at the right.

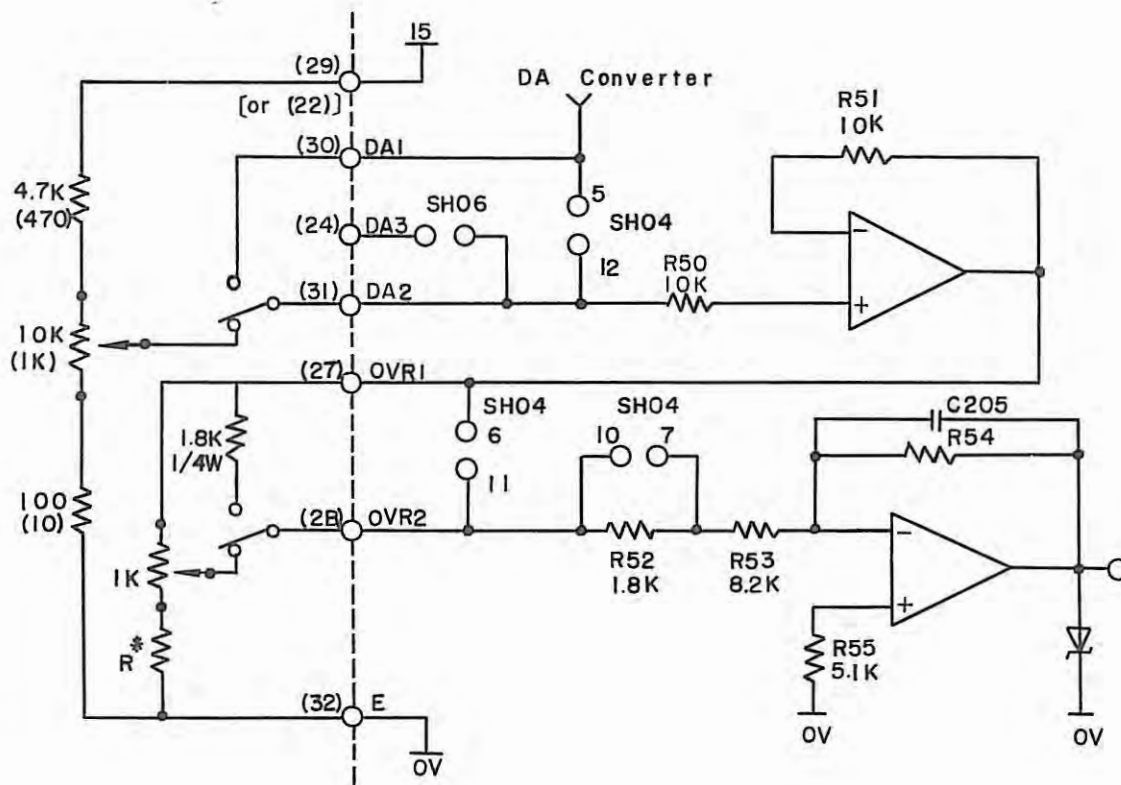


- (b) To make the override proportional to the value of the external variable resistor, the following external connections must be made; however, the internal setting remains the same.
In this case, up to 70-120% of the command value is variable.



In case edition 08C of spindle control circuit A20B-0004-0990

Circuit diagram about setting



* Where R = 1k : Override is 60% ~ 120%
 R = 2.4k : Override is 80% ~ 120%

Override is changed in linear as above.

Provided that SH04 10-7 PIN is short.

2.4 Checks Phase Rotation

- (1) In case P. C. B. No. 3 A20B-0005-0584

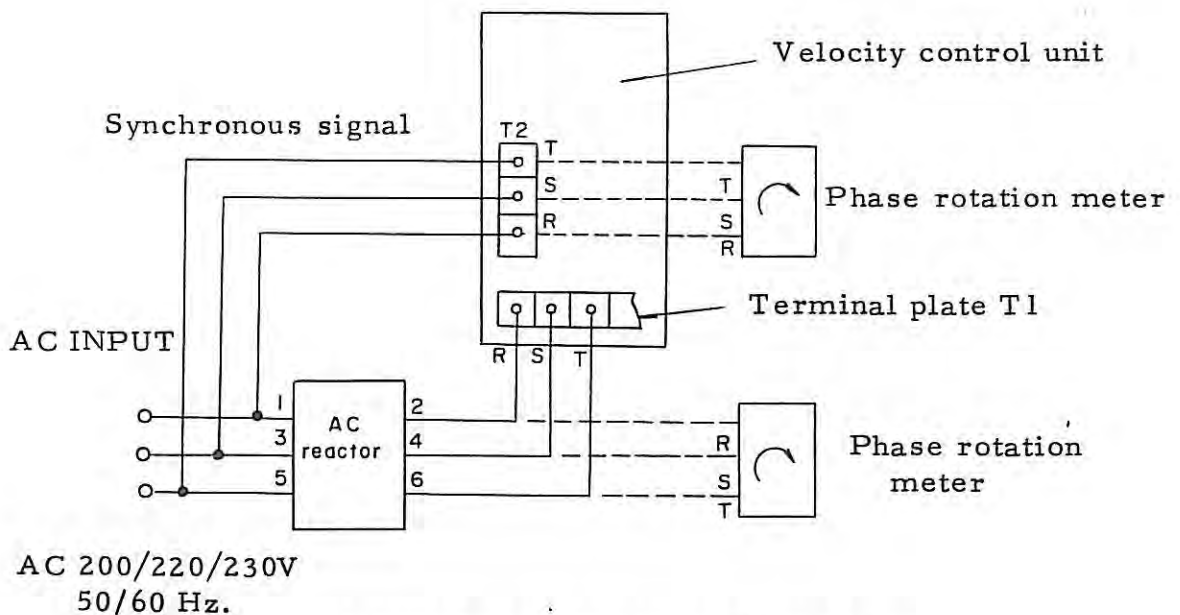
Added the opposite phase alarm circuit on this P. C. B.
When the phase rotation is not correct or phase lacks,
and then if power is on, opposite phase, lack of phase
indicate alarm TGAL light on.

phase rotation is correctTGAL doesnot light on
opposite phase, lack.of phaseTGAL lighs on

- (2) The AC line is always connected to the input terminals
so that the phase rotational direction is $R \rightarrow S \rightarrow T$.
If the phase rotation is not correct and power is supplied,
the velocity control unit fuse may blow.

(Check)

Check that the phase rotation meter turns clockwise
when connected in the order of $R \rightarrow S \rightarrow T$ with terminal block
T1 and T2. (Change the connection if not correct.)



Connection of Phase Rotation Meter

Precautions

The following methods must be used carefully when a phase rotation meter is not employed.

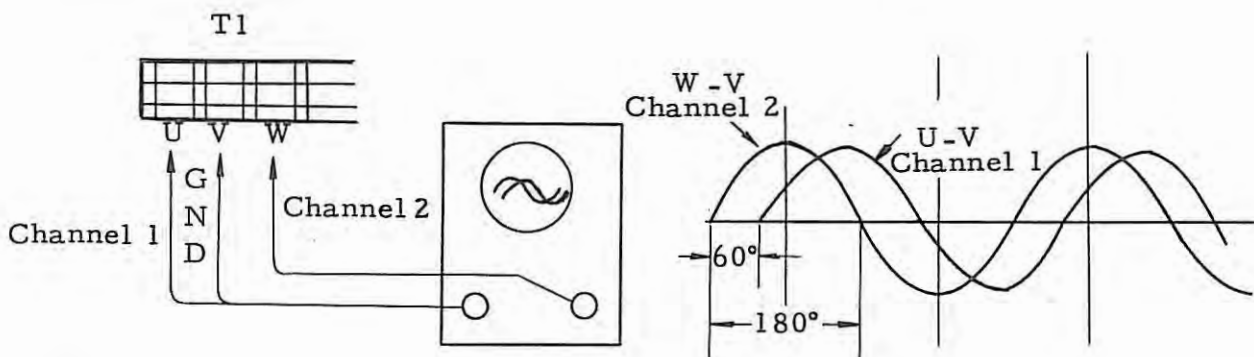
- (1) Always insulate the oscilloscope from ground during measurement.
- (2) Further, since the oscilloscope itself is at equipotential with the input voltage, do not touch its frame or metal parts.

A dual-trace oscilloscope can be used to check phase rotation as follows:

[Measurement procedure]

[Waveform]

The following waveform is obtained if phase rotation is correct.



2.5 Adjustment

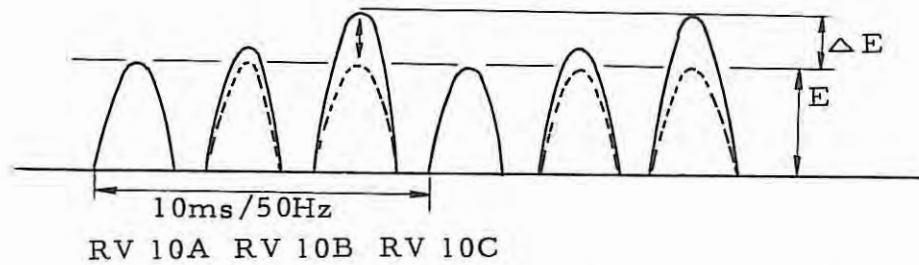
Only the following items are required for on-site adjustment.

- (1) Synchronous pulse adjustment [only for PCB No. 1 A20B-0004-0780 and No. 2 A20B-0005-0583]

If the three-phase waveform is balanced, adjustment is not required, but if it is not balanced or if the inter-voltage varies, a synchronous pulse must be adjusted in the following manner.

Current waveforms are observed while slowly turning the spindle motor.

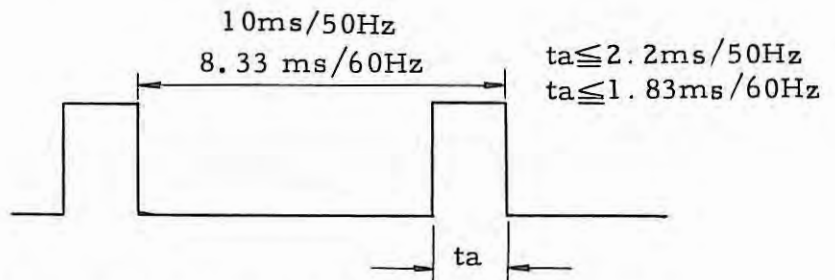
CH 11 waveform



(Adjustment) Any two variable resistors RV 10A, B and C are turned counterclockwise so that the peak value of the current waveforms are within the following range.

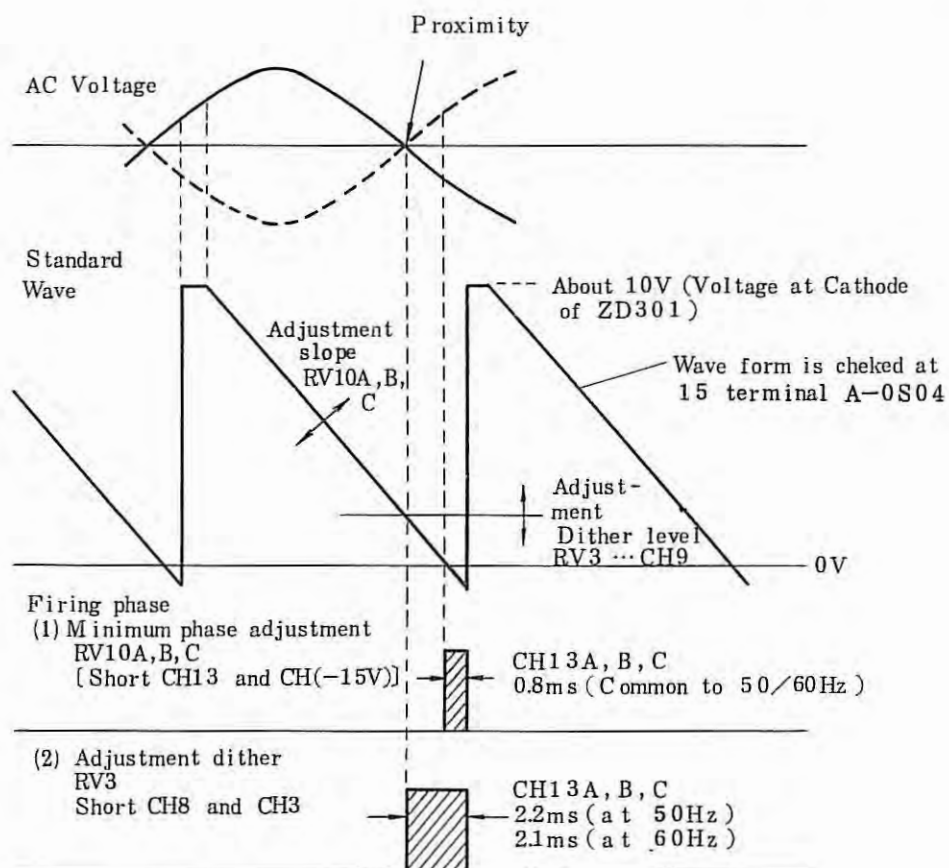
$$\Delta E \leq \pm 0.2E$$

(Check) After adjustment, electromagnetic contactor MCC is turned OFF and the synchronous pulswidth is checked by CH13 A, B and C. (check it after connects CH8 to the earth.)



Check again after readjusting for 50Hz $t_a > 2.2\text{ms}$ or 60Hz $t_a > 1.83\text{ms}$.

In case A20B-0005-0584, no adjustment.



Current wave form at low speed
(Check point CH 11)



(2) Current detection circuit offset adjustment

Start signals are turned OFF and RV103 is adjusted so that the voltage at current waveform check terminal CH11 is zero.

| Check terminal | Adjustment places | Adjustment method |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| CH11 | RV 103 | $0 \pm 20\text{mV}$ |

(3) Adjustment of rotation speed

When the speed command voltage is fed by 10V (maximum velocity command), the spindle is adjusted by RV4 so that the spindle turns at the maximum speed.

| | P.C.B | Velocity command CH3 | Spindle motor speed | Spindle speed | Adjustment place |
|------------|--|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| MODEL 2, 3 | A20B-0005-0583 /T A20B-0005-0584 /T | $\pm 10V$ | 2000 ± 8 rpm | Maximum speed $\pm 0.4\%$ | RV4 |
| Head stock | A20B-0005-0583 /U A20B-0005-0584/U | $\pm 10V$ | 3400~3500 rpm | 3400~3500 rpm | RV4 |

(4) Torque limit adjustment

The torque limit is set by adjusting the voltage of CH29. Adjustment locations are RV108 for clutch HIGH and RV122 for clutch LOW. Both are adjusted if a constant limit is required irrespective of the clutch setting.

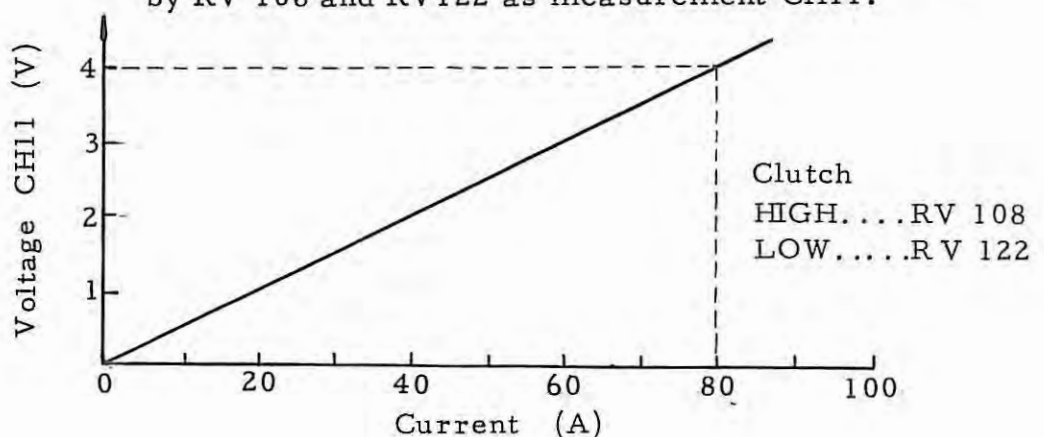
Further, if there is no clutch switching, only RV108 is effective.

| Current value | 0A | 5A | 10A | 15A | 20A | 25A | 30A | 35A |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| Voltage of CH28 | -1.2V | -1.6V | -1.9V | -2.05V | -2.15V | -2.27V | -2.4V | -2.53V |

Standard
Setting

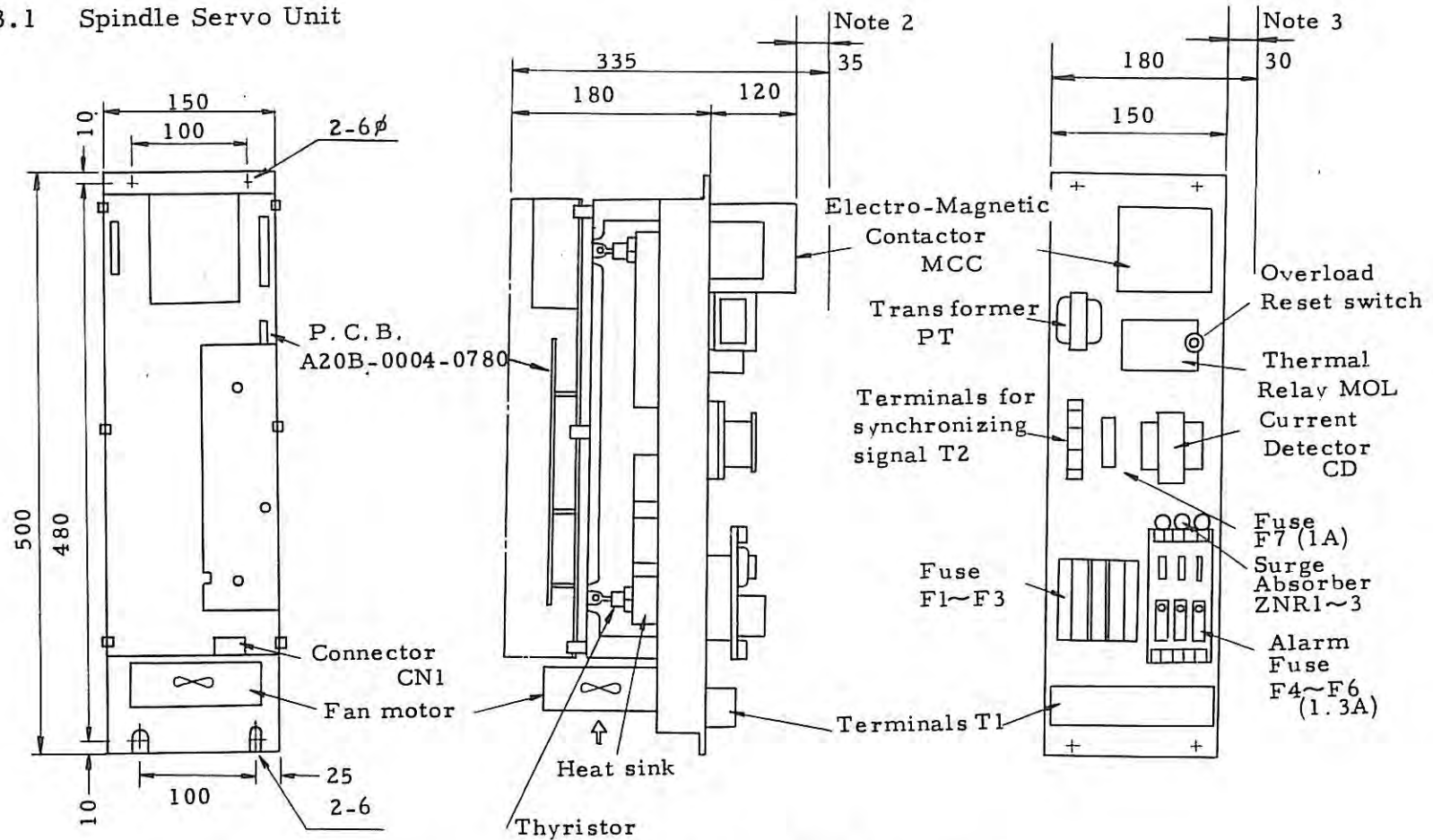
In case A20B-0005-0584

After torque limit is on, adjust the armature current by RV 108 and RV122 as measurement CH11.



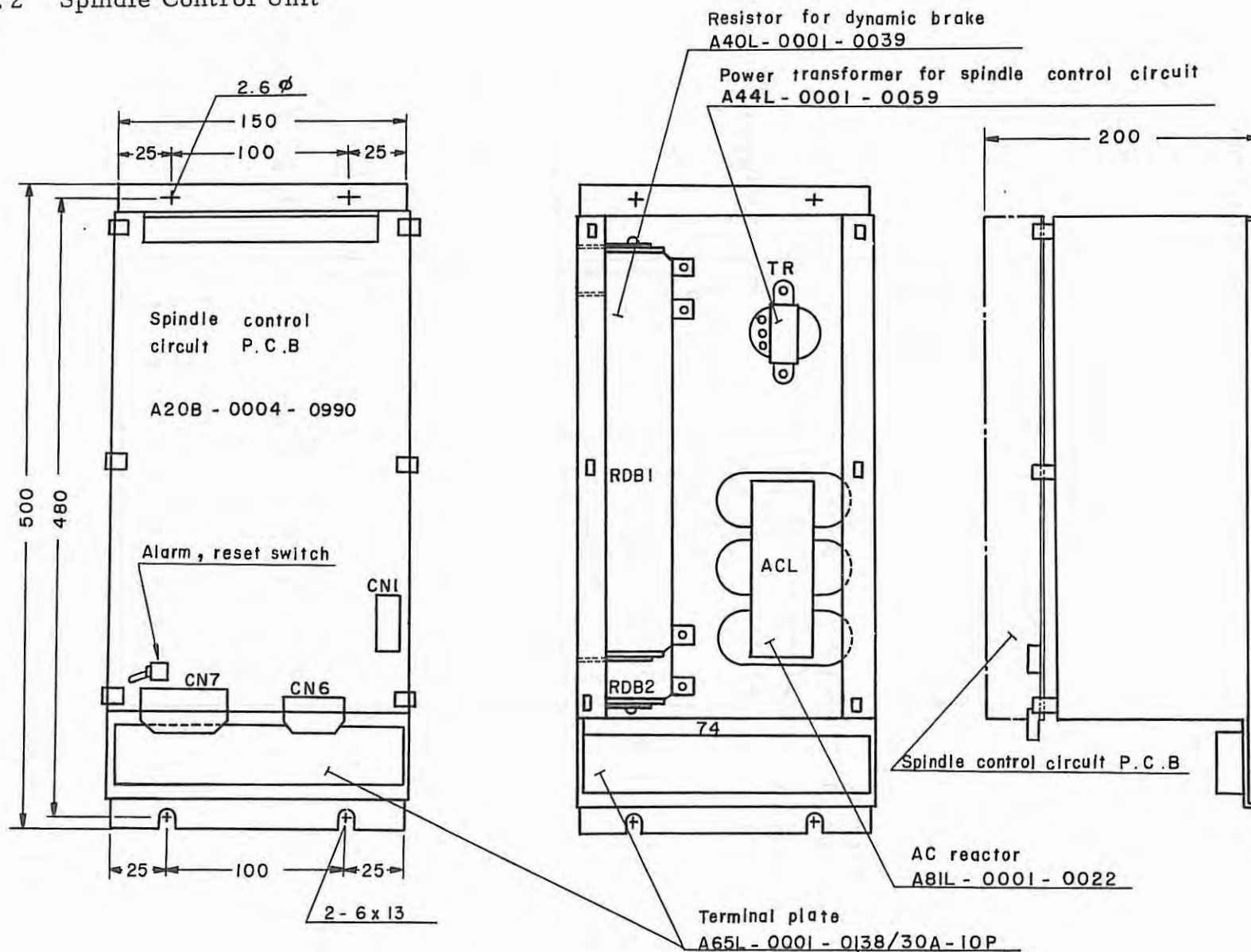
3. MOUNTING DIAGRAM

3.1 Spindle Servo Unit



- (Notes)
1. Maintenance surfaces are for both front and rear ones.
 2. A minimum of 35 mm space is required to prevent the top of the electromagnetic contactor from arcing.
 3. A minimum of 30 mm space is required on the side of the thermal relay to press the reset switch.

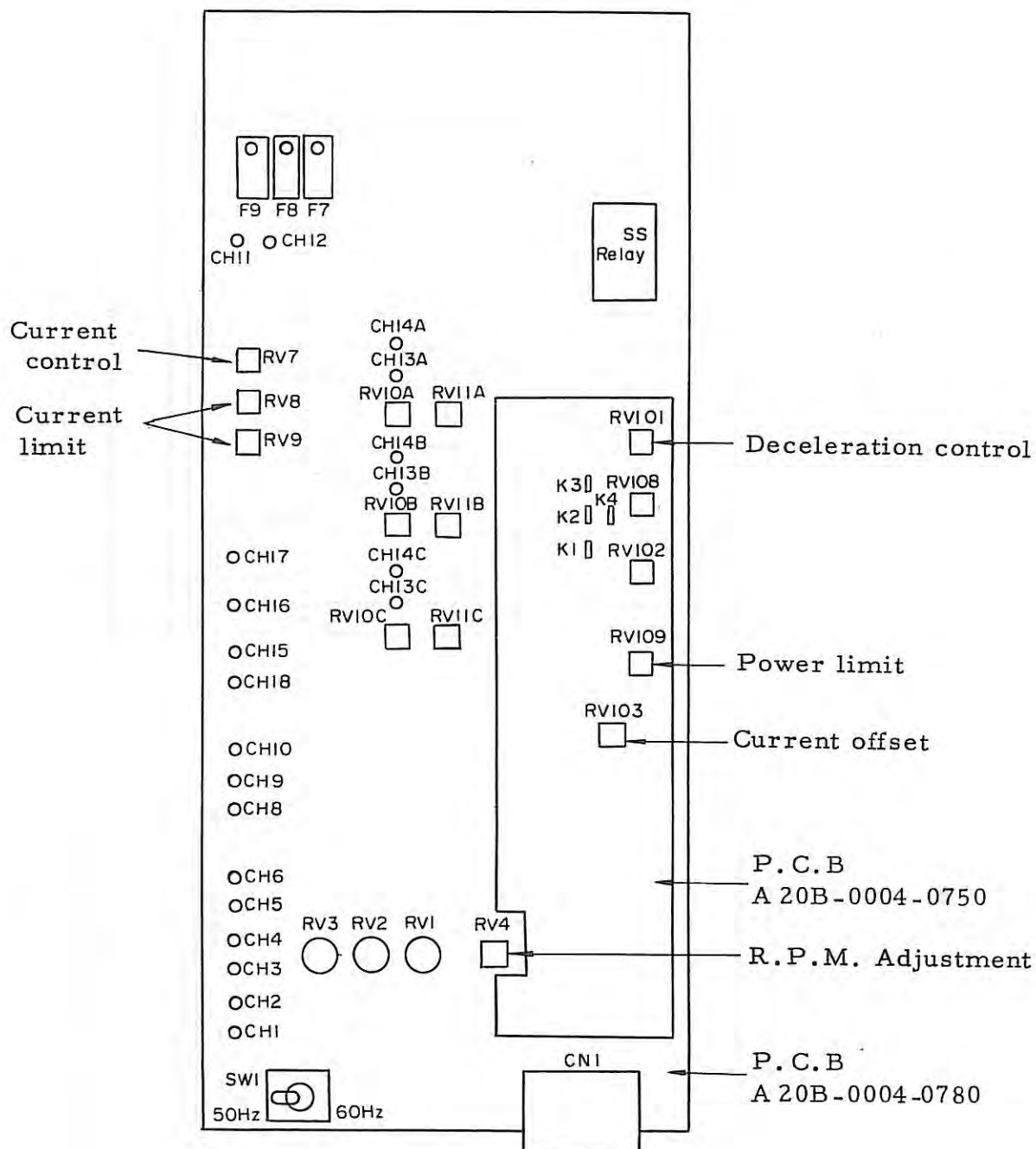
3.2 Spindle Control Unit



3.3 PCB Mounting Drawing

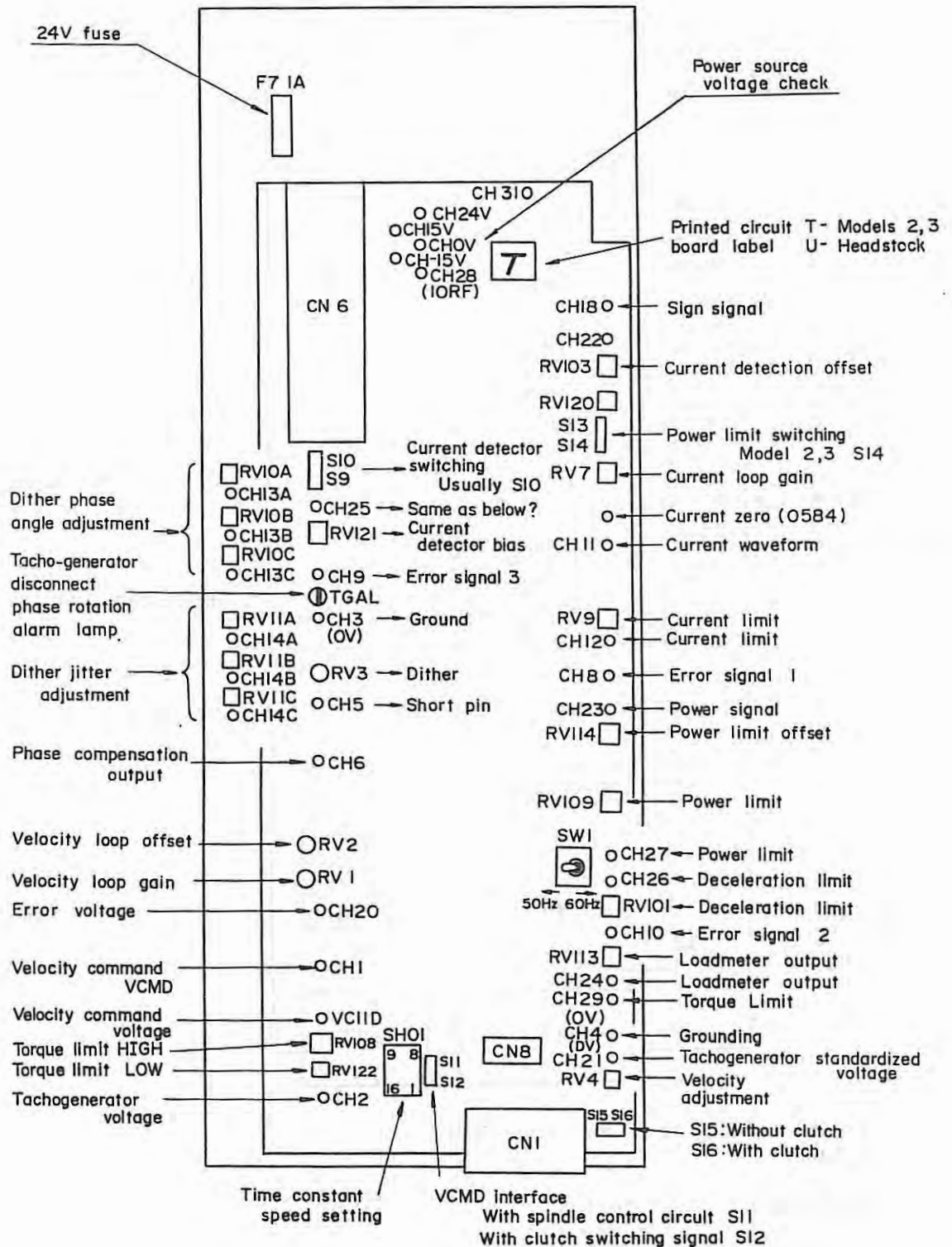
(1) Firing Circuit

Printed Circuit Board No.1 A20B-0004-0780



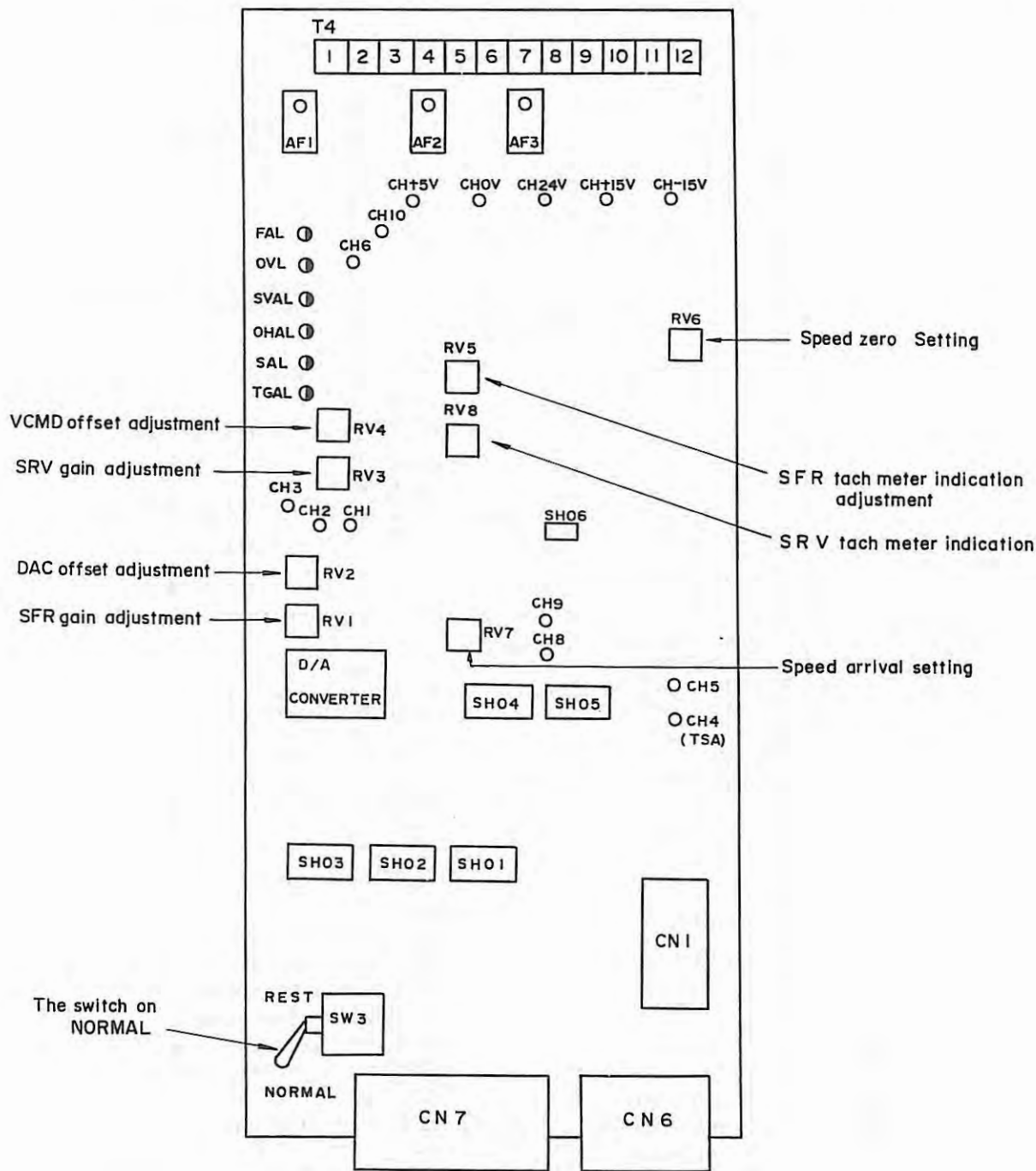
Note) CH3, 4 : 0V
 CH15 : +24V
 CH16 : +15V
 CH17 : -15V

Printed circuit board No. 2 A20B-0005-0583
No. 3 A20B-0005-0584



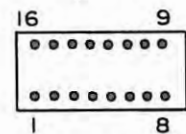
(2) Spindle control circuit

In case before edition 03A of spindle control circuit A20B-0004-0990



PCB A20B-0004-0990

Short Circuit



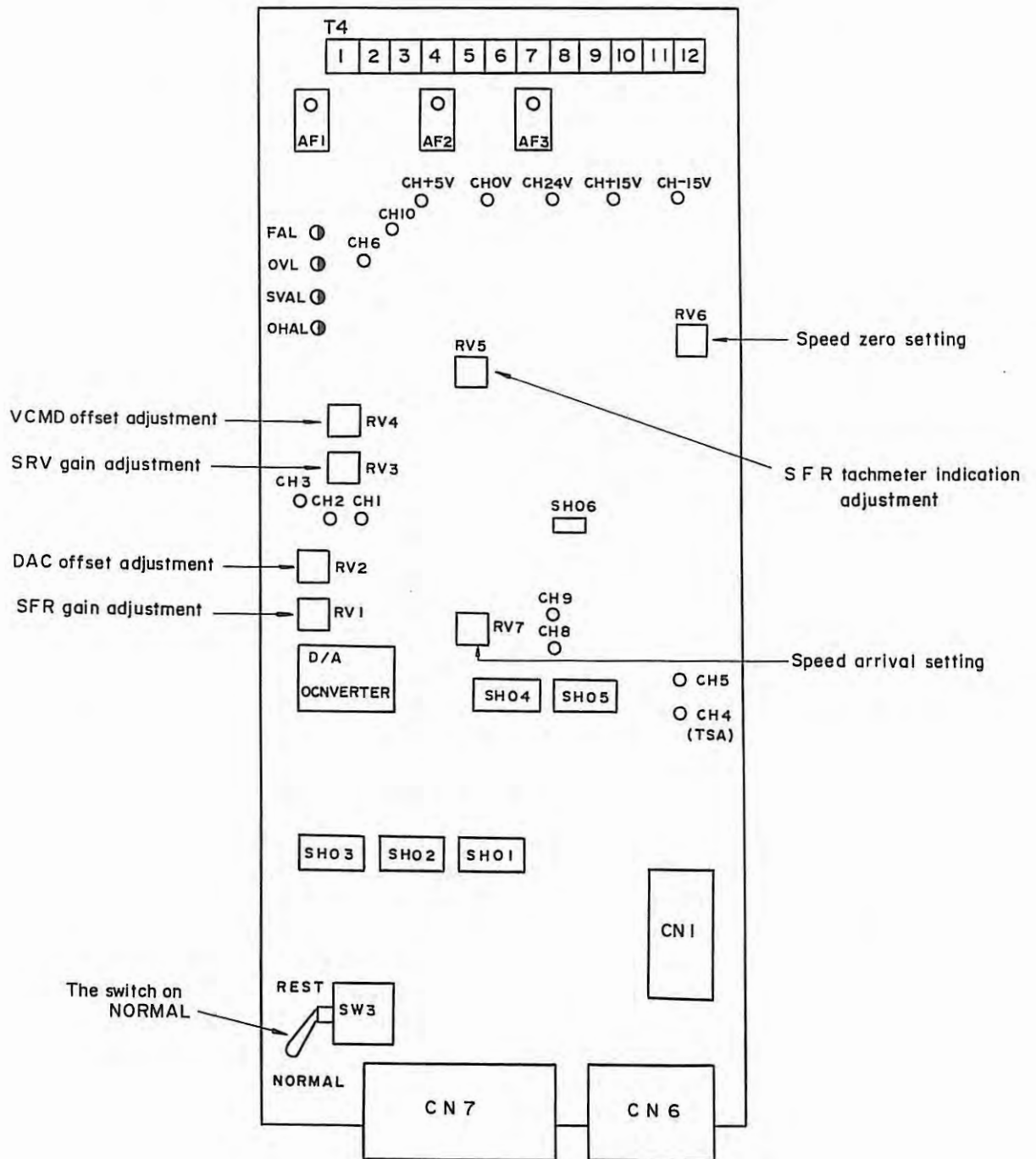
SH01 ~ SH05

Short bar



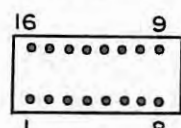
SH06

In case of edition 08C of spindle control circuit A20B-0004-0990



PCB A20B-0004-0990

Short Circuit



SH01 ~ SH05

Short bar



SH06

4. TROUBLE SHOOTING

Generally, the following items can be considered as faults and their causes.

If a fault has occurred, first roughly determine where the cause lies (servo unit, spindle motor, etc.), and then trace out the cause. (Refer to Appendices I and II.)

| No. | FAULT | CAUSE | | |
|-----|---|--|--|---|
| | | Spindle servo unit | Spindle motor | Machine or Power unit |
| 1 | The velocity control unit fuse is blows. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Cabling mistake . Circuit gault . Current limiting circuit defect, circuit adjustment defect, etc. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . T.G. WIRE contact defect or breaking . Driving cable shortcircuit (Refer to item 2.3 (2)) . Excessive ripple of Tach Generator $V_{ripple} \leq 1V$ | |
| 2 | The spindle r.p.m. in not normal. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Circuit gault . Defect of error amplifier circuit. . D/A Converter | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . T.G defect . P.C defect | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Faulty operation of the velocity command circuit. |
| 3 | Vibration and noise during spindle operation is abnormally large. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . 50/60Hz setting error. . Circuit adjustment defect . Dither Gain . Current feedback control circuit adjustment defect | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Motor fault . Bearing, clutch, etc. . Excessive ripple of Tach Generator | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . The input power waveform is too disorted. . The load fluctuation is too large. . Gear engagement is not proper. |
| 4. | The spindle operation during acceleration and deceleration is not normal. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Deceleration limiting circuit adjustment defect. . Current feedback control circuit adjustment defect. | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Relation between the load inertia and the acceleration/ deceleration time constant setting is not proper. (Refer to Appendix II) . The belt tension is not proper. |

| No. | FAULT | CAUSE | | |
|-----|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | | Spindle servo unit | Spindle motor | Machine or Power unit |
| 5 | The spindle does not rotate. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Circuit gault The gate pulses are not generated, etc. contact defect. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Wire breaking . Clutch high/low switching defect. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . The machine load is too large. . No SFR/SRV Signals |

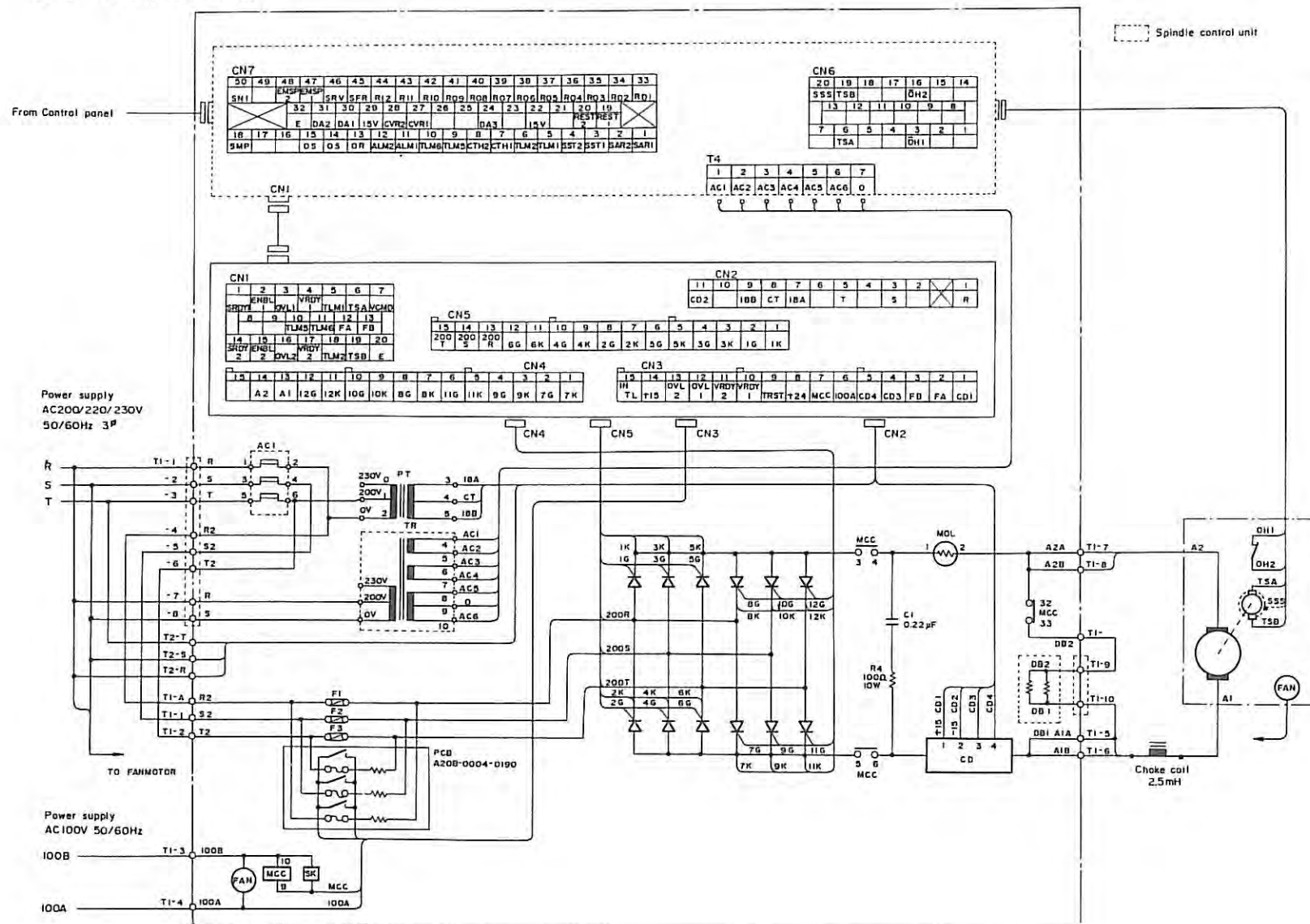
5. SPARE PARTS LIST

Arrange spare parts for maintenance in the following lists if necessary.

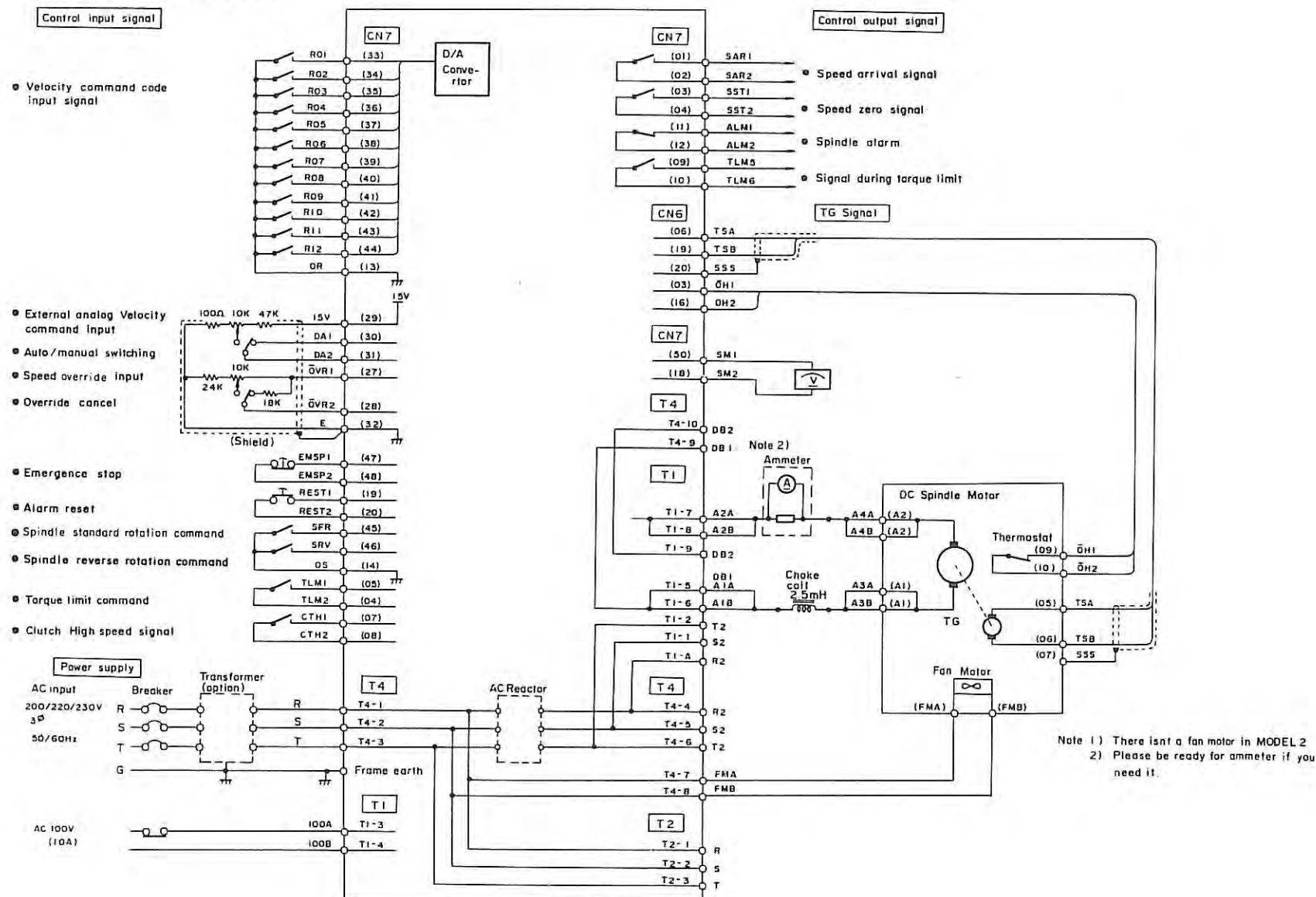
| Items | Articles | Parts No. | Specification | Quantity |
|-------|------------------------------|-----------|---|----------|
| 1 | Fuse 75A | F1~3 | A60L-0001-0061#GSA75 | 3 |
| 2 | Alarm fuse 1.3A | F4~F6 | S. Fab250/402A P413 | 3 |
| 3 | Fuse 1A | F7 | A60L-0001-0039#A1 | 1 |
| 4 | Alarm fuse on P. C. B. | | A60L-0001-0046#1.0 | 1 |
| 5 | Surge absorber | ZNR1~3 | A50L-2001-0062#441-12 | 3 |
| 6 | Fuse circuit | PCB2 | A20B-0004-0190 | 1 |
| 7 | Thyristor | SCR1~12 | A50L-5000-0011#A | 12 |
| 8 | Current detector | CD | A44L-0001-0048 | 1 |
| 9 | Magnetic contactor | MCC | A58L-0001-0029 | 1 |
| 10 | Fan motor | FM | A90L-0001-0001 | 1 |
| 11 | Firing Circuit | PCB1 | MODEL 2, 3 A06P-6035-H321#B Headstock A06P-6041-H001#B | 1 |
| 12 | Spindle con- trol circuit | PCB 3 | A06P-6041-H082#B | 1 |

6. CONSTRUCTION OF CIRCUIT

6.1 Power Part



6.2 General connection diagram of spindle servo unit for MODEL 2, 3



7. APPENDIXES

Appendix I Adjustment Reference Material

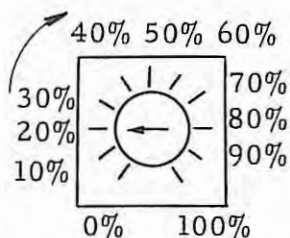
- (1) Adjustment and checking procedure for the spindle control circuit

The following adjustments are normally performed at installation, so further adjustment and checking should not be necessary. Please refer to this section for checking in case of failure.

| No. | Item | Adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting |
|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| 1 | D/A converter offset adjustment | RV2 | Adjust CH1 voltage to 0+5mV when D/A converter input R01 - 12 are all OFF. | Approximately 50% |
| 2 | D/A converter offset adjustment | RV4 | Adjust CH3 voltage to 0+5mV when SFR and SRV inputs are turned on in the same status as above. | Approximately 50% |
| 3 | D/A converter gain adjustment | RV1 | Adjust so that CH3 becomes 10V when SFR command is issued in the state where D/A converter inputs are all ON (BCD -- S99, Binary 4095). | 45~50% |
| 4 | D/A converter gain adjustment | RV3 | In the same status as above, adjust CH3 to 10V with the SRV command is issued. For the external analogue command, adjust the rotation speed in the reverse direction is the standard maximum rotation with 10V input. | 35~50% |
| 5 | Speed 0 adjustment | RV6 | Adjust so that CH7 voltage is 50mV. The standard value for speed 0 is 0.5%. | 20% |

| No. | Item | Adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting |
|-----|------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| 6 | Speed arrival signal | RV7 | This is a signal issued when the motor speed is 80-85% of the commanded speed. Until it is issued, the SAL (SAR) photodiode is turned on. | |
| | | | Adjust to get 6V at CH8 with the speed command 10V on A20B-0004-0990/02 P.C.B. | 20% |
| | | | Adjust to get 1.5V (85%) at CH8 when the speed command 10V on A20B-0004-0990/03 P.C.B. | 20% |
| 7 | Tachometer voltage (CW direction) | RV5 | Adjust so that CH6 is exactly 10V while at maximum speed by SFR command. | Approximately 50% |
| 8 | Tachometer voltage (CCW direction) | RV8 | Adjust CH6 to be exactly 10V while at maximum speed by SRV command. | Approximately 40% |

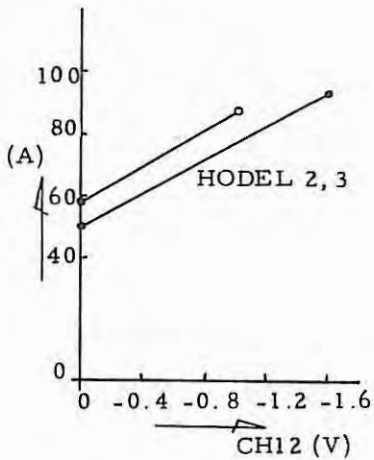
Note 1. The position of the control and the % have the following relationship. The % increases in the clockwise direction.

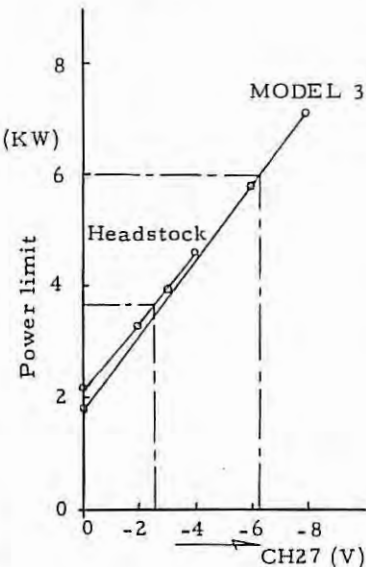


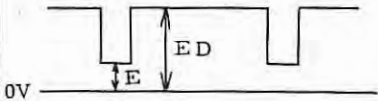
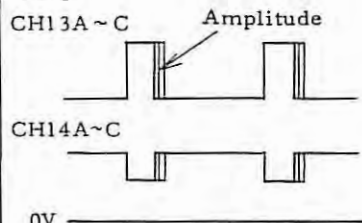
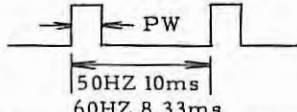

Appendix II Adjusting and checking the firing circuit
(For PCB A20B-0005-0583)

Since the following adjustment is usually performed at the factory,
adjustment and confirmation are not necessary.
Refer to the following for routine checking.

| Item | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------------|--------------------|---|------|------------------------------|-------|------|---------|-------|------|------------------------|------------------------|-----|---------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Headstock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Time constant setting | SH01 | <table><tr><th></th><th>Clutch LOW</th><th>Clutch HIGH</th></tr><tr><td>5-12</td><td>0.6 sec</td><td>1 sec</td></tr><tr><td>6-11</td><td>1.2 sec</td><td>2 sec</td></tr><tr><td>7-10</td><td>1.8 sec</td><td>3 sec</td></tr><tr><td>8-9</td><td>2.4 sec</td><td>4 sec</td></tr></table> | | Clutch LOW | Clutch HIGH | 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | 7-10 | 7-10 |
| | Clutch LOW | Clutch HIGH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Tachogenerator voltage setting | SH01 | <table><tr><th>Setting</th><th>TG maximum voltage</th></tr><tr><td>1-16</td><td>10V</td></tr><tr><td>2-15</td><td>12V</td></tr><tr><td>3-14</td><td>19V</td></tr><tr><td>4-15</td><td>21V</td></tr></table> | Setting | TG maximum voltage | 1-16 | 10V | 2-15 | 12V | 3-14 | 19V | 4-15 | 21V | 2-15 (12V/2000 rpm) | 1-16 (10V/3500 rpm) | | | | | |
| Setting | TG maximum voltage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-16 | 10V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2-15 | 12V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3-14 | 19V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4-15 | 21V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Current detector bias | S9 S10 | <table><tr><th>Detector specification</th><th>Setting</th></tr><tr><td>A44L-0001-0048</td><td>S10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>S9</td></tr></table> | Detector specification | Setting | A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | S9 | S10 | S10 | | | | | | | | | |
| Detector specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | S9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | VCMD inter-face setting | S11 S12 | <table><tr><th></th><th>Setting</th></tr><tr><td>Normally, a spindle control circuit is used</td><td>S11</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch switching is provided</td><td>S12</td></tr></table> | | Setting | Normally, a spindle control circuit is used | S11 | Clutch switching is provided | S12 | S11 | S11 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Normally, a spindle control circuit is used | S11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch switching is provided | S12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Power limit setting | S13 S14 | <table><tr><th>Motor specification</th><th>Setting</th></tr><tr><td>MODEL 5, 10</td><td>S13</td></tr><tr><td>MODEL 2, 3, Headstock</td><td>S14</td></tr></table> | Motor specification | Setting | MODEL 5, 10 | S13 | MODEL 2, 3, Headstock | S14 | S14 | S14 | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MODEL 5, 10 | S13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MODEL 2, 3, Headstock | S14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Clutch switching is provided | S15 S16 | <table><tr><th>Clutch switching</th><th>Setting</th></tr><tr><td>Provided</td><td>S16</td></tr><tr><td>Not provided</td><td>S15</td></tr></table> | Clutch switching | Setting | Provided | S16 | Not provided | S15 | S15 | S15 | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch switching | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provided | S16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not provided | S15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Tachogenerator voltage regulation | RV4 | The maximum rotation speed is adjusted when 10V is the velocity command voltage. Maximum rotation speed: $\pm 0.4\%$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

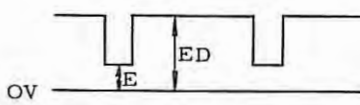
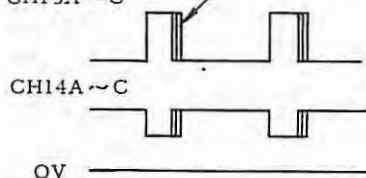
| Item | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | |
|------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------|-----------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Headstock |
| 8 | Velocity loop gain adjustment | RV1 | Determines the rigidity of the spindle motor. No special adjustment is required. If hunting and vibration are excessive, decrease them by about 5% to 10%. | 45% | 45% |
| 9 | Velocity loop offset | RV2 | Adjust the motors to halt when the velocity command voltage is OV. | | |
| 10 | Current loop gain | RV7 | Loop gain to current commands Reduce the gain 20%~30% when some swell is observed in the current. | 100% | 100% |
| 11 | Current detection offset | RV103 | Adjust the CH11 voltage OV when current is not applied. If this adjustment varies excessively, the velocity is not uniform at low speeds. | | |
| 12 | Power limit offset | RV114 | Adjust the CH23 voltage to OV when current is not applied. If this adjustment varies excessively, the power limit at high speeds is inaccurate and motors can be damaged. | | |
| 13 | Current limit setting | RV9 | Set the CH12 voltage to the proper value when current is not applied. The relation of CH12 and the current limit is as shown in the following figure.  | -1.1V | -0.7V |

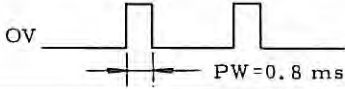
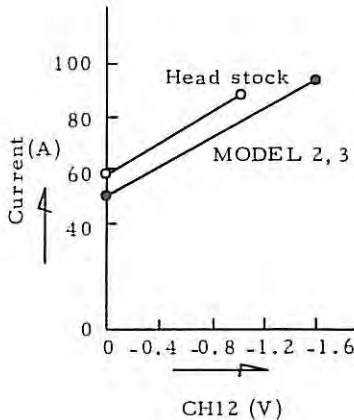
| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------|------------|-------|---|--|----|-------|----|-------|-----|-------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|-------|-----|--------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Headstock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Power limit setting | RV109 | <p>Set the CH27 voltage to the proper value when current is no applied.</p> <p>The relation between CH27 and the power is as shown in the following figure.</p>  | -6.2V | -2.5V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Torque limit setting | RV108 RV122 | <p>Orientation is performed by applying the torque limit and adjusting the halt current. Adjustment range is 0 to 35A.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="729 1302 1128 1386"><thead><tr><th></th><th>Adjusting locations</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Clutch HIGH</td><td>RV108</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch LOW</td><td>RV122</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Adjust both irrespective of clutch switching when a constant adjustment is required.</p> | | Adjusting locations | Clutch HIGH | RV108 | Clutch LOW | RV122 | <p>Relationship between CH29 voltage and current.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1144 1247 1329 1468"><tbody><tr><td>0A</td><td>-1.2V</td></tr><tr><td>5A</td><td>-1.6V</td></tr><tr><td>10A</td><td>-1.9V</td></tr><tr><td>15A</td><td>-2.05V</td></tr><tr><td>20A</td><td>-2.15V</td></tr><tr><td>25A</td><td>-2.27V</td></tr><tr><td>30A</td><td>-2.4V</td></tr><tr><td>35A</td><td>-2.53V</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Standard setting</p> | | 0A | -1.2V | 5A | -1.6V | 10A | -1.9V | 15A | -2.05V | 20A | -2.15V | 25A | -2.27V | 30A | -2.4V | 35A | -2.53V |
| | Adjusting locations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch HIGH | RV108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch LOW | RV122 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0A | -1.2V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5A | -1.6V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10A | -1.9V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15A | -2.05V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20A | -2.15V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25A | -2.27V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30A | -2.4V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35A | -2.53V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Load meter output setting | RV113 | <p>The power limit offset RV114 is shifted and the voltage of CH23 is changed to 1V so that the CH24 voltage goes to 1V.</p> <p>After this adjustment, the power limit offset must be adjusted.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

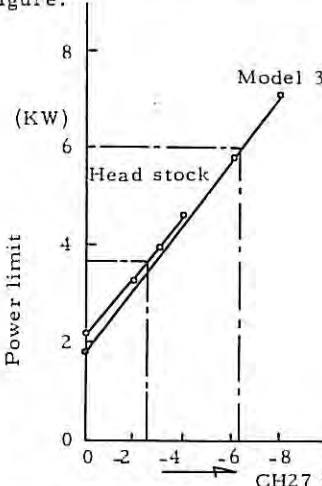
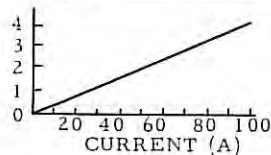
| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | |
|-----|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Headstock |
| 17 | Dither No.1 | RV3 | <p>CH8 and CH3 are shorted. The CH9 voltage is set to the proper level.</p>  | <p>ED 50Hz 1.5V 60Hz 2.8V</p> <p>E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V</p> | <p>ED 50Hz 1.5V 60Hz 2.8V</p> <p>E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V</p> |
| 18 | Dither No.2 | RV11A RV11B RV11C | <p>The pulse amplitude of CH13A to C or CH14 A to C is adjusted to the minimum to balance the firing phase of the synchronous pulse. Amplitude</p> <p>CH13A ~ C</p>  | | |
| 19 | Dither No.3 | RV10A RV10B RV10C | <p>Adjusts the dither pulsewidth.</p>  <p>Next, adjust the two volumes in RV10A to C so that the peak value of the current waveform at low speed can be arranged. It may be arranged into the smaller waveform. Refer to Item 2.5.1, 'Synchronous pulse adjustment' for details.</p>  | <p>50Hz 1.8ms 60Hz 1.6ms</p> | <p>50Hz 1.8ms 60Hz 1.6ms</p> |
| 20 | Setting deceleration limit | RV101 | <p>After checking that CH21 is +10 or -10V when each motor is revolved at the maximum speed (refer to Item 7, 'Tachogenerator voltage adjustment'), the voltage of CH26 is set to the proper value.</p> | <p>9.0V ^{+0V} -0.2V</p> | <p>9.1V ^{+0V} -0.2V</p> |

Appendix III Adjusting and checking the firing circuit (For PCB A20B-0005-0584)

Since the following adjustment is usually performed at the factory, adjustment and confirmation are not necessary. Refer to the following for routine checking.

| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|------|------------------------------|-------|------|---------|-------|------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----|---------|-------|------|------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Head stock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Time constant setting | SH01 | <table><tr><td></td><td>Clutch low</td><td>Clutch HIGH</td></tr><tr><td>5-12</td><td>0.6 sec</td><td>1 sec</td></tr><tr><td>6-11</td><td>1.2 sec</td><td>2 sec</td></tr><tr><td>7-10</td><td>1.8 sec</td><td>3 sec</td></tr><tr><td>8-9</td><td>2.4 sec</td><td>4 sec</td></tr></table> | | Clutch low | Clutch HIGH | 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | 7-10 | 7-10 |
| | Clutch low | Clutch HIGH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Tachogenerator voltage setting | SH01 | <table><tr><td>Setting</td><td>TG maximum voltage</td></tr><tr><td>1-16</td><td>10V</td></tr><tr><td>2-15</td><td>12V</td></tr><tr><td>3-14</td><td>19V</td></tr><tr><td>4-13</td><td>21V</td></tr></table> | Setting | TG maximum voltage | 1-16 | 10V | 2-15 | 12V | 3-14 | 19V | 4-13 | 21V | 2-15 (12V/ 2000 rpm) | 1-16 (10V/ 3500 rpm) | | | | | |
| Setting | TG maximum voltage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-16 | 10V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2-15 | 12V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3-14 | 19V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4-13 | 21V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Current detector bias | S9 S10 | <table><tr><td>Detector specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>A44L-0001-0048</td><td>S10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>S9</td></tr></table> | Detector specification | Setting | A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | S9 | S10 | S10 | | | | | | | | | |
| Detector specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | S9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | VCMD inter- face setting | S11 S12 | <table><tr><td>Specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>Normally, a spindle control circuit is used</td><td>S11</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch switching is provided</td><td>S12</td></tr></table> | Specification | Setting | Normally, a spindle control circuit is used | S11 | Clutch switching is provided | S12 | S12 | S11 | | | | | | | | | |
| Specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Normally, a spindle control circuit is used | S11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch switching is provided | S12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Power limit setting | S13 S14 | <table><tr><td>Motor specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>MODEL 5, 10</td><td>S13</td></tr><tr><td>MODEL 2, 3, headstock</td><td>S14</td></tr></table> | Motor specification | Setting | MODEL 5, 10 | S13 | MODEL 2, 3, headstock | S14 | S14 | S14 | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MODEL 5, 10 | S13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MODEL 2, 3, headstock | S14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Clutch switch- ing is provided | S15 S16 | <table><tr><td>Clutch switching</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>Provided</td><td>S16</td></tr><tr><td>Not provided</td><td>S15</td></tr></table> | Clutch switching | Setting | Provided | S16 | Not provided | S15 | S15 | S15 | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch switching | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provided | S16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not provided | S15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Dither No. 1 | RV3 | CH8 and CH3 are shorted. The CH9 voltage is set to the proper level.  | ED 50Hz 1.85V 60Hz 3.15V E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V | ED 50Hz 1.85V 60Hz 3.15V E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Dither No. 2 | RV11A RV11B RV11C | The pulse amplitude of CH13A to C or CH14 A to C is adjusted to the minimum to balance the firing phase of the synchronous pulse. Amplitude CH13A ~C  CH14A ~C OV | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | |
|-----|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------|------------|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Head stock |
| 9 | Minimum phase shift adjustment | RV 10A RV 10B RV 10C | CH31 and CH17 (-15V) are shorted. Adjust the pulse width of CH13 A ~ C. CH13 A ~ C  | 0.8ms (50/60Hz) | 0.8ms |
| 10 | Current loop gain | RV7 | Loop gain to current commands Reduce the gain 20% ~ 30% when some swell is observed in the current. | 100% | 100% |
| 11 | Current detection offset | RV103 | Adjust the CH11 voltage OV when current is not applied. If this adjustment varies excessively, the velocity is not uniform at low speeds. | | |
| 12 | Power limit offset | RV114 | Adjust the CH2.3 voltage to OV when current is not applied. If this adjustment varies excessively, the power limit at high speeds is inaccurate and motors can be damaged. | | |
| 13 | Current limit setting | RV9 | Set the CH12 voltage to the proper value when current is not applied. The relation of CH12 and the current limit is as shown in the following figure.  | -1.1V | -0.7V |

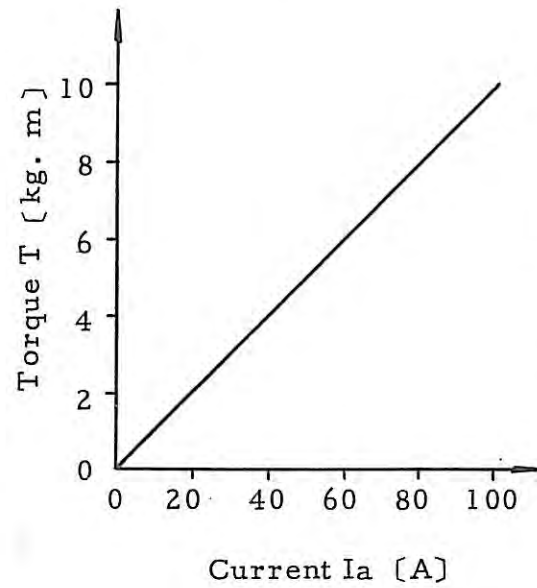
| No. | Item | Setting and adjustment locations | Method of adjustment and check | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------|-------------------------|-------|--|---------|------|------|--------|------|-------|-----|------|-------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|-------|-----|------|--------|--|
| | | | | Model 2, 3 | Head stock | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Power limit | RV109 | <p>Set the CH27 voltage to the proper value when current is no supplied. The relation between CH27 and the power is as shown in the following figure.</p>  | -6.2V | -2.5V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Velocity loop gain adjustment | RV1 | <p>Adjust as below by load inertia.</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Max inertia</th><th>Setting</th><th>Max inertia</th><th>Setting</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0~2kg cm S²</td><td>45%</td><td>0~0.5kg cm S²</td><td>60%</td></tr><tr><td>2~"</td><td>70%</td><td>0.5~1"</td><td>80%</td></tr></tbody></table> | Max inertia | Setting | Max inertia | Setting | 0~2kg cm S ² | 45% | 0~0.5kg cm S ² | 60% | 2~" | 70% | 0.5~1" | 80% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Max inertia | Setting | Max inertia | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0~2kg cm S ² | 45% | 0~0.5kg cm S ² | 60% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2~" | 70% | 0.5~1" | 80% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Veloticy loop offset | RV2 | Adjust the motors to halt when the velocity command voltage is 0V. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | rpm adjustment | RV4 | <p>The maximum rotation speed is adjusted when 10V is the velocity command voltage. Maximum rotation speed: $\pm 0.4\%$</p> | 2000 rpm | 3400 } 3500 rpm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Setting decele-ration limit | RV101 | <p>After checking that CH21 is +10 or -10V when each motor is re- volved at the maximum speed (refer to Item 7, 'Tachogenerator voltage adjustment'), the voltage of CH26 is set to the proper value.</p> | 9.0V ^{+0V} -0.2V | 9.1V ^{+0V} -0.2V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Torque limit setting | RV108 RV122 | <p>Orientation is performed by apply- ing the torque limit and adjusting the halt current.</p> <p>Adjust the torque limit by RV 108 and RV 122 during measurement current value on CH 11.</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th></th><th>Adjusting locations</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Clutch HIGH</td><td>RV108</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch LOW</td><td>RV122</td></tr></tbody></table>  | | Adjusting locations | Clutch HIGH | RV108 | Clutch LOW | RV122 | <p>Voltage of CH29 can be used for adjustment torque limit.</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Current</th><th>CH11</th><th>CH29</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>5A</td><td>0.2V</td><td>-1.6V</td></tr><tr><td>10"</td><td>0.4"</td><td>-1.9V</td></tr><tr><td>15"</td><td>0.6"</td><td>-2.05V</td></tr><tr><td>20"</td><td>0.8"</td><td>-2.15V</td></tr><tr><td>25"</td><td>1.0"</td><td>-2.27V</td></tr><tr><td>30"</td><td>1.2"</td><td>-2.4V</td></tr><tr><td>35"</td><td>1.4"</td><td>-2.53V</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>* Standard setting</p> | Current | CH11 | CH29 | 5A | 0.2V | -1.6V | 10" | 0.4" | -1.9V | 15" | 0.6" | -2.05V | 20" | 0.8" | -2.15V | 25" | 1.0" | -2.27V | 30" | 1.2" | -2.4V | 35" | 1.4" | -2.53V | |
| | Adjusting locations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch HIGH | RV108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch LOW | RV122 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | CH11 | CH29 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5A | 0.2V | -1.6V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10" | 0.4" | -1.9V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15" | 0.6" | -2.05V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20" | 0.8" | -2.15V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25" | 1.0" | -2.27V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30" | 1.2" | -2.4V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35" | 1.4" | -2.53V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Load meter output setting | RV 113 | | 50% | 50% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Appendix IV

(1) Spindle motor Model 2, 3

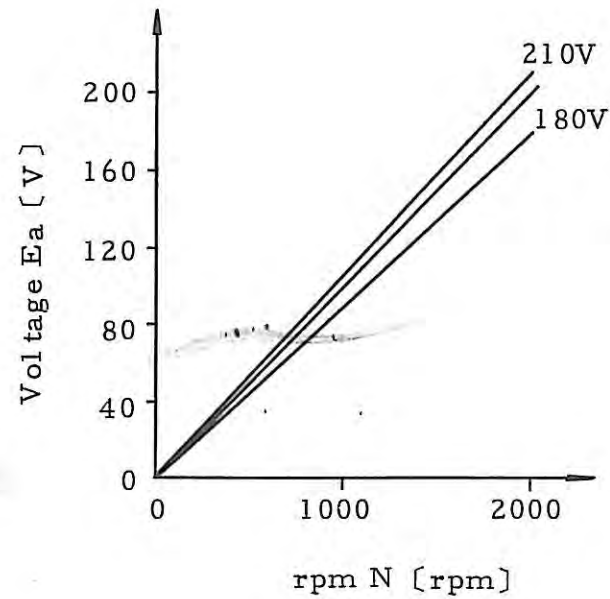
Torque-current

$$T = 0.098 I_a$$

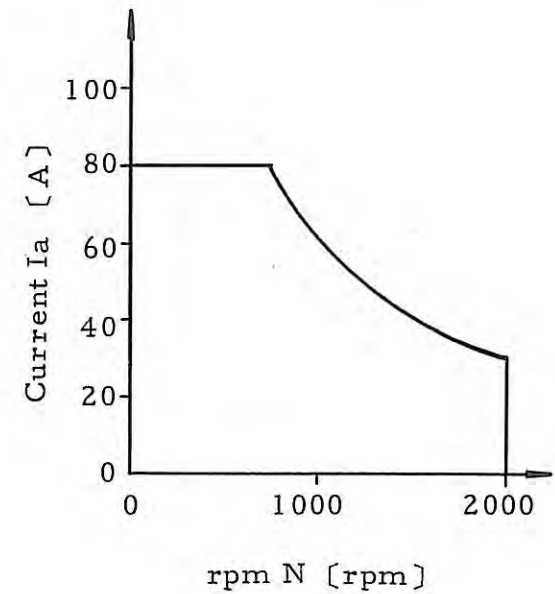


Voltage-rpm

$$E_a = \frac{98N}{1000}$$



Current limit



III. DC SPINDLE SERVO UNIT
MAINTENANCE MANUAL
for
MODEL 5,10

CONTENTS

| | | |
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1. GENERAL

This maintenance manual should be used for the spindle servo-unit which drives FANUC DC spindle motor Models 5 & 10.

The general structures of the spindle servo-unit is as follows.

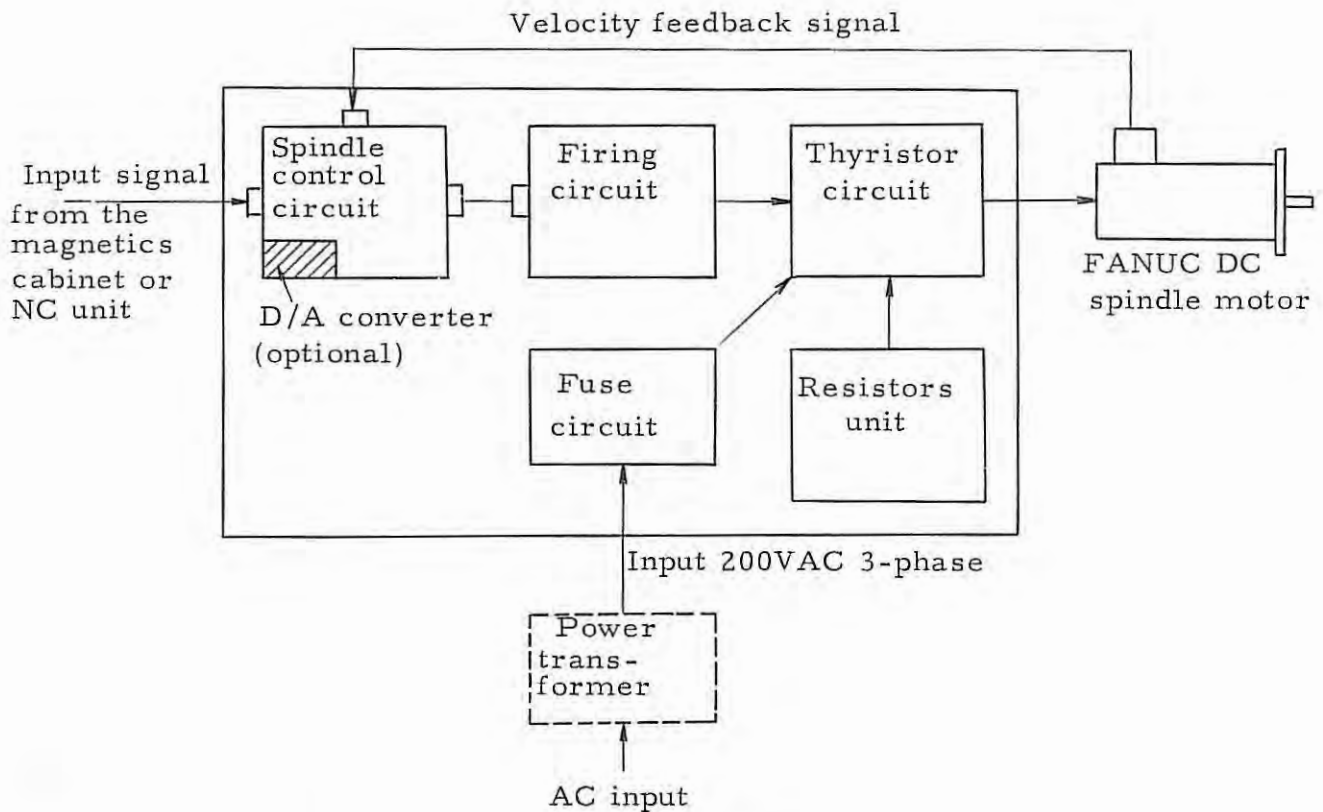


Fig.1 Structure of spindle servo-unit

During Installation and adjustment, refer to the FANUC DC Spindle Motor Series DESCRIPTIONS, and confirm that signal lines are properly connected from the magnetic cabinet or NC unit.

A table of printed circuit board specification follows

| | | P.C.B. No. 1 | P.C.B. No. 2 | P.C.B. No. 3 |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Firing circuit | Model 5 | A20B-0004-0781 | A20B-0005-0583/V | A20B-0005-0585/V |
| | Model 10 | A20B-0004-0781 | A20B-0005-583/W | A20B-0005-0585/W |
| | Special setting A | A20B-0004-0781 | A20B-0005-0583/X | A20B-0005-0585/X |
| Spindle control circuit | | A20B-0004-0990 | A20B-0004-0990 (03 A) | A20B-0004-0990 (08 C) |
| Remarks | | Manufactured from Jul. 1976 to Dec. 1977 | Manufactured from Jan. 1978 to Aug. 1978 | Manufactured from Sep. 1978 |

2. INSTALLATION AND ADJUSTMENT

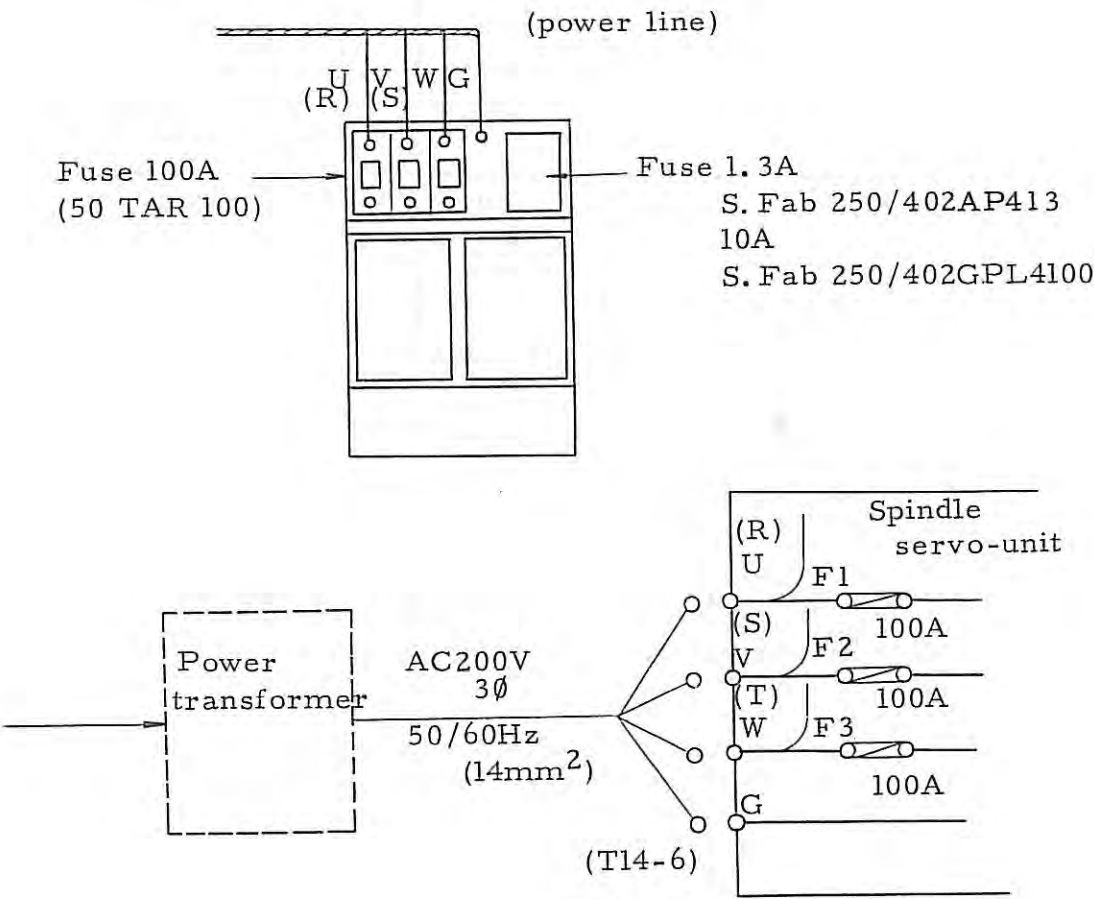
2.1 Connection

(1) Connection of power line

After confirming the rating of the external power source, the line should be connected.

| Motor type | Power requirement |
|------------|-------------------|
| Model 5 | 20 KVA |
| Model 10 | 30 KVA |

Connection of power line



In regions where line voltage is within the standard voltage range 200-230V AC $\pm 10\%$ -15% , the power transformer is unnecessary, but in regions where AC input is 380-550V, the power transformer is required.

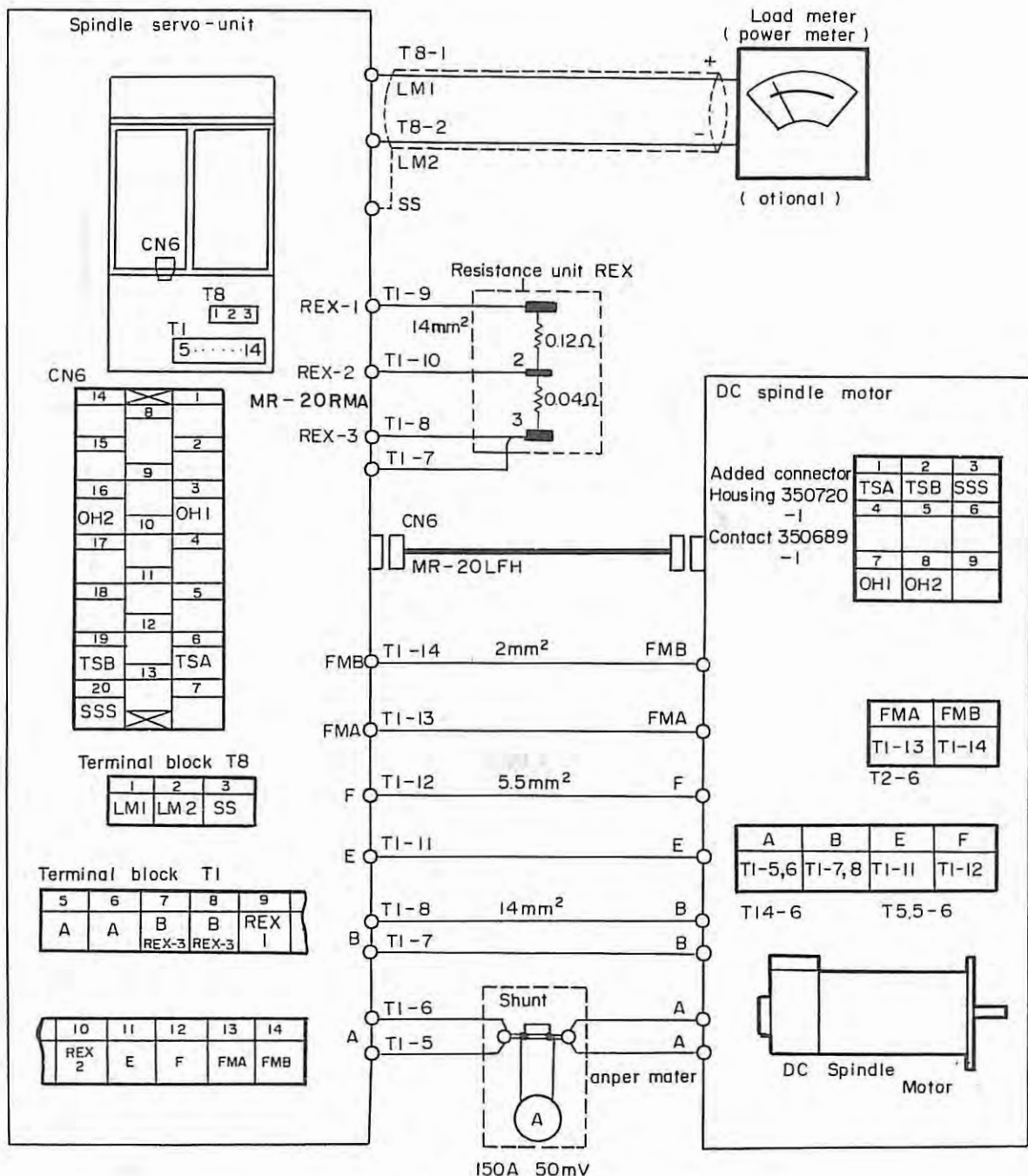
If the FUJITSU FANUC power transformer is used, the following connections must be made with input voltage of 380-480V.

| No. | AC input voltage | Connection |
|-----|---|---|
| 1 | 380/400 $+10\%$ -15% | <p>AC input 380V is connected to terminals R1, S1, T1, and G. The power transformer has a 380V tap. The output is 200V, connected to terminals U, V, W, and G. The control transformer is set to 230V/220V, with the 200V tap connected to the 220V terminal.</p> <p>Spindle servo-unit</p> |
| 2 | 400/450V $+10\%$ -15% | <p>AC input 415V is connected to terminals R1, S1, T1, and G. The power transformer has a 380V tap. The output is 200V, connected to terminals U, V, W, and G. The control transformer is set to 230V/220V, with the 200V tap connected to the 220V terminal.</p> <p>Spindle servo-unit</p> |
| 3 | 460V $+10\%$ -15% (440V $\pm 10\%$) | <p>AC input 460V is connected to terminals R2, S2, T2, and G. The power transformer has a 460V tap. The output is 200V, connected to terminals U, V, W, and G. The control transformer is set to 230V/220V, with the 200V tap connected to the 220V terminal.</p> <p>Spindle servo-unit</p> |
| 4 | 480V $+10\%$ -15% | <p>AC input 480V is connected to terminals R2, S2, T2, and G. The power transformer has a 460V tap. The output is 210V, connected to terminals U, V, W, and G. The control transformer is set to 230V/220V, with the 200V tap connected to the 220V terminal.</p> <p>Spindle servo-unit</p> |

Refer to 2.2(1) for the settings of the controlling power transformer.

(2) Connection of power line

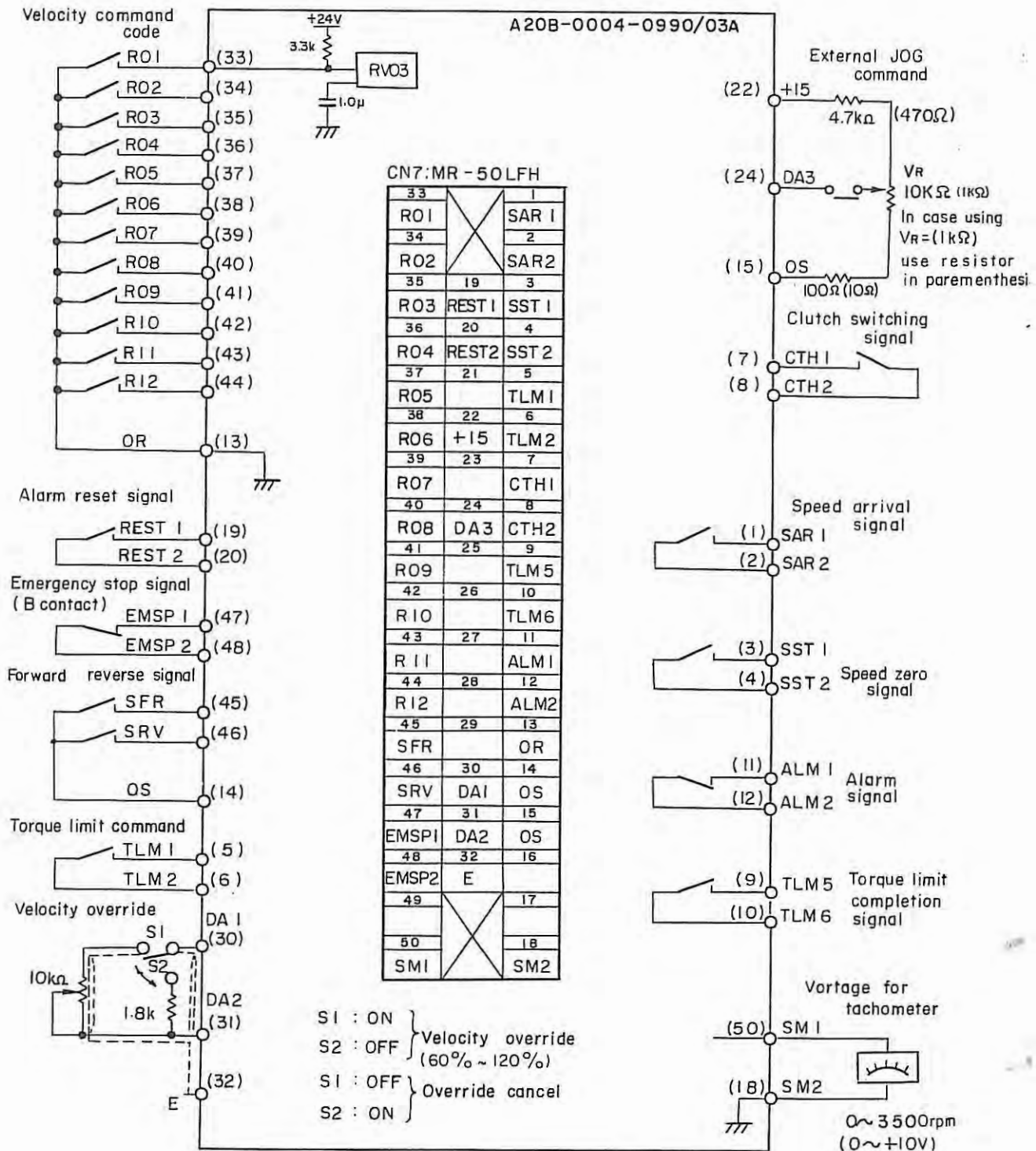
The connection of the spindle motor and the servo-unit is as follows. Since motor control is impossible if the polarity of the magnetic field coil, the power line, or the T.G is reversed, each line must be connected by referring to the labels. In addition, confirm that the resistance differs between terminals 1-2 and 2-3 of the resistance unit and then make the connection.



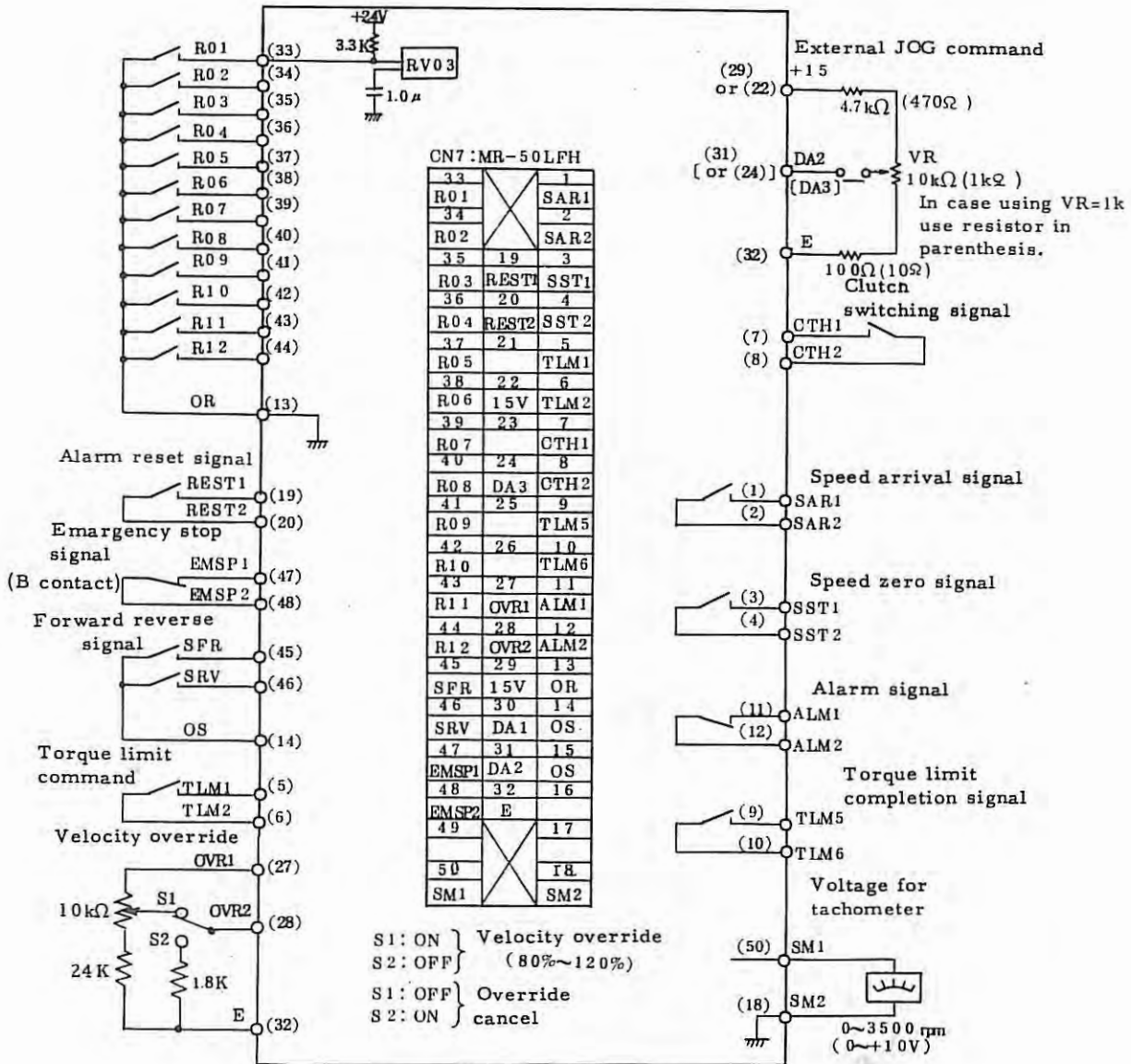
(3) Signal line check

The connection between the magnetics cabinet and the spindle servo-unit is as follows. Attention must be paid to the fact that the emergency stop signal input and the alarm signal output are both B contact.

In case before edition 03A of spindle control circuit A20B-0004-0990.



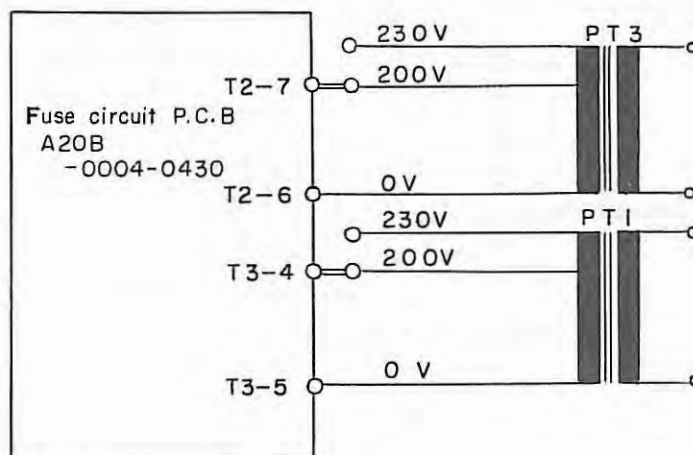
In case edition 08C of spindle control circuit A20-0004-0990



2.2 Checks the Setting

(1) Controlling transformer settings for AC input power voltages

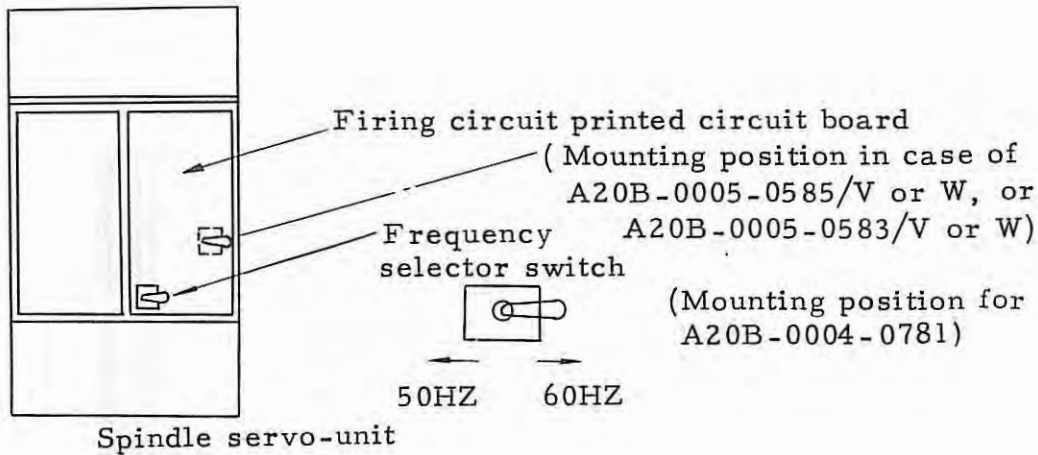
The power tap should be set at terminal of the fuse circuit printed circuit board according to the power voltages 200 / AC220VAC, 230VAC.



| Power supply voltage | AC200V +10% -15% | AC220, 230V +10% -15% |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Setting | <p>Perform insulation</p> <p>Connection terminal T2-7-200V line</p> <p>Terminal T3-4-200V line</p> | <p>Perform insulation</p> <p>Connection terminal T2-7-230V line</p> <p>Terminal T3-4-230V line</p> |

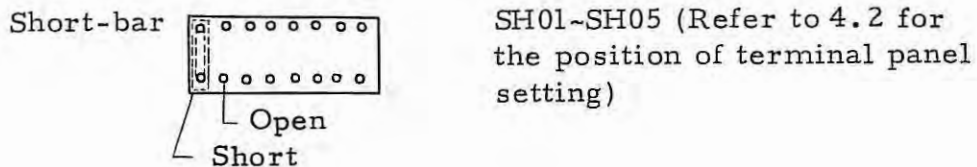
(2) Setting of the power source frequency switch

The frequency selector switch is set to conform to the AC line frequency (50 / 60 Hz).



(3) Setting short-bar for different uses

Set the follows according to the external analogue input and D/A converter (B.C.D, Binary) input.



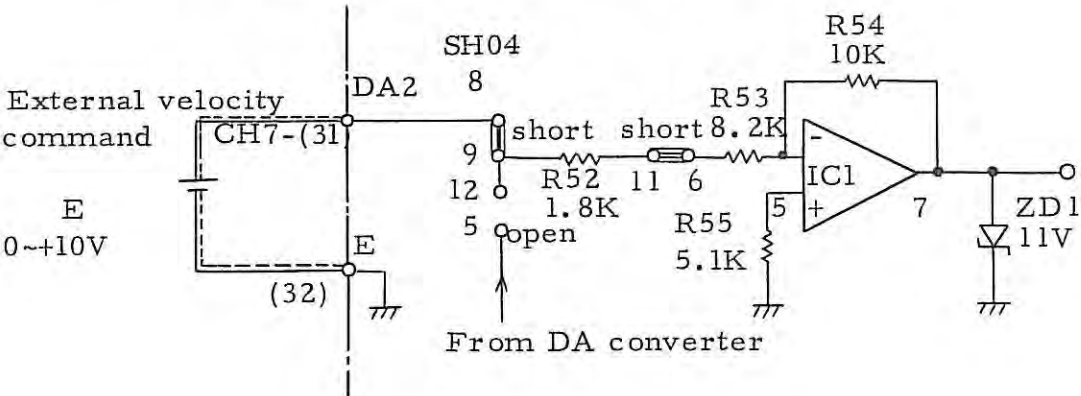
(a) Setting for various input conditions

Set as follows according to the kind of D/A converter.

| Setting Number Kind | SH01 | | | | | | | | SH02 | | | | | | | | SH03 | | | | | | | | SH04 | | | |
|--|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|------|----|----|----|
| | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| DA Converter (80-CCD-V) BCD S2 digit | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | | | | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | | | | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | | | | ○ | | | ○ |
| DA Converter (80-CBI-V) Binary 12 bits | | | | | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | | | | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | | | | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | | ○ | ○ | |

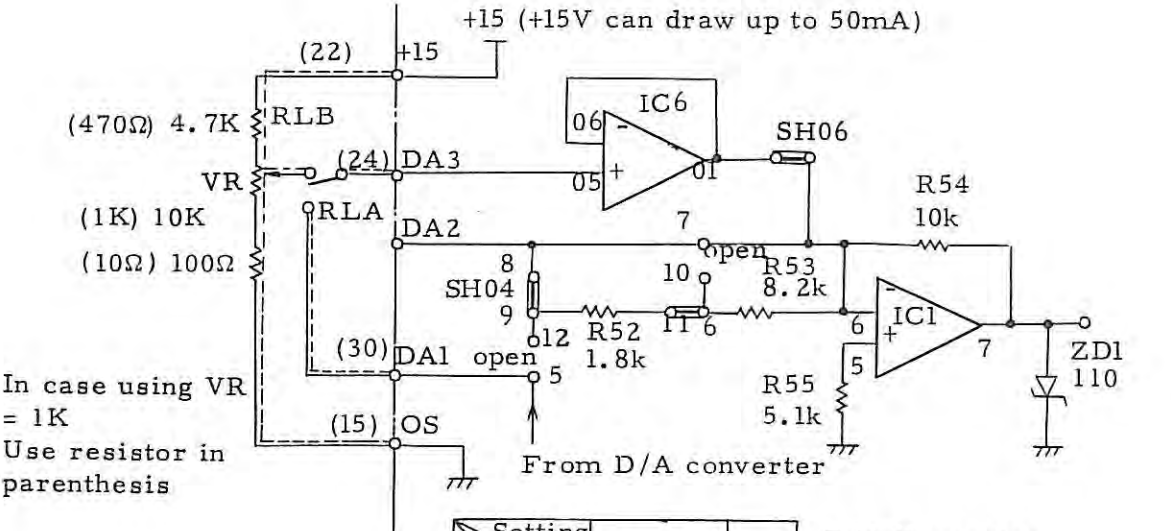
With ○ shorted,
Without open

In case before edition 03A of spindle control circuit A20B-0004-0990.
 Setting for external analogue voltage input



| Setting Number | SHO4 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|----|----|---|
| | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 |
| Kind | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| For dxternal analogue voltage input | | ○ | | ○ |
| For D/A converter input | ○ | ○ | | |

Setting when using both D/A converter input and external JOG command.



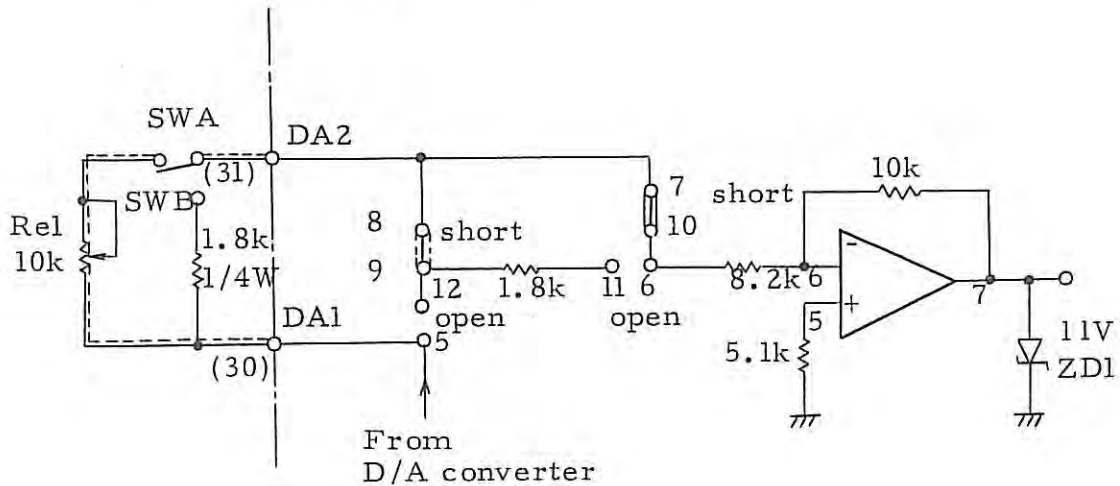
In case using VR = 1K
 Use resistor in parenthesis

| Setting Number | SHO4 | | | | SH06 |
|---------------------------------------|------|----|----|---|------|
| | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 2 |
| Kind | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 1 |
| DA Converter and external JOG command | | ○ | ○ | ○ | |

D/A Converter
 RLA "ON"
 RLB "OFF"
 External JOG command
 RLA "OFF"
 RLB "ON"

Setting for spindle override function

This is used to change the spindle motor speed by 60 - 120% of the command value in order to improve cutting conditions.



| Setting Number | SHO4 | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|----|----|---------|
| | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 |
| Kind | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Spindle override 60~120% | | | ○ | ○ *1 |
| Without spindle override | ○ | ○ | | |

* : Short bar (spare)

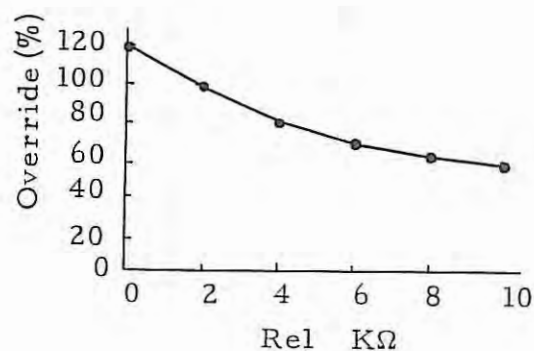
Override can be cancelled with external switches SWA and SWB.

SWA "ON" (closed) SWB "OFF" (open) With override
SWA "OFF" SWB "ON" Without override

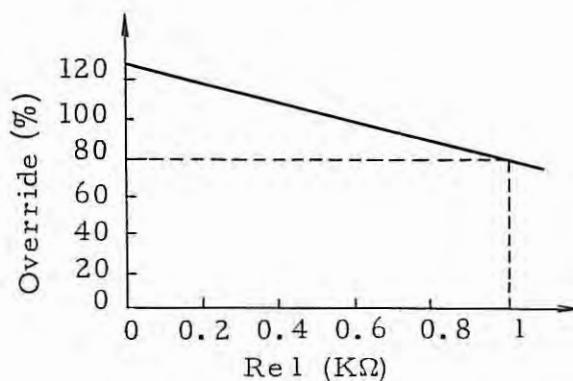
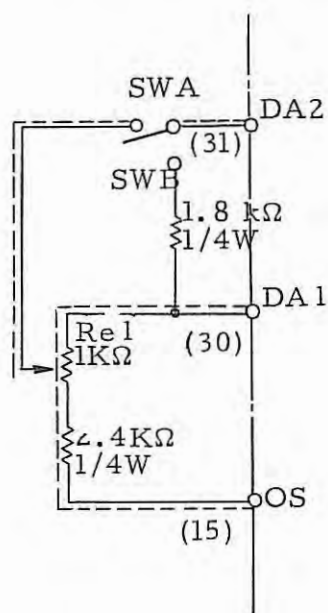
Override region

Rel = 0Ω Approximately 120%
Rel = 10 KΩ Approximately 55% (nominal 60%)

With above connections, the relationship of the variable resistor and the override are as in the graph at the right.



To make the override proportional to the value of the external variable resistor, the following external connections must be made; however, the internal setting remains the same. In this case, up to 80-120% of the command value is variable.



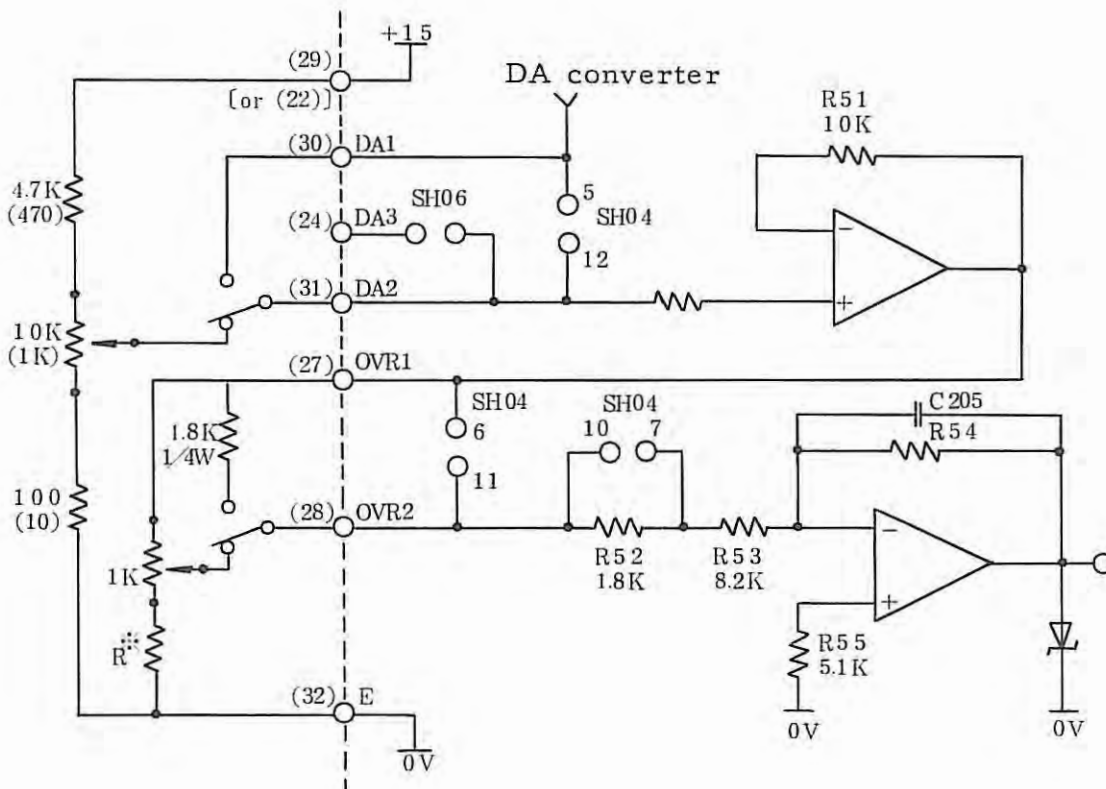
In case edition 08C of spindle control circuit A20B-0004-0990

Setting

| Short pin | | Contents |
|-----------|-------|---|
| SH04 | 05-12 | Open 05-12 when external analogue input is applied |
| | 06-11 | Open 06-11 when override is used |
| | 07-10 | Open 07-10 when override is used at upper limit 100% |
| | 08-09 | Space for spare short bar |
| SH06 | | Short SH06 when external analogue command is applied to CN7-24PIN |
| SH07 | | Velocity variation alarm detecting level is |
| Note | | Short : 20% Open : 50 |

Note: SH07 is short bar of 2.54mm pitch. If it is not required at shipping time, it is setted open (level 50%).

Circuit diagram about setting



- * Where R = 1k : Override is 60% ~ 120%
 R = 2.4k : Override is 80% ~ 120%

Override is changed in linear as above.

Provided that SH04 10-7 PIN is short.

(c) Setting by T.G. output voltage

Standard setting of the spindle motor Models 5 & 10 is as follows. When the spindle control circuit (A20B-0004-0990) is used for Models 2 & 3 and for the headstock the setting is as follows.

| Kind | Setting Number | | SH05 | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|----|------|----|----|----|----|---|--|--|
| | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | | |
| Models 5 & 10 (standard) 20V/3500 rpm | | ○ | ○ | | ○ | | | | | |

2.3 Polarity Check

(1) Checks phase rotation

(a) In case P.C.B. No. 3 A20B-0005-0585

Added the opposite phase alarm circuit on this P.C.B. When the phase rotation is not correct or phase lacks, and then if power is on, opposite phase, lack of phase indicate alarm TGAL lights on

Phase rotation is correct TGAL doesn't light on
 Opposite phase, lack of phase TGAL lights on

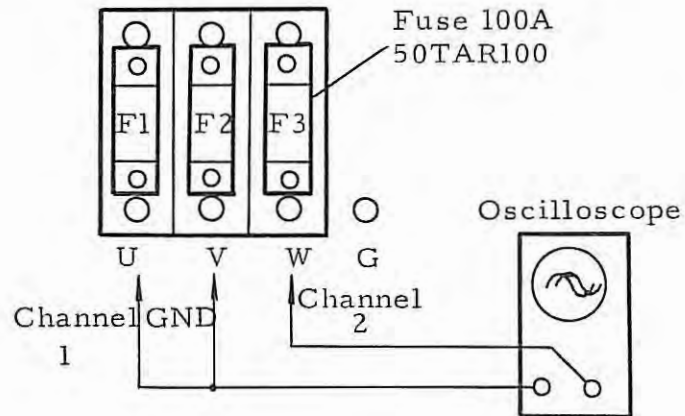
- (b) After connecting AC input power source, be sure to check the direction of phase rotation U(R) - V(S) - W(T) with a phase rotation meter or the like. Be careful, because if the phase rotation direction is reversed, the input fuse will blow.

Precautions:

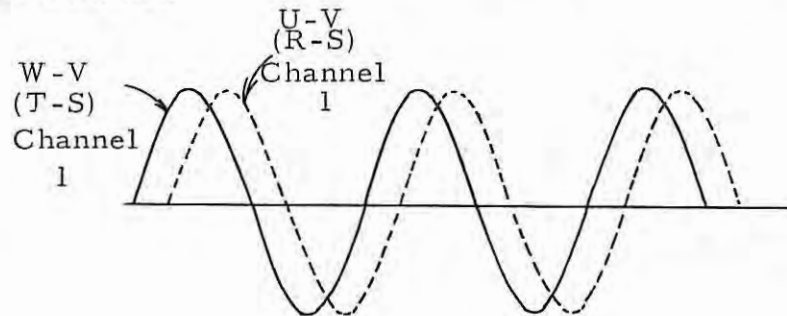
The following method should be used only when there is no phase rotation meter available. Pay particular attention to the following two points.

- 1) During measurement, insulate the oscilloscope from ground.
- 2) Since the oscilloscope itself is at equipotential with the circuit, do not touch its frame or any metal parts. A dual-trace oscilloscope can be used to check the phase as follows:

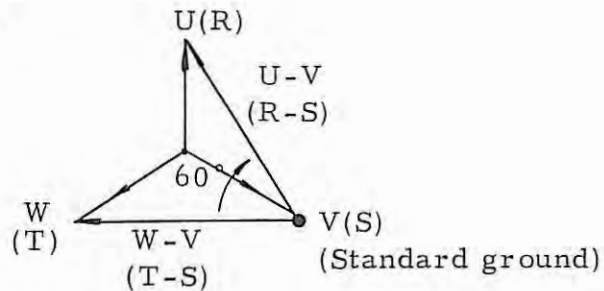
(Measuring points)



When the phase rotation is correct, the following waveform is obtained



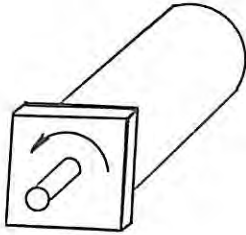
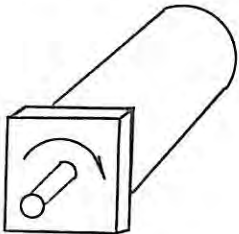
Vector



- (2) Check the motor power line and polarity of T.G feed back signal.

Before turning on the power, always check whether the polarity of DC motor power circuit and T.G signal line are as in the following table.

If the polarity is not correct, the motor will go out of control when the power is turned on, so please be sure to check it.

| No. | Motor rotation direction | Measuring device | Motor polarity | Polarity of T.G feedback |
|-----|--|------------------------|---|--|
| 1 | Turned counter-clockwise (as seen from the shaft)  | Tester or oscilloscope | $\begin{array}{c} \text{B} \\ (\text{T1-7.8}) \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{GND}}$ $\text{A} \xrightarrow{(\text{T1-5.6}) \ominus}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH3} \\ (\text{GND}) \end{array} \xrightarrow{\quad}$ $\text{CH2} \xrightarrow{\ominus}$ |
| 2 | Turned clockwise (as seen from the shaft)  | Tester or oscilloscope | $\begin{array}{c} (\text{T1-5.6}) \oplus \\ \text{A} \end{array} \xrightarrow{\quad}$ $\text{B} \xrightarrow{(\text{T1-7.8}) \text{GND}}$ | $\text{CH2} \xrightarrow{\oplus}$ $\text{CH3} \xrightarrow{\quad}$ GND |

(3) Check polarity of magnetic field coil

Wire labels E&F are attached to the magnetic field coil when the motor is installed, so please connect properly with the servo-unit.

T1-11 E
T1-12 F

If the connection is incorrect, DC motor will go out of control during acceleration when the velocity command and rotation direction command are issued.

2.4 Adjustment

Only the following items are necessary during Installation and adjustment.

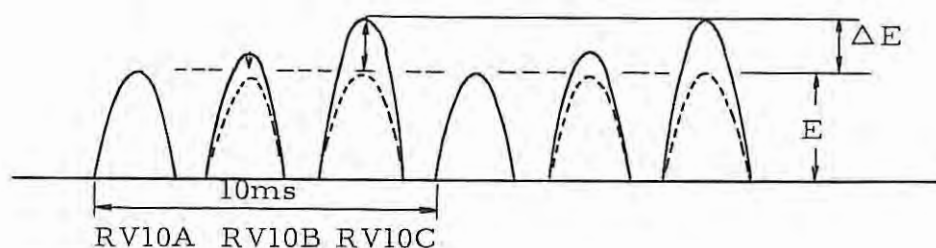
Refer to the reference material 2.5 for a more detailed adjustment procedure.

(1) Adjustment of synchronizing pulse

Adjustment is not necessary when the three-phase input waveform is balanced but when three phases are not balanced, or the inter-phase voltage is different in each phase, the synchronizing pulse should be adjusted in the following matter.

Rotate the spindle motor slowly and look at the current waveform.

CH 11 waveform



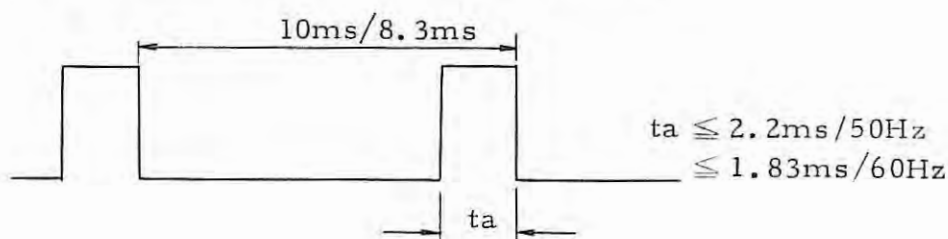
(Adjustment)

Turn any two variable resistors RV10A, B, or C, so that the peak value of the current waveform is within the range.

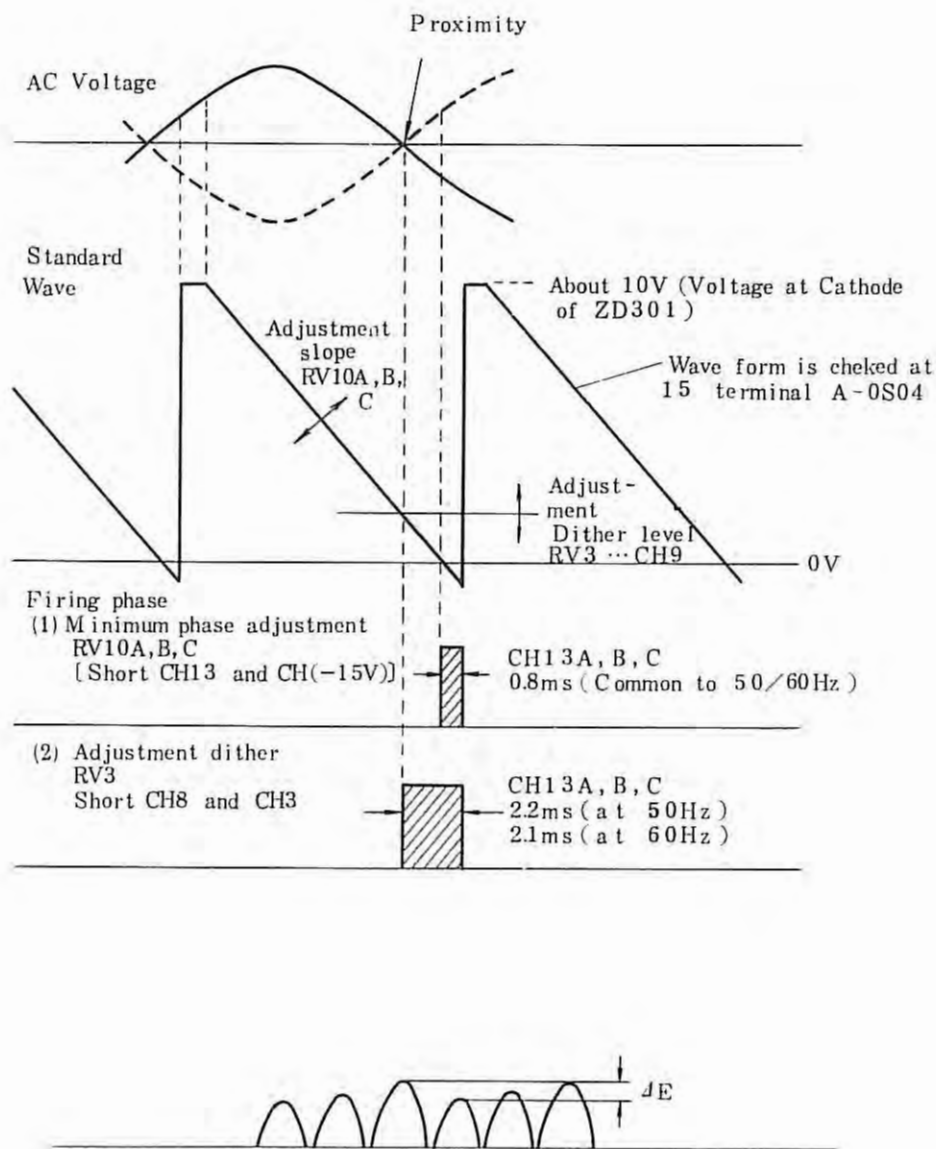
$$\Delta E \leq \pm 0.2E$$

(Check)

After adjustment, turn OFF the electromagnetic relay MCC, and check the synchronizing pulse width by CH13A, B, C. (Connect the CH8 to the ground).



However, re-adjustment is necessary when $t_a > 2.2\text{ms}/50\text{Hz}$ or $t_a > 1.83\text{ms}/60\text{Hz}$.



(2) Current detection circuit offset adjustment

Turn OFF the electromagnetic contactor MCC and adjust RV103 so that the voltage at the current waveform check terminal CH11 will be 0.

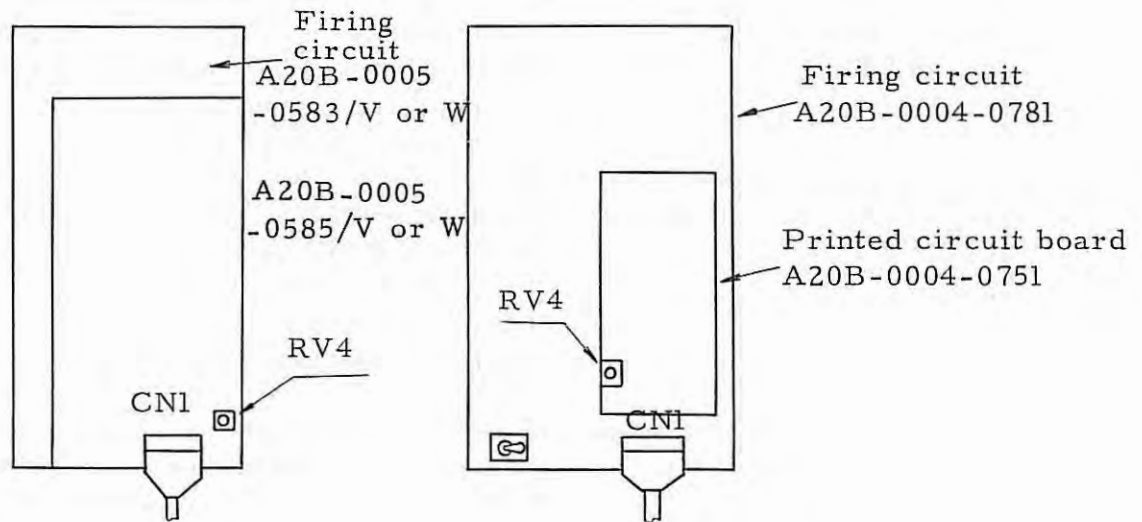
(Adjustment)

Check terminal : CH11
 Adjustment VR : RV103
 CH11 voltage : $0 \pm 20\text{mV}$

(3) Rotation speed adjustment

Adjust to get $\pm 10V$ at CH3 in spindle control circuit when maximum external analog input voltage (10V) is applied or maximum D/A converter command (S99 by B.C.D., 4095 by Binary) is applied. And after this adjust RV4 in firing control circuit so that the spindle motor or spindle has maximum rotation at 10V.

| Velocity command CH3 | Spindle motor rotation speed | Spindle rotation speed | Adjustment location |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| $\pm 10V$ | 3500 ± 14 rpm | Maximum rota- tion speed $\pm 0.4\%$ | RV4 (Firing circuit) |



2.5 Adjustment Reference Material

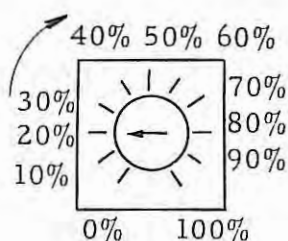
(1) Adjustment and checking procedure for the spindle control circuit (A20B-0004-0990)

The following adjustments are normally performed at installation, so further adjustment and checking should not be necessary. Please refer to this section for checking in case of failure.

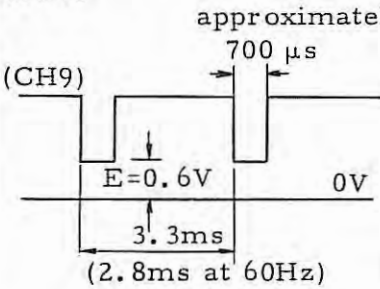
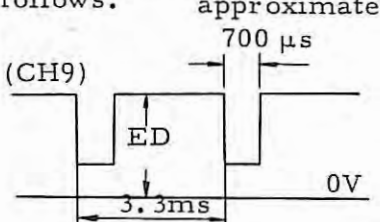
| No. | Item | Adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting |
|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1 | D/A converter offset adjustment | RV2 | Adjust CH1 voltage to $0 \pm 5\text{mV}$ when D/A converter input R01 - 12 are all OFF. | Approximately 50% |
| 2 | D/A converter offset adjustment | RV4 | Adjust CH3 voltage to $0 \pm 5\text{mV}$ when SFR and SRV inputs are turned on in the same status as above. | Approximately 50% |
| 3 | D/A converter gain adjustment | RV1 | Adjust so that CH3 becomes 10V when SFR command is issued in the state where D/A converter inputs are all ON (BCD -- S99, Binary 4095). | 45~50% |
| 4 | D/A converter gain adjustment | RV3 | In the same status as above, adjust CH3 to -10V with the SRV command is issued. For the external analogue command, adjust the rotation speed in the reverse direction is the standard maximum rotation with 10V input. | 35~50% |
| 5 | Speed 0 adjustment | RV6 | Adjust so that CH7 voltage is 50mV. The standard value for speed 0 is 0.5%. | 20% |

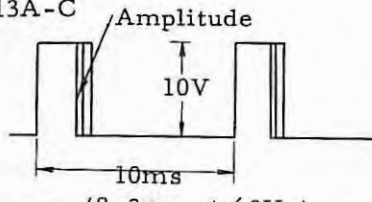
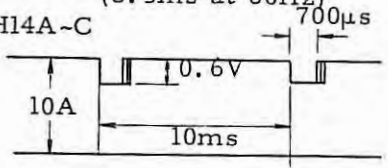
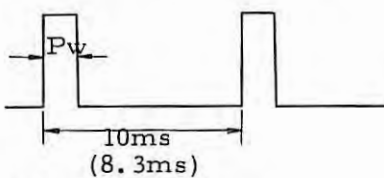
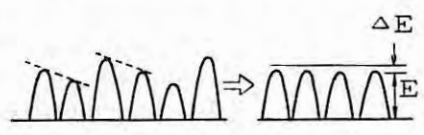
| No. | Item | Adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting |
|-----|------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| 6 | Speed arrival signal | RV7 | This is a signal issued when the motor speed is 80-85% of the commanded speed. Until it is issued, the SAL (SAR) photodiode is turned on. | |
| | | | Adjust to get 6V at CH8 with the speed command 10V on A20B-0004-0990/(03A) P.C.B. | 20% |
| | | | Adjust to get 1.5V (85%) at CH8 when the speed command 10V on A20B-0004-0990/(08C) P.C.B. | 20% |
| 7 | Tachometer voltage (CW direction) | RV5 | Adjust so that CH6 is exactly 10V while at maximum speed by SFR command. | Approximately 50% |
| 8 | Tachometer voltage (CCW direction) | RV8 | Adjust CH6 to be exactly 10V while at maximum speed by SRV command. RV8 is removed since A20B-0004-0990/08C. | Approximately 40% |

Note 1. The position of the control and the % have the following relationship. The % increases in the clockwise direction.



(2) Adjustment and checking of the firing circuit (In case of A20B-0004-0781)

| No. | Item | Adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting | |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|----------|
| | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 |
| 1 | Gain adjustment | RV1 | Determines the rigidity of the spindle motor, but since there is no need for precise adjustment, set it in the vicinity of 35 - 45%. | 40% | |
| 2 | Offset adjustment | RV2 | After zeroing the velocity command voltage (short CH1 and GND, CH3), short CH5 and CH6 so that CH8 is OV, i.e. Adjust so that the spindle motor rotation becomes almost 0. | Approximately 50% | |
| 3 | Dither No.1 | RV102 | Determines the servo rigidity during halt. Measure CH9 and Set E= 0.6V.  | 20% | |
| 4 | Dither No.2 | RV3 | Short CH8 and CH3 (GND) Measure CH9 and Set as follows.  50Hz...ED=1.7V 60Hz...ED=2.8V | 50~60% | |

| No. | Item | Adjustment place | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting | |
|-----|--------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------|----------|
| | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 |
| 5 | Dither No. 3 | RV11A RV11B RV11C | <p>To balance the firing phase of the synchronizing circuit, adjust RV11A-C so that the pulse Amplitude of CH13A-C or CH14A-C is minimized.</p> <p>CH13A-C</p>  <p>CH14A-C</p>  | Approximately 50% | |
| 6 | Dither No. 4 | RV10A RV10B RV10C | <p>First, adjust the pulse width of dither to the following values.</p> <p>Check terminal: CH13A-C</p>  <p>at 50Hz PW=1.8ms at 60Hz PW=1.6ms</p> <p>Next, adjust the two RV10A-C controls so that the peak values of the current waveform are even.</p>  | | |

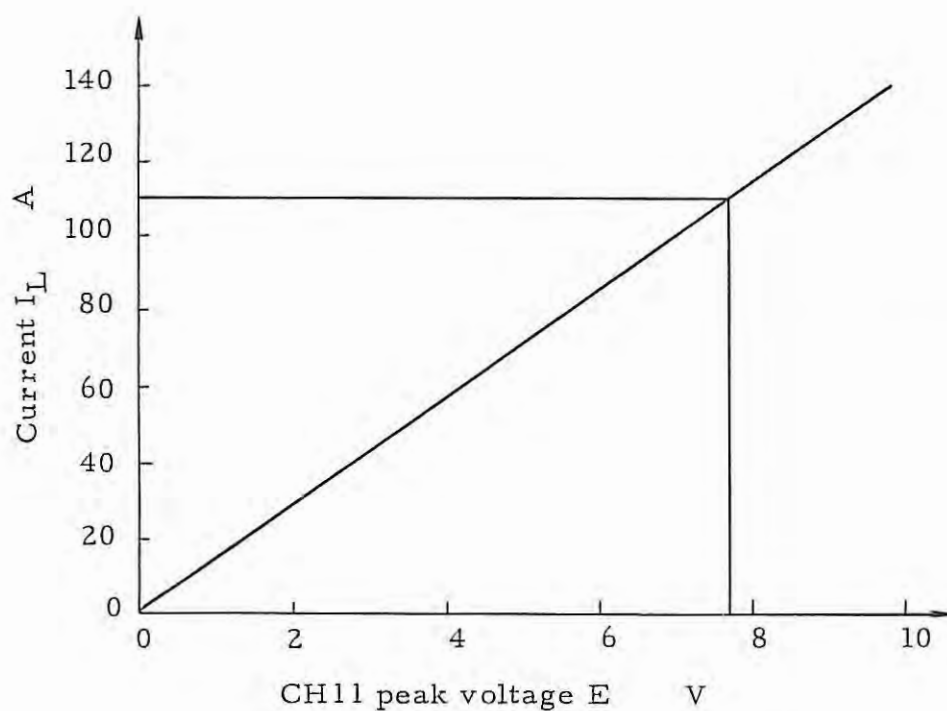
| No. | Item | Adjustment place | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting | |
|-----|----------------------------------|------------------|---|--|-----------------------|
| | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 |
| 7 | Current feed-back circuit offset | RV103 | Adjust CH11 voltage to 0V with the electromagnetic contactor MCC at OFF. | Approximately 50% | |
| 8 | Current feed-back circuit gain | RV7 | The spindle motor of models 5 & 10 has large motor inertia so, adjustment is not necessary. Simply set it at 35%. | 35% | |
| 9 | Current limit circuit gain | RV8 | Determines the current limit. Refer to Table 1. | 70% | |
| 10 | Current limitation value. | RV9 | Determines the current limit. Refer to Table 1. | 30% | 50% |
| 11 | Deceleration control | RV101 | This regulates the primary current during decelerating from 3500 rpm. | 0 ~ 10% | |
| 12 | Power limit again | RV109 | This regulates the motor output at approximately 110% of the rated output. The current is regulated hyperbolically as shown in Fig.2 over the base speed. | 70% | 85% |
| | | | | | Special Setting A 35% |
| 13 | Rotation speed adjustment. | RV4 | Adjust the motor or spindle rotation to the standard when the velocity command voltage is 10V. Models 5 & 10: 3500 rpm ± 14 rpm | Adjust during Installation and adjustment. | |
| 14 | Setting the torque limit | RV108 | Used to reduce the torque occurring in the spindle orientation. It differs according to the spindle load torque. So adjust it so that machine shock is reasonable during orientation. | Adjust during Installation and adjustment. | |

Table 1 Relationship between the current limit and RV8, RV9

The current limits are approximately as follows according to the value of variable resistors RV8 and RV9. Set according to the output of models 5 & 10.

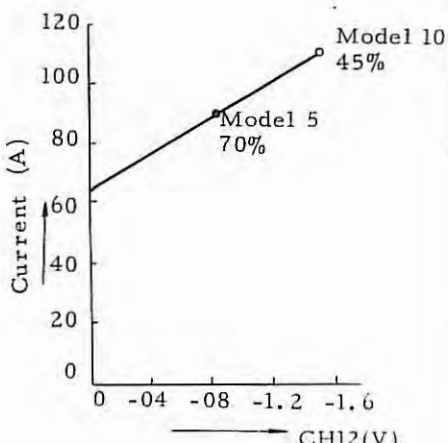
| RV8 scale RV9 scale | 50% | 60% | 70% | 80% |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 0 | 82A | 70A | 54A | 44A |
| 10% | 85A | 73A | 61A | 49A |
| 20% | 97A | 87A | 73A | 58A |
| 30% | 110A | 100A | 87A | 71A |
| 40% | 120A | 111A | 99A | 84A |
| 50% | | 124A | 112A | 97A |
| 60% | | | 123A | 111A |

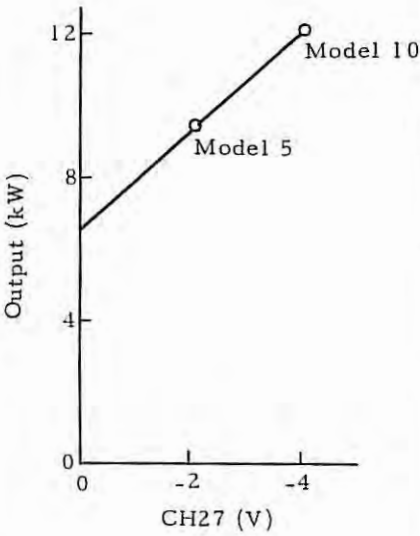
Note 1. Do not set the hatched part values. The current have the following relationship with the check terminal CH11.

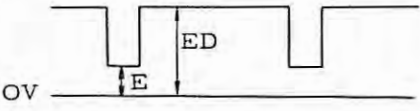
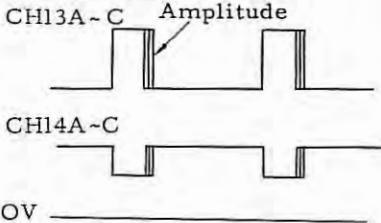
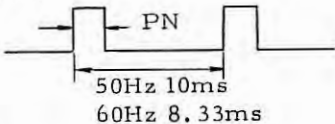
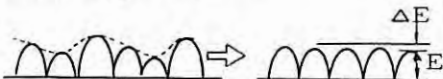


(3) Reference material for adjustment (For A20B-0005-0583/V -- Model 5
A20B-0005-0583/W -- Model 10)

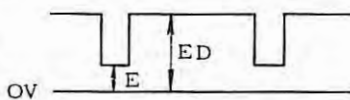
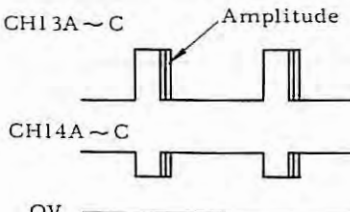
| No. | Item | Set adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | | | Standard setting | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 |
| 1 | Time constant setting | SH01 | | Clutch LOW | Clutch HIGH | 7-10 (3 sec) | 7-10 (3 sec) |
| | | | 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | | |
| | | | 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | | |
| | | | 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | | |
| | | | 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | | |
| 2 | Tachometer voltage setting | SH01 | Setting | TG maximum voltage | | 4-13 (21V/ 3500 rpm) | 4-13 (21V/ 3500 rpm) |
| | | | 1 - 16 | 10V | | | |
| | | | 2 - 15 | 12V | | | |
| | | | 3 - 14 | 19V | | | |
| | | | 4 - 13 | 21V | | | |
| 3 | Current detector bias | S9 S10 | Detector specification | | Setting | S10 | S10 |
| | | | A44L-0001-0048 | | S10 | | |
| | | | | | S9 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 4 | VCMD inter-face setting | S11 S12 | | Setting | | S11 | S11 |
| | | | For normal spindle control circuit | S11 | | | |
| | | | With clutch changing function | S12 | | | |
| 5 | Power limit setting | S13 S14 | Motor specification | | Setting | S13 | S13 |
| | | | Model 5, 10 | | S13 | | |
| | | | Model 2.3 | | S14 | | |
| | | | Headstock | | | | |
| 6 | With/without clutch changing function | S15 S16 | Clutch changing function | | Setting | S15 | S15 |
| | | | Yes | | S16 | | |
| | | | No. | | S15 | | |
| 7 | Tachometer voltage adjustment | RV4 | Adjust the maximum rotation number when the velocity command voltage is 10V. Maximum rotation $\pm 0.4\%$ | | | | |

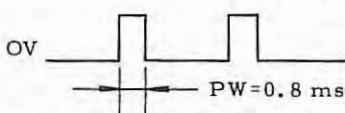
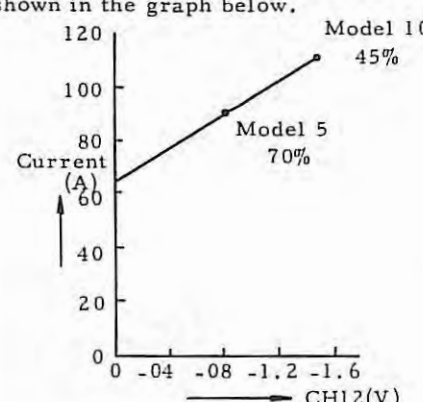
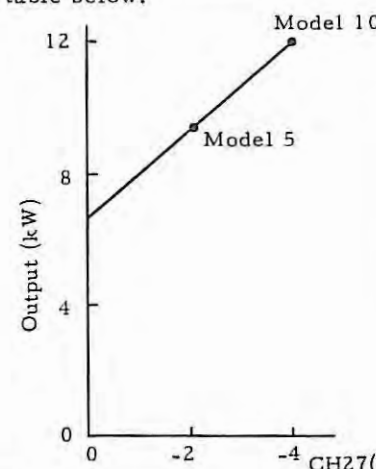
| No. | Item | Set adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting | |
|-----|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------|--|
| | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 |
| 8 | Velocity loop gain adjustment | RV1 | Determines the spindle motor rigidity. There is no special necessity for adjustment. In case the hunting vibration is excessive, lower to 5% - 10%. | 45% | 45% |
| 9 | Velocity loop offset | RV2 | Adjust so that the motor stops when the speed command voltage is 0V. | | |
| 10 | Current loop gain | RV7 | This is the loop gain for the current command. Reduce the gain 20%~30% when some swell is observed in the current | 100% | 100% |
| 11 | Current detection offset | RV103 | Adjust so that CH11 voltage becomes 0 when current does not flow. If this adjustment is incorrect, there will be unevenness at a low speeds. | | |
| 12 | Power limit offset | RV 120 RV 114 | Adjust by RV120 so that CH22 voltage becomes 0 when current does not flow. And adjust so that CH23 voltage becomes 0 by RV114. | | |
| 13 | Current limit value setting | RV9 | Set the CH12 voltage to the value at right when current does not flow. CH12 and the limit current are as shown in the graph below.  | -0.55V (70%) | -1.2V (45%) special setting A -0.7V |

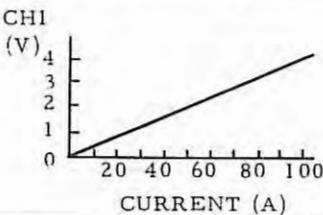
| No. | Item | Set adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|------------------|--|-------------|-------|------------|-------|---|--|----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|
| | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Power limit setting | RV109 | <p>Set the CH27 voltage to the value at right when current does not flow. The relationship between CH27 and power is indicated as below.</p>  <p>Output (kW)</p> <p>CH27 (V)</p> <p>Model 10</p> <p>Model 5</p> | -2V (85%) | -4V (70%) special setting A -1V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Setting the torque limit | RV 108 RV 122 | <p>Apply the torque limit, perform orientation, and adjust the halt current. The adjustment region is 0 - 35A.</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th></th><th>Adjustment locations</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Clutch HIGH</td><td>RV108</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch LOW</td><td>RV122</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Adjust both even when using a constant value disregarding the clutch. If there is no clutch shift, only RV108 is used.</p> | | Adjustment locations | Clutch HIGH | RV108 | Clutch LOW | RV122 | <p>The relation ship between voltage current of CH29</p> <table border="1"><tbody><tr><td>5A</td><td>-1.25V</td></tr><tr><td>10A</td><td>-1.45V</td></tr><tr><td>15A</td><td>-1.60V</td></tr><tr><td>20A</td><td>-1.77V</td></tr><tr><td>25A</td><td>-1.93V</td></tr><tr><td>30A</td><td>-2.09V</td></tr><tr><td>35A</td><td>-2.29V</td></tr><tr><td>40A</td><td>-2.49V</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>* Standard setting</p> | | 5A | -1.25V | 10A | -1.45V | 15A | -1.60V | 20A | -1.77V | 25A | -1.93V | 30A | -2.09V | 35A | -2.29V | 40A | -2.49V |
| | Adjustment locations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch HIGH | RV108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch LOW | RV122 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5A | -1.25V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10A | -1.45V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15A | -1.60V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20A | -1.77V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25A | -1.93V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30A | -2.09V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35A | -2.29V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40A | -2.49V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Setting of load-meter output | RV113 | <p>In case special setting Shift the power limit offset RV114, set CH23 voltage to 1V, and then adjust CH24 to 1.2V. After adjustment, be sure to readjust the power limit offset as well.</p> | Setting max 100% | 1.0V Special setting A setting max 100% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| No. | Item | Set adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting | |
|-----|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|---|
| | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 |
| 17 | Dither No.1 | RV3 | <p>Short-circuit CH8 and CH3. Set the CH9 voltage to the value at right.</p>  | <p>ED 50Hz 1.5V 60Hz 2.8V</p> <p>E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V</p> | <p>50Hz 1.5V 60Hz 2.8V</p> <p>E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V</p> |
| 18 | Dither No.2 | RV11A RV11B RV11C | <p>Adjust the pulse jitter of CH13A-C or CH14A-C to the minimum to balance the firing phase of the synchronizing circuit.</p>  | | |
| 19 | Dither No.3 | RV10A RV10B RV10C | <p>Adjust the pulsewidth of Dither. Next, adjust the two RV10A-C controls so that the peak values of the waveform at low speeds are even.</p>  <p>Try to adjust to the smaller waveforms. For details, refer to Section 2.5.1, "Synchronizing Pulse Adjustment."</p>  | <p>50Hz 1.8ms 60Hz 1.6ms</p> | <p>50Hz 1.8ms 60Hz 1.6ms</p> |
| 20 | Setting the deceleration limit | RV101 | <p>After confirming that CH27 becomes either +10 or -10V at maximum rotation of each motor (refer to Section 7, 'Tachogenerator Voltage Adjustment'), set the CH26 voltage to the value at right.</p> | 8.5V | 8.5V |

(4) Reference material for adjustment (For A20B-0005-0585/V -- Model 5
A20B-0005-0585/W -- Model 10)

| No. | Item | Set adjust- ment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|-------|------|---------|-------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----|---------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Time constant setting | SH01 | <table><tr><td></td><td>Clutch LOW</td><td>Clutch HIGH</td></tr><tr><td>5-12</td><td>0.6 sec</td><td>1 sec</td></tr><tr><td>6-11</td><td>1.2 sec</td><td>2 sec</td></tr><tr><td>7-10</td><td>1.8 sec</td><td>3 sec</td></tr><tr><td>8-9</td><td>2.4 sec</td><td>4 sec</td></tr></table> | | Clutch LOW | Clutch HIGH | 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | 7-10 (3 sec) | 7-10 (3 sec) |
| | Clutch LOW | Clutch HIGH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5-12 | 0.6 sec | 1 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6-11 | 1.2 sec | 2 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7-10 | 1.8 sec | 3 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8-9 | 2.4 sec | 4 sec | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Tachometer voltage setting | SH01 | <table><tr><td>Setting</td><td>TG maximum voltage</td></tr><tr><td>1-16</td><td>10V</td></tr><tr><td>2-15</td><td>12V</td></tr><tr><td>3-14</td><td>19V</td></tr><tr><td>4-13</td><td>21V</td></tr></table> | Setting | TG maximum voltage | 1-16 | 10V | 2-15 | 12V | 3-14 | 19V | 4-13 | 21V | 4-13 (21V/ 3500rpm) | 4-13 (21V/ 3500rpm) | | | | | |
| Setting | TG maximum voltage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-16 | 10V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2-15 | 12V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3-14 | 19V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4-13 | 21V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Current detector bias | S9 S10 | <table><tr><td>Detector specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>A44L-0001-0048</td><td>S10</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>S9</td></tr></table> | Detector specification | Setting | A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | S9 | S10 | S10 | | | | | | | | | |
| Detector specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A44L-0001-0048 | S10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | S9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | V CMD inter- face setting | S11 S12 | <table><tr><td></td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>For normal spindle control circuit</td><td>S11</td></tr><tr><td>With clutch changing function</td><td>S12</td></tr></table> | | Setting | For normal spindle control circuit | S11 | With clutch changing function | S12 | S11 | S11 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| For normal spindle control circuit | S11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| With clutch changing function | S12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Power limit setting | S13 S14 | <table><tr><td>Motor specification</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>Model 5, 10</td><td>S13</td></tr><tr><td>Model 2, 3 headstock</td><td>S14</td></tr></table> | Motor specification | Setting | Model 5, 10 | S13 | Model 2, 3 headstock | S14 | S13 | S13 | | | | | | | | | |
| Motor specification | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Model 5, 10 | S13 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Model 2, 3 headstock | S14 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | With/without clutch chang- ing function | S15 S16 | <table><tr><td>Clutch changing function</td><td>Setting</td></tr><tr><td>Yes</td><td>S16</td></tr><tr><td>No</td><td>S15</td></tr></table> | Clutch changing function | Setting | Yes | S16 | No | S15 | S15 | S15 | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch changing function | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Yes | S16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| No | S15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Dither No. 1 | RV3 | Short-circuit CH8 and CH3. Set the CH9 voltage to the value at right.  | ED 50Hz 1.85V 60Hz 3.15V E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V | 50Hz 1.85V 60Hz 3.15V E 50Hz 1.0V 60Hz 2.4V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Dither No. 2 | RV11A RV11B RV11C | Adjust the pulse jitter of CH13A-C or CH14A-C to the minimum to balance the firing phase of the synchronizing circuit.  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

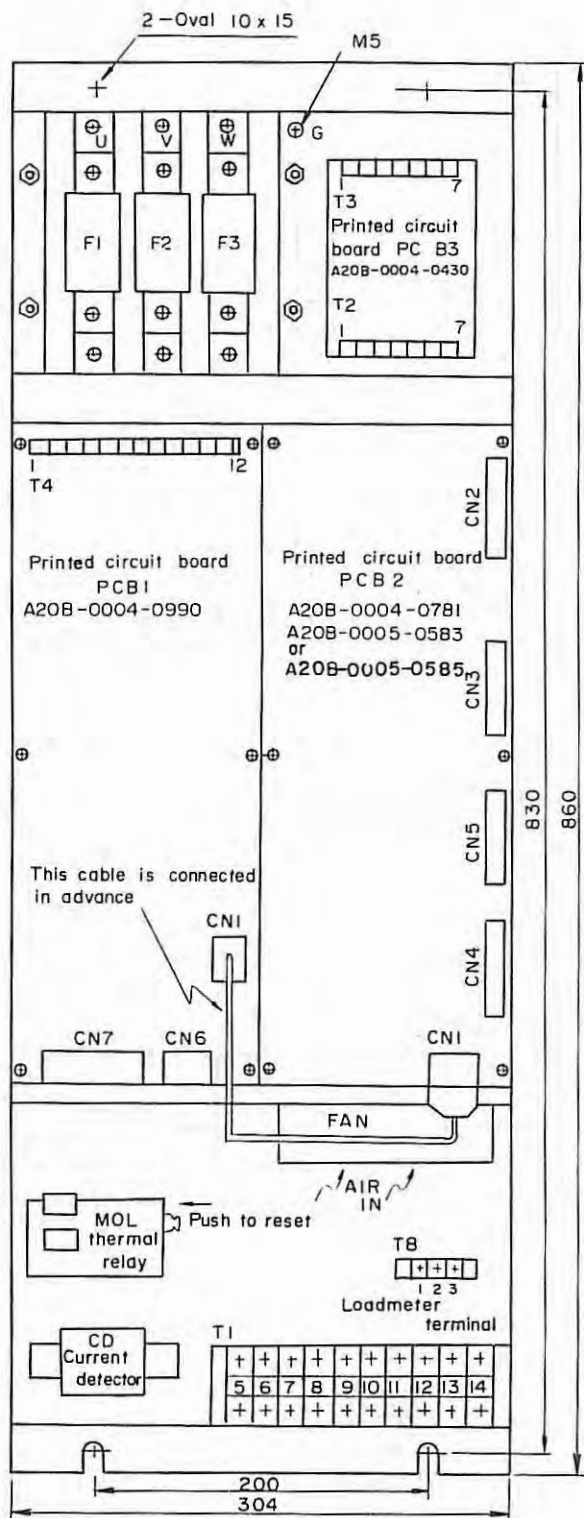
| No. | Item | Set adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting | |
|-----|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 |
| 9 | Minimum Phase shift adjustment - | RV10A RV10B RV10C | CH13 and CH17 (-15V) are shorted adjust the pulse width of CH13 A~C CH13 A~C  | 0.8ms (50/60Hz) | 0.8ms |
| 10 | Current loop gain | | This is the loop gain for the current command. Reduse the gain 20% 30% when some swell is observed in the current. | 100% | 100% |
| 11 | Current detection offset | RV103 | Adjust so that CH11 voltage becomes 0 when current does not flow. If this adjustment is incorrect, there will be unevenness at a low speeds. | | |
| 12 | Power limit | RV120 | Adjust by RV120 so that CH22 voltage becomes 0 when current does not flow. And adjust so that CH23 voltage becomes 0 by RV114. | | |
| 13 | Current limit value setting | RV9 | Set the CH12 voltage to the value at right when current does not flow. CH12 and the limit current are as shown in the graph below.  | -0.55V (70%) | -1.2V (45%) Special setting A -0.7V |
| 14 | Power limit setting | RV109 | Set the CH27 voltage to the value at right when current does not flow. The relationship between CH27 and power is indicated in the table below.  | -2V | -4V Special setting A -1V |

| No. | Item | Set adjustment places | Adjustment and checking | Standard setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------|------------|-------|--|--|---------|------|------|----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|--------|
| | | | | Model 5 | Model 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Velocity loop gain adjustment | RV1 | Adjust as below by load inertia. <table border="1"><tr><th>Max inertia</th><th>Setting</th></tr><tr><td>0~5kg cmS²</td><td>45%</td></tr><tr><td>5~ "</td><td>70%</td></tr></table> | Max inertia | Setting | 0~5kg cmS ² | 45% | 5~ " | 70% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Max inertia | Setting | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0~5kg cmS ² | 45% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5~ " | 70% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Velocity loop offset | RV2 | Adjust so that the motor stops when the speed command voltage is OV. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | rpm adjustment | RV4 | Adjust the maximum rotation number when the velocity command voltage is 10V. Maximum rotation $\pm 0.4\%$ | 3500 rpm | 3500 rpm | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Setting the deceleration limit | RV101 | After confirming that CH27 becomes either +10 or -10V at maximum rotation of each motor (refer to Section 7, 'Tachogenerator Voltage Adjustment'), set the CH26 voltage to the value at right. | 8.5V | 8.5V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Setting the torque limit | RV108 RV122 | Apply the torque limit, perform orientation, and adjust the halt current. Adjust the torque limit by RV108 and RV122 during measurement current value on CH11. <table border="1"><tr><th></th><th>Adjustment locations</th></tr><tr><td>Clutch HIGH</td><td>RV108</td></tr><tr><td>Clutch LOW</td><td>RV122</td></tr></table>  | | Adjustment locations | Clutch HIGH | RV108 | Clutch LOW | RV122 | Voltage of CH29 can be used for adjustment torque limit <table border="1"><tr><th>Current</th><th>CH11</th><th>CH29</th></tr><tr><td>5V</td><td>0.2V</td><td>-1.25V</td></tr><tr><td>10"</td><td>0.4"</td><td>-1.45V</td></tr><tr><td>15"</td><td>0.6"</td><td>-1.60V</td></tr><tr><td>20"</td><td>0.8"</td><td>-1.77V</td></tr><tr><td>25"</td><td>1.0"</td><td>-1.93V</td></tr><tr><td>30"</td><td>1.2"</td><td>-2.09V</td></tr><tr><td>35"</td><td>1.4"</td><td>-2.29V</td></tr></table> | | Current | CH11 | CH29 | 5V | 0.2V | -1.25V | 10" | 0.4" | -1.45V | 15" | 0.6" | -1.60V | 20" | 0.8" | -1.77V | 25" | 1.0" | -1.93V | 30" | 1.2" | -2.09V | 35" | 1.4" | -2.29V |
| | Adjustment locations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch HIGH | RV108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clutch LOW | RV122 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current | CH11 | CH29 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5V | 0.2V | -1.25V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10" | 0.4" | -1.45V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15" | 0.6" | -1.60V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20" | 0.8" | -1.77V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25" | 1.0" | -1.93V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30" | 1.2" | -2.09V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35" | 1.4" | -2.29V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Load meter output setting | RV113 | | 80% | 50% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

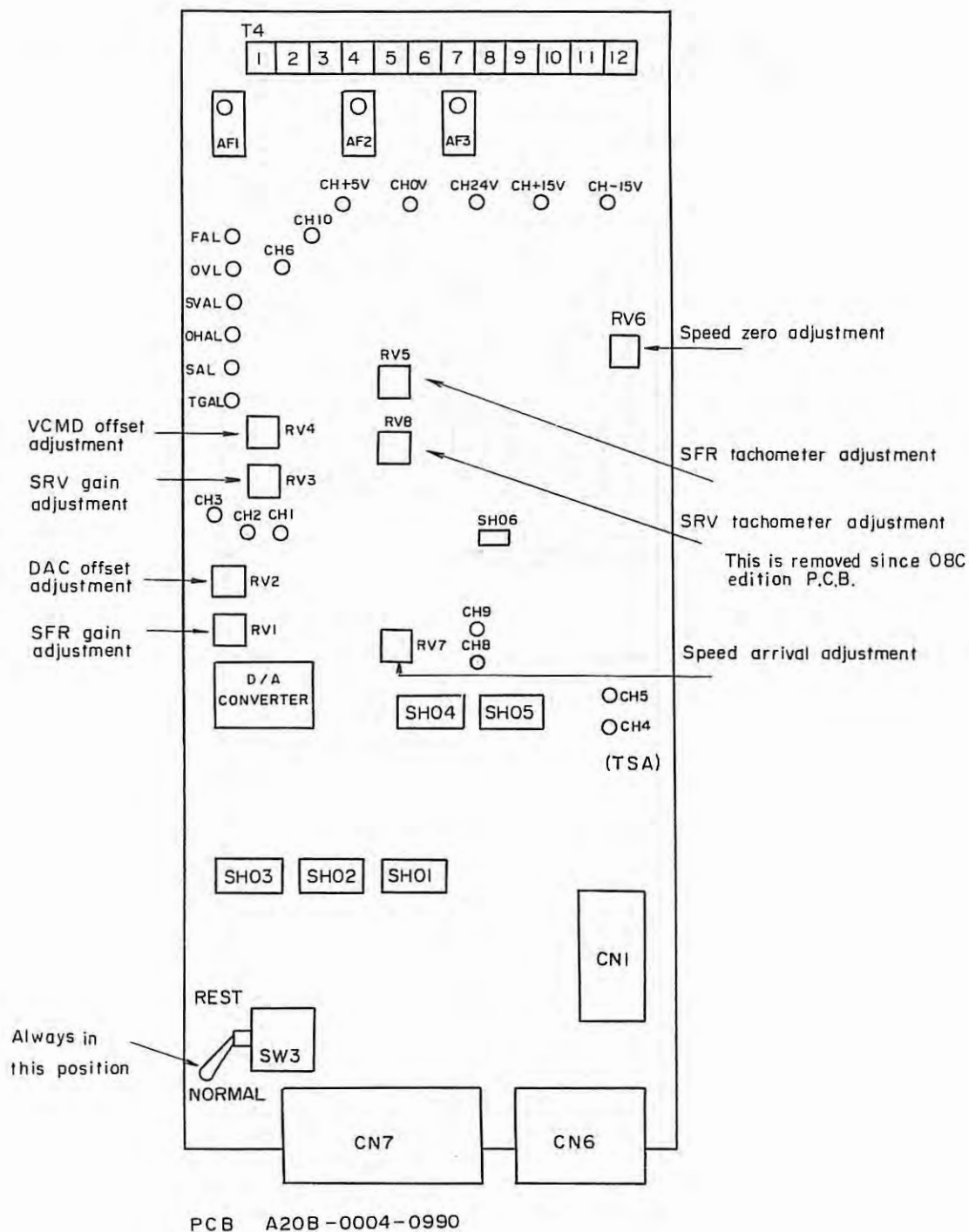
3. MOUNTING DIAGRAM

The device can be serviced from one side and the parts are mounted as follows as seen from the front.

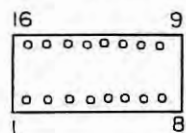
3.1 Spindle Servo-unit



3.2 Spindle Control Circuit A20B-0004-0990



Short-circuit

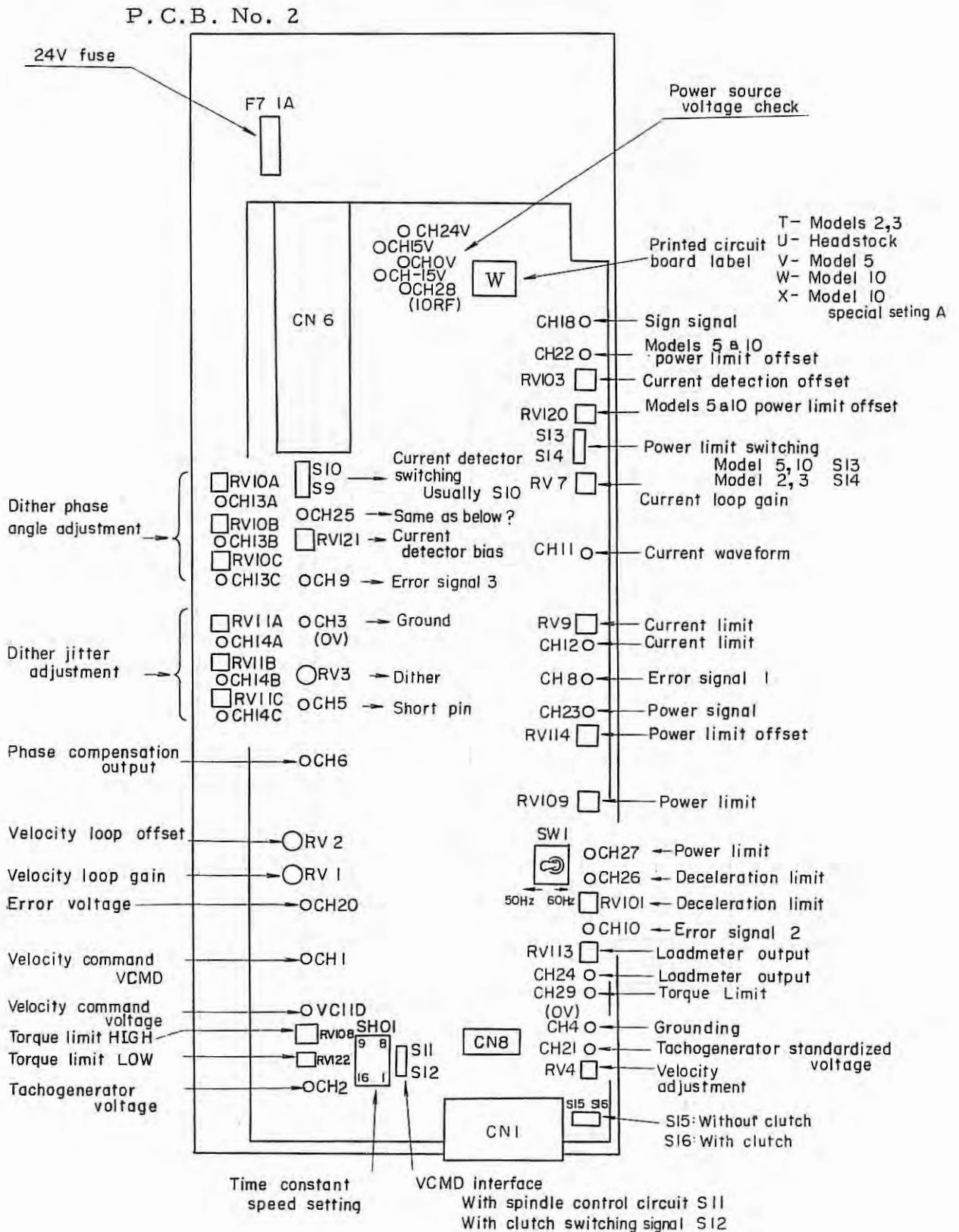


SH01 SH05



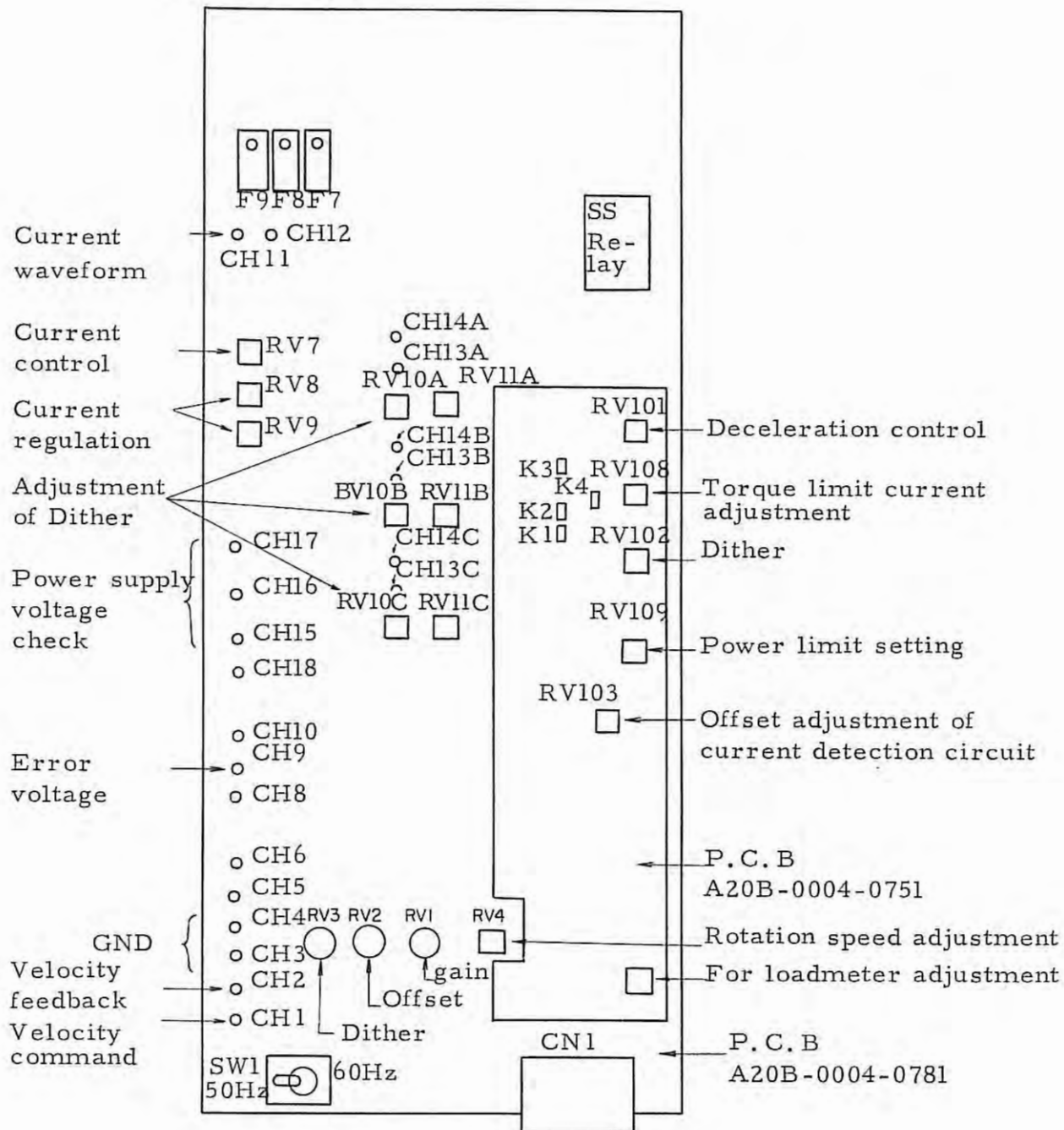
SH06

3.3 Firing Circuit A20B-0005-0583/A20B-0005-0585



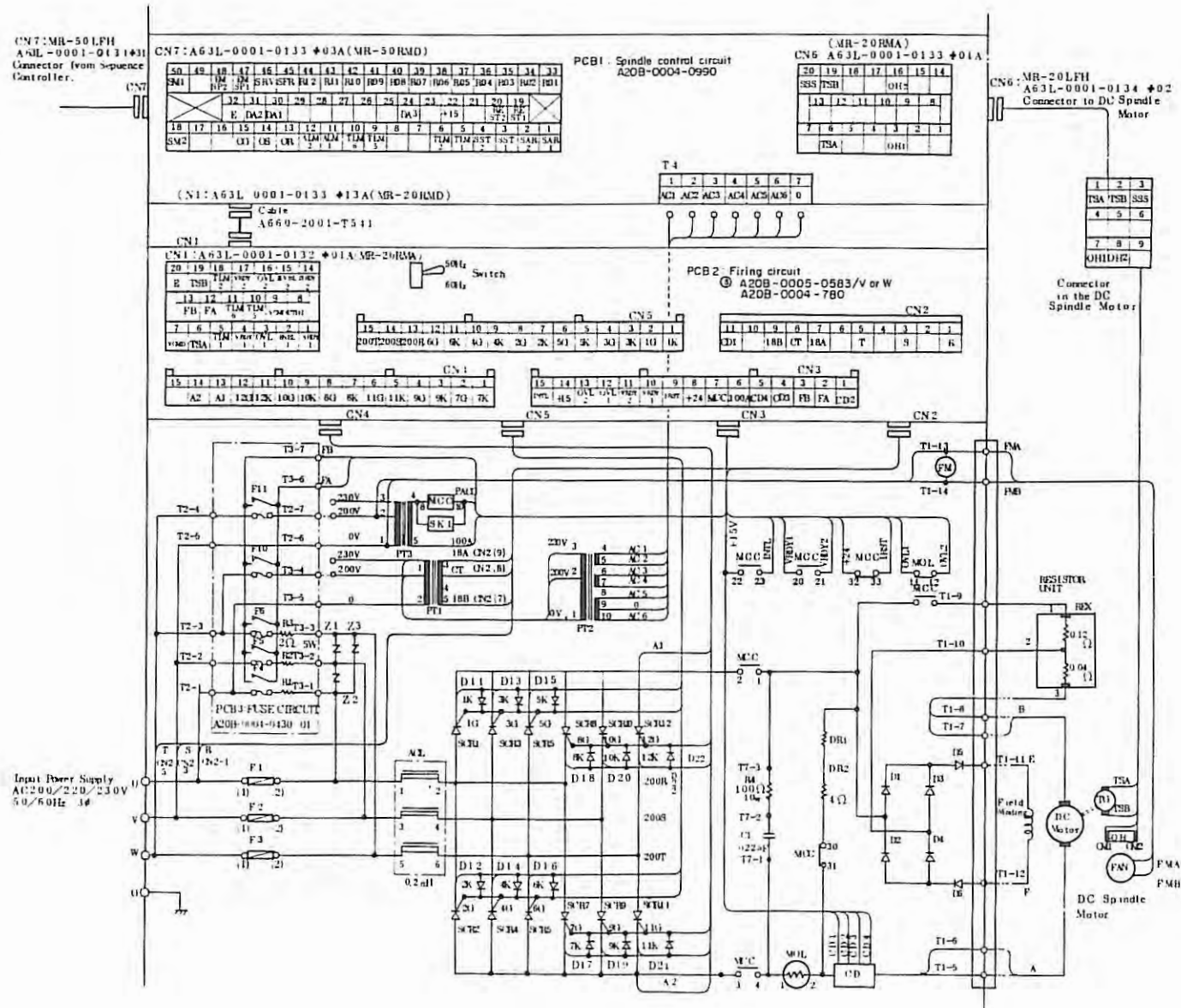
3.4 Firing Circuit A20B-0004-0781

P.C.B. No. 1



Note) CH3, 4 : 0V
CH15 : +24V
CH16 : +15V
CH17 : -15V

4. CIRCUIT STRUCTURE



5. TROUBLESHOOTING

Generally, the following items can be considered as faults and their causes.

If a fault has occurred, first roughly determine where the cause lies (servo unit, spindle motor, etc.), and then trace out the cause.

| No. | FAULT | CAUSE | | |
|-----|---|---|--|---|
| | | Spindle servo unit | Spindle motor | Machine or Power unit |
| 1 | The velocity control unit fuse is blows. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Cabling mistake . Circuit gault current limit-int circuit defect, circuit adjustment defect, etc. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . T.G.WIRE contact defect or breaking . Driving cable shortcircuit . Field coil is shorted to the ground. . Too much T.G ripple V ripple $\leq 1V$ | |
| 2 | The spindle r.p.m. in not normal. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Circuit gault Defect of error amplifier circuit, etc. . Faulty D/A converter | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . T.G defect . Lowing of counter electromotive force of the motor. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Faulty operation of the velocity command circuit. |
| 3 | Vibration and noise during spindle operation is abnormally large. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . 50/60Hz setting error. . Circuit adjustment defect Dither Gain . Current feedback control circuit adjustment defect | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Motor fault bearing, clutch, etc. . Too much T.G. ripple | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . The input power waveform is too disorted. . The load fluctuation is too large. . Gear engagement is not proper. |

| No. | FAULT | CAUSE | | |
|-----|---|--|--|---|
| | | Spindle servo unit | Spindle motor | Machine or Power unit |
| 4 | The spindle operation during acceleration and deceleration is not normal. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Deceleration limiting circuit adjustment defect. . Current feedback control circuit adjustment defect | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Relation between the load inertia and the acceleration/deceleration time constant setting is not proper. . The belt tension is not proper. |
| 5 | The spindle does not rotate. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Circuit fault <p>The gate pulses are not generated, etc.</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . Wire breaking . Clutch high/low switching defect. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> . The machine load is too large. . SFR/SRV is not issued, |

6. SPARE PARTS LIST

When requesting parts for maintenance, please use the following list as reference.

| No. | Part name, symbol | Specifications | Quantity used |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | Fuse (100A) F1~3 | A60L-0001-0060 #50T100 | 3 |
| 2 | Alarm fuse (1.3A) F4, 5, 6 | S. Fab 250/402A P413 | 3 |
| 3 | Alarm fuse (10A) F10, F11 | S. Fab 250/402 G PL4100 | 2 |
| 4 | Surge absorber Z1, 2, 3 | A50L-2001-0062 #441-12 | 3 |
| 5 | Firing circuit PCB | MODEL 5 A06P-6040-H005#B " 10 A06P-6041-H010#B Special A A06P-6041-H011#B | 1 |
| 6 | Spindle control circuit PCB | A20B-0004-0990 | 1 |
| 7 | Fuse circuit PCB3 | A20B-0004-0430 | 1 |
| 8 | Tyristor SCR1-12 | A50L-5000-0014 (71RC80) | 12 |
| 9 | Diode D1, 3, 6 | (10M80) A50L-2001-0081 #80 | 3 |
| 10 | Diode D2, 4, 5 | (10MA80) A50L-2001-0082 #80 | 3 |
| 11 | Current detector CD | A44L-0001-0048 | 1 |
| 12 | Electromagnetic contactor MCC | A58L-0001-0080 | 1 |
| 13 | Fan motor FM | A90L-0001-0082 | 1 |

Control Bd.

A20B-0008-037□/02 Ø80
Edition

(New) # 7,354 ⁷⁴ } 81016329 Q0
2,022.55 }

IV. DC SPINDLE SERVO UNIT
MAINTENANCE MANUAL

for

MODEL 6, 8, 12, AND 15

SPINDLE SERVO UNIT

SP 15

Draw #

A08B-6041-H115

Manual #

K11-Ø2Ø2Ø

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1. GENERAL

This maintenance manual is applicable to the spindle servo unit used to drive the FANUC DC spindle motor Model 15, Model 12, Model 8 or Model 6.

The general structure of the spindle servo unit is diagrammed as follows.

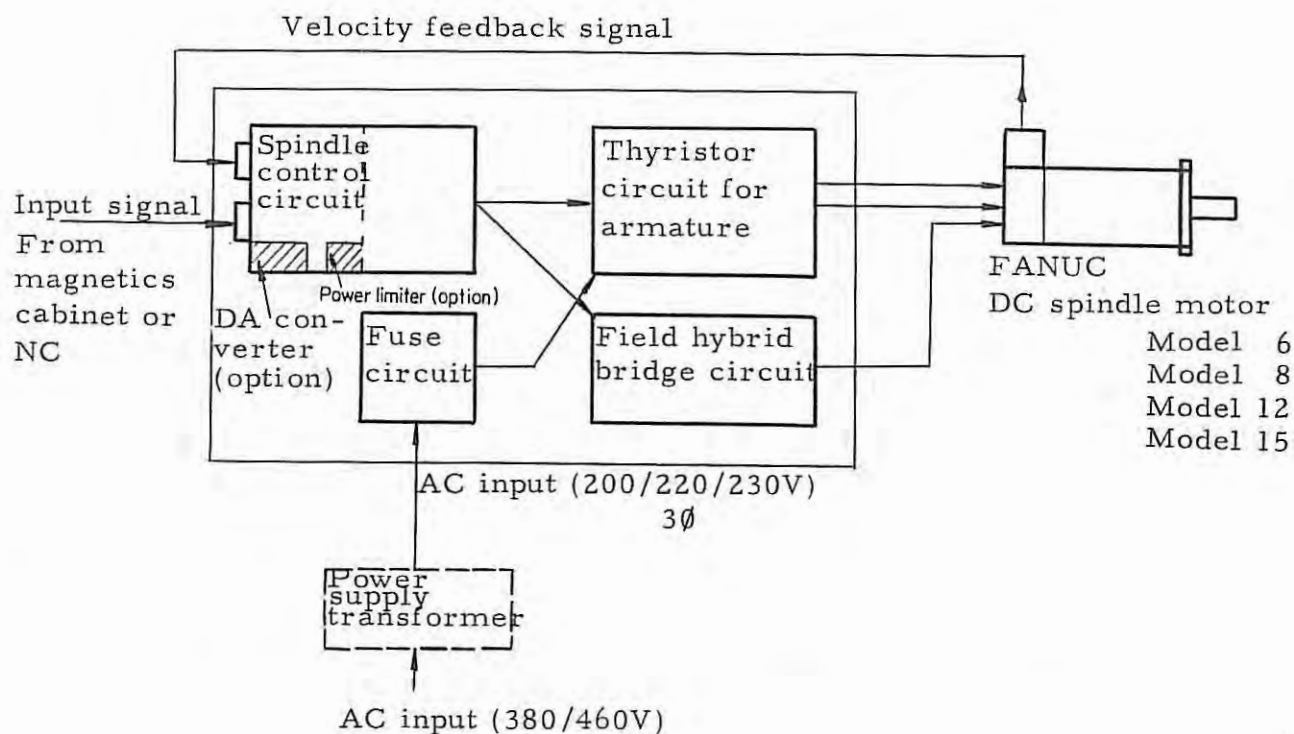


Fig.1 Spindle servo unit block diagram

During Installation and adjustment check the signal line connections to the magnetics cabinet or NC by referring to the DESCRIPTIONS of the FANUC spindle motor series.

A table of printed circuit board specification follows

| | | Specification No. |
|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Spindle control circuit | for Model 6 | A20B - 0005 - 0374 |
| | Model 8 | A20B - 0005 - 0373 |
| | Model 12 | A20B - 0005 - 0372 |
| | Model 15 | A20B - 0005 - 0371 |

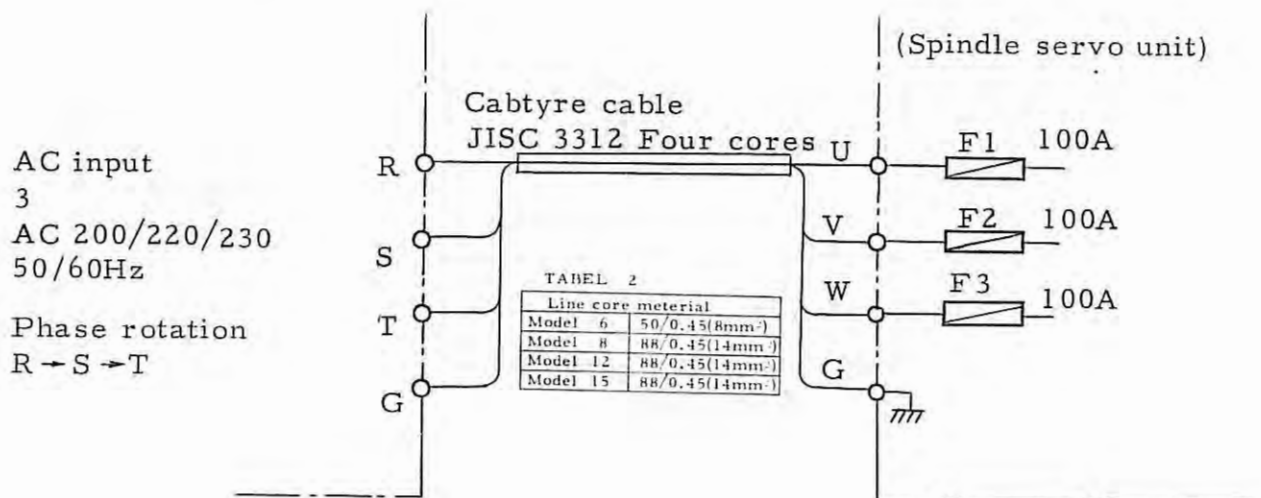
2. INSTALLATION AND ADJUSTMENT

2.1 Connection

(1) Power supply line connection

(a) 200/220/230V AC power supply input

(Power supply)

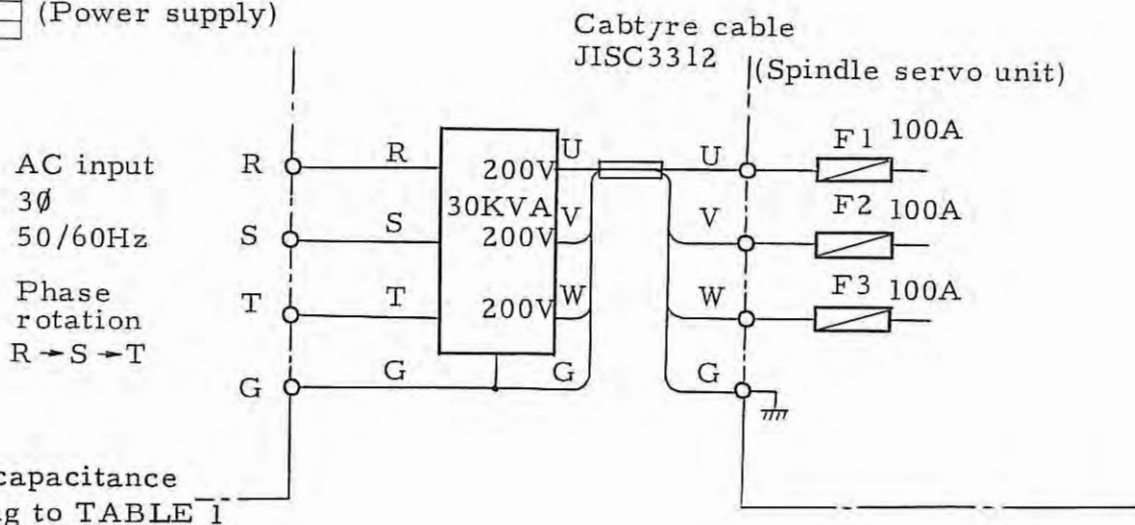


(b) Power supply input other than 200/220/230V AC (Example, 380/400/415/460/480V AC, ETC.)

(Power supply)

TABLE 1
Power supply capacitance

| | |
|----------|-------|
| Model 6 | 13kVA |
| Model 8 | 19kVA |
| Model 12 | 24kVA |
| Model 15 | 30kVA |



The power source lines can be connected without transformers when the AC input is within the rated voltage range (200 to 230V +10%
-15%), but a power supply transformer is required for 380 to 550V AC.

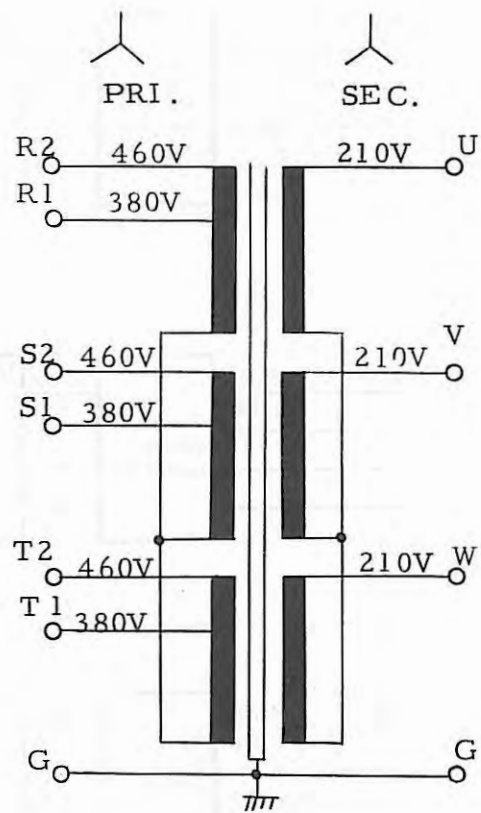
If the FUJITSU FANUC power supply transformer is used, connect it as follows for 380 to 480V AC.

| No. | AC input voltage | Connection |
|-----|---|------------|
| 1 | 380/400V $+10\%$ -15% | |
| 2 | 400/415V $+10\%$ -15% | |
| 3 | 460V $+10\%$ -15% (440V $\pm 10\%$) | |
| 4 | 480V $+10\%$ -15% | |

Refer to 2.2(1) for setting the power supply transformer for control.

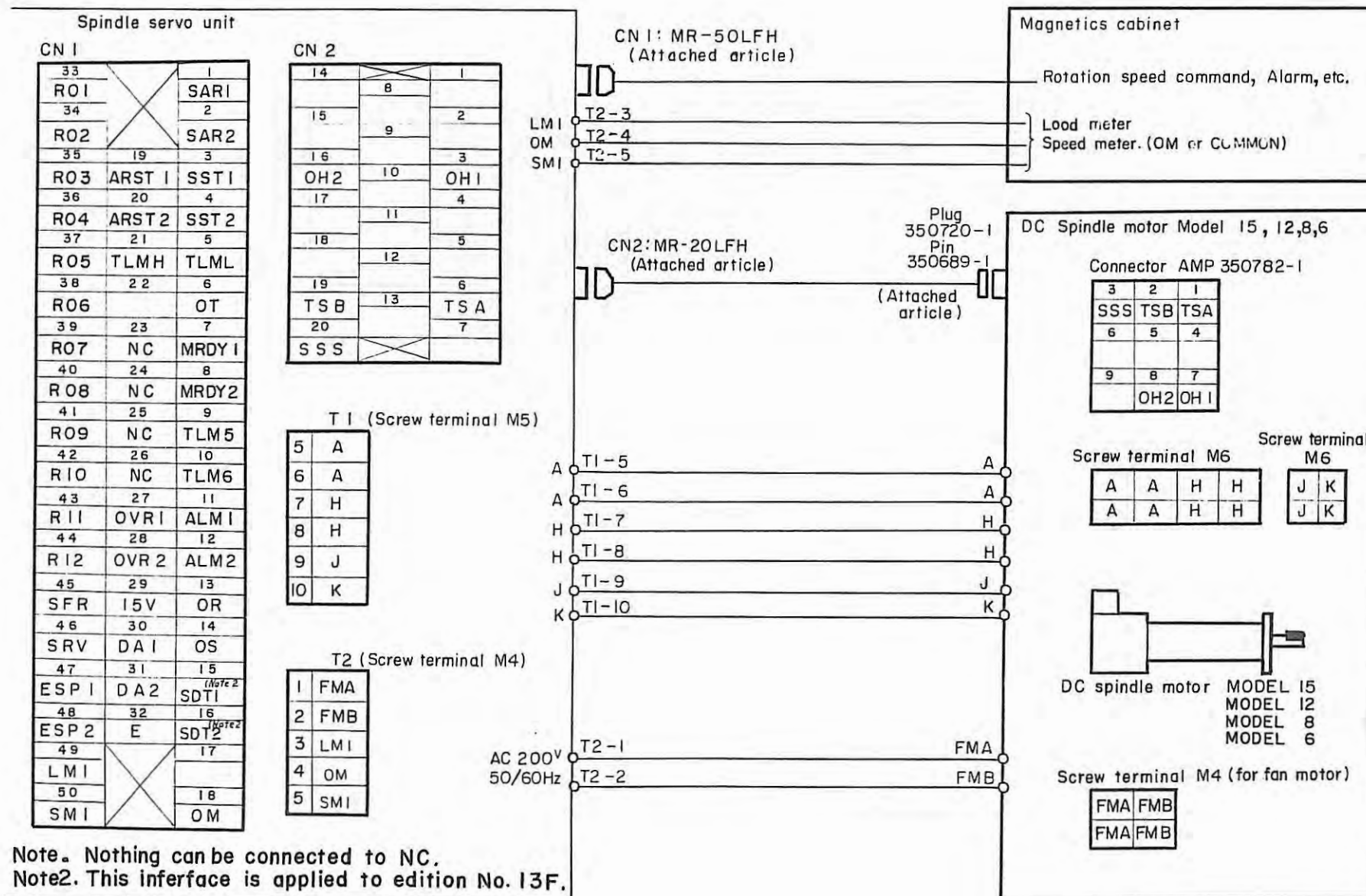
Transformer connection diagram

FUJITSU FANUC POWER SUPPLY TRANSFORMER



(2) Connection of spindle motor power and signal lines

- 141 -

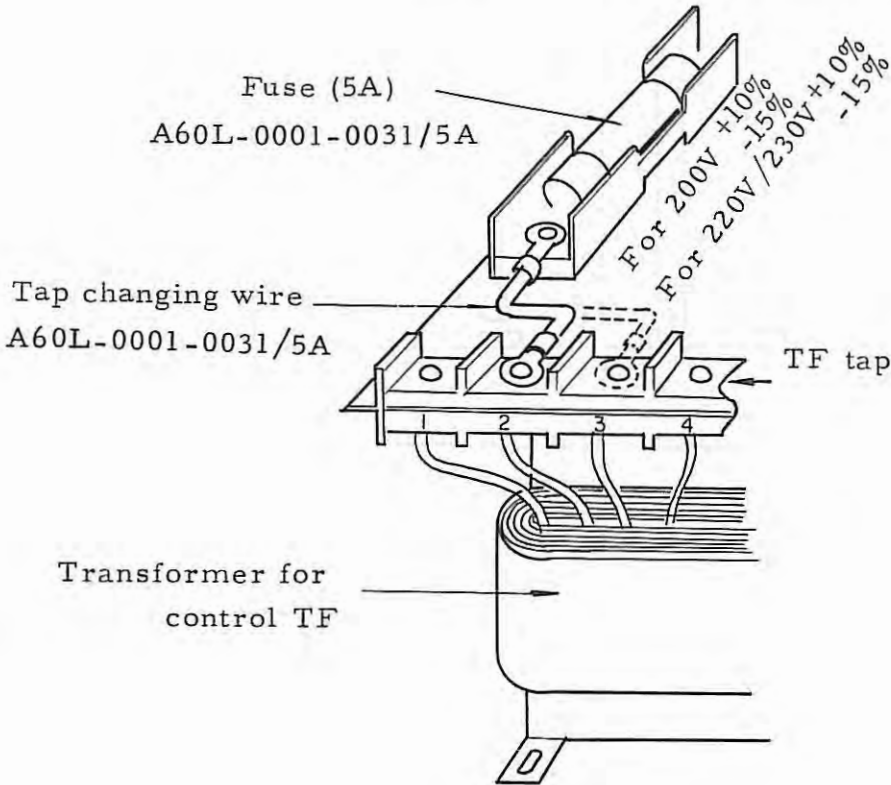
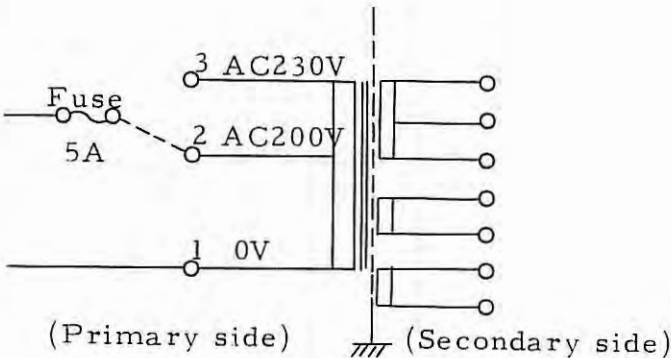


2.2 Confirmation for Settings

(1) Setting the transformer for control by the AC input voltage

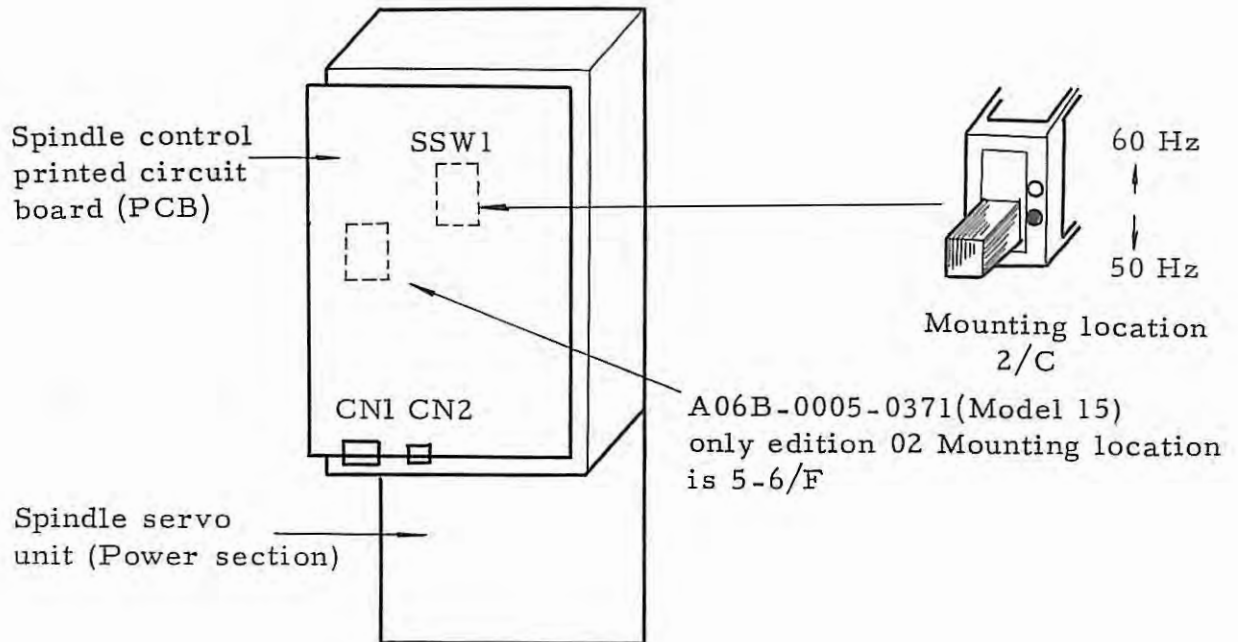
The transformer TF tap on the spindle servo unit is set as follows in accordance with the AC input voltage.

| Nominal AC input voltage | Taps of TF |
|--|------------------------|
| AC200V ^{+10%} -15% | Connection to tap 2 |
| AC220V ^{+10%} -15% or AC230V ^{+10%} -15% | Connection to tap 3 |



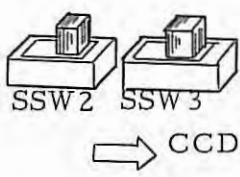
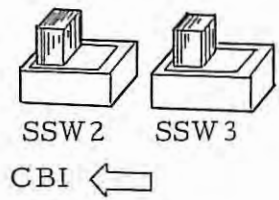
(2) Setting the frequency selector switch (50/60Hz)

Check that the frequency selector switch (SSW1) is properly set in accordance with the frequency of the AC input.



(3) Checking the D/A converter selector switch

The following setting is performed in accordance with the specifications (BCD/Binary) of the D/A converter.

| Specification | Part symbol | Setting |
|---|---|--|
| A06B-6041-J031 (A50L-8001-0056) (12 Bit BCD code) | DAC-HY12DC (Manufactured by Datel company) DAC-80-CCD-V (Manufactured by Micro-network) DAC-80-CCD-V (Manufactured by Burr-brown) |  |
| A06B-6041-J032 (A50L-8001-0045) (12 Bit BINARY code) <i>USE FOR 1909 LATHE</i> | DAC-HY12BC (Manufactured by Datel company) DAC-80-CBI-V (Manufactured by Micro-network) <u>DAC-80-CBI-V</u> (Manufactured by Burr-brown) |  |

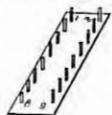
(4) Setting check for shorts (◎: Short X: Open)

| No. No. | Contents | | SLIDE SWITCH | | SH01 | | | | | | | | SH02 | | SH | SH | SH05 | | SH | SH | Remarks |
|------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| | | | SSW1 | SSW2 | 01 16 | 02 15 | 03 14 | 04 13 | 05 12 | 06 11 | 07 10 | 08 09 | 01 02 | 02 03 | 03 04 | 04 05 | 01 02 | 02 03 | 06 07 | 07 08 | |
| 1 | Frequency | 60 Hz | ↑ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Check this setting before operation |
| 2 | | 50 Hz | ↓ | ← | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | DA Converter | CBI | | ← | | | | ◎ | | × | ◎ | | | | | | | | | | Setting is made in accordance with the type of D/A converter |
| 4 | | BINARY 12BITS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | CCD BCD 2 DIGITS | | → | | | | × | | ◎ | × | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Constant position is not used | | | | ◎ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Open when constant position is used |
| 6 | Signal MRDY is always ON | | | | | ◎ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Open when MRDY is used |
| 7 | Override is not used | | | | | | ◎ | × | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Override is used | | | | | | × | ◎ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | External speed command is not used | | | | | | | | | ◎ | | | | | | | | | | | Open when external speed command is used |
| 10 | Setting for special Speed detector | Pulse coder | | | | | | | | | | | ◎ | | | | | | | | Both open in standard TG. (6V/1000rpm, 21V/3500 rpm) |
| 11 | | (Tachogenerator without brush. | | | | | | | | | | | | ◎ | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Without output control circuit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ◎ | | | | | | Open with output limit (option) standard is short |
| 13 | Velocity variable excessive alarm detection limit ±20% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | × | | | | | Short when velocity variable excessive alarm is ±50% |
| 14 | Method of cancelling torque limit | Cancelling condition | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ◎ | × | | | Used orientation |
| 15 | | Direct cancelling | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | × | ◎ | | | Used in gear shift |
| 16 | Current setting is for Model 15/08 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ◎ | | Open in Model 12/06 |
| 17 | Connect AC 220/230V of control transformer | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ◎ | Open when input is AC200V (open in domestic) |

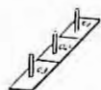
(Note) Item 10 and 11 apply to since edition No 13F

(Note) Item since 13 does not apply to 0371/02

SH01



SH02



SH03



(5) Standard Setting

Standard setting for short circuit is as follows

○ : Short × : Open

| | Unit | Pin | Setting | | |
|-------|------|-------|---------|--|---|
| Note1 | SH01 | 01-16 | ○ | Orientation is not used | ⊗ |
| | | 02-15 | ○ | MRDY (Machine ready) is not used | ○ |
| | | 03-14 | ○ | Override is not used | ○ |
| | | 04-13 | × | | × |
| | | 05-12 | — | Depends on D/A converter | ○ |
| | | 06-11 | ○ | External velocity command is not used | ○ |
| | | 07-10 | — | Depends on D/A converter | × |
| | | 08-09 | — | | ○ |
| Note1 | SH02 | 01-02 | × | Use the tacho-generafor that rating output voltage is 21V/3500RPM. | × |
| | | 02-03 | × | | × |
| Note2 | SH03 | 01-02 | ○ | Output limit circuit is not used | ○ |
| | SH04 | 01-02 | × | Variable excessive detection limit | × |
| | SH05 | 01-02 | ○ | Cancelling of torque limit according to below condition (cancelling of torque limit command). (1) (forward, reverse rotation no command). (2) (speed zero). | ○ |
| 02-03 | | × | × | | |
| Note3 | SH06 | 01-02 | — | According to P.C.B. specification ○ 0372/0374 × 0371/0373 | ○ |
| | SH07 | 01-02 | × | Tap 2 of control transformer TF (input: 200V) | ○ |

Note1. Since PCB edition No 13F needs this setting.

Note2. SH04~07 setting does not apply to edition No 02 of 0371

Note3. Confirm the setting the top of transformer with this SH07 setting.

2.3 Polarity Check

(1) Phase rotation check

Always check the direction of phase rotation $U(R) \rightarrow V(S) \rightarrow W(T)$ with a phase rotation indicator.

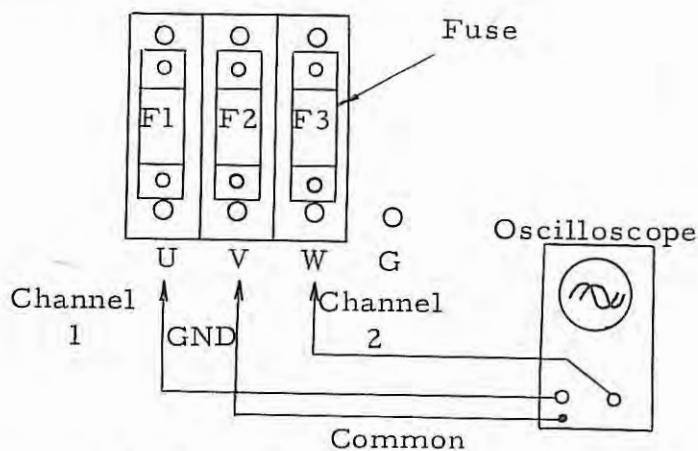
If the direction of phase rotation is reversed, operation can not be performed by means of phase rotation alarm and interlock.

Precautions

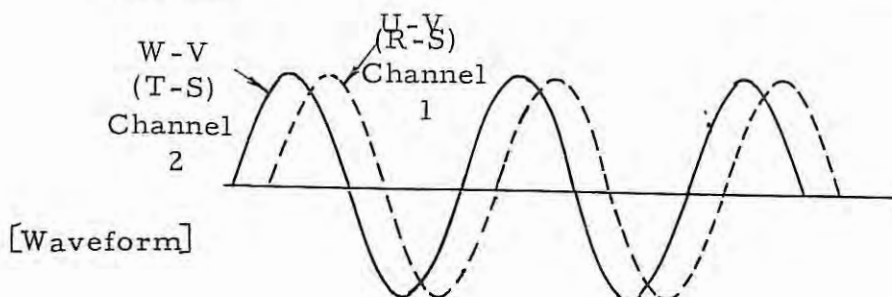
Perform the following procedures with caution when there is no phase rotation indicator.

- (1) Insulate the oscilloscope from ground during measurement.
- (2) Since the oscilloscope itself is at equipotential with the input voltage, do not touch its frame or metal parts. A dual-trace oscilloscope can be used to check phase rotation as follows.

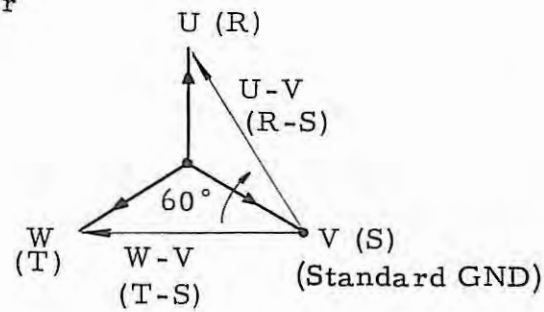
(Measurement locations)



If phase rotation is correct, the following waveform is obtained.

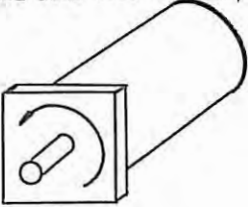
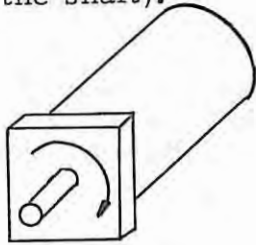


Vector



(2) Checking spindle motor power line connection

Before turning on the power switch check that the DC motor power line polarity is correct as follows.
Check the following items by turning the shaft of the DC motor clockwise or counterclockwise.

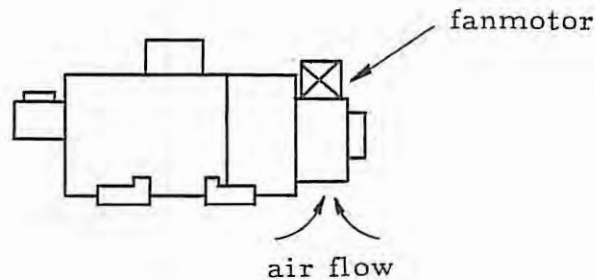
| No. | Motor Rotation direction | Measuring device | Motor polarity |
|-----|---|---------------------------|---|
| 1 | Turn the motor counter-clockwise (as viewed from the shaft).  | Voltmeter or Oscilloscope | Measuring locations (T1-7.8) <u> </u> GND H (T1-5.6) <u> </u> - Voltage A |
| 2 | Turn the motor clockwise (As viewed from the shaft).  | Voltmeter or Oscilloscope | Measuring locations (T1-5.6) <u> + </u> Voltage A (T1-7.8) <u> </u> GND H |

(3) Checking spindle motor field connection

When power is applied, field current is automatically applied. Make the connection in accordance with the J-K label. Check item (2) in this status, and if it has the motor polarity or the polarity shown in Item (2), it is a correct connection.

If it has inverse polarity, the field current is inversely applied, so reverse the connection of J-K.

(4) Confirmation the rotation of fanmotor for heatpipe
Confirm the rotation of fanmotor to cool the heatpipe
in spindle motor

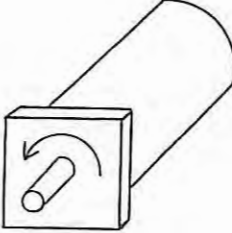
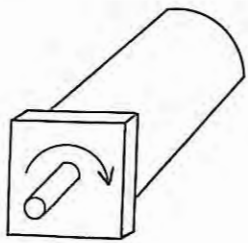


(5) Checking the connection of tachogenerator (T.G) feedback signals

Check the polarity of the T.G feedback voltage in the DC motor as follows with the power on.

This check is made by manually rotating the shaft of the DC motor clockwise and counterclockwise.

If the connection is reversed, be careful because the DC motor runs uncontrolled.

| No. | Motor rotation direction | Measuring device | T.G feedback polarity |
|-----|--|---------------------------|---|
| 1 | Turn the motor counter-clockwise (as viewed from the shaft)  | Voltmeter or oscilloscope | Measuring locations CH1 — GND ↓ CH10 — ⊖ (or CHTSA) |
| 2 | Turn the motor clockwise (as viewed from the shaft)  | Voltmeter or oscilloscope | Measuring locations CH10 — ⊕ (or CHTSA) ↑ CH1 — GND |

2.4 Adjustment

- (1) Dither shift circuit gain adjustment according to power frequency

When switching of 50/60 Hz for PCB 0371/01 Edition Setting No. 14 of 2.5.1 must be also performed.

- (2) Adjustment of motor rotation speed and velocity command voltage

When the velocity command voltage and velocity command code (S code) is the maximum, adjust the motor with RV3 so that the rotation speed of the axis has the following value.

| Spindle motor | Speed command voltage [V] | Maximum rotation speed [r.p.m] | Adjustment locations |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| MODEL 6, 8, 12, 15 | Measuring point CH12+10V | 3500+14 rpm | RV3 |

Refer to 3.3 for location of variable resistor RV3.

2.5 Reference Material for Adjustment

Since the following adjustment is made at the factory, readjustment is not required. Refer to this item for maintenance.

2.5.1 Adjustment

(1) P.C.B A20B-0005-0371/02 (Model 15) (04C~08C edition)

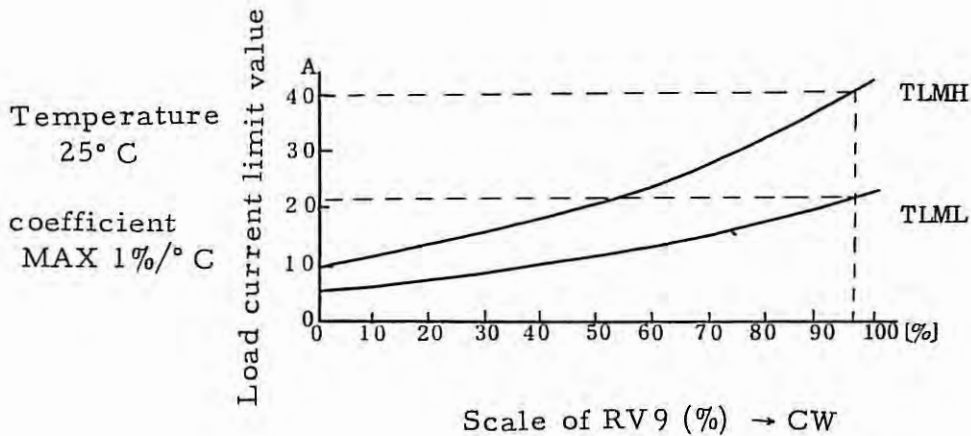
| No | Item | Adjusting method | Trimmer | Observation | Standard |
|----|---------------------------------|---|---------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Velocity command voltage | Turn the all inputs of D/A Converter ON (BCD:S99, CBI:4095) | RV1 | CH8 Note 1) (CH12) | +10.0V (+10.0V) |
| 2 | Velocity command voltage offset | Turn the all inputs of D/A converter OFF (BCD:S00, CBI:0) | RV2 | CH8 | OV \pm 5mV |
| 3 | Revolution speed | Maximum speed (BCD:S99, CBI: 4095) | RV3 | Motor Shaft Note 2) | 3500 \pm 14rpm |
| 4 | Tachogenerator circuit offset | Set at STOP mode Note 4) | RV4 | CH10 | OV \pm 5mV |
| 5 | Caribration of Load meter | Insert the ammeter into armature circuit and flow load current 82A. | RV6 | Loadmeter | 100% |
| 6 | Velocity loop offset | Drive the motor when S00 or OV | RV7 | Motor shaft | No rotation |
| 7 | Velocity loop gain | Observe the current wave form driving the motor at light load | RV8 | CH14 | Small swelling |
| 8 | Torque limit | Specifying T LML (or TLMH), drive the motor at low speed and give some load | RV9 | Load current or Torque meter | 7A~20 A Note 3) (10A~40A) |
| 9 | Current detect offset | Set at STOP mode Note 4) | RV10 | CH14 | OV \pm 5mV |

| No. | Item | Adjusting method | Trimmer | Observation | Standard | |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------|
| | | | | | 50Hz | 60Hz |
| 10 | Current setting | Acceleration/ deceleration at 3500 rpm | RV11 | Load current | 82A | |
| 11 | Current loop phase compensation | Observe the current waveform driving the motor at light load | RV12 | CH14 | No or Small swell at about 20 Hz | |
| 12 | Current loop gain | Observe the current waveform during acc/dec. | RV13 | CH14 | Current peak value must be less than 6V (Note 5) | |
| 13 | Dither shift circuit balance | STOP mode. Adjust the pulse width of high level (Note 6) | RV14a } RV14c | CH18a } CH18c | 1.2ms | 1.4ms |
| 14 | Synchronous pulse balance | $\tau_1 = \tau_2$ Note 7) | RV15a } RV15c | CH17a } CH17c | 0.95 } 1.20ms | 0.8 } 1.0ms |
| 15 | Armature voltage | Drive the motor at 2000 rpm | RV16 | Voltage between 5 and 7 of T1 | 210V | |
| 16 | Speed arrival | Specify 3500 rpm and compare with the level of CH10 | RV20 | Between SAR1-2 of CH1 | RV20 (20%) Note 8) 5~50% adjustable | |
| 17 | Speed zero | Issue STOP command when motor is rotating about 200 rpm, and compare with CH10 | RV21 | Between SST1-2 of CN1 | RV21 (15%) Note 9) 0.5~3% Adjustable | |

Note 1) Strictly speaking, CH12 must become $\pm 10.0V$ when motor is rotating.

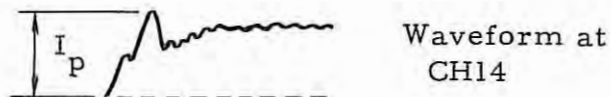
Note 2) Measure actually using tachmeter.

Note 3) Current limit value and scales of RV9

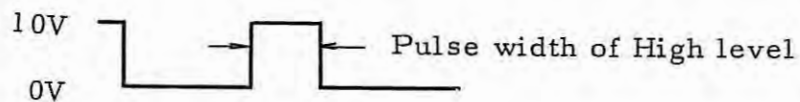


Note 4) STOP mode means that both SFR and SRV are OFF.

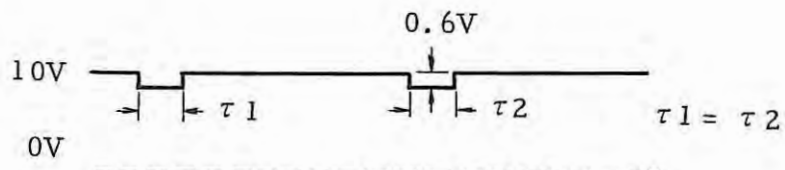
Note 5) Rising current detect (CH14) peak value I_p



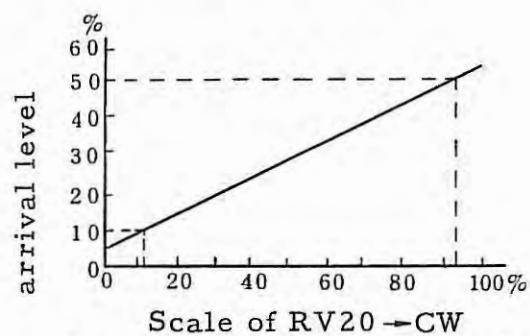
Note 6) CH18 waveform



Note 7) CH17 waveform

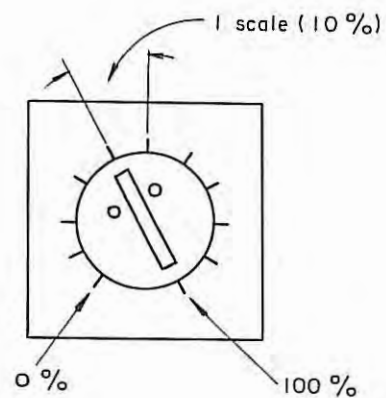
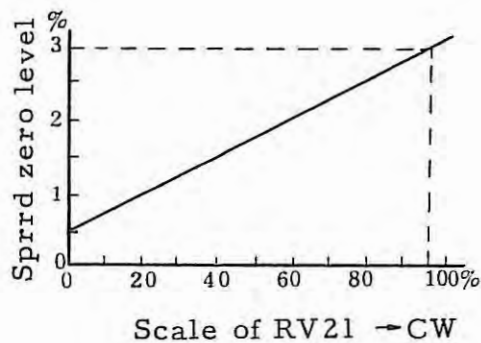


Note 8) Speed arrival level and RV20



When 3500 rpm is commanded

Note 9) Speed zero level and RV21

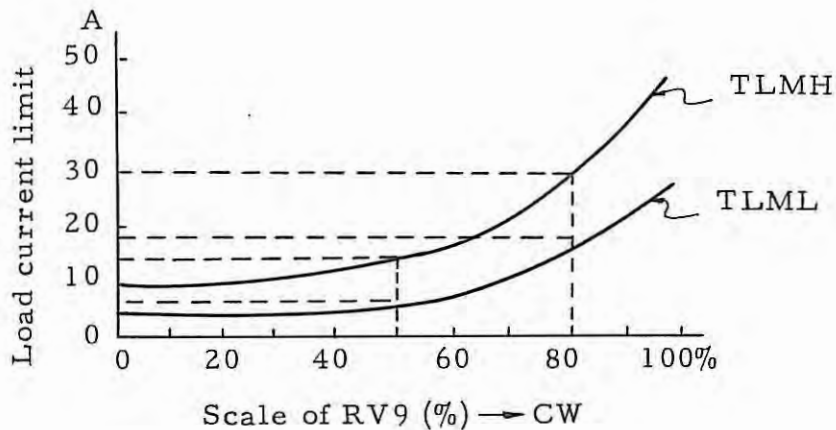


(2) P.C.B. A20B-0005-0371/03 for Model 15
0372/03 for Model 12 [only 09D edition]

| No. | Item | Adjusting method | Trimmer | Observation | Standard | |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|---------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|
| | | | | | 50Hz | 60Hz |
| 1 | Velocity command voltage | Turn the all inputs of D/A converter ON. (BCD:S99, CBI:4095) | RV1 | CH8 Note 1) (CH12) | +10.0V (+10.0V) | |
| 2 | Velocity command voltage offset | Turn the all inputs of D/A converter OFF (BCD:S00, CBI:0) | RV2 | CH8 | OV+5mV | |
| 3 | Revolution speed | Maximum speed (BCD:S99, CBL:4095) | RV3 | Motor Shaft Note 2) | 3500+14rpm | |
| 4 | Carribration of Load meter | Insert the ammeter into armature circuit and flow load current [M15]78A[M12]60A | RV6 | Loadmeter | 100% | |
| 5 | Velocity loop offset | Drive the motor when S00 or OV. | RV7 | Motor Shaft | No rotation | |
| 6 | Velocity loop gain | Observe the current waveform driving the motor at light load. | RV8 | CH14 | Small swelling RV 8 (70%) | |
| 7 | Torque limit | Specifying TLML (or TLMH) drive the motor at low speed and give some load. | RV9 | Load current or Torque meter | Note 4) 5A~40A (10A~50A) | |
| 8 | Current detect offset | STOP mode | RV10 | CH14 | OV+5mV | |
| 9 | Current setting | Adjust the limited current during acc/dec. | RV11 | Load current | Model 12 102A Model 15 120A | |
| 10 | Current loop phase compensation | Observe the current waveform driving the motor at light load. | RV12 | Scale of RV12 | [M15] RV12(35%) [M12] RV12(70%) | |

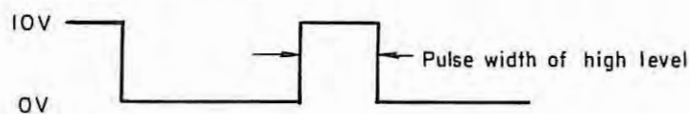
| No. | Item | Adjusting method | Trimmer | Observation | Standard | |
|-----|----------------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------|
| | | | | | 50Hz | 60Hz |
| 11 | Current loop gain | Observe the current waveform during acc/dec. | RV13 | Scale of RV13 | [M15]RV13(75%) [M12]RV13(55%) | |
| 12 | Minimum pulse width (each phase) | Take off the connector CN2, short between CH3 and TSA. Adjust the pulse width of high level (Note 5) | RV14a } RV14c | CH18a } CH18c | 1.2msec | 1.4msec |
| 13 | Synchronizing pulse balance | Note 6) | RV15a } RV15c | CH17a } CH17c | 0.95 } 1.05ms | 0.8 } 0.9ms |
| 14 | Armature voltage | Drive the motor at 2000rpm. | RV16 | Voltage between 5 and 7 of T1 | 220V input is 210V or more | |
| 15 | Field coil current | Drive the motor at low-speed (1000rpm) | RV17 | Field current | 6.8A | |
| 16 | Output limit circuit | Drive the motor at higher speed than base speed (1167rpm). And adjust after acc/dec time. | RV18 | CH13 | Limiting Rate 1/2 2.2V Limiting Rate 1/3 0.87V | |
| 17 | Speed arrival detect level | Set this level according to note 7. | RV20 | CH28 | RV20(20%) 0.5~5V Note 7) | |
| 18 | Speed zero detect level | Set this level according to note 8. | RV21 | CH29 | RV21(15%) 50~300mV Note 8) | |

- Note 1) Strictly speaking, CH12 must become $\pm 10.0V$ when motor is rotating.
- Note 2) Measure actually using tach meter.
- Note 3) STOP mode means that both SFR and SRV and OFF.
- Note 4) Relation between limited current and RV9 in torque limit.

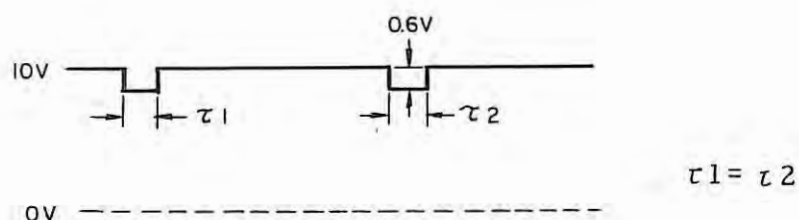


| Kint of motor | Standard torque |
|---------------|---------------------|
| Model 12 | 140 Nm (14.3kg f-m) |
| Model 15 | 173 Nm (17.6kg f-m) |

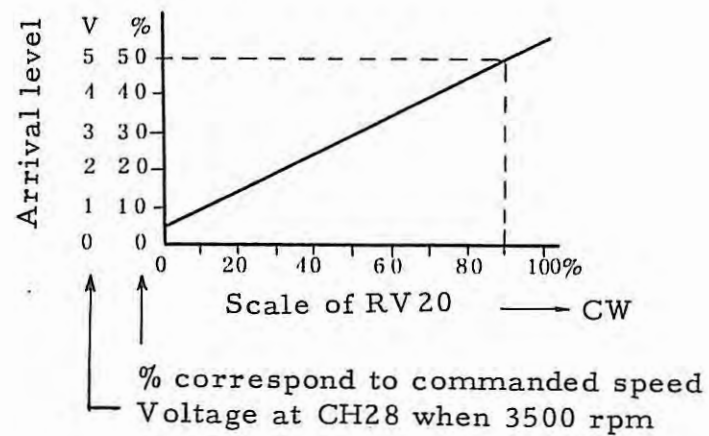
- Note 5) Waveform at CH19



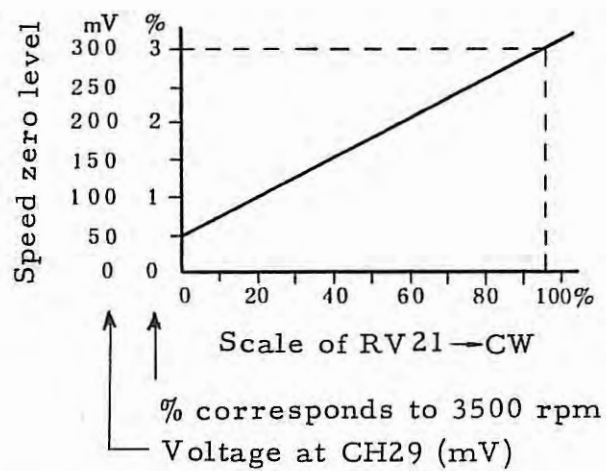
- Note 6) Waveform at CH19



Note 7) Relation between arrival detect level and RV20



Note 8) Relation between Speed zero level and RV21



2.5.2 Adjustment P.C.B

This item apply to P.C.B. A20B-0005-0371~2/04 (for Model 15, 12) and P.C.B. A20B-0005-0373~4/01 (for Model 8, 6) [edition 10E, 11E, 12E and 13F]

(1) In case only P.C.B. is delivered.

P.C.B. is adjusted with unit on shipping time check the below items when connect delivered P.C.B. and another unit or change a P.C.B. (No. 1 ~ No. 9)

(2) When D/A converter is in external.

It is necessary to adjust offset and velocity command voltage level.

(3) Touch another setting volume in mistake set the P. C. B. according to No. in this item.

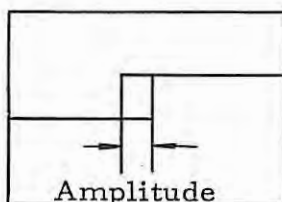
| No. | Item | Adjusting method | Trim-mer | Obser- vation | Standard 50Hz 60Hz | |
|-----|--|---|---------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------|
| 1 | Velocity command offset | Adjust a difference between voltage of obsavation when com- mand SFR and that when command SRV as N(0) note 1 to standard valve or less by volume | RV2 | CH12 | ± 2 mV or less | |
| 2 | Current detect offset | In stop mode (note 3) | RV10 | CH14 | ± 5 mV or less | |
| 3 | Speed offset | In stop mode | RV7 | CH25 | ± 10 mV or less | |
| 4 | Synchro- nize circuit balance | Observe and adjust the amplitude of synchronize pulse width by osilloscope (note 4) | RV15a 15b 15c | CH17a 17b 17c | Amplitude is ± 0.1 msec or less | |
| 5 | Adjust- ment of minimum pulse width | Take off the connector CN2, short between CH3 and TSA. (Note 5) After adjustment take off the connection and connect the CN2. And then return to former condition by push- ing the alarm reset button. | RV14a 14b 14c | CH18a 18b 18c | 1.0 ± 0.15 ms | 1.2 ± 0.1 ms |

| No. | Item | Adjusting method | Trim-mer | Obser- vation | Standard 50Hz 60Hz | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|-------------------------------|---|--|----------------|------------------|----|------|----|------|---|------|---|------|
| 6 | Velocity command voltage level | Commanded SFR, N (3500) and adjust it. Confirm -10.0 +0.02V changing to SRV. | RV1 | CH12 | 10.0 ±0.01V | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Rotation speed (rpm) | Commanded SFR, N (3500) and adjust the spindle speed by tachometer | RV3 | Spindle | Standard valve ±0.5% Note 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Current setting | Introduce an ammeter in series with motor armature. Connect check terminal (ALM) to OV(CH1) and open a field circuit and perform current setting rapidly. Perform next item in this condition. | RV11 | Am- meter | <table><tr><th>Motor model</th><th>Current limit</th></tr><tr><td>15</td><td>102A</td></tr><tr><td>12</td><td>85A</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>75A</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>51A</td></tr></table> | Motor model | Current limit | 15 | 102A | 12 | 85A | 8 | 75A | 6 | 51A |
| Motor model | Current limit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 102A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 85A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 75A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 51A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Caribration of load meter | <div>° Standard setting (without output limit option) Adjust the load meter to standard value when limit current flows in an armature.</div> <div>° With output limit option adjust the maximum value of indicator in acc/dec.</div> | <div>RV6</div> <div>RV6</div> | <div>Load meter</div> <div>Load meter</div> | <table><tr><th>Motor model</th><th>Current limit</th></tr><tr><td>15</td><td>120%</td></tr><tr><td>12</td><td>136%</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>178%</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>162%</td></tr></table> <div>Full range Model 15.12 150% Model 8.6 200%</div> | Motor model | Current limit | 15 | 120% | 12 | 136% | 8 | 178% | 6 | 162% |
| Motor model | Current limit | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 120% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 136% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 178% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 162% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Velocity loop gain | Standard setting | RV8 | RV8 | Scale 7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Torque limit value | Setting torque limit value according to Appendix I | RV9 | CH30 | Indicate Appendix I | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Current loop phase compensa- tion | Standard setting | RV12 | RV12 | Scale 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Current loop gain | Standard setting | RV13 | RV13 | Scale 5 | | | | | | | | | | |

| No. | Item | Adjusting method | Trim-mer | Obser- vation | Standard 50Hz 60Hz |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|----------|--|---|
| 14 | Armature voltage | Adjust armature voltage of H area in appendix II. Rota- tion speed is N(2000). Refer to No. 17 | RV16 | Direct voltage between 5 and 7 of T1 | DC 220V |
| 15 | Field current | Rotation speed is N (0 ~ 1000). Insert a 10A amm ammeter into a field circuit. | RV17 | Indicator of ammeter | 6.8A |
| 16 | Output limit circuit limit value standard | Command the SFR, N(2000) and adjust it after accele- rate time. In case no output limit circuit (option), this adjus- tment is not useful. | RV18 | CH18 | Rate of output limit 1/2 2.2V 1/3 0.87V |
| 17 | Armature voltage clamp | Adjust armature voltage of L area in Appendix II. Adjust it after conformation the input voltage. Open SH07 when input tap of control trans- former TF is set 2(200V) or short SH07 when input tap of control transformer TF is set 3(230V). Rotation speed is set N(2000) | RV19 | Direct voltage between 5 and 7 of T1 | Refer to Appendix II |
| 18 | Speed arrival detecting level | Set this according to Appen- dix III. Setting value is based on request of user. | RV20 | CH28 | Refer to Appendix III (Note 8) |
| 19 | Speed zero detecting level | Set this according to Appen- dix IV. Setting value is vased on request of user. | RV21 | CH29 | Refer to Appendix IV (Note 9) |
| Next item applies to edition No 13F. | | | | | |
| 20 | Speed detecting level | This adjusts the speed detecting level which enable to chang gear and clutch. Adjustable range 50rpm (0.14V)~2500rpm(7.14V) In unusing clutch and gear It is not necessary to adjust. | RV4 | CH9 | using clutch 3.0V using gear 0.3V. |

Note

- 1) N (****) Value in a parenthesis shows rotation speed of motor shaft in R.P.M.
ex. S99 (S 2 digit) N (3500)
S00 N (oc)
- 2) SFR Motor forward rotation (CCW) command
SRV Motor reverse rotation (CW) command
- 3) Stop mode ... Condition that both SFR and SRV is OFF.
- 4) Amplitude of synchronize pulse width.

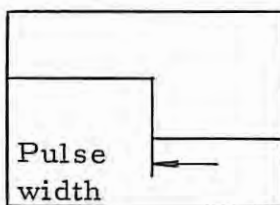


AC range

0.2V/div (vertical range)

0.2ms/div (horizontal range)

- 5) CH18 waveform.



DC range

2V/div (vertical range)

0.2ms/div (horizontal range)

- 6) Standard value

Standard value correspond to motor shaft rotation speed 3500 rpm. If adjust actually spindle rotation, replace standard value by value corresponding to gear ratio.

- 7) Readjust No. 2 if adjustment of No. 8 is performed.

In check limit current value at overload, apply heavier load to grow speed error in 100 rpm or more. Confirm setting of SH06 (Model 6, 12..... open, Model 8, 15 short).

- 8) Standard value

<Condition> N 3500 command SFR <Standard> $1.5 \pm 0.1V$
(Corresponding to 15%)

- 9) Standard value

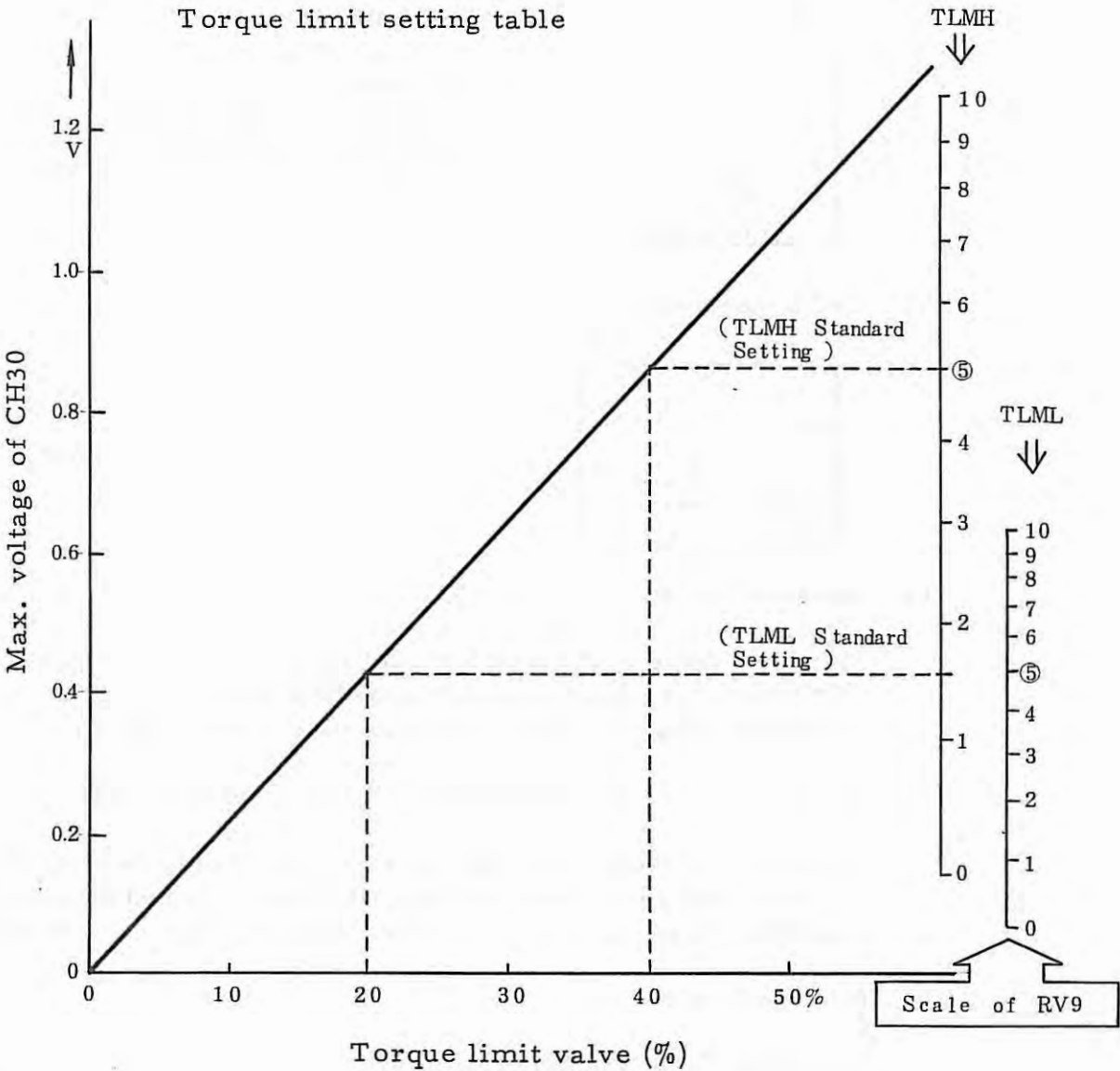
<Condition> free <Standard> 75mV ($0.75\% \div 26 \text{ rpm}$)

Appendix I Torque limit setting

Adjust torque limit value according to below drawing by scale of RV9. Limit torque is decided by adjusting voltage of CH30 in torque limit operation by RV9.

$$\frac{\text{Limit current [A]}}{k \text{ Coefficient}} = \text{Percentage}$$

| | | | | |
|-------|------|------|------|------|
| Motor | 15 | 12 | 8 | 6 |
| k | 0.85 | 0.71 | 0.63 | 0.50 |



Appendix II Armature voltage characteristic

Armature voltage setting value in armature voltage constant control operation area controls as function of input power voltage such below drawing.

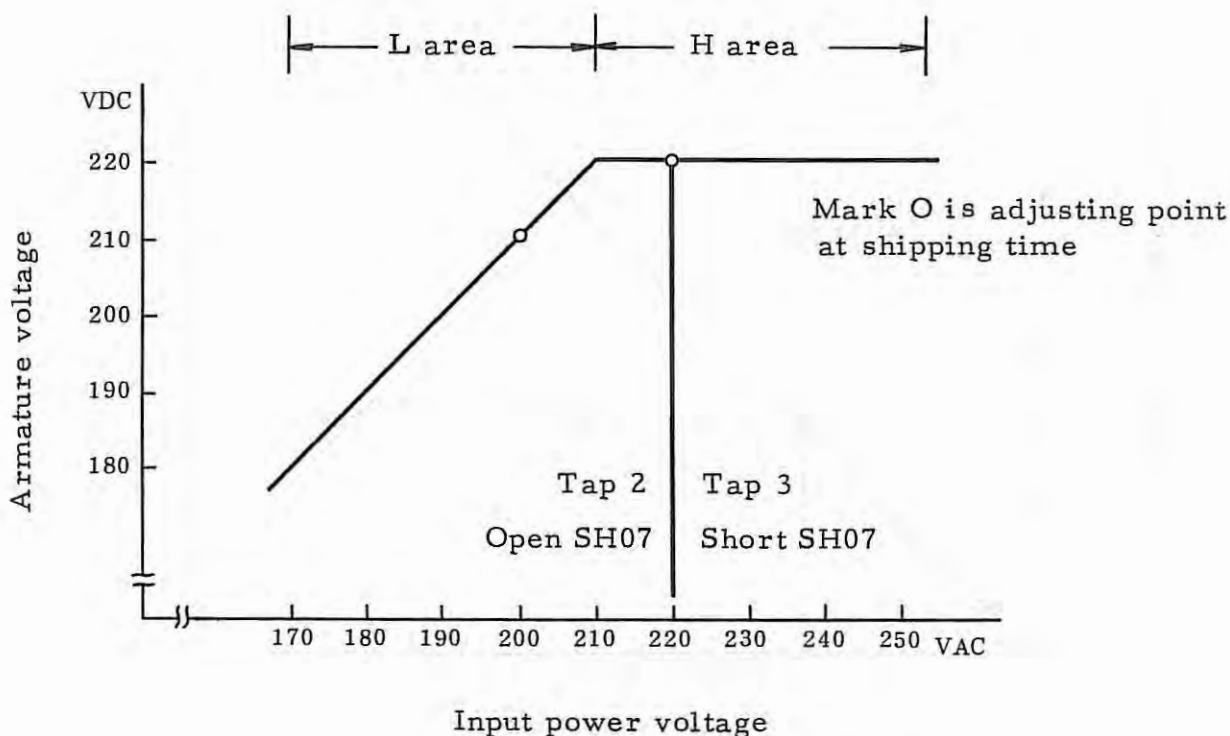
Adjustment at shipping time

- 1) Setting the armature voltage to 220V for 220V by RV16.
- 2) Setting the armature voltage to 210V for 200V by RV19.

At constallation and adjustment, confirm a input voltage and set it to +20% of value in below graph. Adjusting volume is RV16 in H area or RV19 in L area.

Precaution)

Change a input tap (2 or 3) of control transformer according to nominal input power voltage. And then open or short always short circuit SH07.



Appendix III Speed arrival range

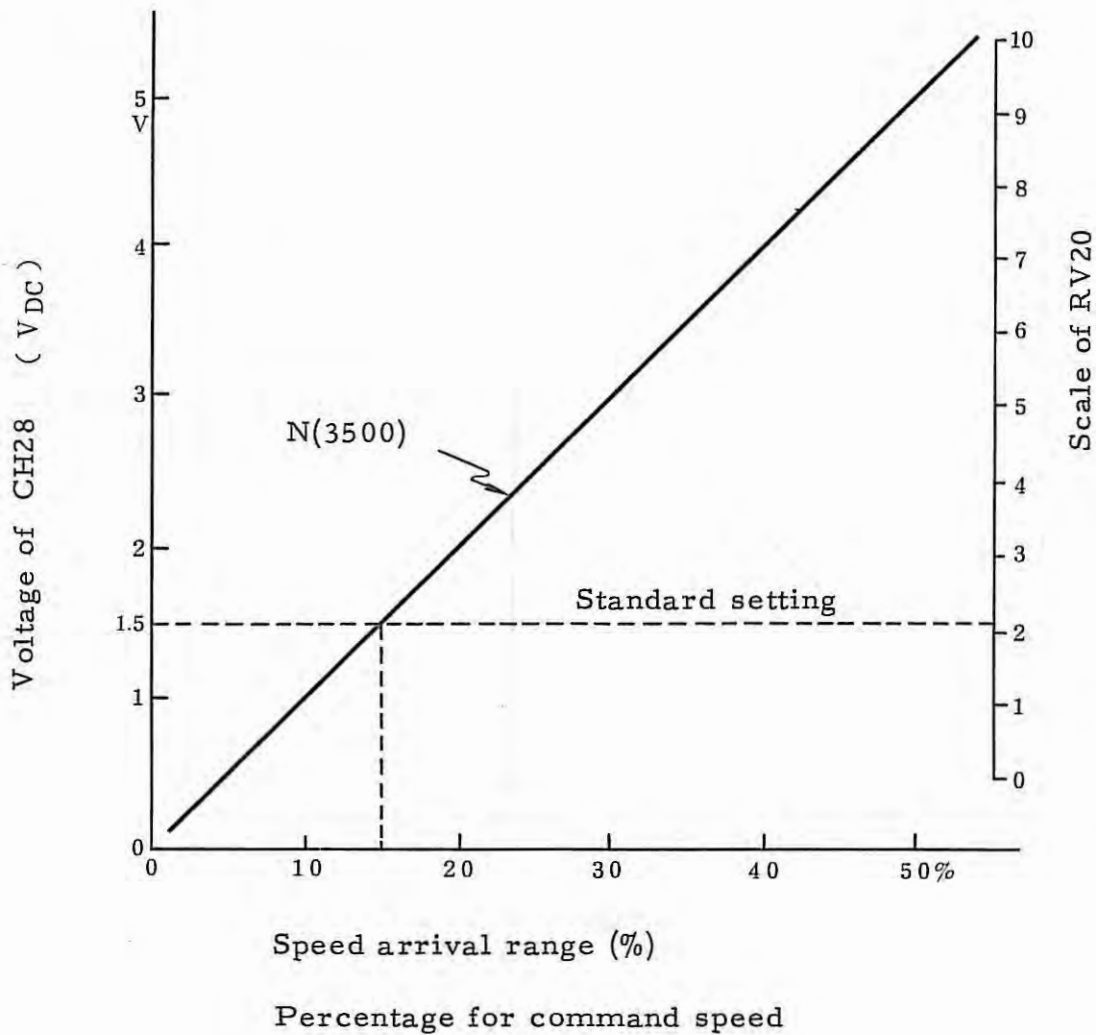
Adjust speed arrival range according to below drawing by scale of RV20. If adjust strictly it, depend on below process.

[Process]

- 1) Command N (3500) and SFR (or SRV)
- 2) Adjust voltage of CH 28 to voltage value from below drawing.

Precaution)

It command low rotation, speed arrival range extend. But there is no influence in N (3500) or more.

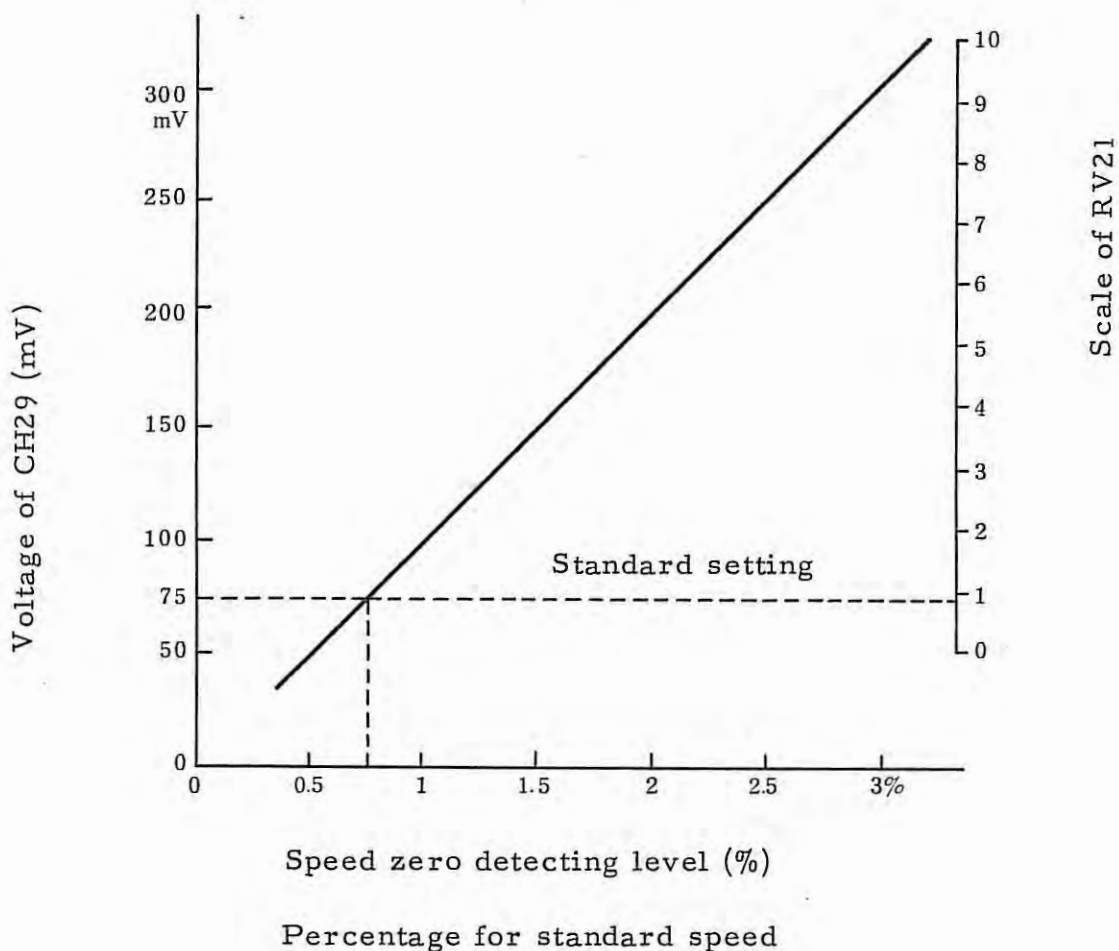


Appendix IV Speed zero detecting level

Adjust speed zero detecting level according to below drawing by scale of RV21. If adjust strictly it, depend on below process.


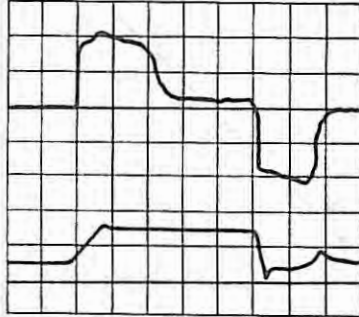

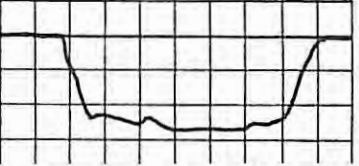
[Process]

Adjust voltage of CH29 to voltage value from below drawing.

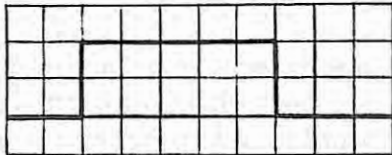
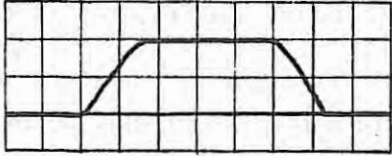
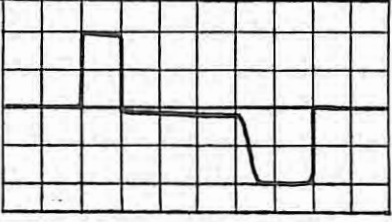
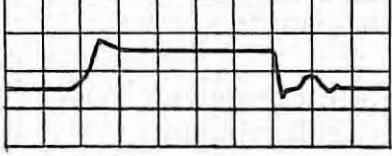
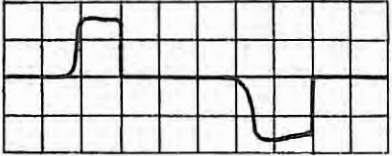
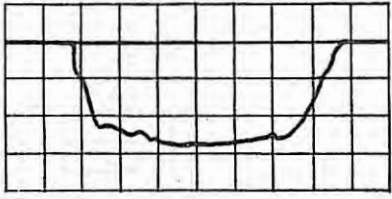
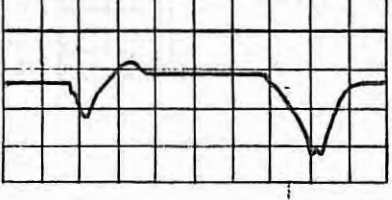


2.5.3 Waveforms

(1) Waveforms at check terminals (Edition 02) Model 15

| Waveform name | Acceleration and deceleration waveform | Check terminal | Measurement condition |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------|---|
| Velocity command voltage |  | CH12 | N: 3500 rpm Range: 5V/div TIME: 1.0 sec/div |
| Velocity feedback voltage waveform | | CH10 | |
| Armature current waveform |  | CH14 | N: 3500 rpm Voltage range: 20V/div TIME: 1.0sec/div |
| ER voltage waveform | | CH15 | N: 3500 rpm Voltage range: 5V/div TIME: 1.0sec/div |
| Current command waveform |  | CH25 | N: 3500 rpm Voltage range: 5V/div TIME: 1.0sec/div |
| Armature voltage waveform |  | CH20 | N: 3500 rpm Voltage range: 2V/div TIME: 1.0 sec/div |
| Field current waveform | | CH19 | |

(2) Waveforms at check terminals (Edition 03) [Model 15]
[Model 12]
A20B-0005-0373~4

| Waveform name | Acceleration and deceleration waveform | Check terminal | Measurement condition |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------|---|
| Velocity command voltage |  | CH12 | N: 3500 rpm Range: 5V/div TIME: 1.0 sec/div Voltage range (Volume standard setting) |
| Velocity feedback voltage waveform |  | CH10 | |
| Armature current waveform |  | CH14 | N: 3500 rpm Voltage range: 20V/div TIME : 1.0sec/div |
| ER voltage waveform |  | CH15 | N: 3500 rpm Voltage range: 5V/div TIME: 1.0sec/div |
| Current command waveform |  | CH25 | N: 3500 rpm Voltage range: 5V/div TIME: 1.0sec/div |
| Armature voltage waveform |  | CH20 | N: 3500 rpm Voltage range: 2V/div TIME: 1.0 sec/div |
| Field current waveform |  | CH19 | |

2.6 Spindle Servo Unit Alarm Display

1. A20B-0005-0371/02 (For Model 15)

The meaning of each alarm is as follows.

(1) OVL alarm Spindle motor overload detection

When operated for a long time in an over-loaded condition, an alarm is displayed. The spindle motor brakes with the dynamic brake and the spindle decelerates. To reset this alarm, press the OLR reset button.

(2) OH alarm Spindle motor overheat detection

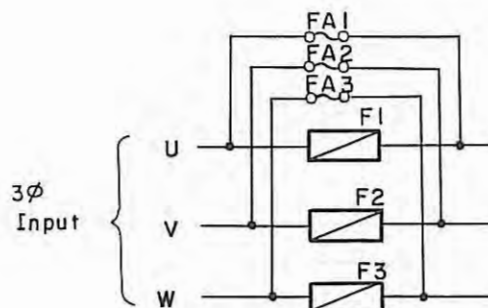
When the temperature inside the spindle motor exceeds the regulated value (100°C), an alarm is displayed. The spindle motor brakes with the dynamic brake and decelerates. This alarm is not reset until the temperature within the spindle motor is less than the regulated value (automatic reset).

(3) FA alarm Fuse alarm detection

When a three-phase input fuse is blown, an alarm is displayed.

However, the alarm fuses FA1 to FA3 also display.

When the servo unit is operated again, replace 3 ϕ fuse 100A and alarm fuse 1.3A. 3 ϕ input



(4) SA1 alarm T.G disconnection alarm

Speed error excess alarm display

- (1) Indicates when T.G disconnection.
- (2) With velocity command voltage output, alarm indication is given when an error exceeds 700 rpm in the spindle motor rotation command speed.

When this alarm is issued, the spindle motor brakes with the dynamic brake.

Alarm reset is possible by external input of the alarm reset signal (connector CN1 19-20 pins are shorted) or with the alarm reset switch on the printed circuit board.

(5) SA2 alarm Overcurrent detection and field loss detection

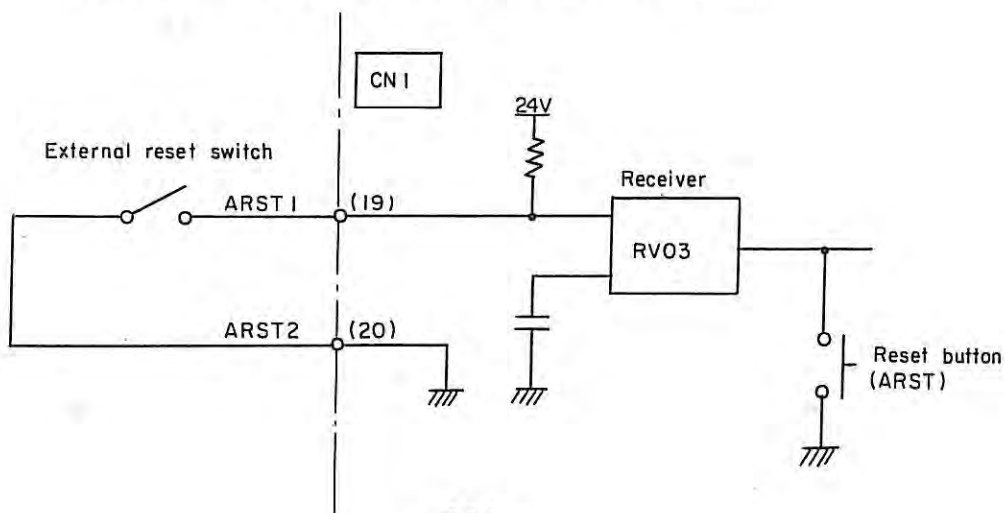
- (1) When a current 2.5 times as large as the maximum current allowed in the motor is applied, an alarm is displayed.
- (2) When a field coil or field connection cable are disconnected, an alarm is displayed.

The alarm can be reset in the same manner as SA1.

2. Alarm of PCB A20B-0005-0371~2/04 (Model 15, 12)
A20B-0005-0373~4/01 (Model 8, 6)
- (1) LED1 (OVER SPEED)
When spindle speed reached 115% of
Maximum spindle speed (3500 rpm).
(TACH LOSS)
Disconnection or short circuit of Tach
generator signal lines.
- (2) LED2 (OVER CURRENT)
When the motor current exceeds 2.5 times
as large as set value, this alarm occurs.
(FIELD LOSS)
Disconnection of field coil or abnormal
fall of field coil current.
- (3) LED3 (ERROR EXCESS)
When spindle speed becomes lower than 50%
of Maximum spindle speed or when spindle
motor is stopped by overload.
(PHASE SEQUENCE)
When phase rotation of AC input voltage is
not correct.
- (4) LED4 (OVER HEAT)
When motor inside temperature exceeds
120°C.
(OVER LOAD)
When motor is driven with overload for
a long time.

Dynamic brake is applied to the motor if any of above
alarms is generated.

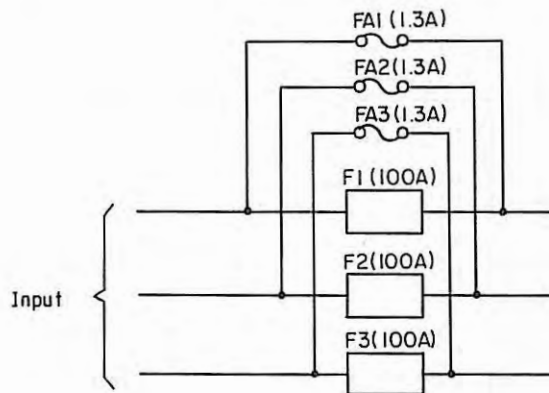
Alarm (1)~(3) can be reset by reset button or shortcircuit
between CN1 (19)-(20) (external reset input).



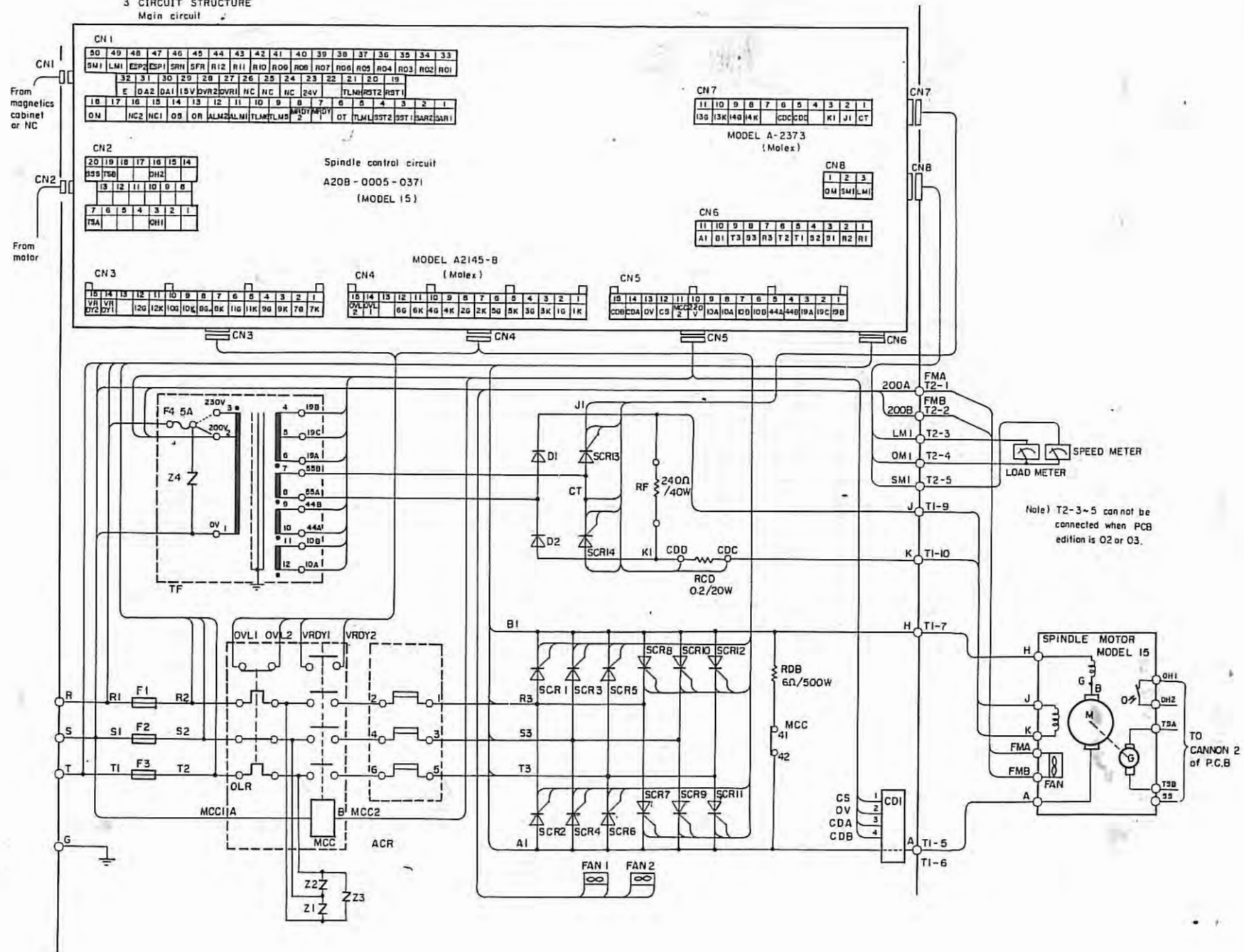
Alarm (4) is reset when motor temperature become less than 120°C or by depressing reset button of thermal switch

(5) FA1~3 (FUSE ALARM)

When fuse blows. FA1~3 indicates Fuse blow.
To start driving replace F1~3 (100A) and
FA1~3 (1.3A)

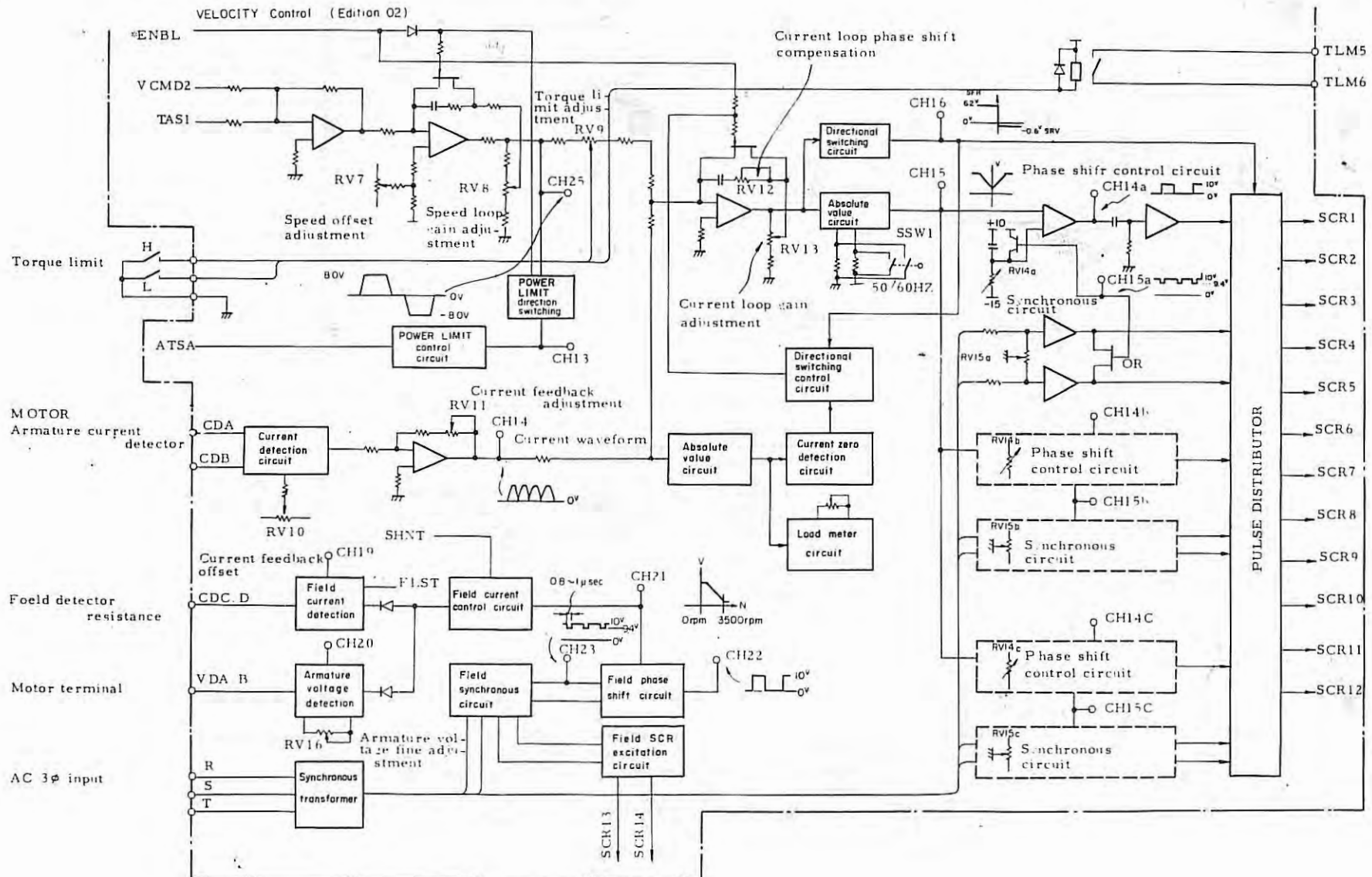


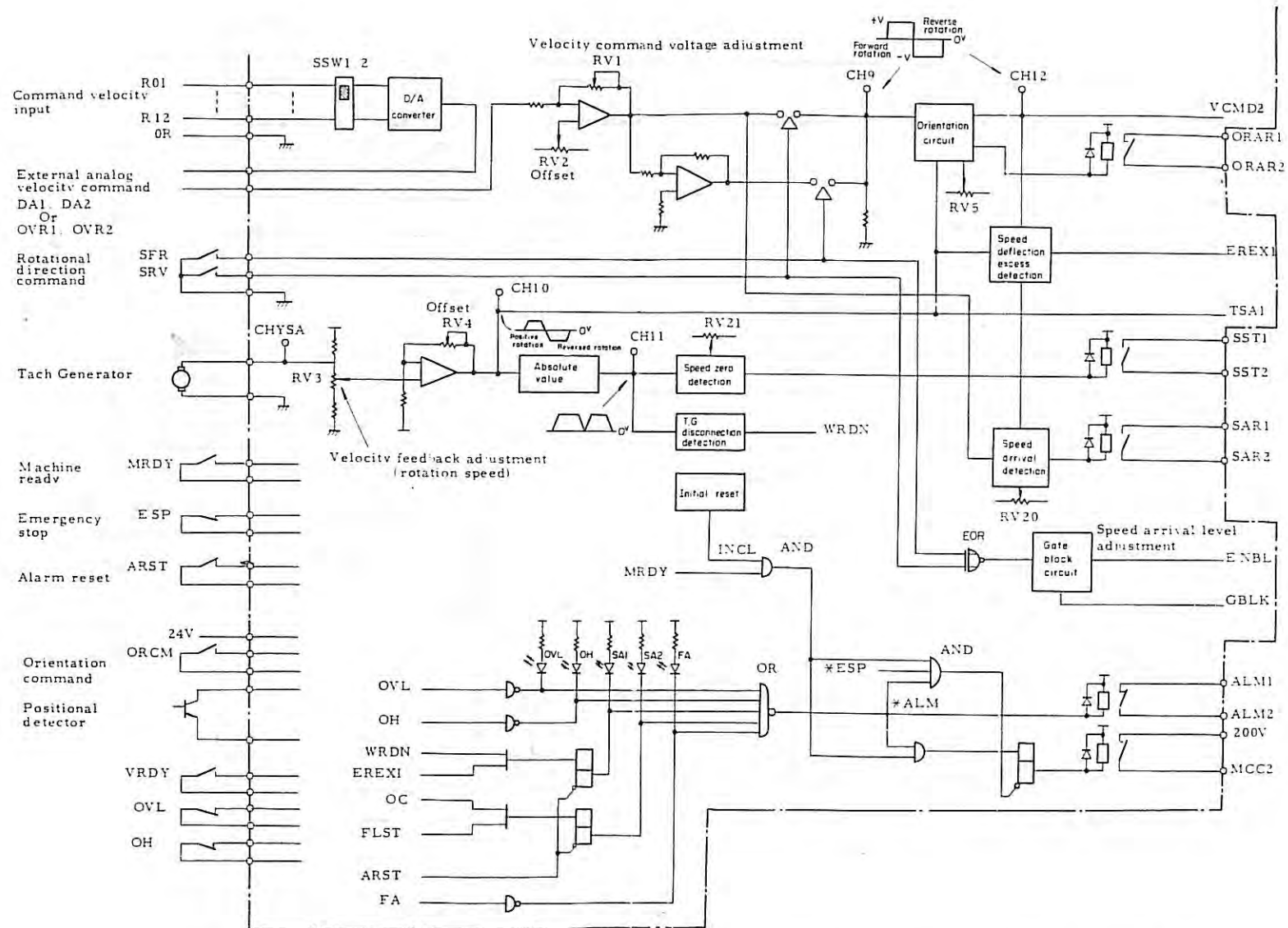
3 CIRCUIT STRUCTURE Main circuit



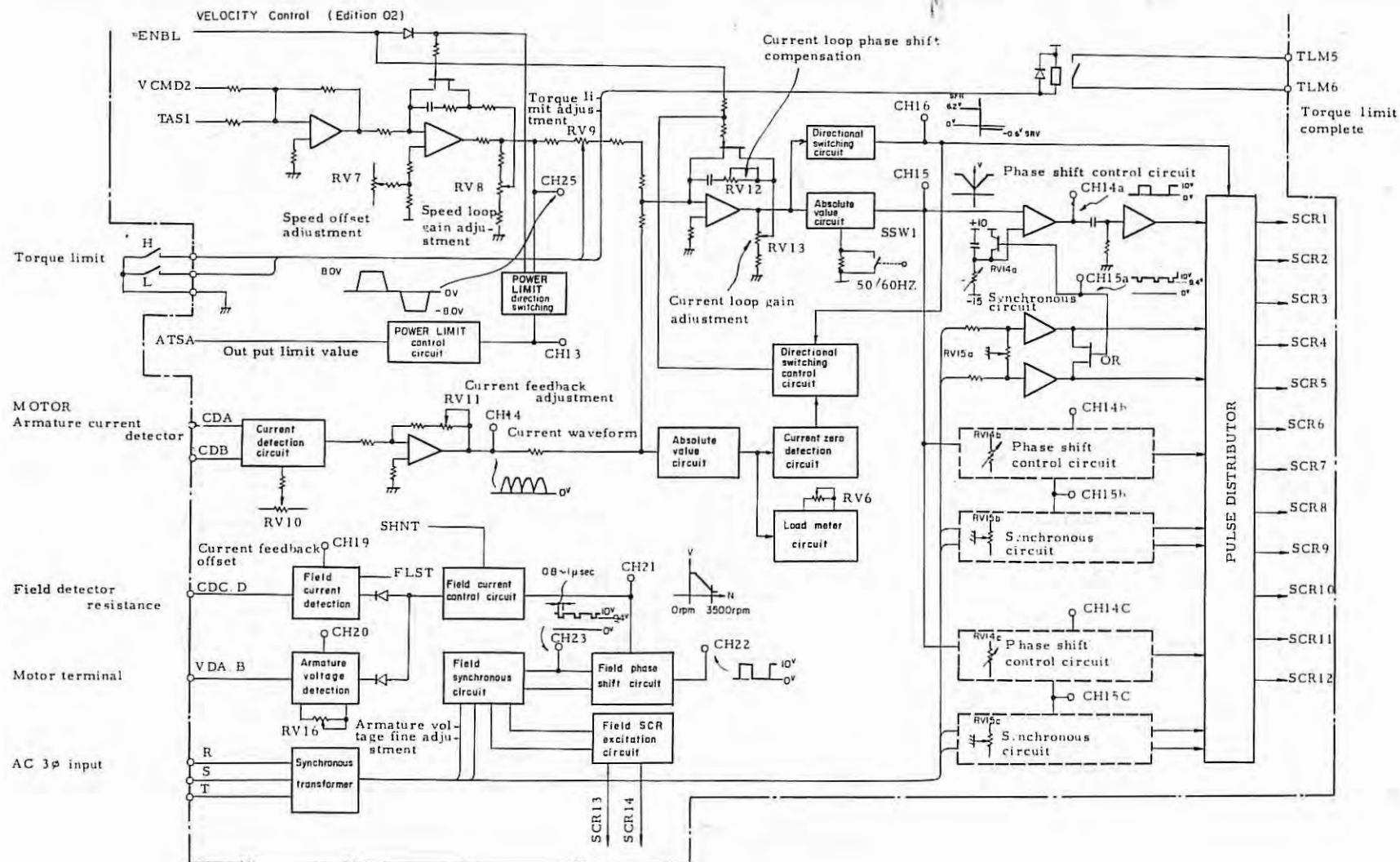
Note) T2-3~5 cannot be connected when PCB edition is 02 or 03.

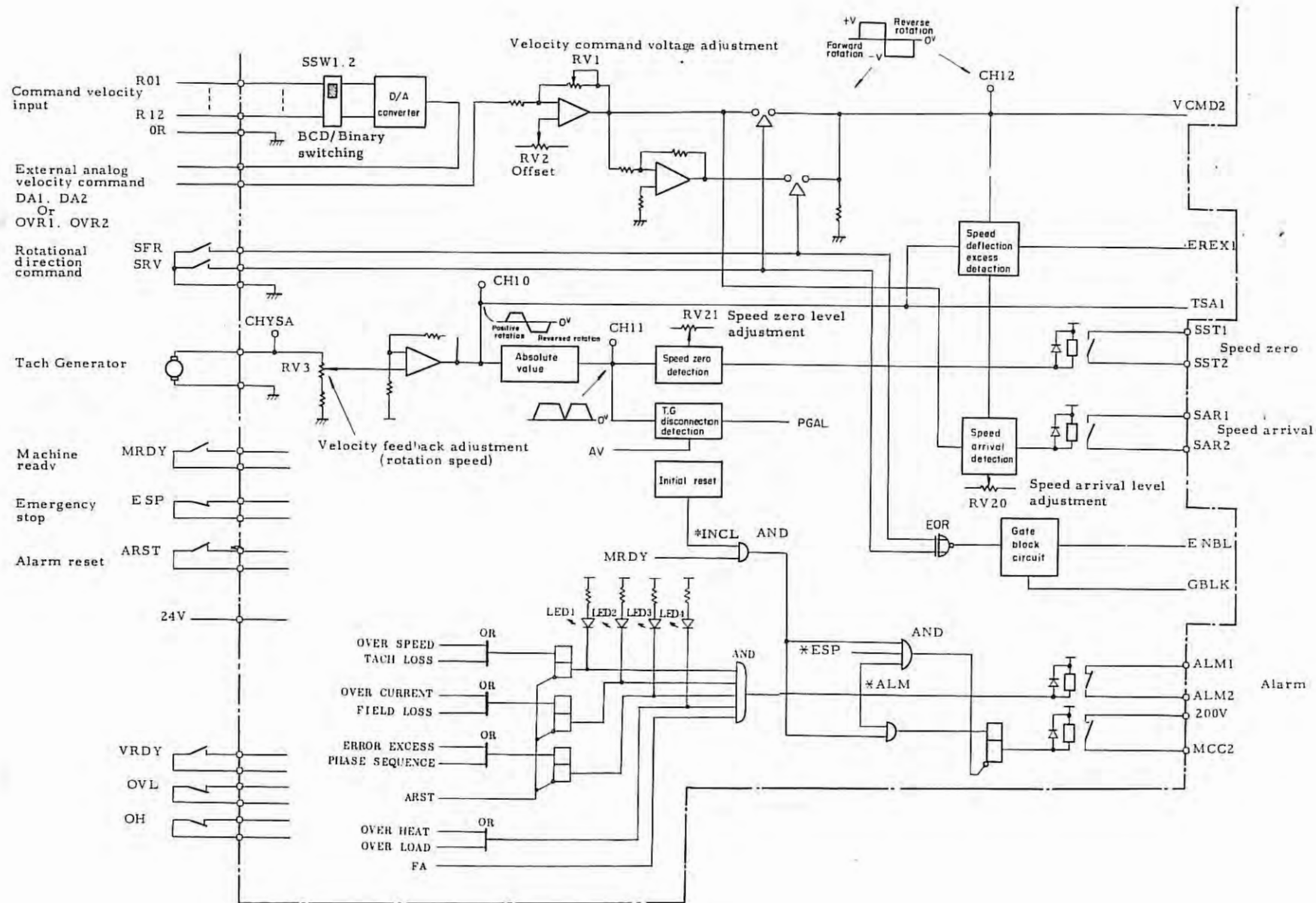
3. CIRCUIT STRUCTURE





Printed circuit board, block diagram I (Spindle control section) Edition 02





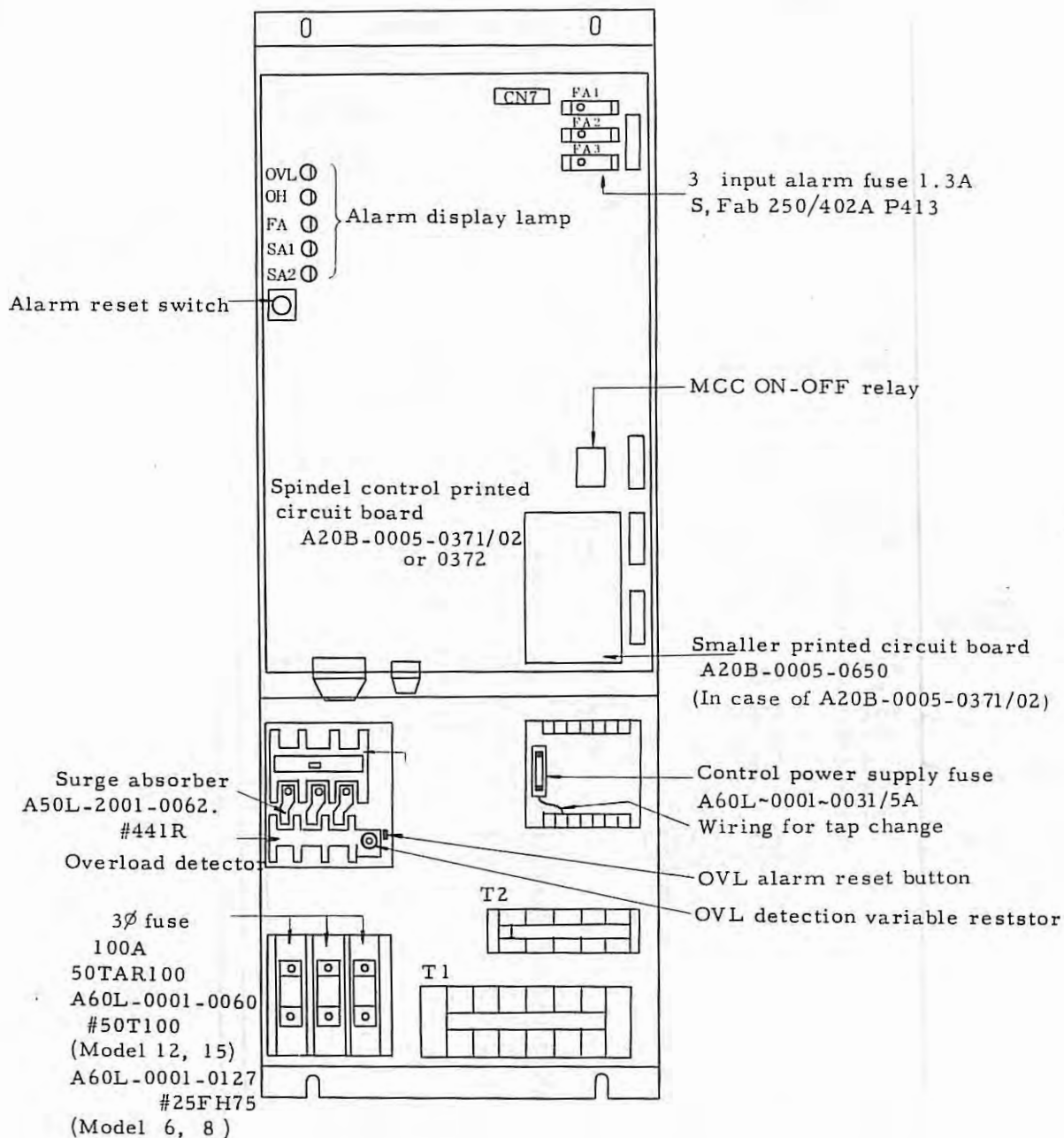
Printed circuit board, block diagram I (Spindle control section) Model 6, 8, 12, 15

371 ~ 2/04

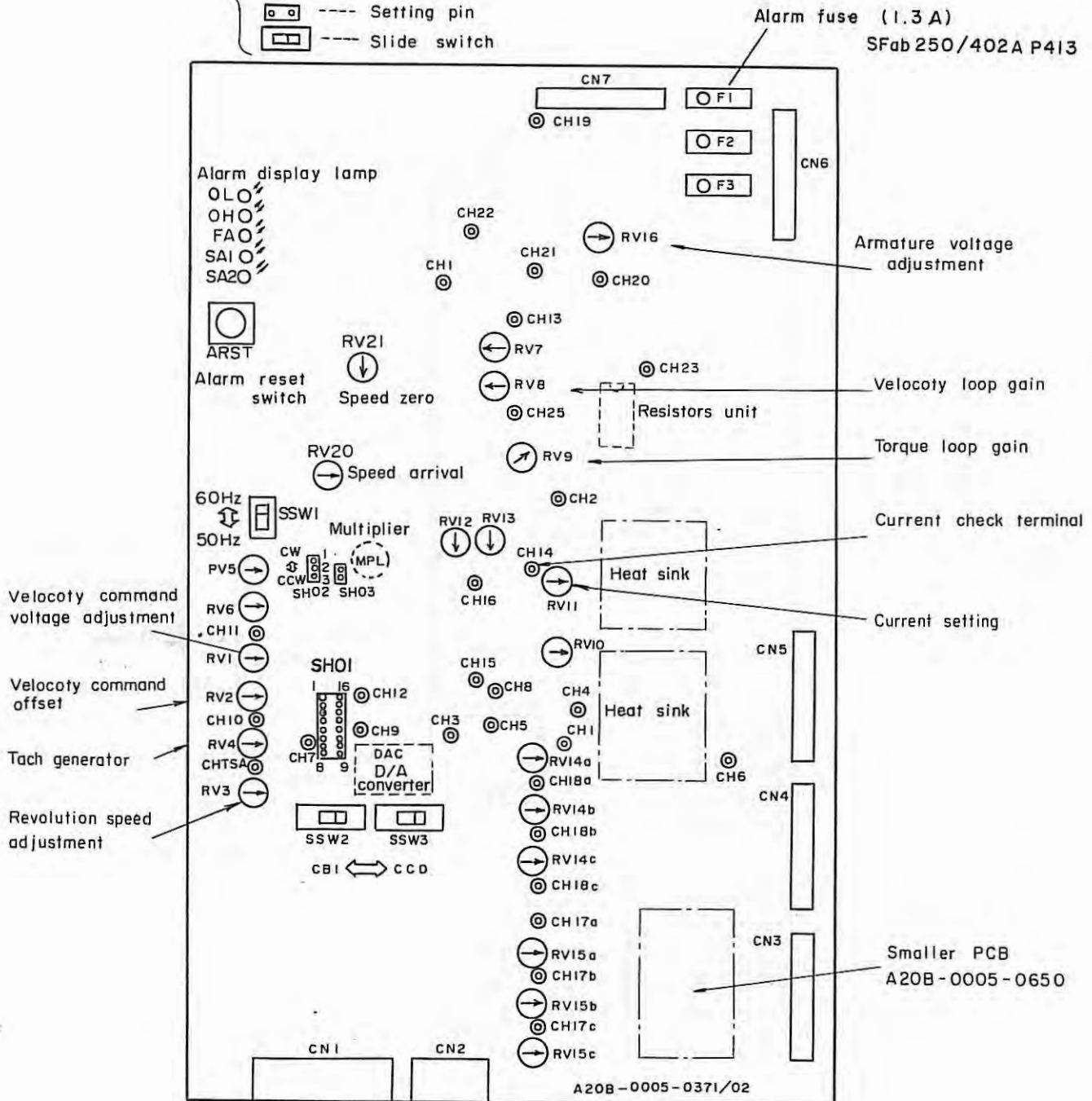
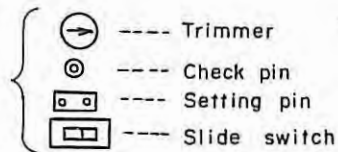
373 ~ 4/01

4. PARTS ARRANGEMENT DIAGRAM

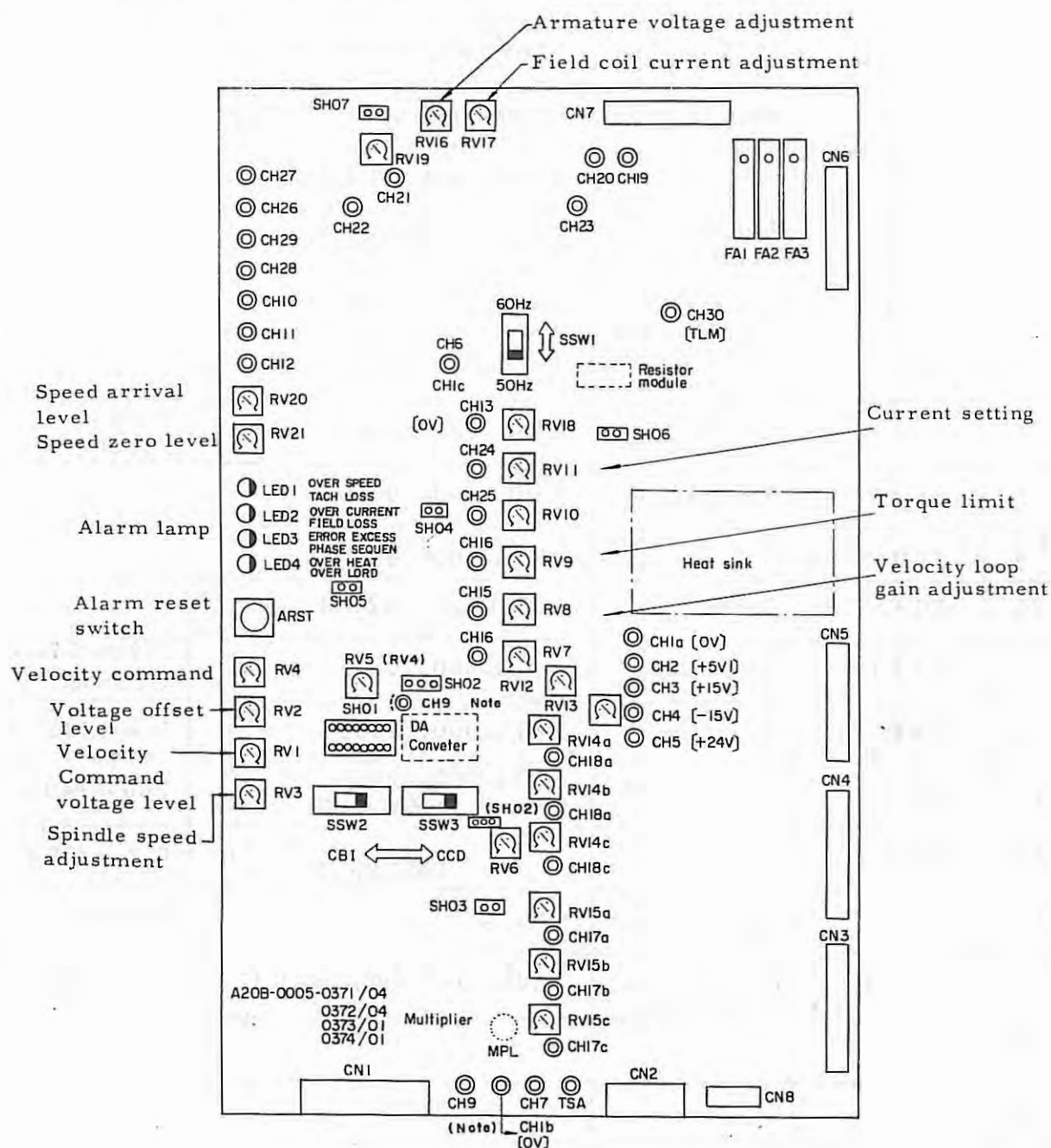
4.1 Spindle Servo Unit



4.2 Spindle Control Printed Circuit Board (0371/02) (only for Model 15)



Spindle Control P.C.B
0371 2/04 (Model 15, 12)
0373 4/01 (Model 8, 6)



Note Mounting positions of RVS, RV4, SH02, and CH9 are different between edition No 10 12E and 13F
In edition No 13F. RV5 is not mounted.

1-888 FANUC US
 326 8287 Repair 847-898-5025
 #117300
 PCB A20B-0005-0371/02 OSD
 4.4 Parts List for Servo Unit (Model 12, 15)
 Edition

| No. | Symbol | Name | Specification | Remarks |
|-----|----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | P.C.B | P.C.B | A20B-0005-0371~2 | A20B-0005-0371/13F |
| 2 | F1~3 | Fuse | A60L-0001-0060#50T100 | Nippon International |
| 3 | F4 | " | A60L-0001-0031/5A | Toyo Fuse |
| 4 | MCC | Magnetic contactor | A58L-0001-0092 | Fuji Electric |
| 5 | ACR | AC reactor | A81L-0001-0030 | Tamura |
| 6 | TF | Control transformer | A44L-0001-0072 | " |
| 7 | CD1 | Current detector | A44L-0001-0069 | Nana Electronics |
| 8 | SCR1~12 | Thyristor | A50L-5000-0014 | |
| 9 | SCR13~14 | " | A50L-5000-0006/A | |
| 10 | D1~2 | Diode | A. G1820B (S20C) | |
| 11 | FAN1~2 | Fan motor | A90L-0001-0043 | Nihon Servo CT360E |
| 12 | RDB | Resistor | A40L-0001-0064 | Iwaki Musen |
| 13 | RF | " | A40L-0001-0066 /40SH200K | 200 Ω /40W |
| 14 | RCD | " | " /20SH0R2F | 0.2 /20W |
| 15 | SK | Spark killer | S2 - A | Fujitsu |
| 16 | Z1~4 | Surge absorber | A50L-2001-0062/441-12 | Fuji Electric |
| 17 | | | | |
| 18 | | | | |
| 19 | | | | |

Cooper Account # 3132

4.5 Parts List for Servo Unit (Model 6, 8)

| No. | Symbol | Name | Specification | Remarks |
|-----|----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 1 | P.C.B | P.C.B | A20B-0005-0373~4 | |
| 2 | F1~3 | Fuse | A60L-0001-0127/25FH75 | |
| 3 | F4 | " | A60L-0001-0021/5A | Tovo Fuse |
| 4 | MCC | Magnetic contactor | A58L- | <div>UPS 223904</div> <div>#82007904</div> |
| 5 | ACR | AC reactor | A81L- | |
| 6 | TF | Control transformer | A44L- | |
| 7 | CD1 | Current detector | A44L- | |
| 8 | SCR1~12 | Thyristor | A50L- | |
| 9 | SCR13~14 | " | A50L- | |
| 10 | D1~2 | Diode | A. G1 | |
| 11 | FAN1~2 | Fan motor | A90L-0001-0043 | Nihon Servo |
| 12 | RCB | Resistor | A40L-0001-0064 | Iwaki Musen |
| 13 | RF | " | A40L-0001-0066 /40SH200K | 200 /40W |
| 14 | RCD | " | A40L-0001-0066 /20SH0R2F | 0.2Ω /20W |
| 15 | SK | Spark killer | S2-A | Fujitsu |
| 16 | Z1~4 | Surge absorber | A50L-2001-0062/441-12 | Fuji Electric |
| 17 | | | | |
| 18 | | | | |
| 19 | | | | |

5. FAULT AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Generally, the following items can be considered as faults and their causes.

If a fault has occurred, first roughly determine where the cause lies (servo unit, spindle motor, etc.), and then trace out the cause.

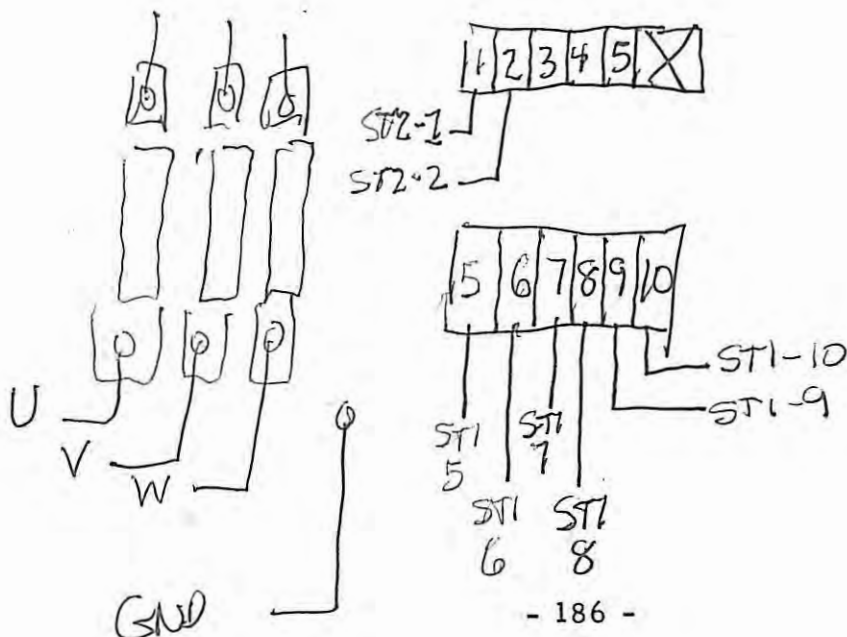
| No. | FAULT | CAUSE | | |
|-----|--|--|--|---|
| | | Spindle servo unit | Spindle motor | Machine or Magnetics cabinet |
| 1 | The velocity control unit fuse (F1 F3) is blows | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Between A and H of armature is short Circuit fault current limit circuit defect etc. Connector on Pt. is bad connection or short | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Power cable short circuit Short circuit of motor | |
| 2 | The spindle rpm is not normal | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rotation fault defect of error amplifier circuit | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> T.G defect | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Faulty operation of the velocity command circuit |
| 3 | Vibration and noise during spindle operation is abnormally large | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circuit adjustment defect Gain Current feedback control circuit adjustment defect | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Motor fault bearing Fan motor Heat pipe fin adjustment fault | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The input power waveform is too disorted The load fluctuation is too large Gear engagement is not proper or assembling of motor is unso-ciable Tension of belt is not proper |
| 4 | The spindle operation during acc/dec is not normal | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Current feedback control circuit adjustment defect defect (minimum pulse width setting) | | |

| No. | FAULT | CAUSE | | |
|-----|---|---|---|--|
| | | Spindle servo unit | Spindle motor | Machine or Magnetics cabinet |
| 5 | The spindle does not rotate | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ° Circuit fault the gate pulse are not generated | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ° Wire breaking | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ° The machine load is too large ° Contactor of relay defect |
| 6 | Fuse (F4) of control transformer on velocity control unit blows | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ° The pin of CN3 ~ 5 on PCB is short ° Power regulator fault | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ° Field circuit is short ° Fan for cooler heat pipe is short | |

6. SPARE PARTS

The spare parts of the spindle servo unit are as follows.

| Device name | Name | Contents | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|----------------|--|------------------------------|
| | | Article name | Specifications (FANUC specifications) | Customer Type |
| FANUC DC spindle servo unit | F1~3 | Fuse | F60L-0001-0060#50T100 | Nippon Inter K.K |
| | F4 | Fuse | A60L-0001-0031#5A | Toyo fuse K.K |
| | FA1~3 | Alarm fuse | S. Fab250/402AP413 | Daito Tsushinki K.K P-413 |
| | Z1~4 | Surge absorber | A50L-2001-0062#4412 | Juji Denki K.K |



V. SPINDLE ORIENTATION

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1. GENERAL

This manual describes the maintenance and field adjustment for the electric spindle orientation function which is applied to the spindle of NC machine tools.

2. MAGNETIC SENSOR SYSTEM SPINDLE ORIENTATION ADJUSTMENT

2.1 Mounting Magnetizing Element and Magnetic Sensor

Determine the mounting direction for the magnetizing element and magnetic sensor as follows. Incorrect mounting may cause repeating of clockwise and counterclockwise rotation of spindle without stopping during positioning, hunting, and the end of the magnetizing element and sensor head to stop in the opposite position.

| Mounting magnetizing element and sensor | |
|---|---|
| Item | Explanation |
| 1 | Mount the magnetizing element so that the reference hole moves and faces as shown in Figure 1 when the spindle rotates in the positive direction by the command of spindle motor CW rotation (SFR and VCMD positive). |
| 2 | Mount the magnetic sensor head so that the pin hole of the flange and the reference hole of the magnetizing element face in opposite directions. |
| 3 | The gap between the magnetizing element and sensor head should be a minimum of $1.5 \pm 0.5\text{mm}$. |

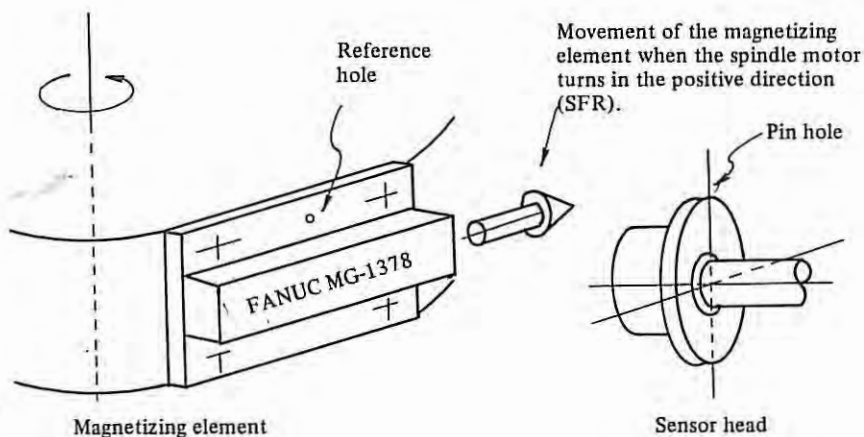


Figure 1. Mounting magnetizing element

2.2 Connection and Function of Jumper Terminal (SH)

The connection and function of jumper terminals (SH) which can be freely selected, are listed below. SH01 should be connected after the power is on since it is used only for adjustment and testing. It should be disconnected after adjustment making sure that LED7 goes off.

| Connection and functions of jumper terminals (SH) (A double outline indicates the standard setting) | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|---|--|
| (Note 1) Status | | | Function | Remarks |
| SH | 1-2 | 2-3 | | |
| 01 | | O | Test mode (Note 2) | Connected only for adjustment. |
| 02 | O | X | When an orientation instruction is issued after power is turned on and before driving the spindle, the motor shaft end rotates in a clockwise direction. | The setting on SH03 takes priority of the setting on SH02. The setting on SH02 is effected only when SH03 1-2 is connected. |
| | <div>X</div> | <div>O</div> | When an orientation instruction is issued after power is turned on and before driving the spindle, the motor shaft end rotates in a counterclockwise direction. | |
| 03 | <div>O</div> | <div>X</div> | Moves in the direction the spindle was turning just before the orientation instruction was issued. | The setting on SH02 becomes effective. |
| | X | O | The orientation direction is always CCW. | When the edition of this PCB is 01A, these settings cannot be used. |
| | X | X | The orientation direction is always CW. | |

Connection and functions of jumper terminals (SH)
(A double outline indicates the standard setting)

| (Note 1) Status | | | Function | Remarks |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|---|---|
| SH | 1-2 | 2-3 | | |
| 04 | <div>X</div> | <div>X</div> | Initial orientation speed is about $60 \times [\text{spindle position loop gain s}^{-1}]$ r.p.m. of the spindle. (usual rate) | Since spindle position loop gain is generally close to 5 sec.^{-1} , the usual rate is about 300 r.p.m. |
| | O | X | The initial rate of speed is limited to 1/3 the usual rate. | |
| | X | O | The initial rate of speed is limited to 2/3 the usual rate. | |

Notes:

- (1) O indicates connected, X indicates not connected.
- (2) When in Test Mode
 - (a) The orientation instruction is issued.
 - (b) Orientation end signal (ORAR 1, 2) is not transferred.
 - (c) The spindle turns at the initial speed while SW1 (INITIALIZING BUTTON) is pressed. When it is released, the spindle stops at a fixed position.
 - (d) The red light emitting diode (LED 7) is on in this mode.

2.3 LED Indicators

Seven display lamps (LED 1 - 7), indicating the meanings listed below, are mounted on this option board. (LED 1 and LED 2 are not mounted on board 01A)

| LED indicators | | | |
|----------------|----------------------|-------|---|
| LED | Meaning | Color | Explanation |
| 1 | ORIENTATION | Green | Lights during execution of an orientation instruction. (ORCM 1 and 2 are connected: ON) |
| 2 | CLUTCH (gear) LOW | Green | Lights when the clutch (gear) LOW signal is on. (*CTH 1 and 2 are connected: ON) |
| 3 | MS PEAK LEVEL | Green | Lights while the peak value of the magnetic flux detection signal (MS) is out of the range of $\pm 10V$. Adjustment indicator. |
| 4 | SLOWDOWN PERIOD | Green | Lights during the low turning speed period when the spindle position approaches the stop position during orientation. |
| 5 | IN-POSITION FINE | Green | Lights when the value of MS output approaches within $+0.1^\circ$ of the spindle angle. Sometimes lights when the sensor is not on the magnetizing element. |
| 6 | IN-POSITION | Green | Lights when orientation has been completed and the spindle is within $\pm 1^\circ$ of the adjustment position. When it lights while not in TEST MODE, the Orientation Completion signal is transmitted. (ORAR 1 and 2 are connected: ON) |
| 7 | TEST MODE | Red | Lights when SH01 pins are connected. In this mode, the Adjustment Completion signal is not transmitted and ORCM is on. The orientation motion can be repeatedly confirmed by pressing SW1. |

2.4 Potentiometer (POT) Setting

Set the POT according to the following values followed by table before orientation adjustment. *will be reset at a later stage.

| Potentiometer settings | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----|-----|-----|---|---|---|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|
| POT name | RV | 1* | 2* | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6* | 7* | 8 | 9* | 10* | 11* |
| POT scale position | | 5.0 | 6.0 | ① | ① | ② | 2.0 | 5.0 | ③ | 2.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |

① RV3 and RV4 settings

Set RV3 and RV4 according to the distance H between the turning axis of the magnetizing element and the center of the sensor head.

| H [mm] | 60 65 | ~70 | ~75 | ~80 | ~85 | ~90 | ~95 | ~100 | ~105 | ~110 |
|----------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| Scale position | 7.0 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 |

② RV5 setting

Set RV5 according to the number of revolutions (N_{HM}) when the spindle rotates at a high rate of speed.

| N_{HM} [rpm] | 2,000 2,200 | ~ 2,500 | ~ 2,700 | ~ 3,100 | ~ 3,500 | ~ 4,000 | ~ 4,500 | ~ 5,000 | ~ 5,500 | ~ 6,000 |
|-------------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Scale position | 7.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 |

③ RV8 setting

Set RV8 according to the transmission ratio of $R_{H/L}$ of spindle HIGH/LOW.

| $R_{H/L}$ | ~2.0 | ~2.2 | ~2.5 | ~2.8 | ~3.2 | ~3.7 | ~4.4 | ~5.3 | ~6.0 | ~7.0 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Scale position | 2.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 10 |

2.5 Potentiometer Adjustment

Adjust RV1 - RV11 according to the following table.

| Potentiometer adjustment | | | | |
|---|----------|----------------------------|--|---|
| The following adjustments should be performed in Test Mode by connecting SH01 pins. | | | | |
| Term | POT name | Adjustment purpose | Condition | Adjustment method (Specification) |
| 1 | RV1 | TS OFFSET | The spindle should be stopped | Voltage across check 15 (TSA2) and 16 (0V) should be within ± 1.0 mV. |
| 2 | RV2 | MS PEAK LEVEL | Keep pressing SW1 (INITIALIZING BUTTON) | Adjust the position until LED3 (MS PEAK LEVEL) begins to light. |
| 3 | RV3 | SLOWDOWN REFERENCE | | According to the setting terms. |
| 4 | RV4 | AMS PEAK LEVEL | | According to the setting terms. |
| 5 | RV5 | SLOWDOWN TIME IN HIGH MODE | Clutch (gear) is HIGH. Press SW1 to stop the spindle at the fixed position. The *CTH signal is off (open). | Just before stopping LED4 (SLOW DOWN PERIOD) should immediately light up clearly. |
| 6 | RV6 | GAIN [H] | Clutch (gear) is HIGH. Press SW1 to stop the spindle at the fixed position. The *CTH signal is off (open). | Turn in the CW direction being careful not overshoot when stopping. |

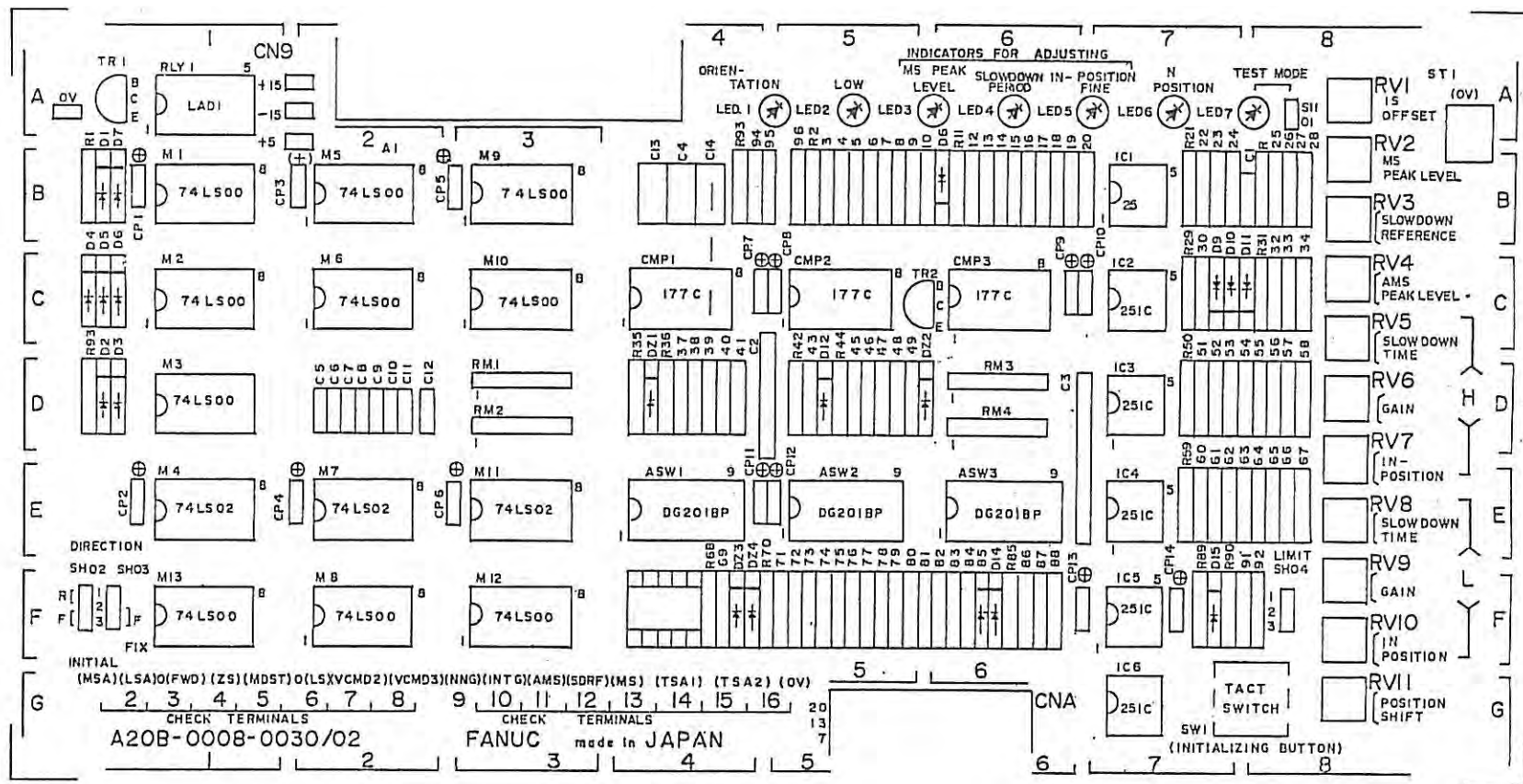
| Item | POT name | Adjustment purpose | Condition | Adjustment method (Specification) |
|---|----------|---------------------------|--|---|
| 7 | RV7 | IN-POSITION [H] | Clutch (gear) is HIGH. Press SW1 to stop the spindle at the fixed position. The *CTH signal is off (open). | LED5 (IN-POS. FINE) should light while LED6 (IN-POSITION) is on. |
| 8 | RV8 | SLOWDOWN TIME IN LOW MODE | Clutch (gear) is LOW. Press SW1 to stop the spindle at the fixed position. The *CTH signal is on (closed). | LED4 (SLOWDOWN PERIOD) should immediately light up clearly just before stopping. (See term 5) |
| 9 | RV9 | GAIN [L] | Clutch (gear) is LOW. Press SW1 to stop the spindle at the fixed position. The *CTH signal is on (closed). | Turn in the CW direction being careful not to overshoot when stopping. |
| 10 | RV10 | IN-POSITION [L] | Clutch (gear) is LOW. Press SW1 to stop the spindle at the fixed position. The *CTH signal is on (closed). | LED5 (IN-POS.FINE) should be on when LED6 (IN-POSITION) is on. |
| 11 | RV11 | POSITION SHIFT | | The stop position can be finely adjusted to within $\pm 1^\circ$ of the spindle angle. |
| After adjustment, release Test Mode making sure that LED7 (Red) is off. | | | | |

Note: Adjustment of the fixed position stop control circuit should be performed after each offset and gain adjustment of the base board (spindle control circuit). The following POTs should not be readjusted after fixed position stop control circuit adjustment. Otherwise, the stop position may deviate from the one desired. RV7 (velocity offset), RV8 (velocity gain), and RV10 (current offset) on A20B-0008-0371 ~ 7.

2.6 Test of the Spindle Position Loop Gain

The spindle position loop gain should be tested after fixed position stop control circuit adjustment by using the procedure outlined in the next table.

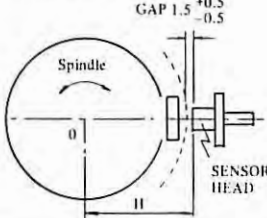
| Spindle position loop gain | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Procedure | |
| 1 | Connect SH01 pins, to enter Test Mode (LED7 goes on). |
| 2 | Disconnect SH04 1-2 and 2-3 pins to remove limits. |
| 3 | Measure the number of spindle revolutions $N_{S(H)}$ and $N_{S(L)}$ (r.p.m) when SW1 (INITIALIZING BUTTON) is on, for each of the following condition. Spindle clutch (gear) HIGH (*CTH1 and 2 not connected) Spindle clutch (gear) LOW (*CTH1 and 2 connected) |
| 4 | The spindle position loop gain can be determined using the following equations: $K_{p(H \text{ or } L)} \doteq N_{s(H \text{ or } L)} \div 55 \text{ (sec}^{-1}\text{)}, \text{ where}$ $K_{p(H)}: \text{ Position loop gain for spindle HIGH gear (clutch)}$ $K_{p(L)}: \text{ Position loop gain for spindle LOW gear (clutch)}$ |



A350-0008-T032/02
A350-0008-Z033/02

Parts Mounting Diagram

MAINTENANCE SHEET FOR POSITIONING C.K.T WITH MAGNETIC FLUX SENSOR
P. C. B: A20B-0008-0030

| NOTES | | | | DATA SHEET | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|
| MACHINE MAKER | | | | SETTING FOR SHORT-BAR | TEST MODE SELECTION | SH01 | ON, OFF |
| CLASSIFICATION/NAME | | | | | INITIAL ORIENTATION DIRECTION | SH02 | REV FWD 1-2, 2-3 |
| SPINDLE MOTOR | | MODEL | | | DIRECTION SELECTION | SH03 | AUTO FWDREV 1-2, 2-3, OPEN |
| NUMERICAL CONTROLLER | | | | | ORIENTATION SPEED LIMIT | SH04 | 1/3, 2/3, 3/3 1-2, 2-3, OPEN |
| PARAMETERS | | | | SETTING FOR POTS | TACHO-SIGNAL OFFSET | RV1 | |
| 1 | HIGHT OF SENSOR HEAD | H | mm | | MAGNETIC-FLUX SIGNAL PEAK LEVEL | RV2 | |
| 2 | HIGH GEAR (CLUTCH) MAX. SPINDLE SPEED | N _{HM} | RPM | | SLOW DOWN REFERENCE | RV3 | |
| 3 | H/L GEAR RATIO | R _{H/L} | | | AMS PEAK LEVEL | RV4 | |
| POSITION LOOP GAIN | | LOW | HIGH | | HIGH GEAR (CLUTCH) SLOW DOWN TIME | RV5 | |
| | | sec ⁻¹ | sec ⁻¹ | | (H) " POSITION LOOP GAIN | RV6 | |
| <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="flex: 1;"> <p>REFERENCE DRAWING</p>  </div> <div style="flex: 1; padding-left: 10px;"> <p>REMARKS</p> </div> </div> | | | | | (H) " IN-POSITION ADJ. | RV7 | |
| | | | | | LOW GEAR (CLUTCH) SLOW DOWN TIME | RV8 | |
| | | | | | (L) " POSITION LOOP GAIN | RV9 | |
| | | | | | (L) " IN-POSITION ADJ. | RV10 | |
| | | | | | POSITION SHIFT | RV11 | |

3. ADJUSTMENT FOR POSITION CODER METHOD SPINDLE ORIENTATION

3.1 Printed Circuit Board

Spindle control circuit A20B-0008-0371 ~0377

Position coder method spindle orientation control circuit

(1) Stop position internal setting A20B-0008-0240

(2) Stop position external setting A20B-0008-0241

3.2 Display

Light emitting diode

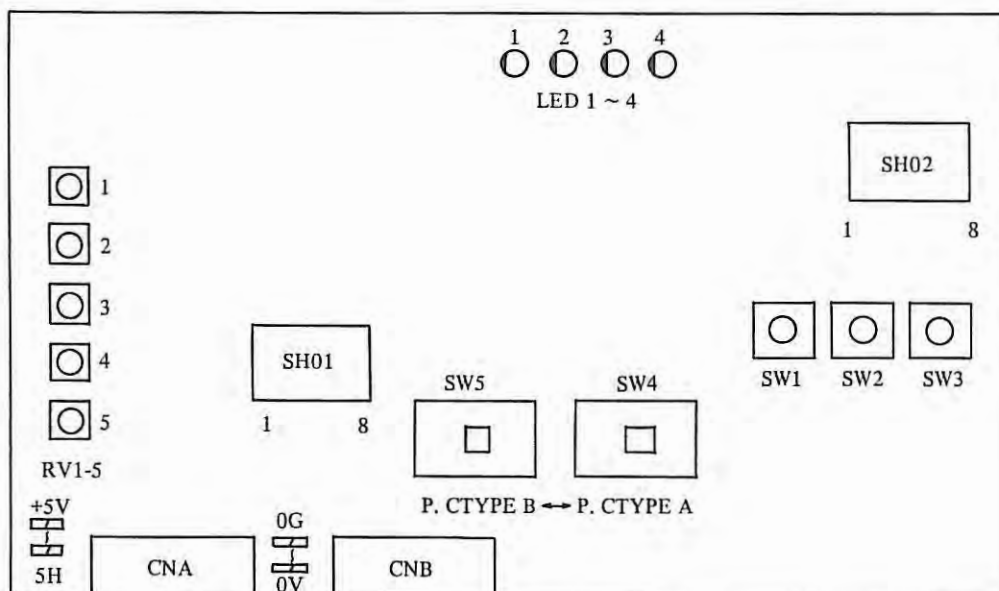
LED1 ORIENTATION Lights when orientation command (ORCM1, 2 ON) is issued.

LED2 LOW Lights when the contact of clutch change signal *CTH is closed. Lighting indicates that clutch LOW is selected.

LED3 IN-POSITION OUT Lights when orientation completion signal ORAR 1-2 is issued.

LED4 IN-POSITION ADJUST Lights when spindle enters within one pulse of orientation position.
Stop position can be the same at HIGH and LOW by adjusting POT RV3/RV5 for OFFSET adjustment so that this LED lights at gear HIGH/LOW.

3.3 Setting



- (1) $\left. \begin{array}{l} +5V - 5H \\ 0G - 0V \end{array} \right\}$ When the power of +5V for position coder is supplied from spindle amplifier, connect between +5V and 5H and between 0G and 0V. When the power of +5V is supplied from NC, open between +5V and 5H and between 0G and 0V.

- (2) Setting of SW5 and SW4

| Position coder | Type | SW4 | SW5 |
|-----------------|--------|-------|-------|
| Balanced type | Type A | Right | Right |
| Unbalanced type | Type B | Left | Left |

- (3) Setting of SH01 and SH02

Follow the next table.

Table 1 Setting of SH01, SH02

O: Connected X: Open

| No. | Contents | | SH01 | | | | | | | | SH02 | | | | | | | | Remarks |
|-------------|--|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---|
| | | | 1 16 | 2 15 | 3 14 | 4 13 | 5 12 | 6 11 | 7 10 | 8 9 | 1 16 | 2 15 | 3 14 | 4 13 | 5 12 | 6 11 | 7 10 | 8 9 | |
| 1 | Initial orientation direction immediately after turning on power | CCW | O | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | (Standard) |
| | | CW | X | O | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Orientation direction after initial orientation | CCW only | | | X | O | | | | | | | | | | | | | (Standard) |
| | | CW only | | | X | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Spindle rotational direction | | | O | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | (Standard) |
| 3 | Orientation speed which is set by position gain | 1 | | | | | X | X | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 2/3 | | | | | O | X | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1/3 | | | | | X | O | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Rotational direction of spindle and position coder | Same direction | | | | | | | O | X | | | | | | | | | Different from machine tool to machine tool. Incorrect setting will cause hunting |
| | | Reverse direction | | | | | | | X | O | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 (Note) | In-position width to issue orientation completion signal (ORAR 1, 2) | +2 pulses | | | | | | | | | O | O | O | O | O | O | | | ±16 pulses correspond to ±1.3° |
| | | +4 " | | | | | | | | | | O | O | O | O | O | | | |
| | | +8 " | | | | | | | | | | | O | O | O | O | | | |
| | | +16 " | | | | | | | | | | | | O | O | O | | | |
| | | +32 " | | | | | | | | | | | | | O | O | | | |
| | | +64 " | | | | | | | | | | | | | | O | | | |
| 6 | Setting due to position coder hysteresis | No pulse | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | X | (Standard) |
| | | +1 pulse | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | O | X | |
| | | -1 pulse | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | O | |

(Note) The condition (c) of issue of orientation completion signal
c = (Spindle is within the in-position width) and (Velocity zero signal is NO) and (ORCM is ON)

(4) Setting of stop position SW 1, 2, 3

| Switch | Contents |
|-----------------------|--|
| SW1 (16 positions) | 1 position is $4096/16 = 256$ pulses, equivalent to 22.5° |
| SW2 (16 positions) | 1 position is $256/16 = 16$ pulses, equivalent to 1.4° |
| SW3 (16 positions) | 1 position is $16/16 = 1$ pulse, equivalent to 0.088° |

An arbitrary position in a rotation can be positioned by the unit of $0.088^\circ = 1/4096 \times 360^\circ$ by setting in the order of SW1, 2 and 3.

3.4 Adjustment

| No. | Item | Variable resistor | Measuring point | Standard Adjustment | Note |
|-----|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 1 | Velocity feed-back offset | RV1 | TSA2 CH14 | 50% | The voltage at TSA2 should be $\pm 1\text{mV}$. |
| 2 | Position gain at gear High | RV2 | Do not let spindle overshoot | 30 ~ 40% | |
| 3 | Offset at gear High | RV3 | Let LED4 ADJUST light | About 50% | Gleaming of the LED is sufficient. |
| 4 | Position gain at gear Low | RV4 | Do not let spindle overshoot | 30 ~ 60% | |
| 5 | Offset at gear Low | RV5 | Let LED4 ADJUST light | About 50% | |

REFERENCE DATA 1
CUTTING
POWER OF MACHINE

1. CUTTING POWER OF MACHINE

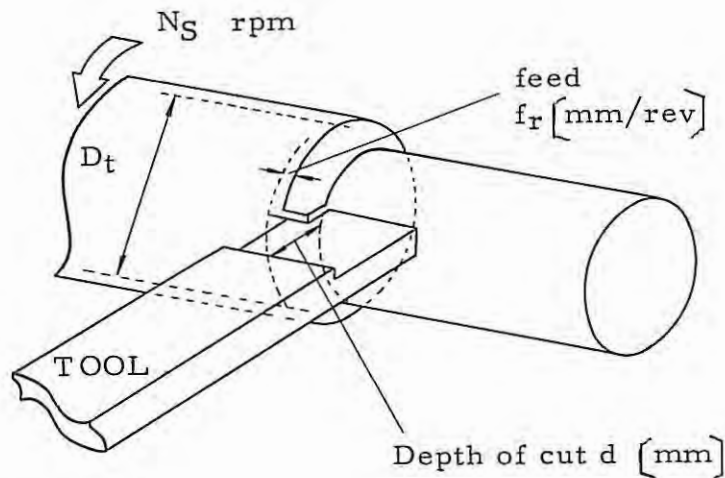
An output (Hp or Kw) of spindle motor specified in machine tool. Generally speaking, it shows amount that machine can cut. This explanation shows relation between rate of metal removal and output power for milling processing, lathe processing and drilling processing.

Reference documents

MACHINE DATA HAND BOOK
AIR FORCE MATERIAL LABORATORY

- A. Lathe turning processing.
- B. Milling processing.
- C. Drilling processing.

A. Turning



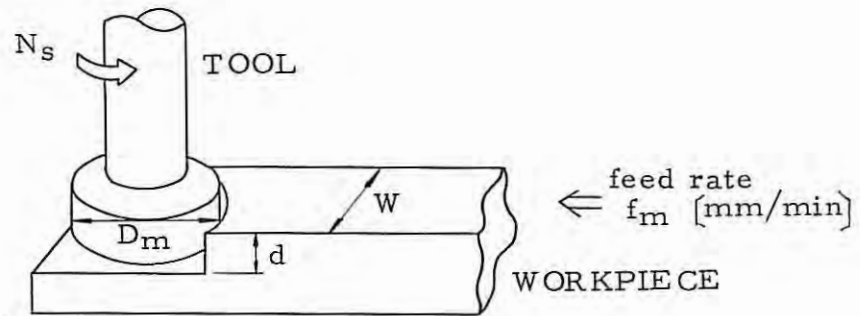
[Condition of cutting]

- | | | |
|-----|------------------------|----------------|
| (1) | Spindle rotation speed | N_s [rpm] |
| (2) | Workpiece diameter | D_t [mm] |
| (3) | Feed | f_r [mm/rev] |
| (4) | Depth of cut | d [mm] |

[Formula of cutting]

- | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| (1) | Cutting speed | $V_c = \pi \times D_t \times N_s$ | [mm/min] |
| (2) | Feed rate | $f_m = f_r \times N_s$ | [mm/min] |
| (3) | Rate of metal removal | $Q = d \times f_r \times V_c / 1000$ $= d \times f_r \times \pi D_t \times N_s / 1000$ | [cm ³ /min] [cc/min] |
| $Q = \pi \times D_t \times d \times f_m / 1000$ [cc/min] | | | |
| (4) | Power required at spindle | $PS = Q / MR_t$ | [kW] |
| where MR_t : Cutting amount per 1 kW [cc/min/kW] | | | |
| (5) | Power required at spindle motor | $PM = \frac{1}{\eta} \times Q / MR_t$ | |
| where η : Spindle driving efficiency [%] | | | |

B. Milling



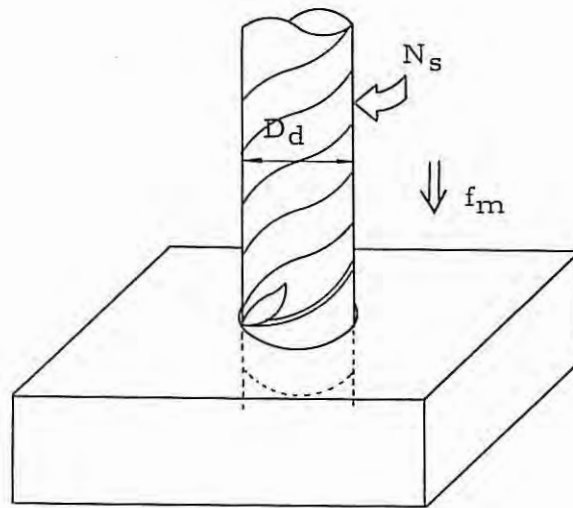
[Condition of cutting]

| | | | |
|-----|----------------------------|-------|------------|
| (1) | Spindle rotation speed | N_s | [rpm] |
| (2) | Diameter of milling cutter | D_m | [mm] |
| (3) | Width of cut | W | [mm] |
| (4) | Depth of cut | d | [mm] |
| (5) | Number of teeth in cutter | n | |
| (6) | Feed | f_t | [mm/tooth] |

[Formula of cutting]

| | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| (1) | Cutting speed | $V_c = \pi \times D_m \times N_s$ | [mm/min] |
| (2) | Feed rate | $f_m = f_t \times n \times N_s$ | [mm/min] |
| (3) | Rate of metal removal | $Q = w \times d \times f_t \times n \times N_s / 1000$ | [cm ³ /min] |
| $Q = w \times d \times f_t / 1000$ [cc/min] | | | |
| (4) | Power required at spindle | $PS = Q / MR_m$ | [kW] |
| | where | MR_m : Cutting amount per 1 kW | [cc/min/kW] |
| (5) | Power required at spindle motor | $PM = \frac{1}{\eta} \times Q / MR_m$ | [kW] |
| | where | η : Spindle driving efficiency | [%] |

C. Drilling



[Condition of cutting]

| | | | |
|-----|------------------------|-------|----------|
| (1) | Spindle rotation speed | N_s | [rpm] |
| (2) | Drill diameter | D_d | [mm] |
| (3) | Feed | f_r | [mm/rev] |

[Formula of cutting]

| | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|---|------------------------|
| (1) | Cutting speed | $V_c = \pi \times D_d \times N_s$ | [mm/min] |
| (2) | Feed rate | $f_m = f_r \times N_s$ | [mm/min] |
| (3) | Rate of metal removal | $Q = \frac{\pi}{4} \times D_d^2 \times f_r \times N_s / 1000$ | [cm ³ /min] |

| | |
|--|----------|
| $Q = \frac{\pi}{4} \times D_d^2 \times f_m / 1000$ | [cc/min] |
|--|----------|

| | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| (4) | Power required at spindle | $PS = Q / MR_d$ | [kW] |
| | where | MR_d : Cutting amount per 1 kW | [cc/min/kW] |
| (5) | Power required at spindle motor | $PM = \frac{1}{\eta} \times Q / MR_d$ | [kW] |
| | where | η : Spindle driving efficiency | [%] |

Cutting amount per 1 kW cc/min/kW (Average)
 [Spindle driving efficiency 80%]

| MATERIAL | HARDNESS BHN *1) Brinell hardness | MR : Cutting Amount per 1kW [cc/min/kW] | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--------------|--|--------------|---|--------------|
| | | TURNING MR _t HSS AND CARBIDE TOOLS feed 0.127~0.381 mm/rev | | MILLING MR _m CARBIDE TOOLS feed 0.127~0.305 mm/tooth | | DRILLING MR _d HSS DRILLS feed 0.05~0.203 mm/rev | |
| | | SHARP TOOL | DULL TOOL | SHARP TOOL | DULL TOOL | SHARP TOOL | DULL TOOL |
| STEEL-WROUGHT AND CAST Plain Carbon Alloy Steels Tool Steels | 85-200 *4) | 20 | 15.7 | 20 | 15.7 | 21.9 | 16.8 |
| | 35-40R _C *2) | 15.7 | 12.9 | 14.6 | 11.5 | 15.7 | 12.9 |
| | 40-50R _C | 14.6 | 11.5 | 12.2 | 10 | 12.9 | 10.4 |
| | 50-55R _C | 10.9 | 8.7 | 10.4 | 8.4 | 10.4 | 8.4 |
| | 55-58R _C | 6.4 | 5.2 | 8.4 | 6.8 | 8.4 | 6.8 *5) |
| CAST IRONS Gray, Ductile and Malleable | 110-190 | 31.3 | 24.4 | 36.6 | 27.4 | 21.9 | 18.3 |
| | 190-320 | 15.7 | 12.9 | 20 | 15.7 | 13.7 | 10.9 |
| STAINLESS STEELS Ferritic, Austenitic and Martensitic | 135-275 | 16.8 | 13.7 | 15.7 | 12.9 | 20 | 15.7 |
| | 30-45R _C | 15.7 | 12.9 | 14.6 | 11.5 | 18.3 | 14.6 |
| PRECIPITATION HARDENING STAINLESS STEELS | 150-450 | 15.7 | 12.9 | 14.6 | 11.5 | 18.3 | 14.6 |
| TITANIUM | 250-375 | 18.3 | 14.6 | 20 | 15.7 | 20 | 15.7 |
| HIGH TEMPERATURE ALLOYS Nickel and Cobalt Base | 200-360 | 8.7 | 7.0 | 10.9 | 8.7 | 10.9 | 8.7 |
| | Iron Base | 180-320 | 13.7 | 10.9 | 13.7 | 10.9 | 18.3 |
| REFRACTORY ALLOYS... Tungsten | 321 | 7.8 | 6.2 | 7.5 | 6.1 | 8.4 | 6.6 *5) |
| Molybdenum | 229 | 10.9 | 8.7 | 13.7 | 10.9 | 13.7 | 10.9 |
| Columbium | 217 | 12.9 | 10.4 | 14.6 | 11.5 | 15.7 | 12.9 |
| Tantalum | 210 | 7.8 | 6.2 | 10.9 | 8.7 | 10.4 | 8.4 |
| NICKEL ALLOYS | 80-360 | 10.9 | 8.7 | 11.5 | 9.1 | 12.2 | 10 |
| ALUMINUM ALLOYS | 30-150 500kg | 87.8 | 73.2 | 68.6 | 54.9 | 137.2 | 109.8 |
| MAGNESIUM ALLOYS | 40-90 500kg | 137.2 | 109.8 | 137.2 | 109.8 | 137.2 | 109.8 |
| COPPER | 80R _B *3) | 21.9 | 18.3 | 21.9 | 18.3 | 24.4 | 20 |
| COPPER ALLOYS | 10-80R _B | 34.3 | 27.4 | 34.3 | 27.4 | 45.7 | 36.6 |
| | 80-100R _B | 21.9 | 18.3 | 21.9 | 18.3 | 27.4 | 21.9 |

*1) Brinell hardness standard testing method

*2) R_C : Rockwell hardness C scale

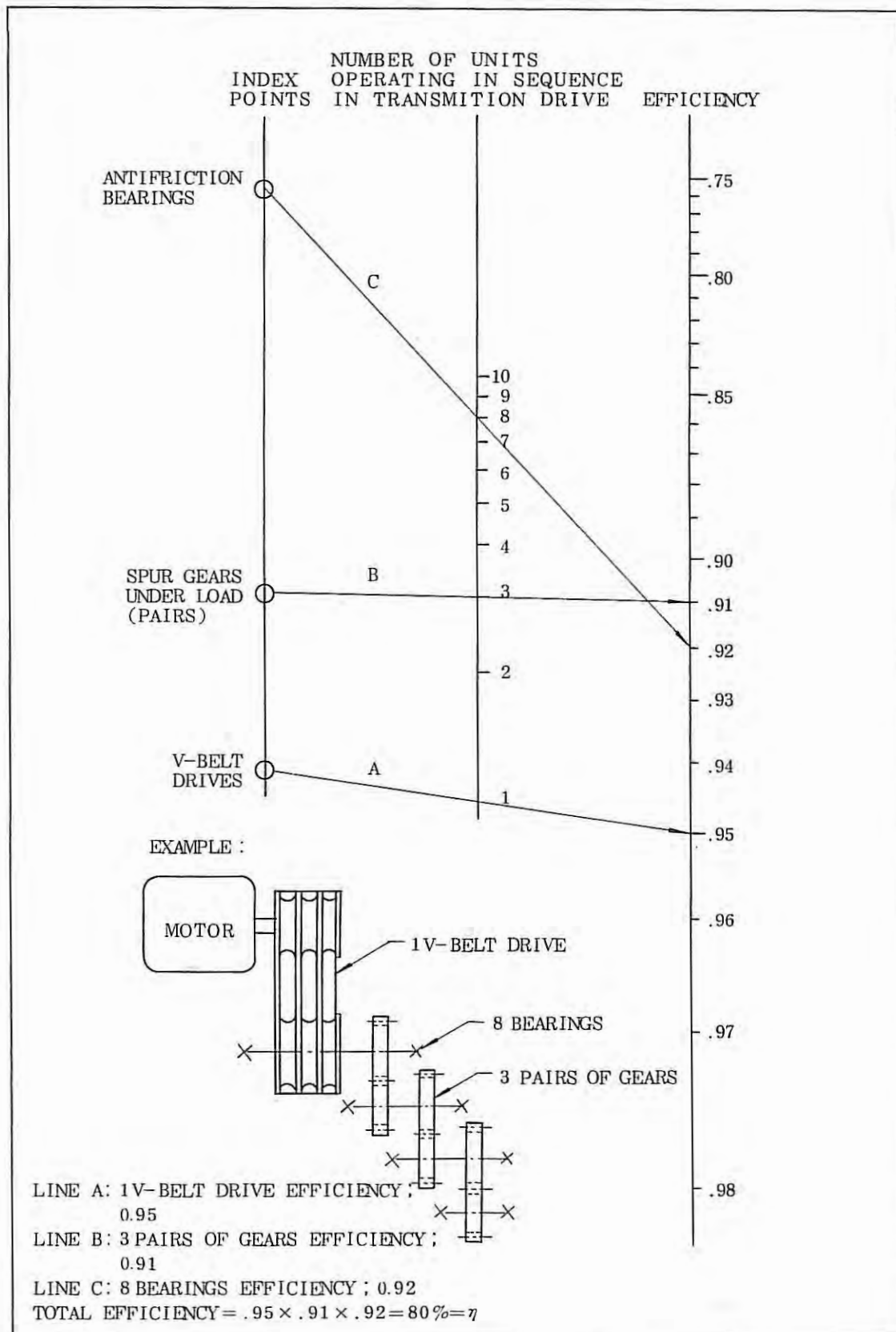
*3) R_B : Rockwell hardness B scale

*4) It is correspond to the hardness of plain carbon S45C

*5) Carbide

Efficiency of spindle driving system

Efficiency of spindle driving system is decided from below drawing by V belt, pairs of gears, number of bearing.



Measured Data Example

In case of using FANUC DC spindle motor model 5 or model 10, the measuring data about cutting amounts are as follows.

ex 1 Model 10 Face mill

[Cutting condition]

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Spindle rotation speed | $N_s = 320 \text{ rpm}$ |
| Cutter diameter | $D_m = 100 \text{ mm}$ |
| Cutting width | $W = 100 \text{ mm}$ |
| Cutting depth | $d = 4 \text{ mm}$ |
| Feed rate | $f_m = 840 \text{ mm/min}$ |

[Cutting effect]

Material CAST IRON

| | |
|---|--|
| Rate of metal removal at 10kw output | $Q = w \times d \times f_m / 1000$ $= 336 \text{ cc/min}$ |
|---|--|

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cutting amount per 1 kw | $MR_m = 33.6 \text{ cc/min}$ |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|

ex 2 Model 10 Face mill

[Cutting condition]

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Spindle rotation speed | $N_s = 130 \text{ rpm}$ |
| Cutter diameter | $D_m = 254 \text{ mm} (=10 \text{ inches})$ |
| Cutting width | $w = 254 \text{ mm}$ |
| Cutting depth | $d = 3 \text{ mm}$ |
| Feed rate | $f_m = 350 \text{ mm/min}$ |

[Cutting effect]

Material CAST IRON

| | |
|---|--|
| Rate of metal removal at 10kw output | $Q = 254 \times 3 \times 350 / 1000$ $= 266 \text{ cc/min}$ |
|---|--|

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Cutting amount per 1 kw | $MR_m = 26.6 \text{ cc/min}$ |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|

However, the loss under no load condition of this machine is too much.

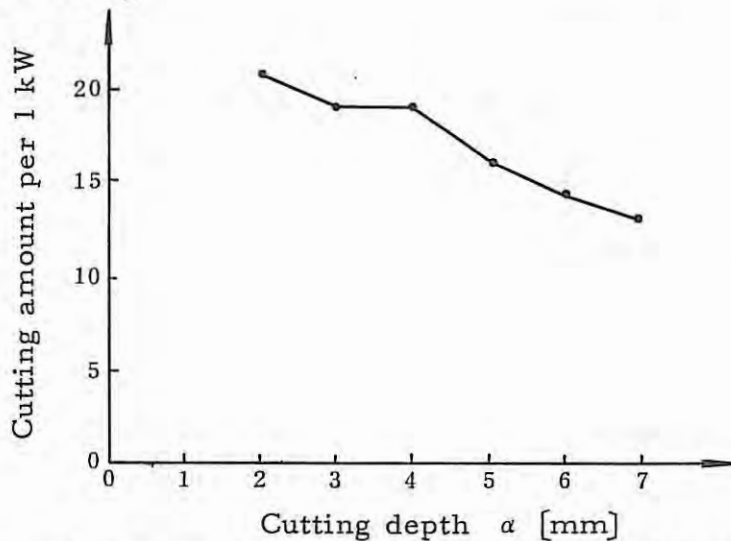
ex 3 Model 5 Face mill

The data changing the cutting depth "d" of workpiece S45C at output power 6.3 kw are as follows.

[Cutting condition]

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Material | S45C |
| Spindle rotation speed | $N_s = 180 \text{ rpm}$ |
| Cutter diameter | $D_m = 152 \text{ mm}$ |
| Cutting width | $w = 135 \text{ mm}$ |
| Cutting depth | $d = 4 \text{ mm}$ |
| Feed rate | $f_m = 80 \sim 480 \text{ mm/min}$ |

[Cutting effect]



At face mill cutting the deeper the cutting depth becomes, the less the cutting amount becomes.

ex 4 Model 5 End mill cutting

At end mill cutting, the cutting amount scarcely changes at the cutting depth, range of $d = 20$ to 50 mm the cutting data at the output power approx. 5 kw are as follows.

ex 5 Model 5 Drill

[Cutting condition]

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Material | S45C |
| Drill diameter | $Dd = 50$ |
| Spindle rotation speed | $Ns = 140 \text{ rpm}$ |
| Feed rate | $fr = 0.36 \text{ mm/rev}$ |

[Cutting effect]

| | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Cutting speed | $Vc = 22 \text{ m/min}$ |
| Cutting amount at output power 6.3 kw | $Q = 98.9 \text{ cc/min}$ |
| Cutting amount per 1 kw | $MRd = 15.7 \text{ cc/min/kw}$ |

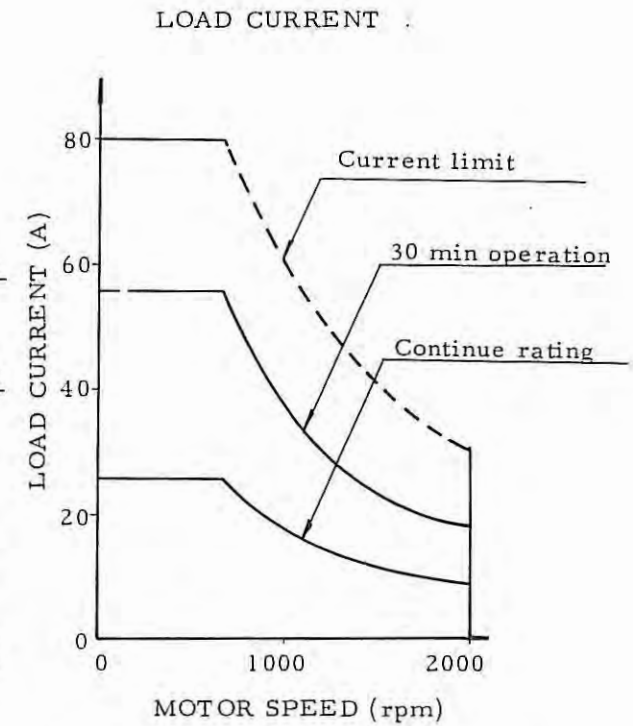
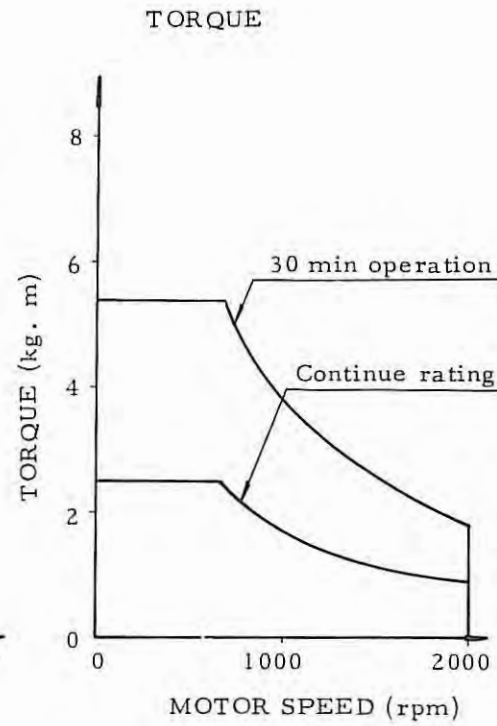
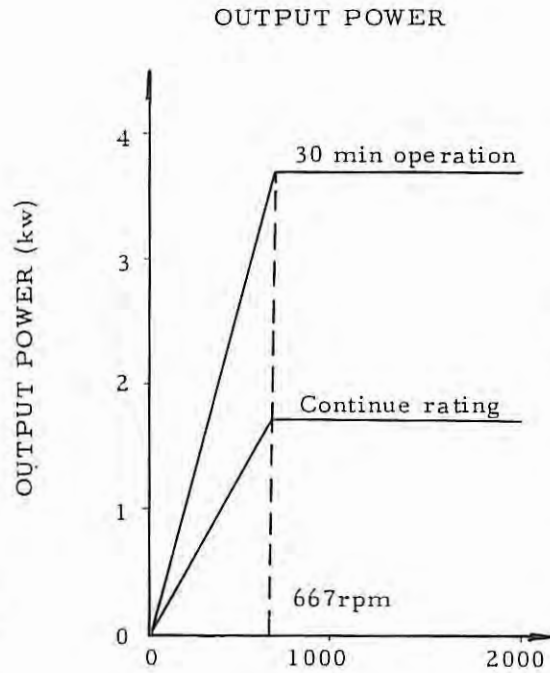
REFERENCE DATA 2

OUTPUT

POWER OF MOTOR

FANUC DC SPINDLE MOTOR MODEL 2

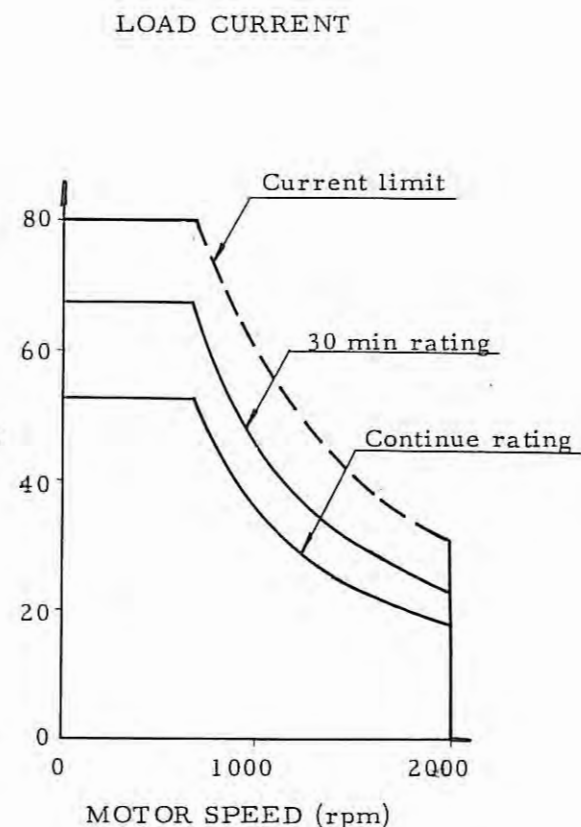
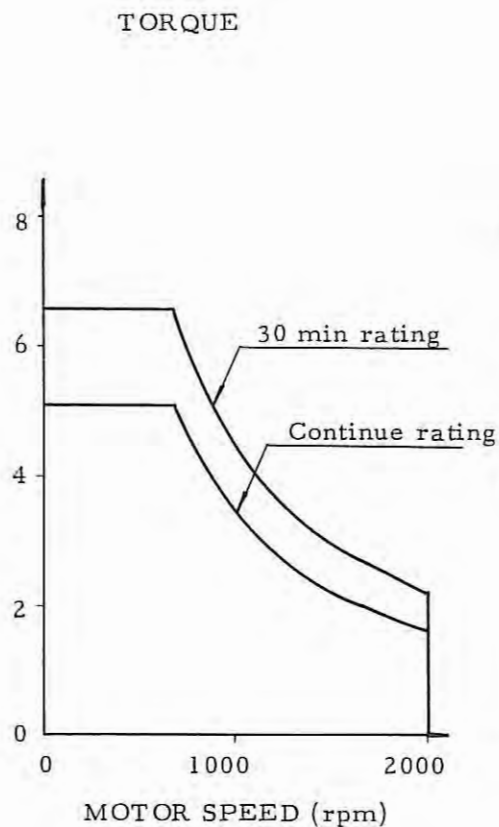
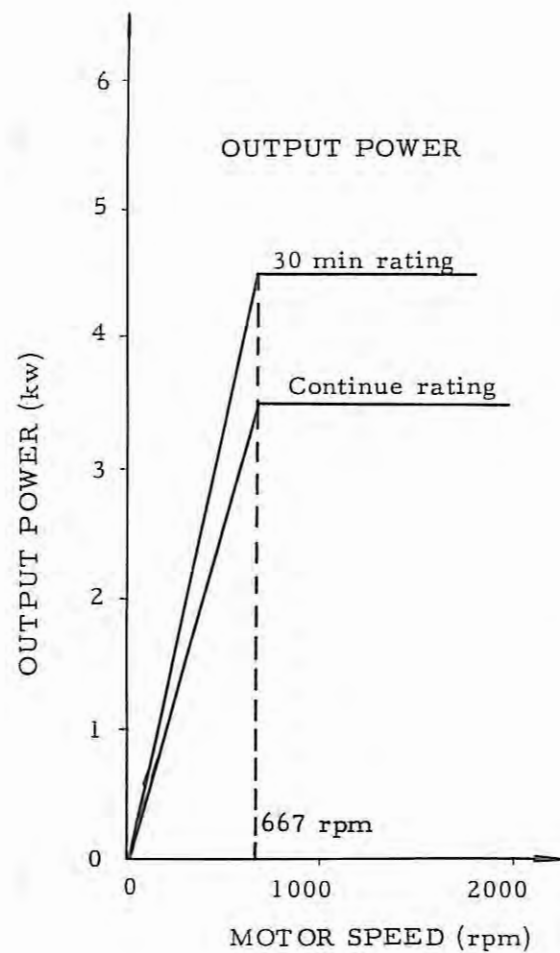
OUTPUT, TORQUE, LOAD CURRENT - MOTOR SPEED



Over load valve 150% of continue rating
120% of 30 min rating

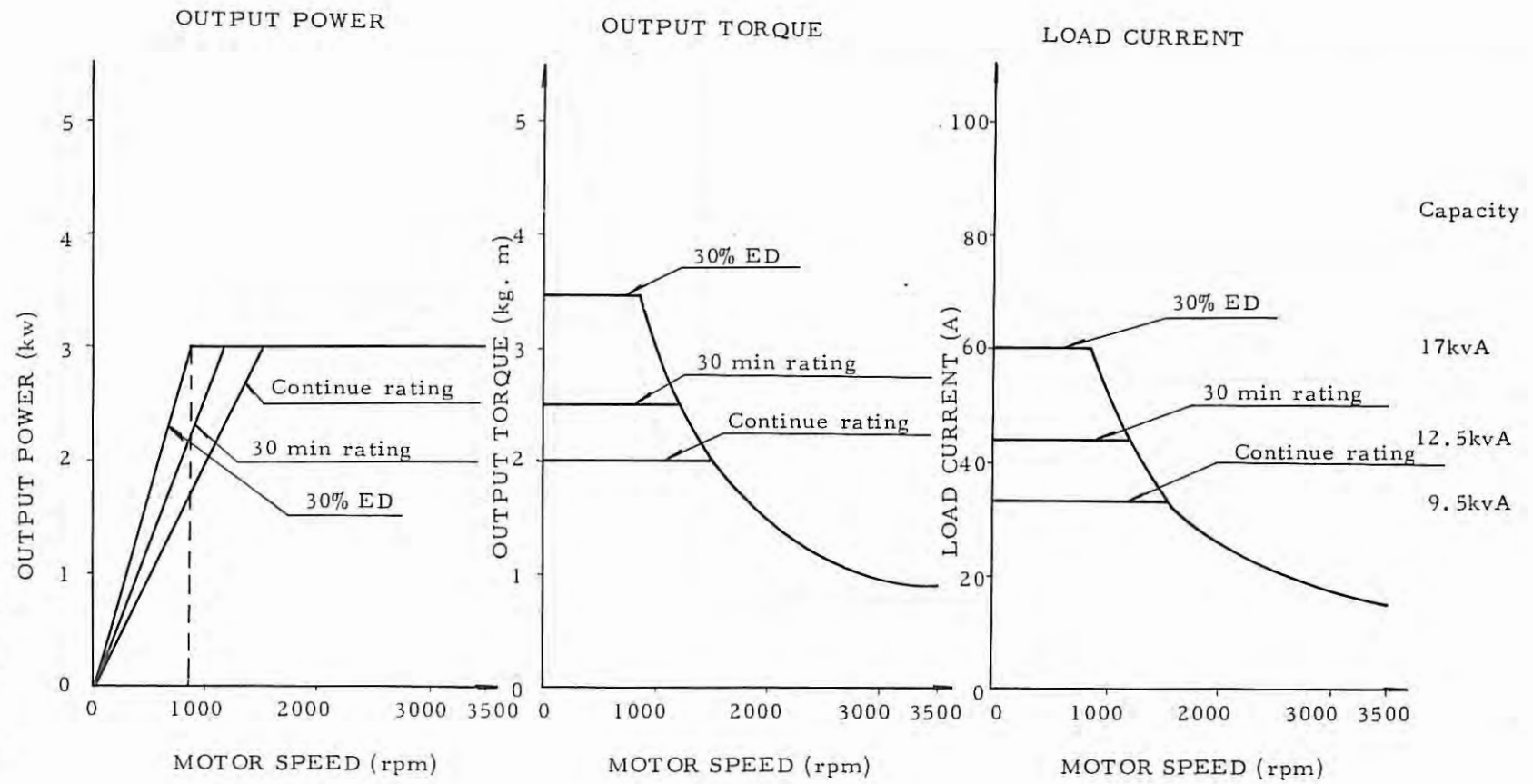
FANUC DC SPINDLE MOTOR MODEL 3

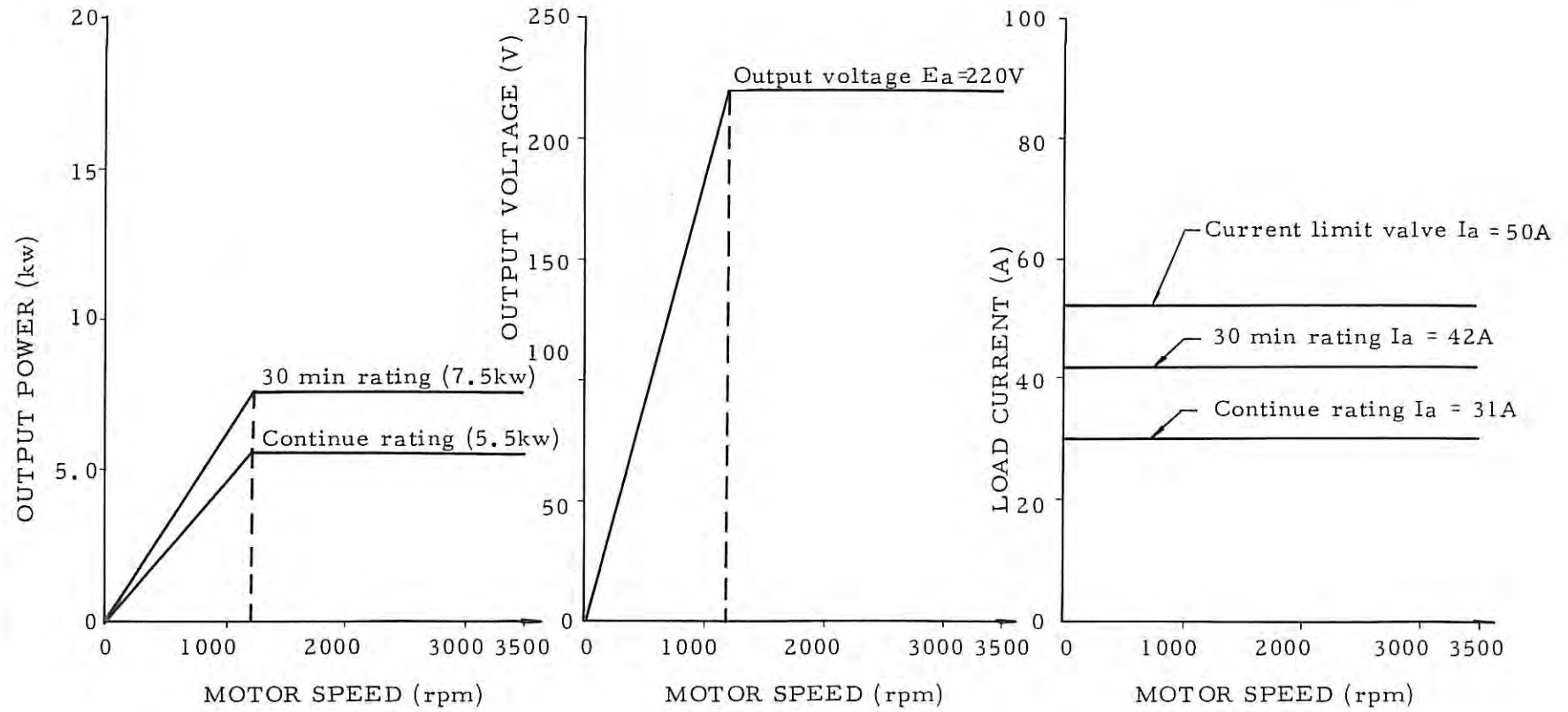
OUTPUT, TORQUE LOAD CURRENT - MOTOR SPEED

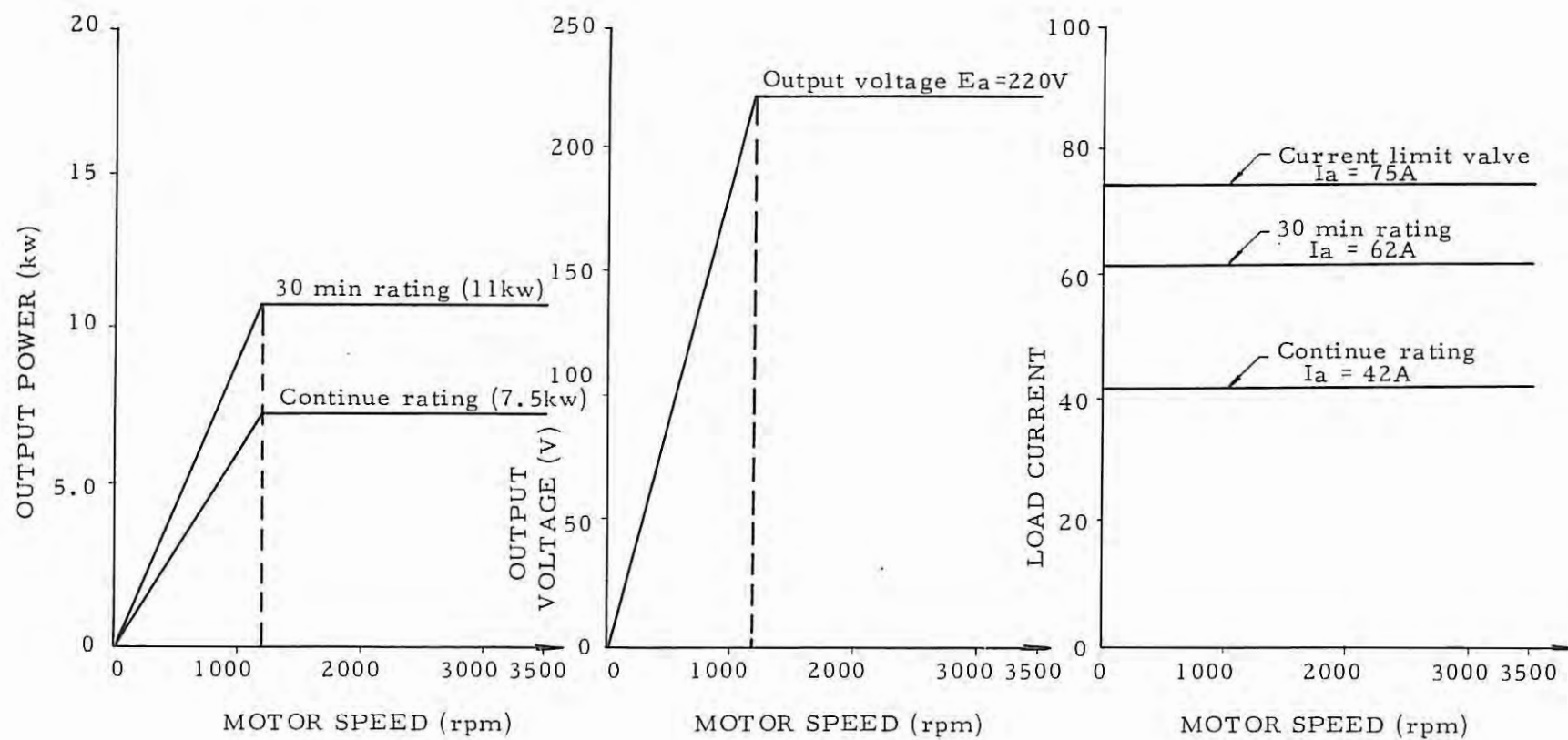


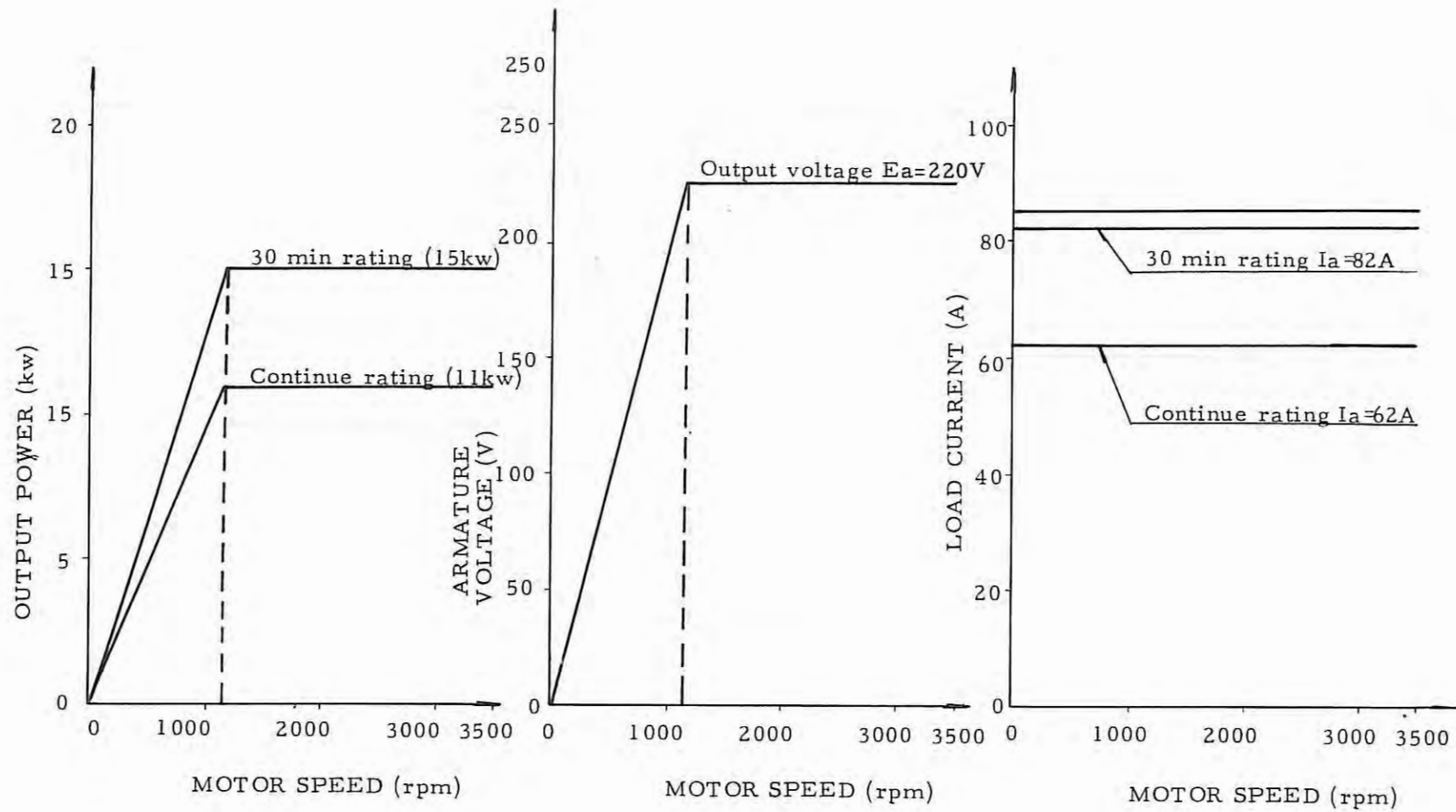
Over load valve 150% of continue rating
120% of 30 min rating

DIRECT SPINDLE MOTOR MODEL S for FANUC TAPE CHUCKER









FANUC DC SPINDLE MOTOR MODEL 15

Standard setting

